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LAWS

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

PASSED AT THE

SESSION OF 1899,

IN THE

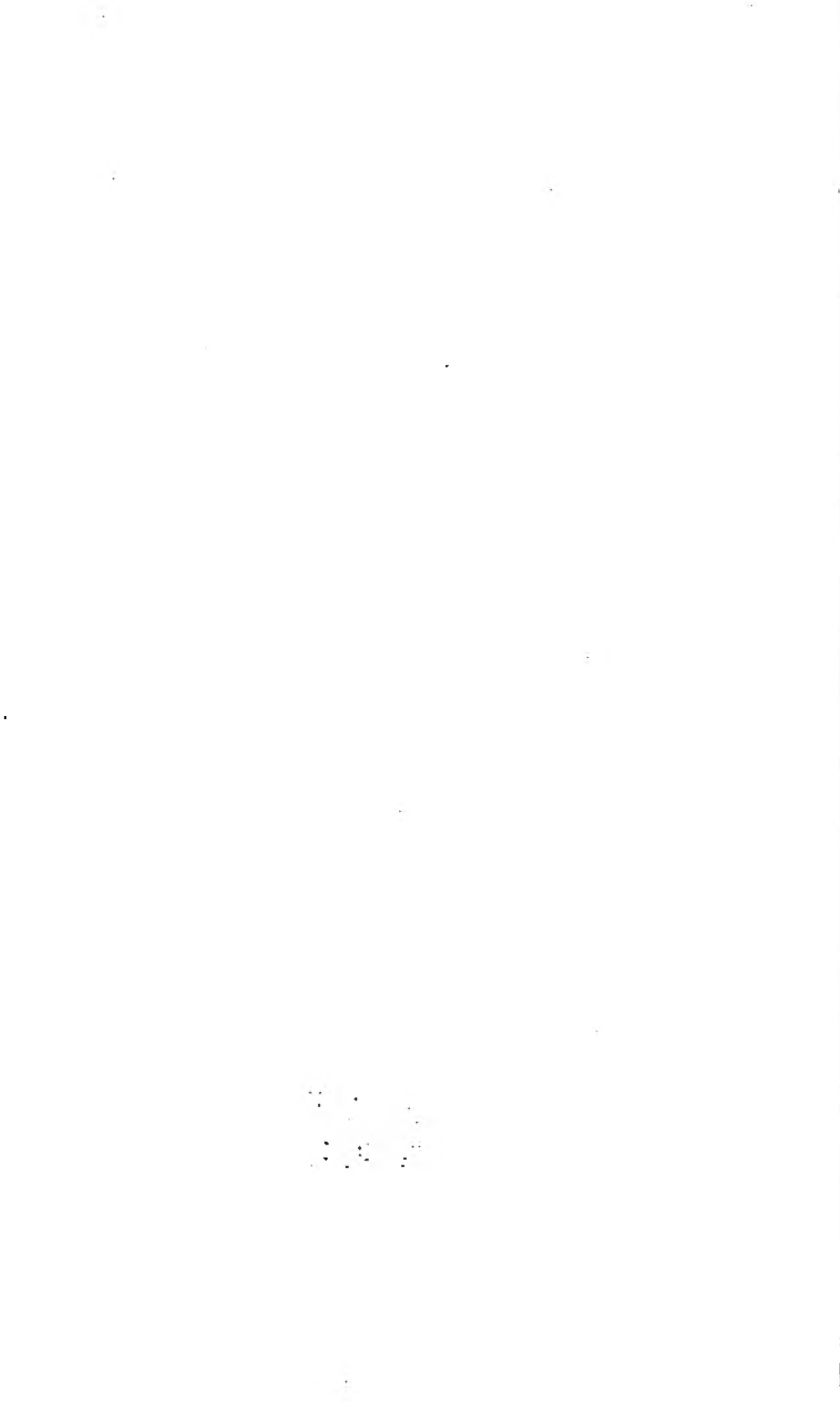
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD YEAR OF INDEPENDENCE

TOGETHER WITH

A Proclamation by the Governor, declaring that he has filed certain Bills in the Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth with his objections thereto, and a List of Charters of Corporations organized under the Corporation Act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the Supplements thereto.

BY AUTHORITY.

WM. STANLEY RAY,
STATE PRINTER OF PENNSYLVANIA.
1899.



L A W S

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

No. 1.

AN ACT

To fix, regulate and establish the fees to be charged and received by constables in this Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act the fees to be charged and received by constables in this Commonwealth shall be as follows:

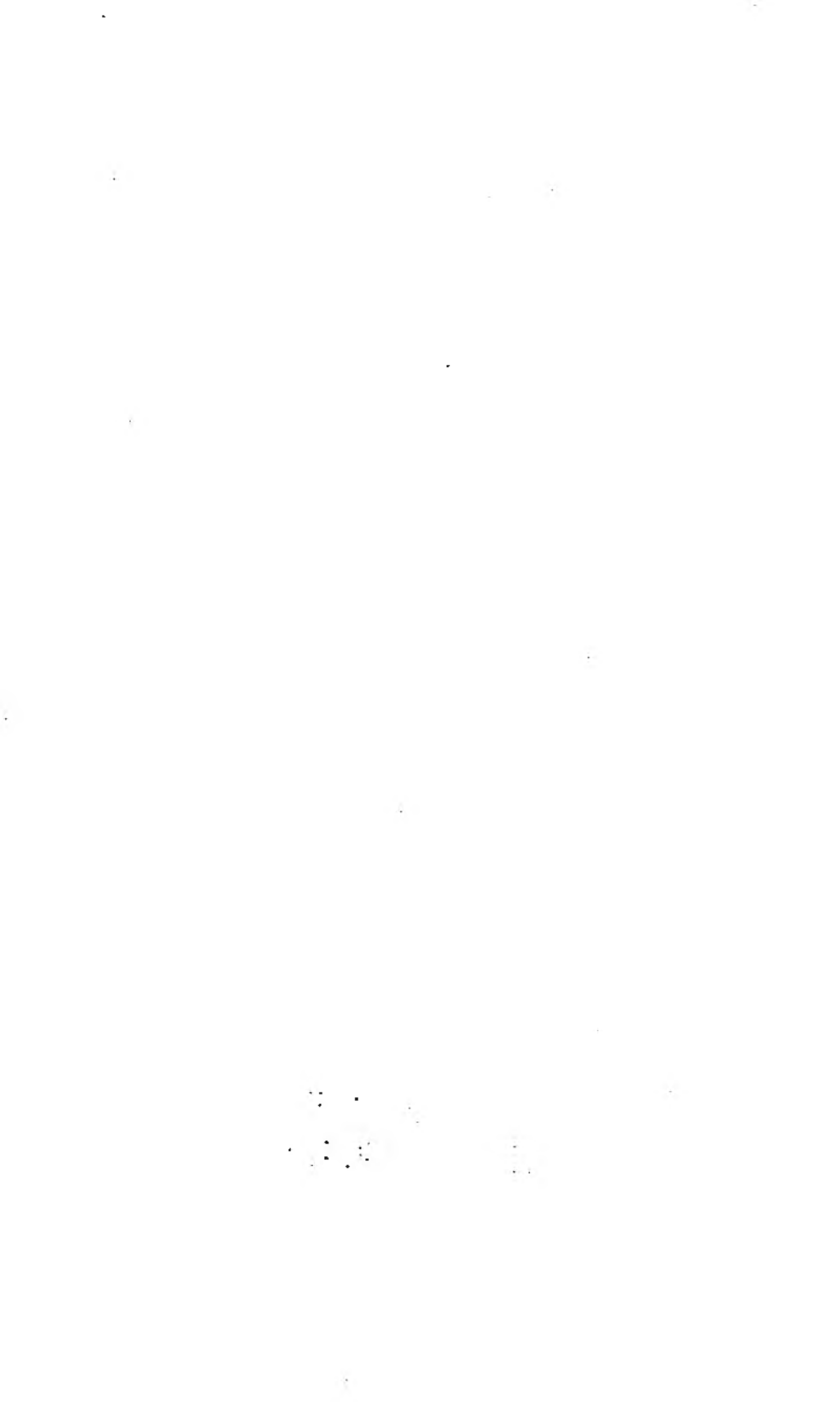
Fees to be charged
by constables.

For executing a warrant on behalf of the Commonwealth, for each defendant one dollar.

For conveying defendants, except vagrants, to jail on mittimus or warrant, for first defendant one dollar, and for each additional defendant fifty cents, and in addition thereto the actual cost of transportation of such defendant or defendants.

For arresting persons guilty of a breach of the peace, riotous or disorderly conduct, drunkenness; or who may be engaged in the commission of any unlawful act tending to imperil the personal security or endanger the property of the citizens; or violating any ordinance of any borough, for the violation of which a fine or penalty is imposed; or offending, or suspected of offending, against the laws of this Commonwealth protecting timberlands; or the violation of any other law of this Commonwealth authorizing arrest by constable without process, and bringing such offender before a justice of the peace, for each defendant seventy-five cents; and for every act in or about the arrest or commitment of vagrants, seventy-five cents for each vagrant so arrested, or arrested and committed, and mileage as hereinafter provided.

For levying a fine or forfeiture on a warrant, fifty cents.



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For levying a fine or forfeiture on a warrant, fifty cents.

For taking the body of a defendant into custody on a mittimus, where bail is afterwards entered before delivery of body to the jailor, one dollar.

For executing bail piece, one dollar.

For executing a search warrant and making return thereon, one dollar.

For making returns to the court of quarter sessions, one dollar and fifty cents.

For serving summons notices on referees, suitor or tenant, either personally or by leaving a copy, fifty cents for each person served.

For serving subpoena, fifty cents for the first witness, and fifteen cents for each additional witness served.

For executing attachment, fifty cents for each defendant and garnishee served.

For arresting on a capias, one dollar for each person arrested.

For taking bail on a capias, or for delivery of goods, fifty cents.

For notifying plaintiff, where defendant has been arrested on capias, to be paid by plaintiff, twenty-five cents.

For serving capias execution, one dollar.

For executing landlord's warrant, fifty cents.

For taking inventory of goods, each item two cents.

For levying or distraining goods, fifty cents.

For selling goods levied or distrained, for each dollar not exceeding one hundred dollars, three cents, and for each dollar in excess of one hundred dollars, two cents.

For receiving and paying over money paid after a levy without sale, on each dollar actually received and paid over by the constable to the creditor, two cents.

For advertising sale of goods levied or distrained, one dollar.

For copy of vendue paper, when demanded, each item two cents.

For putting up notice of distress at mansion house, or at any other place on the premises, twenty-five cents.

For serving scire facias, either personally or by leaving a copy for each person served, fifty cents.

For executing order of removal of a pauper, seventy-five cents.

For serving executions, fifty cents.

For making return of nulla bona or non est inventus on any writ, twenty-five cents.

For executing writ of restitution, two dollars.

For executing writ of possession, two dollars.

For serving summons in landlord and tenant proceedings, fifty cents.

For taking inventory of goods on an execution, each item two cents.

For holding appraisement, where exemption is claimed by defendant, four dollars, out of which the constable shall pay to each appraiser one dollar.

For attending general, special, township, ward or borough election, three dollars; which sum shall include pay for serving notices in writing to the persons elected at such special, township, ward or borough elections: Provided, That where any such election be held in any township, ward or borough, in which there are more than one election district or precinct, and a deputy constable is appointed to attend elections held at each of such districts or precincts, said deputy constables shall each receive the sum of three dollars.

Proviso.

For traveling expenses in the performance of any duty or service required by law, each mile going and returning, six cents, to be computed by the route usually traveled in going from points and places where said constables may reside, or where he receives any paper to be executed, to the points or places required to be traveled, whether that route be by highways, railroads or otherwise: Provided, That in no case shall more mileage be demanded or received than for the miles actually traveled.

For traveling expenses.

Proviso.

For services not herein specially provided for, the same fees may be charged and received as for similar services.

Services not specially provided for.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed; but this act shall not be understood or construed to repeal, modify or affect the provisions of the following acts:

Repeal.

An act, entitled "An act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep," approved the twenty-fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Acts not repealed modified or affected.

An act, entitled "An act making constables of townships ex-officio fire wardens for the extinction of forest fires, and for reporting to the court of quarter sessions violations of the laws for the protection of forests from fire, prescribing the duties of such fire wardens and their punishment for failure to perform the same, and empowering them to require, under penalty, the assistance of other persons in the extinction of such fires," approved the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

An act, entitled "An act to change the mode of criminal proceedings in Erie and Union counties," approved the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and the several extensions and supplements thereto.

An act, entitled "An act to amend 'An act to provide for the destruction and to prevent the spread of Canada thistle,' approved the twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two," approved the twenty-fourth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

Approved—The 17th day of February, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 2.

AN ACT

To amend section one and to repeal section two of an act, entitled "An act granting power to counties, cities (except cities of the first and second classes), boroughs, municipalities and school districts in this Commonwealth, which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor, with or without interest coupons attached."

Section one of the act of 14th of April, 1881, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act granting power to counties, cities (except cities of the first and second classes), boroughs, municipalities and school districts in this Commonwealth, which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor, with or without interest coupons attached," approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, which reads as follows: "That in all cases where any county, city (*except cities of the first and second classes*), borough, municipality or school district in this Commonwealth, has, by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly, issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, with or without interest coupons attached, to secure any indebtedness of any such county, city, borough, municipality or school district, it shall be lawful for any such city (*except cities of the first and second classes*), borough, municipality or school district, to redeem or pay off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness *so issued, which may be matured or payable*, or whenever any county, city (*except cities of the first and second classes*), borough, municipality or school district shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, *and for that purpose shall have the right to issue and sell bonds, either with or without coupons attached, bearing interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, redeemable at the option of the county, city, borough, municipality or school district, issuing the same, in five years, and payable at any time not exceeding twenty years after the date thereof, and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid, and the said bonds so issued or sold, in accordance with the provisions of the act, shall be exempt from taxation, except for State purposes,*" shall be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

When bonds may be paid off.

Section 1. That in all cases where any county, city, borough, municipality or school district in this Com-

monwealth, has, by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly, issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, with or without interest coupons attached, to secure any indebtedness of any such county, city, borough, municipality or school district, *which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncanceled, or are about to mature and become payable, or whenever any county, city, borough, municipality or school district, shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, or whenever holders of any bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness of any county, city, borough, municipality or school district, which may not have matured or become redeemable, are willing to surrender the whole or any part of such issue of bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness,* it shall be lawful for any such county, city, borough, municipality or school district, for the purpose of redeeming or paying off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness, *payable, redeemable or offered for redemption, as aforesaid,* to issue and sell *either registered or coupon bonds, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding the rate the issue proposed to be refunded bears, and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof, and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid, and the said bonds so issued or sold, in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes: Provided, however, That all moneys for the redemption of the issue of bonds proposed to be refunded, placed in the sinking fund if any, shall be first applied to the payment, as far as applicable, of the principal of such bonds, and the balance of such issue only shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds.*

Issue of new bonds.

Rate of interest.

When redeemable.

Limit of issue.

Exemption from local taxation.

Proviso.

Section 2. That section two of said act which reads as follows: "That the holders of any bonds or evidences of indebtedness as aforesaid, which may be matured or payable, or which may be payable or redeemable, or redeemable at the option of any county, city (except cities of the first and second classes), borough, municipality or school district, but which may not be matured or payable, shall first have the right to surrender said bonds and receive bonds, issued under the provisions of this act, in like amount in lieu thereof, and notice shall be given of the right of the holder of such bonds to surrender the same and accept bonds issued under this act, by publication for three weeks, in at least one newspaper published in the county, and in case of a city, borough, municipality or school district, by like publication in at least one newspaper published in the county, in which the said bor-

Section two of the act of 14th of April, 1881, repealed.

ough, municipality or school district, may be located, before any bonds shall be sold under the first section of this act," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved—The 1st day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 3.

AN ACT

Empowering the courts of common pleas to appoint masters in divorce proceedings, and to adopt rules to regulate the proceedings before the master and fixing his fees.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all suits of divorce now pending, or hereafter to be brought, in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth, it shall and may be lawful for the court when the case is ready to be proceeded with, either upon answer not demanding a trial by jury or ex-parte, to appoint a master, who shall take the testimony and return the same, together with a report of the proceedings before him and his opinion of the case, to the court.

Section 2. The said courts shall have power to adopt rules regulating the proceedings before the master and fixing his fees.

Approved—The 10th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A STONE.

No. 4.

AN ACT

To regulate the manner in which appropriations to educational, penal, reformatory, charitable, benevolent, or eleemosynary institutions shall be paid.

Appropriations.

How payable.

Vouchers and
itemized state-
ment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all appropriations hereafter made to educational, penal, reformatory, charitable, benevolent, or eleemosynary institutions shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, but no warrant shall be drawn on settlement made until the directors or managers of such institutions shall have made, under oath, to the Auditor General a report, accompanied by the vouchers, containing a specifically itemized statement of the receipts from all sources and

the expenses of the institution during the previous quarter, together with the cash balance on hand, and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer, nor until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the quarterly instalments due the institution; and unexpended balances of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes, whether specific or general, and shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the two fiscal years for which it was made.

Unexpended balances.

Shall revert to State Treasury.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 15th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 5.

AN ACT

To authorize the Pennsylvania Canal Company to abandon the public use of that portion of its canal situate on the Juniata Division, from the first lock east of Newton Hamilton, including the river dam adjacent thereto in Mifflin county, to the Juniata Junction at Duncan's Island in Dauphin county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That authority is hereby given to the Pennsylvania Canal Company to abandon the public use of all that portion of its canal now owned and controlled by it, situate on the Juniata Division, and extending from the first lock east of Newton Hamilton, including the river dam adjacent thereto in Mifflin county, to the Juniata Junction at Duncan's Island in Dauphin county; and to sell or lease the material thereof, and such estate as it may possess in the land and real estate on which the same is situated, and which is appurtenant thereto, from time to time, as it may deem proper, and make conveyance thereof.

Approved—The 16th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 6.

AN ACT

To amend section thirty-three of an act, entitled "An act regulating boroughs," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, so as to extend the provision which authorizes boroughs incorporated before April third, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, to become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by said act, to boroughs incorporated since April third, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section thirty-three of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act regulating boroughs," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, which reads as follows:

Section 33, act of April 3, 1851, cited for amendment.

"That any borough *heretofore* incorporated may, upon application to the court of quarter sessions, become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by this act: Provided, That the said court may in their discretion refuse such application on remonstrance of the inhabitants: And provided further, That upon such application being confirmed by the said court, the provisions of the former charter shall be annulled by the decree of the court, so far as they are in conflict with the provisions of this act," be amended so as to read as follows:

Boroughs, how a former incorporation may become subject to this act.

Section 33. That any borough *in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania*, incorporated *either before or since the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one*, may, upon application to the court of quarter sessions, become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by this act: Provided, That said court may in their discretion refuse such application on the remonstrance of the inhabitants: And, provided further, That upon such application being confirmed by the said court, the provisions of the former charter shall be annulled by the decree of the court, so far as they are in conflict with the provisions of this act.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Approved—The 16th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 7.

AN ACT

Authorizing the Department of Public Works, in cities of the second class, to appoint park patrolmen, making them subject to the control of such Department, and prescribing the powers of such patrolmen.

Department of Public Works, authority of.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Department of Public Works, in cities of the second class, shall

have authority to employ patrolmen for the performance of service in the public parks.

Section 2. The employment, care, management, administration and supervision of the affairs of such patrolmen, shall be confided to the Department of Public Works.

To have supervision of patrolmen.

Section 3. Such patrolmen shall have, in the parks, the same power in preserving the peace, maintaining order and making arrests, as policemen have in cities of the second class.

Power of patrolmen.

Section 4. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith are repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 17th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 8.

AN ACT

Providing for the payment of school directors for attending the triennial convention for the election of county superintendent, and for the punishment of candidates who pay directors' expenses.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That hereafter school directors of this Commonwealth who shall attend the triennial convention of directors for the purpose of electing a county superintendent, as provided by act of May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, shall receive one dollar each, and, in addition, the sum of three cents for every mile necessary to be traveled in going to and returning from the place where the election shall be held, the amount to be paid by the school treasurers of the respective districts on the proper vouchers, and the account to be audited as other expenses.

School directors attending triennial conventions to be paid.

Mileage.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, that it shall be deemed a misdemeanor for any candidate for the office of county superintendent to pay or cause to be paid, directly or indirectly, any part of the expenses of any director who shall attend the triennial convention, and on conviction thereof such candidate shall be fined a sum not less than fifty nor more than three hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court.

Misdemeanor for candidates to pay expenses of directors.

Penalty.

Approved—The 18th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 9.

AN ACT

To amend section first of the act of Assembly approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An act to amend an act to fix the salaries to be paid county officers in counties containing over five hundred thousand inhabitants," being a supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, entitled "An act to carry into effect section five of article fourteen of the Constitution, relative to the salaries of county officers, and the payment of fees received by them into the State or county treasury, in counties containing over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, by a further classification of counties containing over five hundred thousand inhabitants, and fixing the compensation of county officers therein," and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Act of June 16,
1891, cited for
amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section first of the act of June sixteenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, which reads as follows:

"In all counties containing over eight hundred thousand inhabitants the annual salaries of the county officers shall be as follows:

Of the district attorney, ten thousand dollars.

Of the three assistant district attorneys, the first assistant, five thousand dollars, the second assistant, four thousand dollars, and the third assistant, three thousand dollars.

Of the sheriff, fifteen thousand dollars.

Of the coroner, five thousand dollars.

Of the deputy coroner, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Of the prothonotary, ten thousand dollars.

Of the clerk of the courts of quarter sessions, oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, five thousand dollars.

Of the recorder of deeds, ten thousand dollars.

Of the register of wills and ex-officio clerk of the orphans' court, five thousand dollars.

Of the treasurer, ten thousand dollars.

Of the commissioners, five thousand dollars *each*.

Of the controller, eight thousand dollars.

And all counties containing over five hundred thousand and less than eight hundred thousand inhabitants, the annual salaries of the county officers shall be as follows, namely:

Of the district attorney, six thousand dollars.

Of the two assistant district attorneys, the first assistant, four thousand dollars, and the second assistant, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Of the sheriff, eight thousand dollars.

Of the coroner, *three thousand five hundred* dollars.

Of the prothonotary, six thousand five hundred dollars.

Of the clerk of the courts of quarter sessions, oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, *five* thousand dollars.

Of the register of wills and ex-officio clerk of the orphans' court, five thousand dollars.

Of the recorder of deeds, six thousand dollars.

Of the county treasurer, six thousand dollars.

Of the jail physician, *twelve*, hundred dollars.

Of the county controller, *five* thousand dollars.

Of the jury commissioners, twelve hundred dollars each.

Of the county commissioners, *four* thousand dollars each.

Of the county engineer, where such office exists, three thousand dollars.

Of the court interpreter, twelve hundred dollars.

Provided, That where the office of county engineer and county surveyor are held by the same person he shall receive the salary of the county engineer only.

Of the county solicitor, fifteen hundred dollars.

Of the county jailor, three thousand dollars.

Of the county detective, fifteen hundred dollars.

Of the assistant coroner, two thousand dollars":

Be and the same is hereby amended so to read as follows:

In all counties containing over eight hundred thousand inhabitants the annual salaries of the county officers shall be as follows:

Salaries of officers in counties containing over 800,000 inhabitants.

Of the district attorney, ten thousand dollars.

Of the three assistant district attorneys, the first assistant, five thousand dollars, the second assistant, four thousand dollars, and the third assistant, three thousand dollars.

Of the sheriff, fifteen thousand dollars.

Of the coroner, five thousand dollars.

Of the deputy coroner, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Of the prothonotary, ten thousand dollars.

Of the clerk of the courts of quarter sessions, oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, five thousand dollars.

Of the recorder of deeds, ten thousand dollars.

Of the register of wills and ex-officio clerk of the orphans' court, five thousand dollars.

Of the treasurer, ten thousand dollars.

Of the commissioners, five thousand dollars.

Of the controller, eight thousand dollars.

And all counties containing over five hundred thousand and less than eight hundred thousand inhabitants, the annual salaries of the county officers shall be as follows, namely:

Salaries of officers in counties containing less than 800,000 and over 500,000 inhabitants.

Of the district attorney, six thousand dollars.

Of the sheriff, eight thousand dollars.

Of the coroner, *five* thousand dollars.

Of the prothonotary, *six* thousand five hundred dollars.

Of the clerk of the courts of quarter sessions, oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, *six* thousand dollars.

Of the register of wills and ex-officio clerk of the orphans' court, five thousand dollars.

Of the recorder of deeds, *six* thousand dollars.

Of the county treasurer, *six* thousand dollars.

Of the jail physician, *eighteen* hundred dollars.

Of the county controller, *six* thousand dollars.

Of the jury commissioners, twelve hundred dollars each.

Of the county commissioners, *six* thousand dollars each.

Of the county engineer, where such office exists, three thousand dollars.

Of the court interpreter, twelve hundred dollars.

Provided, That where the office of county engineer and county surveyor are held by the same person he shall receive the salary of the county engineer only.

Of the county jailor, three thousand dollars.

Of the county detective, fifteen hundred dollars.

Of the assistant coroner, two thousand dollars.

Repeal.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved—The 21st day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 10.

AN ACT

To repeal so much of section one of an act, entitled "An act for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth," approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as relates to the board of health of said cities, and abolishing said board.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of section one of an act, entitled "An act for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth," approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as relates to the Board of Health of said cities, and the nomination and appointment of the members of said board of health, be and the same is hereby repealed, and the said board of health in cities of the first class is hereby abolished.

Repeal.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 11.

AN ACT

Creating a Bureau of Health in cities of the first class, and providing for its organization.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the powers and duties now by law vested in the board of health of cities of the first class shall be exercised and performed by a bureau of the department of public safety of the said cities, to be known as the Bureau of Health. The mayor shall at once organize the said Bureau of Health, and shall supervise and control all the subordinate officers and employes therein. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter, abridge or repeal the powers, duties or emoluments of the health officer of the city or port of Philadelphia.

Bureau of health.

Mayor shall organize at once.

Health officer's duties, etc., not altered.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 12.

AN ACT

Providing for the admission of juvenile delinquents, convicted in the United States courts in this Commonwealth, in reform institutions in this Commonwealth, and providing for the payment of the cost of their maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all jailors, prison-keepers, wardens, managers, and their and each and every of their deputies, having control or charge of any reformatory, house of refuge, or other institution for juvenile delinquents or juvenile convicts, now in existence or hereafter to be created within this Commonwealth, be and the same are hereby empowered and directed to receive into such reformatory, house of correction, or other institution for juvenile delinquents or juvenile convicts, all persons convicted and sentenced by any circuit or district court of the United States in and for the Eastern and Western districts of Pennsylvania of any criminal offense, when by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth they are now empowered or directed, or may hereafter be empowered or directed, to receive juvenile delinquents or convicts convicted and sentenced in courts of oyer and terminer or quarter sessions of the peace in and for this Commonwealth, or committed to any such reform institution by a magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, or other judicial officer of this Commonwealth having power to so commit: Provided, That no such

Juvenile delinquents, convicted in the United States Courts, to be admitted into State reform institutions.

Proviso.

convict shall be so admitted unless residing within this Commonwealth.

The cost for support and maintenance to be paid by the United States.

Section 2. The cost for the support and maintenance of each convict, admitted into any such reform institution under the provision of this act, shall be paid for by the United States in the same manner as the United States now pays or may hereafter pay for the support and maintenance of persons convicted in the circuit and district courts of the United States in and for the Eastern and Western districts of Pennsylvania, and sentenced and committed to county jails or State penitentiaries in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 13.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiencies in the appropriation to the Commissioners of Fisheries, for the years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$18,763.75 total appropriation, as follows:

\$5,263.75 for reimbursement of citizens for funds advanced.

\$8,000.00 for general expenses of the Commission from January 1, 1899, to May 31, 1899.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eighteen thousand seven hundred and sixty-three dollars and seventy-five cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Fishery Commissioners, out of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the following purposes, namely: For the reimbursement of citizens and others who advanced funds to the State Fishery Commissioners, the sum of five thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars and seventy-five cents, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General, upon the presentation of the receipts given by the State Fishery Commissioners to the various subscribers, for the payment of the salaries of superintendents, assistant superintendents, fish wardens, rent, fish, food, et cetera, from June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, to December thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight; the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, duly certified under oath by the President of the State Fishery Commission, and approved by the Auditor General and State Treasurer, for the purpose of hatching, propagating and distributing useful food and game fish, and to stock

and supply all streams, lakes and waters of the Commonwealth with the same by distributing young or fry to all parts of the State, and for the dissemination of any varieties of fish in the waters of the State, and to employ the necessary labor, services, material and implements therefor, and to pay the necessary and reasonable expenses of the State Fishery Commissioners, and to pay for improvements and repairs necessary to the State hatcheries and the car used for the distribution of fish, from January first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, to May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine; the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, but no warrant shall be drawn on settlement made until the officers of the said Commission shall have made, under oath, to the Auditor General, a report containing a specifically itemized statement of the expenses of the said Commission, and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer, nor until satisfactory proofs shall have been made to the Auditor General that no fish or fry have been shipped or furnished to any person from the State fisheries or hatcheries, upon any application, unless the same shall have been endorsed by the Senator or Representative or Representatives from the county or district to which the said fish or fry shall have been furnished, nor until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the instalment due said Commission; and any unexpended balance of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes, whether specific or general, but shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of business May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$7,500.00 to pay the instalment due the Commission.

Itemized statement.

Proof of proper distribution.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 14.

AN ACT

Making constables of townships and boroughs ex-officio fire, game and fish wardens, prescribing their power and duties, fixing their fees as wardens, and prescribing their punishment for failure to perform their duties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of the act the constables of the various wards, boroughs and townships of the Commonwealth shall be ex-officio fire, game and fish wardens.

Constables to be ex-officio fire, game and fish wardens.

Duties of wardens.

May arrest without warrant.

Arrests may be made on Sunday.

Power without warrant to search and examine.

To seize and take possession of game and fish.

Courts may issue search warrants.

Property seized to be disposed of as directed by the court.

Constables not liable for damages.

Constables or wardens to be paid.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of said fire, game and fish wardens to enforce all statutes of this State now in force, or that may hereafter be enacted, for the protection of forests and timber lands from fire, and for the protection and propagation of game, game birds, game mammals, song and insectivorous birds, and fish, and said constables or wardens shall have authority to arrest without warrant any person or persons caught by them in the act of violating any of the aforesaid laws for the protection of forests and timber lands, game, and food and game fish, and take such person or persons forthwith before a justice of the peace or other magistrate having jurisdiction, who shall proceed without delay to hear, try and determine the matter. Such arrests may be also made on Sunday, in which case the person or persons arrested shall be taken before the proper officer, and proceeded against as soon as may be on a week day following the arrest.

Section 3. Said constables or wardens shall have power without warrant to search and examine any boat, conveyance, vehicle, fish box, fish basket, game bag or game coat, or other receptacle for game or fish, when they have good reason to believe that any of the laws for the protection of forests and timber lands, game and fish, have been violated; and the said constables shall at any time seize and take possession of any and all birds, animals or fish, which have been caught, taken or killed at any time, in a manner or for a purpose, or had in possession or under control, have been shipped or are about to be shipped, contrary to any of the laws of this State. Any court having jurisdiction of the offense, upon receiving proof of probable cause for believing in the concealment of any bird, animal or fish, caught, taken, killed, had in possession, under control or shipped, or about to be shipped, contrary to law, shall issue a search warrant and cause a search to be made in any place, and to that end may, after demand and refusal, cause any building, enclosure or car to be entered, and any apartment, chest, box, locker, crate, basket or package, to be broken open and the contents thereof examined by said constable. All birds, animals or fish, or nets, or fishing appliance, or apparatus, seized by any constable or warden, shall be disposed of in such manner as may be directed by the court before whom the offense is tried, and such constable or warden shall not be liable for damages on account of any such search, examination or seizure, or the destruction of any nets or fishing apparatus of any kind in accordance with the provisions of this act.

Section 4. Any constable or warden, upon the arrest and prosecution of any offender to conviction under the provisions of this act, shall, in addition to the fees to which he may be entitled under existing laws, be

paid for his services the sum of ten dollars on a warrant drawn by the county commissioners on the county treasurer, one-half of which shall be paid out of the treasury of the respective county, and the remaining half of said reward shall be paid by the State Treasurer into the treasury of said county, out of moneys not otherwise appropriated, upon warrant from the Auditor General, but no such warrant shall be drawn until the respective county commissioners shall have first furnished, under oath, to the Auditor General, a written itemized statement of such expense, and until the same is approved by the Auditor General: **Proviso.** Provided, That no county shall be liable to pay for this purpose in any one year an amount exceeding five hundred dollars.

Section 5. Each of said constables or wardens shall, for the purpose of this act, have concurrent jurisdiction throughout his own proper county; and they shall in the first week in each term of the court of quarter sessions of their respective counties make special returns to said court, under oath, of all violations occurring in their respective townships, or which may come or be brought to their notice, of any of the provisions of any law now in force, or that may hereafter be enacted, for the protection of forests and timber lands, game and fish; and it shall be the duty of the judge of said court to see that such returns are faithfully made, and any constable or warden wilfully neglecting or refusing to make such returns, or to prosecute any offense under said laws of which he shall have personal knowledge, or of which he shall have notice in writing by any citizen, giving the name of the offender together with the names of the witnesses, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of two months, both or either, at the discretion of the court.

Section 6. All sections, provisos, acts, or parts of acts inconsistent with this act, or any section of it, are hereby repealed. **Repeal.**

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

Amount.

How paid.

Proviso.

Constables or wardens to have concurrent jurisdiction.

To make special returns to court.

Duty of the court.

Neglect or refusal of constables a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Repeal.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

No. 15.

AN ACT

Authorizing the State Treasurer to give credit for, or refund, certain taxes, erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Collateral inheritance tax, erroneously paid, to be refunded.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases where a collateral inheritance tax has heretofore been paid, or may hereafter be paid, to the register of wills of the proper county, for the use of the Commonwealth, and it shall afterwards be made to appear in the proper courts that the estate is not subject to a collateral inheritance tax, on account of lineal heirs being subsequently discovered, it shall be lawful for the State Treasurer to refund and pay over to the executor, administrator, or person or persons who may have heretofore paid, or may hereafter pay, such collateral inheritance tax erroneously, the amount of such tax paid into the treasury.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 16.

AN ACT

To validate acts and acknowledgments of certain justices of the peace, holding office de facto and not de jure.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all the acts and acknowledgments of deeds, mortgages and other instruments of writing, made in good faith, and in the regular course of business, by the several justices of the peace, in boroughs incorporated under the act of third April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, or accepting its provisions, and divided into wards under the act of fourteenth May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and elected as ward justices in said boroughs, shall be taken and accepted as valid and good in law.

Approved—The 24th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 17.

AN ACT

To establish a board for the examination of accountants, to provide for the granting of certificates to accountants, and to provide a punishment for the violation of this act.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any citizen of the United States, residing or having an office for the regular transaction of business in the State of Pennsylvania, being over the age of twenty-one years and of good moral character, and who shall have received from the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania a certificate of his qualification to practice as a public expert accountant, as hereinafter provided, shall be designated and known as a certified public accountant, and no other person shall assume such title, or use the abbreviation C. P. A., or any other words, letters or figures to indicate that the person using the same is such certified public accountant. Every person holding such certificate, and every co-partnership of accountants, every member of which shall hold such certificates, may assume and use the title of certified public accountants, or the abbreviation thereof, C. P. A.: Provided, That no other person or co-partnership shall use such title or abbreviation, or other words, letters or figures, to indicate that the person or co-partnership using the same is such certified public accountant.

Who shall receive certificates as certified public accountants.

No other persons to assume title of certified public accountant, or C. P. A. or other abbreviation.

Holders of certificates may use title of certified public accountant, and the abbreviations C. P. A.

Proviso.

Section 2. The Governor of the State of Pennsylvania shall appoint a board of five examiners for the examination of persons applying for certification under this act. Three of said examiners shall be public accountants, who shall have been in practice as such for at least five years; one of whom shall be appointed for the term of one year, one for two years, and one for three years, and upon the expiration of each of said terms an examiner shall be appointed for the term of three years, and after one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine these three examiners shall be certified public accountants. The other two examiners shall be practicing attorneys in good standing in any of the courts in the State of Pennsylvania; one of them shall be appointed for the term of one year, and the other for two years, and upon the expiration of each of said terms a successor shall be appointed for the term of two years. The examination for certificates shall be based upon an examination in commercial law and general accounting; said examination shall take place in Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg, twice a year, during the months of May and November of each year, under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the board. The fees provided by this act

The Governor to appoint examiners.

Qualifications of examiners.

Term of appointment.

Basis of examinations.

Where and when held.

Fees to be paid.	shall be twenty-five dollars for each applicant, from which shall be paid for the expenses incident to such examination, for stationery and clerk hire, a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and if any surplus above said expenses shall remain at the end of any year it shall be paid, after the traveling expenses of the board shall be deducted therefrom, into the treasury of the Commonwealth. The results of such examinations shall be certified to the Governor and filed in the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, and kept for reference and inspection for a period not less than five years; the Governor to issue the certificates.
How they shall be expended.	
Surplus, if any, to be paid into the Treasury.	
Results of examinations to be certified and filed.	
The Governor to issue certificates.	Section 3. The Governor of the State of Pennsylvania may revoke any such certificate for sufficient cause, upon the recommendation of the board of examiners, who shall have given written notice to the holder thereof, and after he has had a hearing thereon.
The Governor may revoke certificates.	Section 4. The board of examiners may, in its discretion, waive the examination of any person who shall have been for three years before the passage of this act practicing in the State of Pennsylvania as a public accountant, and who shall apply in writing for such certificate within one year after the passage of this act.
When examinations may be waived.	Section 5. If any person shall hold himself out as having received the certificate provided for in this act, or shall assume to practice thereunder as a certified public accountant, or use the initials C. P. A., without having received such certificate, or after the same shall have been revoked, he shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars.
Any person practicing as a certified public accountant without a proper certificate guilty of a misdemeanor.	
Penalty.	

Approved—The 29th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 18.

AN ACT

To enable city, county, poor, township, ward, school, and borough tax collectors to collect taxes, for the payment of which they have become personally liable, or for which they shall during the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine become personally liable, without having collected the same, by expiration of the authority of their respective warrants, or by the expiration of their term of office, and to extend the time for collections of the same for a period of one year from the passage of this act.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases in which the period of two years, the limitation of the warrants in the duplicate of county, poor, city, township, ward, school and borough tax collectors, have ex-

pired, and in all cases where the power and authority of said tax collectors has expired, or shall expire during the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, by virtue of the expiration of their term of office, and said collector or collectors have or shall become liable for the amount of tax on said duplicates, without having collected the same, the said duplicates and warrants, and the powers and authority of said tax collectors in all such cases, are hereby revived and extended for another period of one year from the passage of this act; and said collector or collectors are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed and collect said taxes from all persons who have not paid taxes assessed to them, residing in said district within which it may have been assessed, as well as from all persons who removed from said city, ward, township, or townships or boroughs, and have neglected to pay taxes, so as aforesaid assessed, with like effect as if said warrants had not expired by the limitation of two years aforesaid, or the term of office of said collector had not expired: Provided, That provisions of this act shall not apply to warrants issued prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and that nothing contained in this act shall release any bondsman or security: Provided, That this act shall not apply to cities having special laws upon the subject.

Duplicates and warrants and powers and authority of tax collectors revived and extended.

Provido.

Provido.

Approved—The 29th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 19.

AN ACT

To amend the first section of an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes,' approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the first section of an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled, 'An act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes,' approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots," which reads as follows:

"Section 1. That from and after the passage of this

Section 1 of act of May 11, 1889, cited for amendment

act, the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the Capes of the Delaware to the city of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware, and from the city of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware to the Capes of the Delaware, in either case, shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw, under, up to and including twelve feet, the sum of *one dollar and eighty-seven cents* per half foot, and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and *twenty-five cents* per half foot of water. An increase of ten per centum upon the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel, at any point east of the Five Fathom Bank Light-ship, or north of Hereford Inlet Lighthouse, or south of Fenwick's Island Lighthouse; and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May Light to Cape Henlopen Light: Provided always, That a vessel inward-bound, to any port or place on the bay or River Delaware, which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen Light to Cape May Light, shall be exempt from the duty of taking a pilot, and the vessel as well as her master, owner, agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage, or half pilotage, or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Rates of pilotage.

Section 1. That from and after the passage of this act, the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the Capes of the Delaware to the city of Philadelphia or other place on the River Delaware, and from the city of Philadelphia or other place on the River Delaware to the Capes of the Delaware, in either case, shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw under, up to and including twelve feet, the sum of *two dollars* per half foot, and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and *fifty cents* per half foot of water. An increase of ten per centum from the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel, at any point east of the Five Fathom Bank Light-ship, or north of Hereford Inlet Lighthouse, or south of Fenwick's Island Lighthouse; and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May Light to Cape Henlopen light: Provided always, That a vessel inward-bound, to any port or place on the Bay or River Delaware, which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen Light to Cape May Light, shall be exempt

Proviso.

from the duty of taking a pilot, and the vessel as well as her master, owner, agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage, or half pilotage, or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so.

Section 2. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved—The 30th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 20.

AN ACT

To empower the president of the board of public education in cities of the first class to adopt and use a rubber stamp signature on city warrants.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in cities of the first class the president of the board of education be and is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and use a rubber stamp signature on city warrants which have to be signed by him: Provided, That a duly attested copy of said stamp signature shall first be filed with the city controller: And provided further, That all of said warrants shall be countersigned, as heretofore, by the secretary of the board. President of the Board of Education empowered to adopt rubber stamp signature.

Provido.

Provido.

Section 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved—The 30th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 21.

AN ACT

To repeal the first section of an act, entitled "An act relative to the collection of taxes in Mercer and Beaver counties, and relating to the American Telegraph Company," approved the nineteenth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, so far as it affects Mercer county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the first section of an act, entitled "An act relative to the collection of taxes in Mercer and Beaver counties, and relating to the American Telegraph Company," which reads as follows, namely: "That the provisions of the several sections, from the first to the eleventh inclusive, Sections of act of April 3, 1851, as affecting Mercer county, cited for repeal.

of an act, entitled 'An act to reduce the expenses of collecting State and county taxes in the county of Venango; to incorporate the Greenville and Ohio State Line Plank Road Company, and authorizing the appointment of an auctioneer in the county of Lawrence,' passed the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, be and the same is hereby extended and made applicable to the counties of Mercer and Beaver, as fully and effectually as if the said counties of Mercer and Beaver had been originally mentioned in said recited act," approved the nineteenth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, as far as the same affects or relates to the county of Mercer, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 3d day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 22.

AN ACT

Requiring written notice to be served upon the county commissioners of the time and place of holding any view, review or re-review for a public road.

Viewers appointed to lay out public roads.

Shall give county commissioners notice in writing.

A copy shall be filed with the report.

Failure to comply.

Proviso.

Repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases where viewers are appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth to view and lay out a public road, or where a review or re-review is ordered, the said viewers shall give the county commissioners or their clerk at least six days' notice in writing of the time and place of holding such view, review or re-review, and a copy of such written notice, properly attested, shall be filed with the report of such view, review or re-review, and a failure to comply with the provisions of the act shall be sufficient grounds to set aside the entire proceedings: Provided, That this act shall not apply to counties having special laws upon the subject.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 3d day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 23.

AN ACT

Providing for the further protection and maintenance of good order during fair or agricultural associations within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be lawful for any justice of the peace within this Commonwealth, residing in and having an office within the county in which any fair or agricultural association may be located, and in which they hold a regular annual exhibition, upon the request of the board of managers of the said association, to have an office on the grounds of the said association during the days of the regular annual exhibition of such association, at which time and place it shall be lawful for said justices of the peace to issue their warrants in cases of disorderly conduct, breach of the peace and violations of the rules of said association, in so far as they may be protected by law, and to hear and determine such cases as fully and effectually as if said proceedings were conducted in the regular office of the said justice of the peace, and also to transact such other legal business as the said association may have pertaining to the business of the association.

Any justice of the peace having an office in the county in which regular annual exhibitions of agricultural associations are held may have an office on the grounds of such association.

Justices to issue warrants in cases of disorderly conduct, etc.

Approved—The 3d day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 24.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of an act relating to roads in Uwchlan township, Chester county, and East Bethlehem and East Pike Run townships, Washington county, to the township of Morris in Greene county," approved the tenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

Section 1 Be it enacted, &c., That the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of an act relating to roads in Uwchlan township, Chester county, and East Bethlehem and East Pike Run townships, Washington county, to the township of Morris, in Greene county," approved the tenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as its provisions extend to Morris township, Greene county.

Repeal.

Approved—The 3d day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 25.

AN ACT

Relating to the bureaus of police and fire in cities of the second class; constituting a civil service board in relation thereto; providing for and regulating examinations, the manner of appointments, and the manner and power of removal of employes in said bureaus.

Employes of,
must pass ex-
amination before
being appointed.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, no person or persons (excepting the superintendent of the bureau of police and the superintendent of the bureau of fire), shall be appointed to any position whatever in the bureau of police or the bureau of fire in any city of the second class in this Commonwealth without having first passed all the examinations hereinafter provided for, and having been appointed in the manner and according to the terms, provisions and conditions of this act.

A civil service
board to be ap-
pointed and con-
stituted.

Section 2. There shall be appointed and constituted in all said cities of the second class a civil service board, consisting of the mayor, who shall be president, the presidents of select and common councils, and the superintendents of the bureaus of police and fire; and each of said members before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution of this State, and file the same duly certified by the officer administering it, with the controller of the city. No salary or other compensation shall be paid to any member of said board; three members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary for the transaction of business, and said boards shall organize under this act for the purpose of transacting all business immediately upon the passage of this act.

Oath of office to
be filed with con-
troller.

No salary or com-
pensation for
members.

A quorum.

The board to
adopt rules and
regulations to
cover selections
and appointments.

Section 3. The said board immediately upon organization shall prepare and adopt such rules and regulations to cover the selection and appointment of all persons to be thereafter employed or appointed either in the bureau of police or the bureau of fire in said cities of the second class, as in the judgment of said board shall be best adapted to securing the best service for the public in each and both of said bureaus, and such rules and regulations shall provide for ascertaining and determining, so far as possible, the physical qualifications, habits, reputation, standing, experience and education of all applicants for such positions, and they shall provide for examinations upon any and all subjects deemed proper or necessary by said board for the purpose of determining their qualifications for the position sought or applied for.

Subjects of ex-
aminations.

Rules and regu-
lations to be
made public.

Section 4. The said board shall cause such rules and regulations, and all changes therein, to be printed, made public, and distributed in such manner and to

such extent as it shall deem necessary, and the expense thereof shall be certified by the said board to the city controller, and shall be paid by the city. Said rules and regulations shall also designate the place, date, where and when examinations will be held, and all such examinations shall be public, and shall be held at least once in each three months, and as frequently as the public service may require.

Place and date of examinations.

Shall be public.

Section 5. The said examinations shall be free to any citizen of such city of the second class, between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-five, and shall be practical in their character, and shall relate to those matters which fairly test the relative capacity of the candidates to discharge the duties of the position for which they apply, or to which they seek to be appointed, and may include tests of manual skill and physical strength. The board shall control all examinations; but may designate suitable persons, whether in the service of the city or not, to conduct such examinations, or any of them, but at all such examinations at least a quorum of said board shall be present.

Examinations free to citizens between the ages of 21 and 35.

The board to control examinations.

A quorum to be present.

Section 6. The said board is hereby given the power to appoint an officer, to be called the chief examiner, and to prescribe his duties. He shall be subject to removal at any time by the board, and it shall have power to change his duties and compensation at any time, and from time to time as it may deem proper.

The board to appoint a chief examiner and prescribe his duties, etc.

Section 7. In addition to the examinations hereinbefore mentioned, all applicants for such positions must pass a physical examination before, and to be conducted by, the physician of the department of public safety, and each physical examination shall be the same as that required and adopted by the United States for applicants for enlistment in the United States army.

Applicants to be physically examined.

Section 8. Councils of said cities of the second class may regulate by ordinance the number of employes in the bureau of police and the bureau of fire, and the number of employes that shall be contained on the sub-list, or training list, of the bureau of police and the bureau of fire, and all persons whose names may be certified by the said board to the said director of the department of public safety, as hereinafter provided, and appointed by him, the said director of the department of public safety, to positions upon the bureau of police or the bureau of fire, shall be appointed, located and stationed at the foot of the sub-list, or training list, in the bureau of police or bureau of fire, as the case may be, and shall only be promoted therefrom in numerical order, and shall not be promoted at all until they have served upon said sub-list, or training list, connected with the bureau of police and the bureau of fire, for a period of at least ninety days.

Councils may regulate number of employes and number on sub-list.

The names of those certified to be placed on sub-list.

Promotions to be in numerical order.

Board to make and keep a list of all applicants who pass examinations.

To be certified to director of public safety.

Director to make written application to board.

Appointments to be made from three certified names.

Rejected persons to be restored to list.

Names to be stricken from list.

The director of public safety to prescribe rules and regulations.

Printed copies to be furnished employees.

Employees may be fined or discharged for violations of law, etc.

Fines to go to pension fund, or for use of the city.

Only applies to uniform employees.

No employees shall be removed for political reasons.

Compensation of examiners to be fixed by councils.

Section 9. Said board shall make, and keep in numerical order, a list containing the names of all applicants who may pass the required mental and physical examination, and shall furnish the director of the department of public safety a certified copy of any and all lists so prepared and kept, and whenever any vacancy shall occur in the bureau of police or the bureau of fire, or any appointments are required in either of said bureaus, the director of the department of public safety shall make written application to the president of said board, who shall forthwith certify to him, in writing, the first three names on said list, and the said director shall immediately fill the necessary appointment from the three said names submitted to him, by selecting one of the three said names, and assigning the person whose name is so selected at the foot of the sub-list in the bureau of police or the bureau of fire, as the case may be, as provided for in section eight of this act. The name of the person so appointed shall be immediately stricken from the list of the said board, and the names of the two rejected persons shall immediately be restored to their former place on said list. If any name or applicant shall be rejected three times by the director of the department of public safety, it shall then be stricken from the said list of said board.

Section 10. The director of the department of public safety shall prescribe rules and regulations for the government of the members of the police and fire bureaus. Printed copies of such rules and regulations shall be furnished to the employees of such department governed by the provisions of this act. The director of the department of public safety shall have authority to suspend, discharge or fine such employees for violations of any of the laws of this Commonwealth, ordinances of the councils of such city, or rules and regulations prescribed by the director of the department of public safety. In case a fine should be imposed it shall be paid to the pension fund of the bureau of police or bureau of fire, as the case may be, if the same exists in said city, and, if not, then to the city treasurer for use of the city.

Section 11. The provisions of this act shall only apply to the uniform employees of the bureau of police, the bureau of fire, and all appointments made under the provisions of this act shall be for and during good behavior, and no employee shall be removed or transferred for any political reasons whatever.

Section 12. The compensation to be paid civil service examiners, provided for by this act, shall be such as councils may by ordinance direct.

Approved—The 4th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 26.

AN ACT

To extend the minimum school term to seven months.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the minimum school term shall be seven months, and after the close of the school year ending on the first Monday of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, school directors or controllers shall keep the schools of their respective districts in operation at least seven months each year: Provided, That the length of the annual term may remain as at present in districts where the maximum amount of tax allowed by law to be levied for school purposes, together with the amount of State appropriation to which the said districts are entitled, shall be found insufficient to keep the schools open a greater length of time than six months.

Minimum school term to be seven months.

Proviso.

Approved—The 4th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 27.

AN ACT

To repeal so much of the act of tenth March, one thousand eight hundred and ten, entitled "An act taxing certain officers," as relates to prothonotaries of the Supreme Court; to repeal so much of section eight of the act of second April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth," as relates to prothonotaries or clerks of the Supreme Court; to repeal so much of section one of the act of twenty-fourth May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, entitled "An act providing for monthly returns and payment by county and city officers and prothonotaries of the Supreme Court of moneys received by them for the use of the Commonwealth," as relates to prothonotaries of the Supreme Court.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of an act approved the tenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten, entitled "An act taxing certain offices," as relates to prothonotaries of the Supreme Court, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Section 2. That so much of section eight of the act of second of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth," be repealed so far as it relates to prothonotaries or clerks of the Supreme Court.

Repeal.

Section 3. That so much of section one of the act of twenty-fourth May, one thousand eight hundred and

Repeal.

ninety-three, entitled "An act providing for monthly returns and payments by county and city officers and prothonotaries of the Supreme Court of moneys received by them for the use of the Commonwealth," be repealed so far as it relates to prothonotaries of the Supreme Court.

Approved—The 4th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

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No. 28.

AN ACT

Relating to the printing of the pamphlet laws; requiring amendments to be printed in distinct and different type.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any act of Assembly shall hereafter be passed, quoting a statute or a part of a statute for amendment, the words stricken out or the words added shall be printed in the pamphlet laws in a distinct type, different from the type used for the remainder of the words quoted, so that the change intended by the amendment may be readily seen.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

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No. 29.

AN ACT

Requiring the fees and mileage allowed by law to constables for making returns to the court of quarter sessions of the peace, and for attending at general, special, township, ward and borough elections, to be paid by the several counties of this Commonwealth.

Constables' fees for making returns to the court, and for attending elections, to be paid by the several counties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, the constables in the Commonwealth shall be entitled to receive from the county treasury, upon orders drawn by the county commissioners of the several counties, the fees and mileage now allowed by law for making returns to the court of quarter sessions of the peace, and for attending at general, special, township, ward and borough elections; and the several counties are hereby made liable therefor and required to pay the same as aforesaid.

Repeal.

Section 2. That all acts or parts of acts, general or special, inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 30.

AN ACT

To amend the fourth section of an act, entitled "An act for the further regulation of boroughs," approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one; specifying the mode of procedure in cases where the burgess and town council of any borough pass an ordinance annexing adjacent lands of a township, lots or out lots of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the fourth section of an act, entitled "An act for the further regulation of boroughs," approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, which reads as follows:

"Whenever the borough authorities shall extend the limits of such borough, they shall file a plan or plot of such extension in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, and notice thereof shall be published in at least two of the newspapers published in the county; and any citizen of the borough, or of the territory annexed, shall have the right to appeal from the ordinance of the town council, annexing such territory, to the court of quarter sessions of said county, within thirty days of the filing of such plan or plot; and thereupon the said court shall have power, at its discretion, to decree or refuse such extension of borough limits, in the same manner as under the third section of the act of first of April, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-four, relating to boroughs," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4 of the act of June 2, 1871, cited for amendment.

Whenever the borough authorities shall extend the limits of such borough, they shall file a plan or plot of such extension in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, and notice thereof shall be published in at least two of the newspapers published in the county; and any citizen of the borough, or of the territory annexed, *or of the township from which such territory is taken*, shall have the right to appeal from the ordinance of the town council, annexing such territory, to the court of quarter sessions of said county, within thirty days of the filing of such plan or plot; and thereupon the said court shall have power, at its discretion, to decree or refuse such extension of borough limits, in the same manner as under the third section of the act of first of April, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-four, relating to boroughs.

On extension of borough limits, plot to be filed in quarter sessions.

Notice to be published.

Appeal to court from ordinance annexing territory, authorized.

Powers of court.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 31.

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of collectors of State and county taxes in cities of the third class, and defining their powers.

Commissioners of counties containing cities of the third class may appoint tax collectors.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth containing cities of the third class, shall have the power to appoint one person as collector of State and county taxes for one or more wards in such cities of the third class, situate in their respective counties.

Power of collectors.

Section 2. That collectors appointed by virtue of the first section of this act shall have full power to collect State and county taxes in any ward of any city of the third class, whether such person be a resident of such ward or not: Provided, The person so appointed shall be a resident of the city for which he is appointed.

Proviso.

Repeal.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 10th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 32.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act to repeal so much of section one of an act, entitled 'An act for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as relates to the board of health of said cities, and abolishing said board," approved March twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine; also, to repeal an act, entitled "An act creating a bureau of health in cities of the first class, and providing for its organization," approved the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Acts of March 22, 1899, cited for repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act, entitled "An act to repeal so much of section one of an act, entitled 'An act for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as relates to the board of health of said cities, and abolishing said board," approved the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine; also the act, entitled "An act creating a bureau of health in cities of the first class, and providing for its organization," approved the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 33.

AN ACT

To require interpleaders on testatum fieri facias to be carried on in the county where levy is made.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever a levy upon personal property shall be made on a testatum fieri facias, and a dispute arises concerning the ownership of such property, the interpleader proceedings shall be carried on in the county where the property is, and the levy has been made.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 34.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to pay the expenses incurred in enforcing the provisions of an act entitled, "An act to regulate elections by soldiers in actual military service," approved the twenty-fifth day of August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to pay the mileage of commissioners, postage, express charges, printing, extra services, and other actual and necessary expenses incurred in the enforcement of the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate elections by soldiers in actual military service," approved the twenty-fifth day of August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at November election in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. The said appropriation to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer in the usual manner, all bills to be specifically itemized and approved by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and Auditor General; and any unexpended balances of money herein appropriated shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$5,000 appropriated.

Purpose of appropriation.

How payable.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 35.

AN ACT

Providing for the construction and maintenance of side paths along the highways in the townships of the Commonwealth for the use of bicycles and pedestrians; providing for the appointment of side path commissioners, prescribing their duties, and the duties of the assessors in the assessment of bicycles; providing for levying, collecting and disbursement of a tax on bicycles.

Side paths may be constructed.

Bicycle riders to have right of way.

Petition of freeholders who are bicycle riders.

The court to appoint side path commissioners.

Vacancies to be filled by the court.

Oath of office to be filed.

Organization of board.

To keep a record.

Necessary expenses to be paid.

Assessors to make returns yearly.

Commissioners to levy tax on bicycles.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be lawful after the passage of this act to construct and maintain side paths along the highways of the townships of this Commonwealth for the use of bicycles and pedestrians, bicycle riders however to have the right of way thereon.

Section 2. Upon a petition signed by at least twenty-five freeholders, residents of the county in which such petition shall be presented, who are also riders of bicycles, the court of quarter sessions shall appoint three resident wheelmen, one to serve for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, from the first day of January subsequent to their appointment, and annually thereafter, upon a like petition, appoint one person for a term of three years, such officers to be termed side path commissioners; and vacancies occurring by death, resignation or otherwise in such offices, shall be filled by said court upon a like petition being presented setting forth such vacancy, and any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve the unexpired term of their predecessor.

Section 3. The said side path commissioners shall take the oath of office and file the same with the court of quarter sessions, and shall form an organization by electing one of their members president, and one secretary. They shall keep a record of the proceedings had at their respective meetings, and shall have general supervision of the construction and maintenance of side paths in the townships of their respective counties, and shall serve without compensation other than their actual, necessary expenses.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the assessors and assistant assessors in the townships, boroughs and cities of this Commonwealth, in the counties in which side path commissioners shall have been appointed, on the first Monday of May of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to assess, in books to be furnished by the county commissioners, resident taxables with all bicycles owned by them, and make a complete return of same, on or before the fourth Monday of May of each year, to the commissioners of their respective counties.

Section 5. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of the respective counties to levy a tax not to exceed one dollar on each wheel annually, or so much thereof

as shall be recommended by such side path commissioners, which said tax shall be entered upon the tax duplicate issued to the respective tax collectors, and by such tax collectors collected and paid to the county treasurer as county taxes are now collected and paid. The fund so raised to be called a "Side Path" fund, and to be used by the side path commissioners in constructing and maintaining side paths constructed under the provisions of this act: Provided, That no other fund now authorized to be raised by taxation shall be drawn upon for the construction or maintenance of the side paths constructed under the provisions of this act.

To be entered on duplicate.

"Side Path" fund, how to be used.

Proviso.

Section 6. All paths constructed under the provisions of this act shall be built along the sides of highways in townships, between the roadway proper and the land abutting thereon, and shall be not less than three feet wide, nor more than six feet wide measuring from outside to outside of ditches.

Location and width of side paths.

Section 7. It shall be the duty of the side path commissioners to file with the county commissioners, from time to time, an itemized bill with vouchers, for actual necessary expenses in constructing and maintaining side paths, and said commissioners shall draw their warrant on the county treasurer for the amount of bills so filed, but such bills shall first be approved by the entire board of side path commissioners.

Side path commissioners to file itemized bills, with vouchers.

To be approved by entire board.

Section 8. The county commissioners and county treasurer are hereby required to keep accurate accounts, in separate books to be kept for that purpose, of all receipts and disbursements, which accounts shall be audited by the county auditors at the same time and place as other accounts are audited by them, and a full and complete statement of the account so audited shall be published with the county auditors' annual statement.

County commissioners and treasurer to keep accurate and separate accounts.

To be audited.

Published with auditors' statement.

Section 9. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 36.

AN ACT

Relating to the keepers of junk shops, and second hand dealers, in cities of this Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any keeper, owner, proprietor, or employe of any junk shop within any city within this Commonwealth, or for any

Keepers of junk shops and second-hand dealers to provide and keep books, showing entries of all purchases, etc.

owner, proprietor, or employe of any second hand store within any such city, to barter, purchase, exchange, buy or accept from any person whatsoever, except plumbers holding licenses as such from such city, or the owner or owners of buildings from which the material is taken, any pipe, faucet, boilers, spigots, coils, or any other like material whatever, or to barter, purchase, exchange, buy, receive or accept any other second hand goods, wares, or merchandise of any kind or nature whatever, without providing and keeping books, and making therein at the time of such purchase, exchange, receiving or accepting, the entries hereinafter provided.

In the English language.

To be open to inspection by police and detectives.

Section 2. Every owner of such junk shops and second hand stores shall provide and constantly keep a book, in which shall be fairly written down in the English language, at the time of every purchase of any such material, a description of all articles so purchased, the name and residence of the person from whom such purchase was made, and the day and hour of such purchase, and such books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any and every member of the police and detective forces of such city.

Penalty.

Section 3. Any person who shall violate, or neglect, fail or refuse to comply with all of the provisions of this act or any of them, shall for every offense, upon conviction before any court of competent jurisdiction, be subject to a fine of not less than twenty nor more than five hundred dollars, and in default of payment thereof be imprisoned for a period not exceeding ninety days.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 37.

AN ACT

To empower the school directors of the several townships of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to exercise the powers of a board of health in each township, to make rules and regulations to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious diseases, to appoint and fix compensation of a sanitary agent; and requiring all practicing physicians to report to the secretary of the board of school directors in each township the names and residences of all persons coming under their professional care afflicted with such contagious or infectious diseases.

School directors shall have power and authority to make rules and regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of contagious and infectious diseases.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the school directors in each township of the State of Pennsylvania shall, in addition to the powers vested in them by existing laws, have full power and authority to make and enforce all needful rules and regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of contagions or in-

fectious diseases, by the regulation of intercourse with infected places, by prohibiting from attending any public school any child or other person belonging to or residing with the family of any person, or residing in the same house, in which any person may be suffering from cholera, small pox (*variola varioloid*), scarlet fever, typhus fever, yellow fever, relapsing fever, diphtheria, diphtheritic croup or membranous croup, or any other contagious disease; and it shall be the duty of all physicians practicing within the several townships to report to the secretary of such school board the names and residences of all persons coming under their professional care, afflicted with any of the aforesaid contagious or infectious diseases, within twenty-four hours after the development of any such disease.

Section 2. In the case of the prevalence of any contagious or infectious disease in any township of this Commonwealth, the board of school directors of such township shall have power by themselves, or by a sanitary agent to be by them appointed, to enter at any time upon any premises in the said township in which there is suspected to be any contagious or infectious disease, or nuisance productive of such disease or detrimental to the public health, for the purpose of examining the said premises and abating any nuisance found thereon detrimental to the public health.

Section 3. Before appointing any sanitary agent to aid in enforcing the rules and regulations of the board, as aforesaid, the board shall make application to the court of common pleas of the county in which the township is located, or to a law judge thereof, setting forth particularly the reasons which, in their judgment, make the appointment of such agent necessary, setting forth also the compensation which the board deems proper to pay for the services of such sanitary agent, and if the said court, or judge thereof, shall approve the reasons given by the said board for the appointment of such sanitary agent, and shall also approve the compensation deemed proper therefor, said board shall have the authority to appoint such sanitary agent for such term as may be designated by the said court, or judge thereof, the said compensation to be paid out of the school fund of the respective townships.

Physicians to report to secretary of school board the persons under their professional care, afflicted with contagious or infectious diseases.

School directors and the sanitary agent of the board to have power to enter on premises in which there is suspected to be such diseases, or a nuisance productive thereof, for the purpose of examination, etc.

School boards may appoint a sanitary agent and fix his compensation, if the court or judge thereof shall approve.

Term of appointment.

Compensation, how paid.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 38.

AN ACT

Extending to cities of the second class the provisions of the act of May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-two, which authorizes cities of the first class to appropriate annually the sum not exceeding five hundred dollars for the support and maintenance of each company of the National Guard.

Act of May 24,
1887, extended to
cities of the
second class.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly approved May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, Pamphlet Laws page one hundred and eighty-two, authorizing councils of the cities of the first class to appropriate, annually, a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, for the support and maintenance of each company of the National Guard using and occupying an armory, building, rooms or quarters within the limits of said city, be and the same is hereby extended to cities of the second class of this Commonwealth.

Said act of May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-two, the provisions of which are hereby extended to cities of the second class is as follows:

Councils authorized to appropriate money for support and maintenance of National Guard.

\$500.00 to each company having armory or quarters in the city.

How money shall be paid.

Military standing of companies to be certified to city controller.

Commanding officer to render annual account.

Further appropriation not to be made until expenditure of previous year is accounted for.

"The councils of the cities of the first class of the Commonwealth be and they are hereby respectively authorized to appropriate, from any moneys in their respective treasuries not otherwise appropriated, annually, a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars for the support and maintenance of each company of the National Guard using and occupying an armory, building, rooms or quarters within the limits of said city.

"Any moneys so appropriated shall be paid by warrants of the controller of said cities, drawn to the order of the commanding officer of such company, only when it shall be certified to the said city controller, by the Adjutant General of the State, that the said company or companies have satisfactorily passed the annual inspection provided by law.

"The moneys, so appropriated, shall be used and expended solely and exclusively for the support and maintenance, discipline and training of the said company, and the commanding officer shall account, by proper vouchers to the said city controller each year, for the expenditure of the money so appropriated; and no appropriation shall be made for any subsequent year until the expenditure of the previous year be duly and satisfactorily accounted for."

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 39.

AN ACT

Requiring the holders, owners or assignees of mortgages of real estate to furnish to the recorder of deeds of the county in which the mortgage or assignment thereof is recorded, the full name, residence (including street number), and the address of such holder, owner or assignee, and said recorder shall forthwith certify same to the office of the county commissioners, under penalty.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That on and after the passage of this act, the holder, owner or assignee of any mortgage offered for record or assignment, shall furnish to the recorder of deeds of the county in which said mortgage or assignment is to be recorded, the full name, residence (including street number), and the address of such holder, owner or assignee.

Holder, owner or assignee of mortgage offered for record, etc., shall furnish recorder with name, residence and address.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the said recorder of deeds to forthwith certify the same to the office of the county commissioners.

Recorder to certify the same to county commissioners.

Section 3. Recorders of deeds who shall fail to certify the same to the office of the county commissioners, as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars: Provided, That this act shall not apply to counties co-extensive with cities of the first class.

Failure of recorders to certify the same declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 40.

AN ACT

To enlarge the competency of the wife to testify against her husband.

Whereas, It sometimes happens that in suits to which the husband is a party he testifies against the character or conduct of his wife, while in the existing state of the law the wife is not permitted to reply to such charges, because she would thus be testifying against her husband;

Preamble.

Now, therefore, in order to remove her disability in such cases, so that she may have an equal right to be heard:

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in any civil action brought against the husband to recover necessities furnished to the wife, if the husband makes defense at the trial upon the ground that his wife had left him,

Wife may be a competent witness in rebuttal for the plaintiff.

without justification or excuse, before the necessities were furnished, or upon any other ground which attacks the wife's character or conduct, she shall be a competent witness in rebuttal for the plaintiff.

May be a competent witness in rebuttal for the Commonwealth.

Section 2. In any criminal proceeding brought against the husband, if he makes defense at the trial upon any ground which attacks the wife's character or conduct, she shall be a competent witness in rebuttal for the Commonwealth.

Repeal.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 41.

AN ACT

Impowering, under certain circumstances, the owners or lessees of land used for public park purposes to make rules and regulations governing the use of any public roads within the limits of said park, and providing for the enforcement of the same.

Lessees or owners of land used for public park purposes, may make rules and regulations to govern the use of roads therein, under certain circumstances

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the owners or lessees of any land used for public park purposes on filing an agreement with the county commissioners to keep any public road within the limits of said park in good order and repair without any expense to the authorities having charge of the same, shall have the right to make rules and regulations, in conformity with existing laws, to govern the use of said roads, within the limits of said park, except they shall have no right to charge toll upon the same; said rules and regulations to be enforced by any sworn officer on sight, or on a warrant thereafter, as the case may be, and any conviction before a magistrate or justice of the peace of any wilful violation of said rules and regulations shall be punished by a fine of ten dollars; or, in default thereof, ten days in the county jail.

Exception.

Rules and regulations to be enforced by sworn officer.

Penalty.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 42.

AN ACT

To amend the title to an act, approved the ninth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, providing for the payment of bounties for the destruction of wildcats, foxes and minks in this Commonwealth, and fixing a penalty for violation of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the title to an act, approved the ninth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which reads as follows: "An act for the destruction of wildcats, foxes and minks in this Commonwealth, and providing for the payment of bounties on the same, officers' fees, and fixing a penalty for violation of the same," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

An act for the destruction of wildcats, foxes and minks in this Commonwealth, and providing for the payment of bounties on the same *by county treasurers, on the order of county commissioners; also, officers' fees, and fixing a penalty for violation of the same.*

Title of act of July 9, 1897, cited for amendment.

Payment of bounties by county treasurers, on order of county commissioners.

Penalty.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 43.

AN ACT

Granting the consent of the State of Pennsylvania to the acquisition by the United States of certain lands, for the purpose of the erection of a postoffice and other buildings, in the city of Wilkes-Barre, and ceding jurisdiction over the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the consent of the State of Pennsylvania is hereby given to the acquisition by the United States by purchase, or by condemnation under the laws of this State, of one or more pieces of land situate in the city of Wilkes-Barre, not exceeding in quantity one acre, on which to erect a courthouse, postoffice, and other Government buildings and appurtenances, and the said United States shall have, hold, use, occupy, and own said land or lands when purchased, and exercise jurisdiction and control over the same and every part thereof, subject to the restrictions hereinafter named.

Consent of State given to purchase by United States of site for courthouse, postoffice, etc.

Section 2. That the jurisdiction ceded by the said State of Pennsylvania shall vest in the United States as soon as the United States shall have acquired title to said land or lands by purchase or grant, by condemnation or by lawful appropriation under the right of

Jurisdiction to vest on acquiring of title.

Free from taxation.

eminent domain, and so long as said land or lands remain the property of the United States, when acquired as aforesaid, and no longer, the same shall be and continue exonerated from all taxes, assessments and other charges which may be levied or imposed under the authority of this State.

Jurisdiction reserved.

Section 3. The jurisdiction of the State of Pennsylvania in and over the said land or lands, when purchased or taken by the United States, shall be and the same is hereby ceded to the United States; but the jurisdiction hereby ceded shall continue no longer than the said United States shall own the said land or lands.

Condition.

Section 4. The said consent is given, and the said jurisdiction ceded, upon the express condition that the State of Pennsylvania shall retain concurrent jurisdiction with the United States in and over the land or lands, so far as that all civil process, in all cases, and such criminal and other process as may issue under the laws or authority of the State of Pennsylvania, against any person or persons charged with crimes or misdemeanors committed within said State, including said lands, may be executed in the same way and manner as if such consent had not been given or jurisdiction ceded, except so far as such process may affect the real or personal property of the United States.

Proviso.

Section 5. That in case the United States shall decide to resort to condemnation or appropriation under the right of eminent domain, in acquiring land for the purposes specified in this act, it shall be lawful for the United States so to acquire said land: Provided, That the United States may pay the costs and refuse to take the land, if in their judgment the compensation assessed therefor is excessive.

Injury to grounds, buildings, etc., punishable.

Section 6. It is further enacted that any malicious, wilful, reckless or voluntary injury to, or mutilation of, the grounds, buildings or appurtenances, shall subject the offender or offenders to a fine of not less than twenty dollars, to which may be added, for an aggravated offense, imprisonment not exceeding six months in the county jail or workhouse, to be prosecuted before any court of competent jurisdiction.

Section 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved—The 11th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 44.

AN ACT

To amend so much of section one of article three of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth," approved the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as relates to the board of health in said cities; reorganizing the said board of health, fixing the number and terms of office of the members thereof, providing for the expiration of the terms of the present members of said board, and providing for the appointment and compensation of a chief of the board of health, and prescribing his duties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of section one of article three of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth," approved the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, as reads as follows: "In cities of the first class the board of health shall continue with the powers and duties now vested in it by law, but the members thereof shall be *five* in number, to be nominated by the mayor and confirmed by the select council for the period of *three* years. The present members *thereof* shall serve until the *expiration* of their terms of office *respectively*, but when their number shall be reduced below five, then the mayor shall nominate persons to fill the vacancies resulting therefrom so that the number shall be always five, but the board of health shall be attached to the department of public safety. The director of public safety shall *ex-officio* be a member and president of the board of health, and as chief executive officer thereof, subject to the resolutions and orders of the said board, appoint, supervise and control all the subordinate officers and employes attached to the board," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

In cities of the first class the board of health shall continue with the powers and duties now vested in it by law, but the members thereof shall be *three*(3) in number to be nominated by the mayor and confirmed by select council for the period of *four*(4) years, beginning upon the first Monday of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. The present members of the said board shall serve until the first Monday of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, upon which date their terms of office shall severally expire. One of the members of the said board to be so appointed shall be designated by the mayor to be known as the chief of the board of health, who shall be president of the said board, and who shall appoint, supervise and control all the subordinate officers and employes attached to the said board, and who shall receive such salary as shall be fixed by

Act of June 1, 1885
cited for amend-
ment.

Board of health to
continue with
powers and duties
now vested in it
by law.

Shall consist of
three members to
be appointed by
the mayor.

Terms of office.

One member to be
designated by the
mayor as chief of
board, who shall
be president, and
who shall appoint,
supervise and
control subordi-
nate officers and
employes.

Salary.

councils. The *said* board shall be attached to, *and be a part of*, the department of public safety.

Repeal.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 12th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 45.

AN ACT

Entitled An act to extend the benefits of the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, and the Soldiers' Orphan Schools, to the children of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines of the Spanish-American war.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Commission of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools of the State of Pennsylvania, under such rules and forms of application as it may adopt, shall and is hereby authorized and required to admit to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Industrial School, or to the Soldiers' Orphan Schools, orphans of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines of the Spanish-American war, subject to present laws governing the control of said schools.

Approved—The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 46.

AN ACT

Authorizing and empowering the courts of common pleas and the orphans' courts of the respective counties within this Commonwealth to make and enter an order or decree, granting to the proper officers of all benevolent and charitable institutions, asylums or corporations within this Commonwealth, the right and power to bind out and indenture minor children, who have been maintained and cared for by said institution, asylum or corporation for a period of one year or over at the expense, either in whole or in part, of such institution, asylum or corporation; and prescribing the manner in which said courts shall take jurisdiction of such cases, and the effect of such indenturing, made under and pursuant to such order or decree.

The courts of common pleas and orphans' court may grant or decree to officers of benevolent and charitable institutions, etc., the right and power to bind out and indenture minor children.

Section 1, Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any benevolent or charitable institution, asylum or corporation, whether created by general or special laws of this Commonwealth, shall hereafter maintain and care for any minor child for a period of one year or over at the expense, either in whole or in part, of such institution, asylum or corporation, then the courts of

common pleas of the proper county, or where the rights of a guardian are or may be affected thereby, the orphans' court of said county, are hereby authorized and empowered, in all proper cases, upon petition to them made by the board of managers or proper officers of such institution, asylum or corporation, and upon due notice to the parents, guardian or next friend of said minor, said notice to be personally served if practicable, otherwise such notice to be given by advertisement in such newspaper or newspapers, and for such length of time, as said court may direct, to make and enter an order or decree granting unto such petitioners the right and power to indenture said minor, for and during its minority, to any suitable person or persons; and said indenture thus made shall vest in the person to whom said minor is so indentured the sole and absolute right to the care, control and custody and services of said minor, during its said minority, as against such parent, guardian or next friend so notified of said petition, as aforesaid: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to interfere in any manner with or prejudice the rights over said minor, reserved in such indenture by and to said institution, asylum or corporation.

Upon petition.

Due notice to be given.

Providso.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved--The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 47.

AN ACT

Repealing an act approved the thirteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An act relating to roads, highways and bridges,'" so far as the said act excepts the county of Susquehanna from its provisions.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly made and approved the thirteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, Pamphlet Laws number one hundred and seven, page two hundred and twenty-one, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An act relating to roads, highways and bridges,'" be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same excepts the county of Susquehanna from its provisions.

Repeal of act of April 13, 1843, as excepting county of Susquehanna.

Approved--The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 48.

AN ACT

To provide for the preparation and publication of the names and records of Pennsylvania volunteers in the Spanish-American war, and making an appropriation for the clerical work in connection therewith.

The Adjutant General to prepare record of Pennsylvania soldiers and sailors who served in Spanish-American war.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Adjutant General shall, as soon as practicable after the passage of this act, prepare for publication a record containing the names of all soldiers and sailors from Pennsylvania who served in the Spanish-American war, as shown by the muster-in and muster-out rolls on file in the Adjutant General's office of Pennsylvania. The record shall give the name, residence, date of enrollment, rank, promotions, date of death or discharge, and such other information as may be obtainable by the Adjutant General.

Number to be printed, and how distributed.

Section 2. Four thousand copies of said record shall be printed by the State Printer, on order given by the Adjutant General, and shall be distributed as follows: To each member of the Senate twenty copies, to each member of the House of Representatives ten copies, to the State Librarian four hundred copies, to the Governor one hundred copies, and fifty copies each to the Adjutant General, the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Auditor General, the State Treasurer, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Banking, and the Commissioner of Insurance.

\$1,000 appropriated.

How payable.

Section 3. For the purpose of providing the necessary clerical work to carry into effect the provisions of this act, the sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the Adjutant General approved by the Auditor General.

Approved—The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 49.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the payment of the expenses of the Inauguration of the Governor of the Commonwealth on January the seventeenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$8,598.95 appropriated.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand five hundred ninety-eight dollars and ninety-

five cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of inaugurating the Governor of the Commonwealth January the seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. The amount hereby appropriated, or so much thereof as has not been paid under and in pursuance of the concurrent resolution of January the sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, authorizing the advancing of money for the payment of the said expenses, shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, on the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers duly verified, under oath, by the person in whose favor the same is drawn, and certified to by the joint legislative committee; and settlement shall be made in like manner by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, for the disbursement of all moneys previously advanced to the chairman of the said joint committee, in pursuance of the concurrent resolution aforesaid.

Purpose.

How payable.

Approved—The 13th day of April. A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

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No. 50.

AN ACT

To provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers, steam engines, and appliances connected therewith, in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth, and providing penalties for violations.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to have charge of or to operate a steam boiler or steam engine over ten horse power, in cities of the first class of this Commonwealth, except locomotive boilers used in transportation, and steam engines and steam boilers carrying less than fifteen pounds pressure per square inch, unless said person or persons are upwards of twenty-one years of age and holds a license, as hereinafter provided for, and it shall be unlawful for any owner or owners, user or users, of any steam boiler or steam engine over ten horse power, other than those excepted above, to operate or to cause to be operated a steam boiler or steam engine without a duly licensed engineer.

Boilers and engines of over ten horse power to be operated by and be in charge of licensed engineers.

Exception.

Section 2. All persons claiming authority to perform the duties of engineer shall apply to the boiler in-

Engineers to be examined by the boiler inspector.

Character and qualifications.

The inspector to grant licenses.

Licenses may be revoked on negligence, etc.

The inspector to investigate and may summon witnesses and administer oaths.

Notice in writing to alleged delinquents.

The license may be suspended or revoked.

Engineer to make oath, which shall be recorded.

Certificate of license to be framed and displayed.

pector of such cities, who shall examine the applicant as to his knowledge of steam machinery and his experience as an engineer, also the proofs which he produces in support of his claim, and if, upon full consideration, the inspector is satisfied that the applicants' character, habits of life, knowledge, and experience in the duties of an engineer, are all such as to authorize the belief that he is a suitable and safe person to be entrusted with the powers and duties of such a station, he shall grant him a license, upon the payment of three (\$3) dollars, authorizing him to be employed in such duties for the term of one year, and such license shall be renewed, without examination, upon the payment of one dollar; but such license shall be suspended or revoked upon satisfactory proof of negligence, unskillfulness, intemperance, or the wilful violation of any provision of this law. Whenever complaint is made against any engineer, holding a license authorizing him to take charge of boilers or machinery, that he has through negligence or want of skill permitted the boilers in his charge to burn or otherwise become in bad condition, or that he has not kept his engine or machinery in good working order, the inspector shall, upon satisfactory proof of such negligence or want of skill, revoke the license of such engineer.

Section 3. The inspector shall investigate all acts of incompetency or misconduct committed by any licensed engineer while acting under the authority of his license, and shall have power to summon before him any witnesses within his respective city, and compel their attendance by a similar process as used in the State courts to compel the attendance of witnesses, and he may administer all necessary oaths to any witnesses thus summoned before him, and after reasonable notice in writing, given to the alleged delinquent, of the time and place of such investigation, such witnesses shall be examined, under oath, touching the performance of his duties by any such licensed engineer, and if the inspector shall be satisfied that such licensed engineer is incompetent, or has been guilty of misdemeanor, or negligence, unskillfulness, or has endangered life, or wilfully violated any provision of this law, he shall immediately suspend or revoke his license, as the facts of the case may require.

Section 4. Every engineer who receives a license shall, before entering upon his duties, make oath before the inspector, to be recorded with the application, that he will faithfully and honestly, according to his best skill and judgment, without concealment or reservation, perform all the duties required of him by law.

Section 5. Every engineer who shall receive a license shall, when employed about any steam plant, place his certificate of license, which shall be framed under

glass, in some conspicuous place about the engine or boiler, where it can be seen at all times, and any neglect to comply with this provision by any such engineer shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof he shall be subject to a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars, or the revocation of his license, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Neglect to comply, a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Section 6. All engineers licensed under the provisions of this law shall assist the inspector in his examination of any boiler under his charge, and shall point out all defects and imperfections known to them in the boilers or machinery, and, in default thereof, the license of any such engineer or engineers, so neglecting or refraining, shall be revoked by the inspector.

Engineers to assist the inspector.

In default, license to be revoked.

Section 7. Every person who has been employed as a steam engineer, in the city in which he applies for a license, for a period of four years next prior to the passage of this act, and who files with his application a certificate of said fact, under oath, accompanied by a statement from his employer or employers verifying the same, shall be entitled to a license without further examination.

Engineers who have been employed four years may file certificate of fact, etc., and be entitled to license.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of an engineer when he assumes charge of boilers and machinery to forthwith thoroughly examine the same, and if he finds any part thereof in bad condition, caused by neglect or inattention on the part of his predecessor, he shall immediately report the facts to the inspector, who shall thereupon investigate the matter, and if the former engineer has been culpably derelict of duty he shall suspend or revoke his license.

Engineers to examine boilers, etc., and report defects to inspector.

Inspector may revoke license of former engineer.

Section 9. It shall be the duty of every licensed engineer when he vacates a position as engineer to notify the boiler inspector of such fact, and any failure to comply with this provision shall be punishable by a suspension of the license for such period or periods as the boiler inspector may determine.

Engineer vacating position shall notify inspector.

Penalty.

Section 10. Every owner, or lessee, or agent of the owner, or lessee of any steam boiler or steam engine over ten horse power, embraced within the provisions of this act, or any appliances connected therewith, and every person acting for such owner, lessee or agent is hereby forbidden to delegate or transfer, in any manner whatsoever, the responsibility and liability for the management or operation, or the maintenance in good condition and repair, of any such steam boiler or steam engine, or appliances connected therewith, to any person or persons other than the licensed engineer in charge thereof, as shown by compliance with section two of this act, and any violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be a misdemeanor, to be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500), or by imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of

Responsibility and liability shall not be delegated or transferred to other than licensed engineer.

Violation of provisions declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Proviso.

the court: Provided, however, That on the purchase or agreement to purchase a new steam boiler or steam engine over ten horse power, or appliances connected therewith, the builder or builders thereof may contract or agree with the purchaser or purchasers to accept said responsibility, for a period not to exceed sixty days; provided, that there is to be a licensed engineer in attendance thereon.

Proviso.

Fees to be paid to city treasury.

Section 11. All fees received under this act shall be paid into the treasury of the city wherein the license is granted.

Violation of provisions of section one declared a misdemeanor.

Section 12. Any violation of the provisions of section one of this act shall be deemed to be a misdemeanor, to be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Penalty.

Officers failing to discharge duties to be punished.

Section 13. Any officer charged with a duty under the provisions of this act, who shall fail to discharge the same or comply with the requirements thereof, shall, upon conviction be punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Penalty.

Act to take effect October 1, 1899.

Section 14. This act shall take effect on and after the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Repeal.

Section 15. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 18th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 51.

AN ACT

Amending section one of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the erection, maintenance and regulation of public morgues in the several counties of this Commonwealth, for the care and disposal of bodies removed thereto, and providing for the payment of certain expenses of the same by the proper county or district, or by the estate of the deceased person, and providing for the disposal of the personal effects of unclaimed dead," approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; empowering counties containing more than one city of the second class to establish a public morgue in each city of said class, and fixing the number of persons to be employed at each public morgue so established.

Act of June 12, 1893, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the erection, maintenance and regulation of public morgues in the several counties of this Commonwealth, for the care and disposal of bodies removed thereto, and providing

for the payment of certain expenses of the same by the proper county or district, or by the estate of the deceased person, and providing for the disposal of the personal effects of unclaimed dead," approved the twelfth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That First, the county commissioners of each and every county in the Commonwealth shall be and are hereby authorized, upon presentment of two successive grand juries of the county, to buy or rent real estate and erect and maintain a morgue thereon at the expense of said county for the reception and care of the bodies of all deceased persons upon whom it may be necessary to hold a coroner's inquest, and such other bodies as may be received by permit of the coroner of the county, the location of said morgue to be approved by the county commissioners and a judge of the court of common pleas of said county and the coroner of the county.

"Second. Whenever a dead body may be found in any public place, or the body of any deceased person who is unknown *or having no residence convenient to the place where found*, the same shall be removed to the morgue so established, *unless the coroner or his deputy shall direct its removal to some other place*.

"Third. The coroner of any county in which a morgue *shall* be established shall make general rules and regulations for its government and control, and shall appoint a suitable person or persons to have charge of the same, who shall be removable at the pleasure of the coroner, and he shall receive a salary to be fixed by the county commissioners (or salary board if such exists), *and approved by a judge of the court of common pleas for such county* and payable out of the general funds of the county *as the balance of county officers are by law payable*: *Provided, that no more than one person shall be appointed, except by the approval of the county commissioners*.

"Fourth. All bodies received at said morgue shall, if the coroner deems it necessary, be properly embalmed or prepared for preservation for such length of time as he may think proper, (and shall be subjected to examination and inspection by such persons as he may, in writing, authorize to view the same or who may be admitted in his presence), and said body or bodies shall be removed for burial only upon his certificate.

"Fifth. The county commissioners, where any such morgue shall have been established, shall purchase and maintain an ambulance with one or more horses for the removal of bodies to and from said morgue, and

for the burial of unknown or unclaimed bodies, the cost of maintaining which shall be paid out of the funds of said county.

"Sixth. That all clothing and personal property of deceased persons received in such morgue, who are unknown or unclaimed, shall be retained at said morgue under charge of the coroner for the period of one year, unless sooner claimed by the legal representative of the deceased, and at the end of one year may be sold at public sale, after advertisement by publication in one or more newspapers in said county once a week for three weeks, and by not less than six handbills posted in the neighborhood of said morgue.

"Seventh. *All fees received for services or connected with said morgue and* the proceeds of all sales of personal property as provided in this act shall be paid into the county treasury of the proper county upon the first day of each month, of which the coroner of the county shall make report in writing, under oath, at the time of said payment," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

County commissioners, under certain conditions, to erect and maintain a morgue.

Location of morgue.

Deceased persons to be removed to morgue.

Coroner to make rules and regulations.

To appoint persons to have charge of morgue.

Salary.

Section 1. First, That the county commissioners of each and every county in this Commonwealth shall be and they are hereby authorized *and empowered*, upon presentment of two successive grand juries of the county, to buy or rent real estate and erect and maintain a morgue thereon, at the expense of such county, for the reception and care of the bodies of all *unclaimed*, deceased persons upon whom it may be necessary to hold a coroner's inquest, and such other bodies as the coroner of such county may, by written order, direct to be received therein. The location of such morgue to be approved by the county commissioners, and a judge of the court of common pleas of such county, and the coroner of such county. *Whenever any county shall contain more than one city of the second class, the said county commissioners of such county may establish a morgue in each city of the second class embraced within the limits of such county, as aforesaid.*

Second. Whenever a dead body may be found in any public place, or the body of any deceased person who is unknown *shall be found within such county*, the said body shall be removed to the morgue so established.

Third. The coroner of each county in which a morgue *or morgues may* be established, *under this act*, shall make general rules and regulations for its government and control; and shall appoint suitable persons, *not exceeding three in number, for each morgue so established*, to have charge of the same, and who shall be removable at the pleasure of the coroner; *and the number of such persons*, and the salary of such person, shall be fixed by the county commissioners (or

salary board if such board exists), and payable out of the general funds of the county. **How payable.**

Fourth. All bodies received at said morgue *or* *morgues* shall, if the coroner deems it necessary, be properly embalmed or prepared for preservation for such length of time as he may think proper (and shall be subjected to examination and inspection by such persons as he may, in writing, authorize to view the same, or who may be admitted in his presence), and said body or bodies shall be removed for burial only upon his certificate. **Care of bodies.**

Fifth. The county commissioners, where any such morgue shall have been established, shall purchase and maintain an ambulance with one or more horses for the removal of bodies to and from said morgue, and for the burial of unknown or unclaimed bodies, the cost of maintaining which shall be paid out of the funds of said county. **Subject to examination and inspection.**
To be removed for burial only upon certificate.
County commissioners to furnish ambulance and horses.

Sixth. That all clothing and personal property of deceased persons received in such morgue, who are unknown or unclaimed, shall be retained at said morgue under charge of the coroner for the period of one year, unless sooner claimed by the legal representatives of the deceased, and at the end of one year may be sold at public sale, after advertisement by publication in one or more newspapers in said county once a week for three weeks, and by not less than six handbills posted in the neighborhood of said morgue. **Cost of same, how paid.**
Clothing of deceased to be retained one year.

Seventh. The proceeds of all sales of personal property, as provided in this act, shall be paid into the county treasury of the proper county upon the first day of each month, of which the coroner of the county shall make report in writing, under oath, at the time of said payment. **May be sold at public sale, after advertisement.**
Proceeds of all sales to be paid into county treasury.
Coroners to make sworn report.

Approved—The 18th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 52.

AN ACT

To repeal the act of the twenty-sixth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An act to extend the borough of Athens, in the county of Bradford," so far as the same applies to the island opposite the said borough, in the Susquehanna river.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An act to extend the borough of Athens in the county of Bradford," which reads as follows: "That the north line of the borough of Athens, **Act of April 26, 1855, cited for repeal of portion applying to the island in river opposite borough of Athens.**

in the county of Bradford, be extended north to the south line of the Caton tract, running from the southeast corner of the Caton tract, and the northeast corner of Edward Herrick's land, on the bank of the Susquehanna river; thence a westerly course along the south line of said Caton land to the east bank of the Chemung river; and that the said borough of Athens shall include all the land between the Susquehanna and Chemung rivers, south from said Caton land, including the island opposite the said borough in the Susquehanna river, and hereafter to be subject to the laws and regulations of said borough," be and is hereby repealed so far as the same applies to the island opposite said borough in the Susquehanna river.

Repeal.

Approved—The 18th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 53.

AN ACT

Authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties in this Commonwealth to appoint a clerk, fix his compensation, and prescribe the term and duties of the clerk, except in counties where the clerk to the county commissioners is elected by the people.

County commissioners shall have authority to appoint a clerk.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the county commissioners of the several counties within this Commonwealth shall constitute a board, a majority of whom shall have authority to appoint a competent person as clerk.

Term of office.

Section 2. That the clerk so appointed shall hold his office for the term of three years, and in case of a vacancy by death, resignation or removal for cause, his successor shall serve for the unexpired time for which he was appointed, and shall receive such salary as the commissioners shall determine.

Duties of clerk.

Section 3. He shall keep the books and accounts of the board, record or file their proceedings and paper, attest all orders and warrants issued by them, and perform all other duties pertaining to his office as clerk; he shall before entering upon the duties of his office take and subscribe the oath prescribed by section one of article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth, which oath or affirmation shall be filed by such clerk in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the same county.

To be sworn.

Proviso.

Section 4. Provided, That this act shall not be construed to authorize the appointment of commissioners' clerk by the county commissioners of any county

wherein the clerk to the commissioners is now elected by the people.

Section 5. That the clerk so appointed shall enter into a bond to the county with sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of his duties in such sum as may be designated by the commissioners.

The clerk to give a bond.

Approved—The 18th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 54.

AN ACT

Authorizing the ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of the costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, including the opening, widening, straightening, extending, grading, paving, macadamizing, curbing, or otherwise improving, of streets, lanes, alleys, or parts thereof, completed or in course of completion; providing for the ascertainment, levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited, where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for special benefits, and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are assessed, and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever heretofore any municipal corporation of the State has by act or acts, ordinance or ordinances, resolution or resolutions, contract or contracts, opened, widened, extended, straightened, graded, paved, curbed, macadamized, or otherwise improved, any street, lane or alley, or part thereof, and in effecting such improvement has taken, injured or destroyed private property, or furnished materials and labor, or incurred expense, and properties in the neighborhood have been by such improvement peculiarly and specially benefited; but, owing to the act or acts of Assembly, under authority of which any or all of the ordinances, resolutions or contracts for said improvements, either in its entirety or any part thereof, were passed or made, having subsequently been declared unconstitutional, or is or are otherwise invalid; or, where for any reason private property cannot be assessed for peculiar special benefits, now by this act such improvements are made valid and binding; and such municipality of the State is hereby authorized to ascertain, award, levy, assess and collect the damages, cost and expense of such improvement in manner following, to wit:

Streets, etc., opened, widened and improved by ordinance, etc.

Private property taken, injured or destroyed.

Properties specially benefited.

Where ordinances, etc., have been declared unconstitutional.

Improvements made valid and binding.

First. Said municipality of the State, or any person or persons interested, may at any time after such work or labor has been done or materials furnished, property taken or damage done, present its, her, his or

Municipalities and interested parties may present petition to court.

Subject of petition.

Appointment of three freeholders to ascertain damages, etc.

Shall report to court.

Notice to be given by advertisement in newspapers.

And by handbills posted.

Contents of notice.

Court shall appoint viewers.

Powers of viewers.

Vacancies.

Viewers shall be sworn.

Viewers shall fix time and place of meeting.

Notice shall be given.

Notice to be given resident owners.

their petition in any court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth briefly the character of such improvement, and that the costs, expenses and damages incurred have not been collected or fully paid to said municipality, and praying the court to appoint three disinterested freeholders to ascertain and determine the costs, damages and expenses of said improvement and any damages done to private property by reason thereof, and to fairly and ratably assess the said damages, costs and expenses upon the property benefited, and to make report thereof to the court.

Second. Upon the presentation of such petition, the court shall direct notice thereof to be given to all parties interested by an advertisement, inserted at least three times, in one or more newspapers published in the county in which the municipality is situate, one of which newspapers may be printed in the German language, and by at least ten handbills, posted ten days before the hearing in conspicuous places along the line of the improvement and the vicinity thereof, that on a certain day, therein to be named, and not less than ten days after the last insertion of the advertisement in the newspapers, the court will pass upon and decide said application, and that any person interested therein may be heard in reference thereto.

Third. Upon said named day, the court shall, unless some good objection is made thereto, appoint three disinterested freeholders as viewers. Any two of said viewers may decide all questions, and in all respects have all the powers, discretion and jurisdiction of all three viewers, but all three viewers shall act unless in case of sickness or other unavoidable cause, and in case of a vacancy the court may appoint a substitute at any time before the first meeting of the viewers.

Fourth. Upon said appointment being made, said viewers shall be sworn or affirmed, by some person authorized to administer oaths, well and truly to perform the duties imposed upon them and true report to make to the court.

Fifth. It shall be the duty of said viewers, after being sworn or affirmed, to fix a day, hour and place when and where they will hear all parties in interest, of which meeting notice shall be given by at least three insertions in the newspapers designated in the second clause of section one of this act, and by at least ten handbills, posted in conspicuous places along the line of improvement and in the vicinity thereof; the last of said insertions and the posting of said handbills shall be at least ten days before the meeting. Ten days' notice of the time and place of said meeting shall also be given to persons owning property along the line of such improvement, resident in such municipality, by personal service of a copy of said notice, or by leaving the same at the residence of such owner with

an adult member of his family and making known the contents thereof. The viewers shall visit the improvement, and personally inspect the same and the properties in the neighborhood supposed to be damaged or benefited thereby. At the time and place fixed, they shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses, with power to adjourn from time to time; and, after a full hearing on all questions before them, they, or any two of them, shall ascertain and determine the damages to each property, for property taken, injured or destroyed by such improvement, and award such damages to each particular property; they shall also ascertain and determine the total damages, costs and expenses of such improvement, and these damages, costs and expenses they shall equitably and fairly assess upon the properties benefited, which assessment shall not exceed the benefit peculiarly resulting to each property from the improvement, and the total assessment of benefits shall in no case exceed the total damages, costs and expenses of the improvement. If property peculiarly benefited to the extent of the total damages, costs and expenses cannot be found, the viewers shall assess such excess of damages, costs and expenses over and above peculiar benefits, upon the municipality under whose authority the improvement was effected, and the same shall be paid out of its treasury. The viewers shall thereupon prepare a report, together with a plan of the properties damaged and benefited, and in said report shall set forth the character of the improvement, the total amount of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, a schedule of the damages awarded to and the benefits assessed upon each particular property, with the name or names of the owner or reputed owner of each parcel, and what amount, if any, of damages, costs and expenses, not assessed as peculiar benefits to private property, is assessed upon the municipality.

Sixth. Said viewers shall then give notice by three insertions in the same newspapers, as already designated, that their report is ready, and that on a day certain, therein to be named, and not earlier than ten days after the last insertion, they will present the same to the court; that in the meantime said report will remain at a place to be designated in said notice, subject to inspection and exception. If any exceptions are filed the viewers shall afford the exceptants a hearing on the same, and make such changes and modifications in their report as justice and equity may require.

Seventh. On the day named if no exceptions are filed, or if exceptions be filed, upon a subsequent day to be fixed by them, the viewers, or any two of them, shall file their report in the proper court of common pleas,

Duties of viewers.

Shall hear all parties interested.

Ascertain and determine damages, etc.

And assess the same.

Limit of assessments.

Excess of damages, etc.

Viewers shall make report.

Contents of report.

Notice to be given when report will be presented to the court.

Exceptions; hearing on same.

Confirmation of report nisi.

Exceptions may be filed.	and thereupon the said court shall confirm the same nisi, and unless exceptions be filed within thirty days
Confirmation absolutely.	the report shall be confirmed absolutely, subject to appeals pending. When said report is filed, notice there-
Notice of filing of report.	of shall be given by one publication in the newspapers already designated. Said notice shall state the
Contents of notice.	date of filing of the report, and shall contain a schedule of the damages and benefits as shown therein, and shall further state that, unless exceptions be filed thereto within thirty days from the date of filing, the said report will be confirmed absolutely, subject to appeals pending. The said court shall have power to confirm said report, to modify, change or otherwise correct the same, or the assessments made therein, or refer the report back to the same or new viewers, with like power as to any new or further report. Within thirty days after said report is filed in court any party interested may file exceptions to the same, or within said period of thirty days the said municipality, or any party whose property is taken, injured or destroyed by said improvement, may appeal and demand a trial by jury, according to the course of the common law.
Power of court.	
May appeal.	Eighth. When the court has made its final decree confirming the said report or fixing the amount of the assessments in each case, the sums thus ascertained as benefits shall, if properly filed as a municipal lien or sued within six months, be a lien upon the property assessed, and shall be due and payable to the treasurer of the proper municipality within thirty days from the date of said decree; and the clerk of the proper court, on the making of such decree, shall deliver to said treasurer a certified copy of the decree and report. Said assessments shall bear interest, beginning at the expiration of thirty days from the date of said decree. If not paid within said time, the said treasurer shall deliver the same to the city solicitor, or the attorney of said municipality, who shall proceed to collect the same by an action of assumpsit, or by filing a lien therefor under the general laws of the Commonwealth in such case made and provided, and proceeding thereon to collect the same.
Trial by jury.	
When assessments shall become liens.	
When due and payable.	
Copy of decree and report for treasurer.	
Assessments shall bear interest.	
After thirty days to be delivered to city solicitor.	
Collection of same.	
How costs shall be paid.	Ninth. All the costs of the proceedings, including advertisements, handbills, and costs of service, shall be paid by the proper municipality; and any excess of damages, costs and expenses, over and above the benefits as determined by the final decree of the court, shall also be paid out of the treasury of the proper municipality.
Application of act.	Tenth. Proceedings under this act shall be confined to the ascertainment, award, assessment, levy and collection of damages, benefits, expenses and costs of effecting improvements, in which private property has been entered upon and actually, physically appropriated to public use, or injured, or destroyed, or contract

made, materials furnished and work and labor done, within five years prior to the date of approval of this act. Power is hereby given to the municipalities of the State to compel such improvements, now in course of completion, and upon such completion to proceed, as aforesaid, for the award, assessment, levy and collection of damages and benefits caused thereby.

Power of municipalities.

Eleventh. If upon any appeal or trial, in the case of any person or persons whose property has been taken, injured or destroyed, the result shall be that the appellant or appellants recovers or recover less damages for property taken, injured or destroyed than he, or she or they was or were awarded by the viewers, from which award said appeal was or appeals were taken, then the court may thereupon order and compel the municipality to repay to the several property owners assessed for benefits their ratable proportion of so much of said assessments as were made by reason of said excess of damages.

Duty of court when appellant recovers less damages than awarded by viewers.

Twelfth. This act shall in no event be construed as depriving any person of a right of trial by jury, where such a right has been conferred by the Constitution of this State, but such right shall be demanded in the time fixed by the seventh clause of section one of this act.

No person deprived of the right of trial by jury, if demanded in time.

Thirteenth. Any party interested in any assessment of benefits, or award of damages, may appeal to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court, as the pending controversy may warrant: Provided, That such appeal be taken within one year from the date of final judgment, but such appeal shall not be a supersedeas unless taken within thirty days after such judgment.

Appeal to Superior or Supreme Court.

Proviso.

Approved—The 18th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 55.

AN ACT

To amend an act, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the recorder of deeds in and for the counties in this Commonwealth containing more than five hundred thousand (500,000) inhabitants," approved the sixth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending first section thereof by fixing the fees to be charged for recording and exemplifying instruments of writing.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of an act, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the recorder of deeds in and for the counties in this Commonwealth containing more than

Section 1 of act of March 6, 1879, cited for amendment.

five hundred thousand (500,000) inhabitants," approved the sixth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act, the fees of the recorder of deeds for counties in this Commonwealth containing more than five hundred thousand (500,000) inhabitants, shall be as follows, to wit," approved the sixth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, which reads as follows:

"For recording of all instruments of writing, for each and every five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof, *fifty cents*.

"For exemplification of records, for each and every five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof, *seventy-five cents*.

"For certificate and seal, *fifty cents*.

"For recording or exemplifying of commissions for notary public, with bond and oath, five dollars; city and county officers, five dollars; magistrates, five dollars; special railroad police officers, two dollars and fifty cents.

"For noting an Instrument on Margin of Record—

"Noting assignments of mortgages, ten cents.

"Noting extension of mortgages, ten cents.

"Noting release of mortgages, ten cents.

"Noting revocation of power of attorney, ten cents.

"Noting any other instrument required by law, ten cents.

"Noting satisfaction of mortgages on certificate of search, ten cents.

"Satisfaction—

"Entering satisfaction on mortgages of every description, with certificate, fifty cents.

"Searches—

"Mortgage, for first ten (10) years previous to date of certificate, each name, fifty cents.

"Each additional ten (10) years or fractional part thereof, each name, twenty-five cents.

"Each reference examined, five cents.

"Conveyance and Assignment of Mortgage—

"For each and every ten (10) years or fractional part thereof, each name, fifty cents.

"Each reference examined, five cents.

"Certificate and seal, fifty cents," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. For recording of all instruments of writing, for each and every five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof, *seventy-five cents*. Fees fixed.

For exemplification of records, for each and every five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof, *one dollar*.

For certificate and seal, fifty cents.

For recording or exemplifying of commissions for notary public with bond and oath, five dollars; city and county officers, five dollars; magistrates, five dollars; special railroad police officers, two dollars and fifty cents.

For Noting an Instrument on Margin of Record.

Noting assignments of mortgages, ten cents.

Noting extension of mortgages, ten cents.

Noting release of mortgages, ten cents.

Noting revocation of power of attorney, ten cents.

Noting any other instrument required by law, ten cents.

Noting satisfaction of mortgages on certificate of search, ten cents.

Satisfaction.

Entering satisfaction on mortgages of every description, with certificate, fifty cents.

Searches.

Mortgage, for first ten (10) years previous to date of certificate, each name, fifty cents.

Each additional ten (10) years or fractional part thereof, each name, twenty-five cents.

Each reference examined, five cents.

Conveyance and Assignment of Mortgage.

For each and every ten (10) years or fractional part thereof, each name, fifty cents.

Each reference examined, five cents.

Certificate and seal, fifty cents.

Approved—The 19th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 56.

AN ACT

To repeal so much of an act, entitled "An act to reduce the expenses of collecting State and county taxes in the county of Venango, to incorporate the Greenville and Ohio State Line Plank Road Company, and to authorize the appointment of an auctioneer in the county of Lawrence," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, as relates to the collection of State and county taxes in the said county of Venango, together with the first three sections of a supplement to said act, approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and a further supplement to the said first mentioned act, approved the twenty-seventh day of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

Act of April 3, 1851, as relating to Venango county, and its supplements, cited.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An act to reduce the expenses of collecting State and county taxes in the county of Venango, to incorporate the Greenville and Ohio State Line Plank Road Company, and to authorize the appointment of an auctioneer in the county of Lawrence," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, as relates to the collection of State and county taxes in the said county of Venango, to wit, the first eleven sections thereof, together with the first three sections of a supplement to said act, approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and a further supplement to the said first mentioned act, approved the twenty-seventh day of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 19th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 57.

AN ACT

To amend the fifth section of an act, entitled "An act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to the common schools, and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith," approved the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Section 5 of the act of July 15, 1897, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the fifth section of an act, entitled "An act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to common schools, and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith," approved the fif-

teenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which reads as follows: "That it shall be the duty of the assessors of the several townships, wards and boroughs in the counties and cities of this Commonwealth, to make an enrollment, *at the assessment* of the total number of children of school age, between the ages of six and sixteen years, in addition to the duties required of them under existing laws, and for the same compensation per diem now allowed by law. The blanks required for this enumeration and enrollment shall be prepared according to the form prepared by and under the direction of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall cause the same to be forwarded to the county commissioners of the several counties for distribution to the assessors at the expense of the State," shall be so amended as to read and be as follows:

That it shall be the duty of the assessors of the several townships, wards and boroughs in the counties and cities of this Commonwealth, *and of the assessors of voters in any of said wards in cities of the first-class, where the assessors of real estate are not assessors of voters,* to make an enrollment, *at the time of the making of their respective assessments, but not more than once in any year,* of the total number of children of school age, between the ages of six and sixteen years, in addition to the duties required of them under existing laws, and for the same compensation per diem now allowed by law. The blanks required for this enumeration and enrollment shall be prepared according to the form prepared by and under the direction of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall cause the same to be forwarded to the county commissioners of the several counties for distribution to the assessors at the expense of the State.

Duty of assessors to enroll number of children of school age.

Compensation.

Blanks shall be prepared by Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Approved—The 19th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 58.

AN ACT

To amend the tenth section of article ten of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, providing that self-acting doors are used.

Section 1. Be it enacted. &c., That the tenth section of article ten of an act, entitled "An act to provide
5 Laws.

for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, which reads as follows:

Section 10 of Article X of the Act of June 2, 1891, cited for amendment.

"All main doors shall have an attendant whose constant duty it shall be to open them for transportation and travel and prevent them from standing open longer than is necessary for persons or cars to pass through."

Main doors, unless self-acting, must have an attendant.

be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
All main doors shall have an attendant, whose constant duty it shall be to open them for transportation and travel and prevent them from standing open longer than is necessary for persons or cars to pass through. *unless a self-acting door is used which is approved by the inspector of the district.*

Approved—The 20th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 59.

AN ACT

For the protection of the public health, prohibiting hereafter the establishing or maintenance of additional hospitals, pest houses, and burial grounds in the built up portions of cities.

Protection of public health.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the purpose of protecting the public health, it shall be unlawful hereafter to establish or maintain any additional hospital, pest house, or burial ground in the built up portions of cities: Provided however, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the maintenance of any hospital, pest house, or burial ground now lawfully established and maintained in such portions of cities.

Proviso.

Approved—The 20th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 60.

AN ACT

Authorizing the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania to purchase and present a United States flag to the survivors of the Twenty-second Regiment of Pennsylvania Cavalry Volunteers in the war of the Rebellion, and making an appropriation therefor.

Preamble.

Whereas, The authorities of the State of Pennsylvania did present United States flags to the various

regiments of the State serving in the war of the rebellion, which they carried on the march and battlefield, and when the war was over deposited with the State for preservation as war relics; and

Whereas, The Twenty-second Pennsylvania Cavalry volunteers, originally organized and known as the Ringgold Battalion, never received any such token of regard and confidence; therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania be authorized and required to purchase a United States flag and present the same to the survivors of the Twenty-second Pennsylvania Cavalry Volunteers, Ringgold Battalion. Said flag shall have properly inscribed thereon the names of the following battles in which the regiment participated, viz: Rich Mountain, Romney, Moorefield, Blue's Gap, Falling Waters, Martinsburg, Bunker's Hill, Stevens' Depot, Charlestown, Halltown, Opequan, Snicker's Gap, Ashby's Gap, Kernstown, Newtown, Cedar Creek, Fisher's Hill, Mt. Jackson, Piedmont, Strasburg, Lexington, and Wytheville.

Section 2. That the sum of one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is specifically appropriated for the purchase of said flag: Provided, That after the flag shall have been presented to the survivors of the said Twenty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry Volunteers they shall place the same for preservation in the Flag Room of the State of Pennsylvania in the city of Harrisburg.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

Preamble.

The Adjutant General authorized to purchase a United States flag for presentation to 22d Regt., P. C. V., or Ringgold Battalion.

To be inscribed.

\$100 appropriated.

Proviso.

No. 61.

AN ACT

To repeal an act approved the twenty-seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An act to prohibit the issuing of licenses within certain boroughs in the counties of Armstrong, Potter, Indiana and Perry, or within two miles of the same in the counties in which such boroughs are located," in so far as the same relates to the borough of Coudersport, in the county of Potter, and within two miles of the same, and submit the same to the voters of said borough.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly, approved the twenty-seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An act to prohibit the issuing of licenses within certain boroughs in the counties of Armstrong, Potter, Indiana and Perry, or within two miles of the same in the counties in which such boroughs are located," be

Act of March 27, 1866, cited for repeal, so far as relates to the borough of Coudersport.

and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same relates to the borough of Coudersport, in the county of Potter, and within two miles of the same.

Repeal to be submitted to qualified voters of the borough.

Section 2. Provided, said repeal shall not go into effect unless a majority of the duly qualified voters of said borough shall vote in favor of said repeal, at an election to be held as provided for in section three of this act.

At an election to be held on third Tuesday of February, 1900.

Duty of inspectors and judges.

Section 3. The same shall be submitted to a vote of the duly qualified electors of said borough, at an election to be held on the third Tuesday in February, one thousand nine hundred; such election shall be held at the places and by the officers provided by law for the holding of municipal elections, and it shall be the duty of inspectors and judges of such elections to receive the ballot, as provided by law, from electors qualified under the Constitution of this State to vote in such districts; such ballots to contain the word "repeal" and "no repeal," and to deposit such ballots in a box provided for that purpose, as is provided by law, and the ballots so received shall be counted, and a return thereof made to the clerk of quarter sessions of the proper county, duly executed, as required by law as to other ballots, and the clerk shall make a record of the same.

The ballots.

Return to be made.

County commissioners to furnish ballots.

Sheriff to give notice of election.

Section 4. The ballots to be used at this election shall be furnished by the commissioners of the proper county, in the same manner as those now provided for, for the holding of general elections; and the sheriff of the proper county shall give public notice of said election by the publication of this act in three papers of general circulation in the county, which said notice shall contain the time and place of said election, and shall be published in said paper four consecutive times, immediately prior to the date of said election.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 62.

AN ACT

To repeal an act approved the eleventh day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An act to prohibit the granting of licenses and sale of intoxicating drinks within the county of Potter," and submit the same to the voters of said county.

Act of April 11, 1866, cited for repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of the General Assembly approved the eleventh day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An act to prohibit the granting of licenses and sale of intoxicating drinks within the county of Potter," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. Provided, said repeal shall not go into effect unless a majority of duly qualified voters of said county shall vote in favor of said repeal, at an election to be held as provided for in section three of this act.

Repeal to be submitted to qualified voters.

Section 3. The same shall be submitted to a vote of the duly qualified electors of said county, at an election to be held on the third Tuesday in February, one thousand nine hundred, such election shall be held at the places and by the officers provided by law for the holding of municipal elections, and it shall be the duty of inspectors and judges of such elections to receive the ballot, as provided by law, from electors qualified under the Constitution of this State to vote in such districts; such ballots to contain the word "repeal" and "no repeal," and to deposit such ballots in a box provided for that purpose, as is provided by law, and the ballots so received shall be counted, and a return thereof made to the clerk of quarter sessions of the proper county, duly executed, as required by law as to other ballots, and the clerk shall make a record of the same.

At an election to be held on third Tuesday of February, 1900.

Duty of inspectors and judges.

The ballots.

Return to be made.

Section 4. The ballots to be used at this election shall be furnished by the commissioners of the proper county, in the same manner as those now provided for, for the holding of general elections; and the sheriff of the proper county shall give public notice of said election by the publication of this act in three papers of general circulation of the county, which said notice shall contain the time and place of said election, and shall be published in said papers four consecutive times, immediately prior to the date of said election.

County commissioners to furnish ballots.

Sheriff to give notice of election.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 63.

AN ACT

Directing the State Military Board to audit the claims of George A. Jones, Philip Zimmer, Thomas Frey, B. K. Vose, and Joseph Jumper, for claims against the State for services as members of Wyoming Artillery, National Guard of Pennsylvania, in guarding State property in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and providing for the payment of the same if found correct.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the State Military Board is hereby directed to audit the claims for services rendered by members of the Wyoming Artillery, National Guard of Pennsylvania, in guarding State property in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, as follows: George A. Jones, sergeant, forty-

State Military Board to audit claims of certain members of Wyoming Artillery.

six dollars; Philip Zimmer, corporal, thirty dollars; Thomas Frey, private, twenty-six dollars; B. K. Vose, private, twenty-six dollars; Joseph Jumper, private, twenty-six dollars.

If the claims are found true, correct and unpaid, the Board to so certify.

Warrants, how payable.

Section 2. If the State Military Board finds the claims herein stated, or any part thereof, to be true and correct, and to be still due, and unpaid, by the State to the parties herein named, the said Board shall so certify to the Auditor General, who shall issue warrants for the same, and they shall be paid out of any moneys in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 64.

AN ACT

To amend section four of an act, entitled "An act to regulate the employment and provide for the health and safety of persons employed where clothing, cigarettes, cigars and certain other articles are made or partially made, and that said articles be made under clean and healthful conditions," approved May fifth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and providing additional penalties.

Act of May 5, 1897, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section four of an act, entitled "An act to regulate the employment and provide for the health and safety of persons employed where clothing, cigarettes, cigars and certain other articles are made or partially made, and that said articles be made under clean and healthful conditions," approved May fifth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act, or refuses to comply with any requirements of the Factory Inspector or a Deputy Factory Inspector as provided herein, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense, and not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for a second offense, or imprisonment for not more than ten days; and for a third offense by a fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars and not more than thirty days imprisonment," be amended to read as follows:

Violation of act declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Section 4. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act, or refuses to comply with any requirements of the Factory Inspector or a Deputy Factory Inspector as provided herein, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than fifty

dollars for a first offense, and not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for a second offense, or imprisonment for not more than ten days; and for a third offense by a fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars and not more than thirty days imprisonment; *and it shall also be lawful for the Factory Inspector or any of his deputies, and each and every one of them are hereby authorized and empowered to seize, take charge of, condemn and destroy any or all clothing found that is being made or partially made or manufactured in unhealthy or unsanitary places, or where there are contagious or infectious diseases, in violation of the provisions of this act of Assembly.*

Inspector and deputies authorized to seize, condemn and destroy clothing, etc.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 65.

AN ACT

To amend clause five (5) of section two (2) of an act, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved April twenty-ninth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, authorizing the incorporation of companies for constructing and maintaining boulevards in this Commonwealth," approved June twenty-sixth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That clause five (5) of section two (2) of an act, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved April twenty-ninth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, authorizing the incorporation of companies for constructing and maintaining boulevards in this Commonwealth," approved the twenty-sixth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, which reads as follows:

Portion of section 2 of the act of June 26, 1895, cited for amendment.

"Clause 5. The directors of such corporations shall have the power to erect good and sufficient bridges over all the streams of water crossed by their boulevard wherever the same shall be found necessary, and shall cause a boulevard to be laid out, not exceeding one hundred feet in width, and shall cause at least *fifty* feet of such width, *exclusive* of gutters, ditches or drains, to be made a good, compact driving road of which *thirty* feet in width shall be constructed of stone, gravel or other proper and convenient material, as much as the nature of the ground may require, in such manner as will admit of an even surface; and said bridges shall not be constructed so as to obstruct the navigation of any stream declared a public highway," be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Power to erect
bridges.

Width of boulev-
ard.

Width of driving
road.

Construction of
road.

Construction of
bridges.

Clause 5. The directors of such corporation shall have the power to erect good and sufficient bridges over all the streams of water crossed by their boulevard wherever the same shall be found necessary, and shall cause a boulevard to be laid out, not exceeding one hundred feet in width (*and not less than fifty feet in width*), and shall cause at least *thirty* feet of such width, *inclusive* of gutters, ditches or drains, to be made a good, compact driving road, of which *twenty-five* feet in width shall be constructed of stone, gravel or other proper and convenient material, as much as the nature of the ground may require, in such manner as will admit of an even surface; and said bridges shall not be constructed so as to obstruct the navigation of any stream declared a public highway.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 66.

A SUPPLEMENT

To an act, entitled "An act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending and extending the provisions thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section twelve of the act of June seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "An act to provide revenue by taxation," which reads as follows:

Section 12 of the
act of June 7, 1879,
cited for amend-
ment.

"Section 12. That the Auditor General and State Treasurer, or any agent appointed by them, or either of them, are hereby authorized to examine the books and papers of any corporation, institution, company or limited partnership made taxable by this act, to verify the accuracy of any return made under the provisions of this or any other act of Assembly," shall be amended to read as follows:

Examination of
books and papers
authorized.

That the Auditor General and State Treasurer, or any agent appointed *in writing* by them, or either of them, are hereby authorized to examine the books and papers of any corporation, institution, company, *or as-
sociation*, or limited partnership made taxable by this act, *or any of its supplements*, to verify the accuracy of any return made under the provisions of this or any other act of Assembly.

Tax to be paid
by those engaged
in the express
business.

Section 2. Every corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, engaged in the business commonly known as express business,

shall pay to the State Treasurer, for the use of the Commonwealth, a tax of eight mills upon the amount of their gross receipts from express business done wholly within this State, the said tax shall be paid semi-annually upon the last days of January and July in each year; and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the same, it shall be the duty of the treasurer, or other proper officer of the said corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm or association of individuals, to transmit to the Auditor General a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of gross receipts of the said corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, derived from all sources, and of the gross receipts from business done wholly within the State, during the preceding six months ending upon the first days of January and July in each year; and if any such corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due to make said returns, or to pay the said tax, the amount thereof, with an addition of ten per centum thereto, shall be collected for the use of the Commonwealth as other taxes are recoverable by law. No other tax upon express receipts, or upon the privilege of transacting express business, shall be collected without further authority of law to be hereafter enacted: Providing, That this act shall not be construed to repeal or take the place of the tax upon capital stock now imposed by law; but the tax on gross receipts hereby imposed shall be in addition to the tax on capital stock imposed by existing law upon any of the corporations, companies or associations hereby taxed.

Semi-annually.

To transmit statement.

Contents of statement.

In case of neglect or refusal.

Provviso.

In addition to the tax on capital stock.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 67.

AN ACT

To amend section five of a supplement to an act, entitled "An act in relation to the imprisonment, government and release of convicts in the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon," approved the twenty-eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; providing for the punishment of convicts who escape.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section five of a supplement to an act, entitled "An act in relation to the imprisonment, government and release of convicts

Section 5 of a supplement to the act of April 28, 1887, cited.

in the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon," approved the twenty-eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, which reads as follows: "If any inmate should escape from the said Industrial Reformatory, or from a keeper or any officer having him in charge while engaged in working outside of the walls, the time during which said escaped inmate may be at large may, in the discretion of the board of managers, be added to his maximum sentence upon his return to the *institution*, and in their discretion such escaped inmates may be required to serve, in addition to his maximum sentence, a further period of time equal to the time that he was at large," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Inmates escaping shall be deemed to have committed an escape or breach of prison.

Penalty.

Managers may add to maximum sentence.

Section 5. If any inmate should escape from the said Industrial Reformatory, or from a keeper or any officer having him in charge, *or from his place of work while engaged in working outside of the walls, the inmate so escaping shall be deemed and taken to have committed an escape or breach of prison, and shall be subject to like penalties as are now provided by law for an escape or breach of prison, and may be punished accordingly:* or the board of managers may, in their discretion, add to his maximum sentence, upon his return to the *reformatory*, the time which said escaped inmate may be at large, and in their discretion such escaped inmates may be required to serve, in addition to his maximum sentence, a further period of time equal to the time that he was at large.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE

No. 68.

AN ACT

Authorizing any borough or city within this Commonwealth to vacate, change, alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek, run or natural waterway, other than navigable streams, and for this purpose to enter upon, condemn and take property and materials necessary to such vacation, change, alteration or relocation, and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs, damages and expenses, as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom, and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed.

To vacate, change, alter or relocate course of natural waterways.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, whenever the burgess and town council of any borough or the councils of any city within this Commonwealth shall deem it essential to the preservation of health, or to the interest and welfare

of any borough or city and the inhabitants thereof, to vacate, change, alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek, run or natural waterway, other than navigable streams, the said burgess and town council, or the councils of any city, shall have full power and authority, by ordinance duly passed, to vacate, change, alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek, run or natural waterway, other than navigable streams, or any part thereof, within the limits of such borough or city, and for this purpose to enter upon, condemn and take such property and materials as may be necessary to effect such change, alteration or relocation: Provided however, That no ordinance for the vacation, changing, alteration or relocation of the course or channel of any creek, run or natural waterway shall be passed until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance, at length, for at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in at least one newspaper published in the county in which said borough or city is situate.

By ordinance duly passed.

May enter upon, condemn and take property, etc.

Section 2. To effectually carry out the provisions of this act, the borough or city authorities of any borough or city may, at any time after the passage and approval of the proper ordinance, present a petition in any court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth, at length, the nature and character of the vacation, change, alteration or relocation proposed in the course or channel of any such creek, run or natural waterway, together with a description of the proposed change or improvements; and praying the court to appoint three disinterested freeholders to ascertain the damages, costs and expenses resulting from the vacation, change, alteration or relocation of the course or channel of any such creek, run or natural waterway, and to fairly and ratably assess the said damages, costs and expenses, or so much thereof as said viewers may deem just and reasonable, upon the property benefited or affected by such vacation, change, alteration or relocation, and make report thereof to court, whereupon said court of common pleas, or any law judge thereof in vacation, shall appoint three disinterested freeholders as viewers, and appoint a time, not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter, when said viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same and the premises affected thereby. Said viewers shall give notice of the time of their first meeting by posting hand bills upon the premises affected at least ten days prior to such meeting, or by such other means as the court shall deem necessary and proper.

Petition in the court of common pleas.

Contents of petition.

Court shall appoint freeholders as viewers.

Viewers to give notice of meeting.

To be sworn or affirmed.

Section 3. Said viewers, having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully, justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them, and in relation to which they

To view and examine property and hear parties interested.

To estimate and determine the cost, expenses and damages.

To prepare a schedule and give notice of meeting to hear exceptions.

To report to the court.

To file a plan.

Notice of filing of report to be published.

Contents of notice.

The payment of damages.

In whole or in part by borough or city.
Or by assessment.

Viewers shall assess the damages, costs and expenses.

And report the same to court.

are authorized to inquire in pursuance to the provisions of this act, and having viewed the premises or examined the property, shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses, and shall estimate and determine the costs and expenses and the damages for property taken, injured or destroyed, to whom the same is payable; and having so estimated and determined the damages, together with the benefits as hereinafter mentioned, they shall prepare a schedule thereof, and give notice to all parties to whom damages are allowed, or upon whom assessments for benefits are made, of a time, not less than ten days thereafter, and of a place where said viewers will meet and exhibit said schedule and hear all exceptions thereto and evidence. Notice of the time and place of said meeting shall be given, by personal service, upon all parties allowed damages or assessed benefits, as shown upon such schedule. After making whatever changes are deemed necessary, the said viewers shall make report to the court, showing the damages, costs and expenses, and benefits allowed and assessed, in each case, and file therewith a plan, showing the improvements, the properties taken, injured or destroyed, and the properties benefited thereby. When said report is filed, notice thereof shall be given by publication once a week for two weeks in a newspaper published in the county in which said borough or city is located, proof of publication of which shall be filed with the court at least five days before the confirmation of said report. Said notice shall state the date of filing of the report, and shall contain a schedule of the damages and benefits as shown therein, and shall further state that, unless exceptions thereto be filed within thirty days from the date of filing, the said report will be confirmed absolutely.

Section 4. The payment of damages sustained by the changes provided for in this act, in the course or channel of any creek, run or natural waterway may be made, either in whole or in part, by the borough or city, or in whole, or in part, by assessment upon the property benefited by such improvements, as said viewers may determine and the court approve; and, in the latter case, the viewers appointed to assess damages, having first estimated and determined the same, together with the costs and expenses thereof apart from benefits, shall also assess the said damages, costs and expenses, or so much thereof as they may deem just and reasonable, upon the properties peculiarly benefited by the improvement, including in the said assessment all properties for which damages have been allowed, if in their judgment such properties shall be benefited thereby, and shall report the same to the said court. The total assessment for benefits shall not exceed the total damages and cost of such change or improvement.

Section 5. The viewers provided for in the foregoing sections may be appointed before or at any time after the entry, taking, appropriation or injury of any property or material for constructing said improvement, or making such changes or alterations, as herein provided for. The costs of the viewers and all court costs, incurred in the proceedings aforesaid, shall be defrayed by the borough or city, and each of said viewers shall be entitled to a sum not to exceed three dollars (\$3) per day for every day necessarily employed in performance of the duties herein prescribed.

When viewers may be appointed.

Costs of viewers and court costs.

Compensation of viewers.

Section 6. In all cases where the parties have not agreed upon the amount of damages claimed, or where, by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of the owner or owners, no such agreement can be made for the lands, property or materials to be taken, occupied or injured, the borough or city may tender sufficient security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages, or to the attorney or agent of any person absent, or to the agent or other officer of a corporation, or committee of any one under legal incapacity, the condition of which shall be that the said borough or city shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive, after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or assessed in the manner provided for by this act. In case the party or parties claiming damages refuse or do not accept the security so tendered, the borough or city shall then give the party, his or their agent, attorney, guardian or committee, written notice of the time when the same will be presented for filing in the court, and thereafter the said borough or city may present said security to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the lands or other property are situated, and, if approved, the security shall be filed in said court for the benefit of those interested, and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages assessed, if the same be not paid, or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question, and upon the approval of said security said borough or city may proceed with the improvement.

Where amount of damages is not agreed upon.

Borough or city may tender security.

Condition of security.

In case security is refused or not accepted.

Security may be presented to court.

Recovery may be had thereon.

Section 7. Upon the report of the said viewers, or any two of them, being filed in said court any party may, within thirty days thereafter, file exceptions to the same, and the court shall have power to confirm said report, or to modify, change or otherwise correct same, or change the assessment made therein, or refer the same back to the same or new viewers, with like power as to their report; or, within thirty days from the filing of any report in court, any party whose property is taken, injured, damaged or destroyed may appeal and demand a trial by jury, and any party interested in any assessment of damages or benefits may,

Exceptions to report of viewers may be filed in court.

Powers of court.

Appeal and trial by jury.

Appeal to Supreme or Superior Court.

within thirty days after final decree, have an appeal to the Supreme or Superior Court. The said court of common pleas shall have power to order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceeding, and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite.

Repeal of ordinance or discontinuance of proceeding.

Section 8. In case any borough or city shall repeal any ordinance passed, or discontinue any proceeding taken, providing for any of the changes or alterations provided for in the preceding sections of this act, prior to the entry upon, taking, appropriation or injury to any property or materials, and within thirty days after the filing of the report of the viewers assessing damages and benefits, the said municipality shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed, but all costs upon any proceeding had thereon shall be paid by said municipal corporation, together with any actual damage, loss or injury sustained by reason of such proceedings.

Costs and damages, when to be paid by corporation.

Assessments of benefits to become liens.

Section 9. When the court has made its final decree, confirming said report or fixing the assessments in each case, the assessments of benefits shall become and be liens upon the property assessed, and collected as now provided by law. Said assessment of benefits shall bear interest at the expiration of thirty days from the confirmation of the report or the making of the decree, and may be collected by action of assumpsit; the lien of the judgment, however, to be limited to the property assessed.

How to be collected.

Limit of lien.

Not to apply to waterways used by municipality or water company.

Section 10. Nothing in this act contained shall apply to any creek, run or natural waterway now or hereafter used by any municipality or water company as a source of supply, in whole or in part, for water, unless such municipality or water company shall consent and agree to the vacation, change, alteration and relocation of the course or channel of such creek, run or waterway.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 69.

AN ACT

Making unlawful the wilful injury to or destruction of sidepaths in this Commonwealth, declaring such injury to be a misdemeanor, and providing for the punishment thereof.

Wilfully injuring or obstructing sidepaths a misdemeanor.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any person wilfully injuring or obstructing sidepaths constructed within this Commonwealth shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished

by a fine not exceeding ten dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days, or either, in the discretion of the court. Penalty.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 70.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An act authorizing the condemnation of turnpikes, roads or highways, heretofore or hereafter constructed, wholly, or in part, in any county of this Commonwealth, for public use, free from tolls and toll gates, and the assessment, upon the proper county, of the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled, by a jury of viewers, duly appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, and providing for the maintenance of any such condemned turnpike, road or highway by the proper city, township or district," extending its provisions, so as to authorize the condemnation of any turnpike, road or highway, in whole or in part located upon the line dividing two counties, and to assess the damages, payable to the owner or owners thereof equitably between such two counties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever thirty or more resident taxpayers of any two adjoining counties, in this Commonwealth, shall petition the courts of quarter sessions of said counties representing that any turnpike, road or highway, heretofore or hereafter constructed, upon which tolls are charged the traveling public under any general or special law, in whole or in part is located upon the line dividing any two counties of the said Commonwealth, as aforesaid, and that it would be for the best interests of the people of said counties for such turnpike, road or highway, or any part thereof, including any of the portion thereof lying upon the line dividing said counties, to become a public road, free from tolls and toll-gates, it shall be the duty each of such courts of quarter sessions to appoint three reputable citizens of their respective counties, the six so appointed to constitute a jury of view, to view and condemn such turnpike, road or highway, or part thereof, for public use, free from tolls and toll-gates, and to assess the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled therefor, and to determine what portion of such damages shall be paid by each of said counties, respectively: Provided however, That notice of the intended application for the appointment of such jury of view shall be published in two newspapers of general circulation in each of said counties, at least

On petition of citizens, courts of quarter sessions authorized to appoint a jury of view to view and condemn turnpikes, etc.

In whole or in part located upon line dividing two counties.

Jury of view, how constituted.

Duties of.

Notice of intended application to be published in each county.

Notice in writing.

Petition to be filed.

Written notice of time and place of view.

Each court to certify appointment to the other.

Stenographer may be appointed.

His duties.

Master to be appointed, to serve with jury.

Qualifications, powers and duties of master.

Shall not have a vote.

Master to be sworn or affirmed.

Stenographer to be sworn.

Viewers to be sworn, and examined as to competency, interest, etc.

Objections may be made.

Revocation of appointment of viewers.

thirty days previous to the time of making application in the county where said petition be first filed, and that like notice in writing shall be served upon the county commissioners of said counties, or the proper municipal authorities, at least ten days before making such application. And provided further, That the said petition shall be filed in the other of said court of quarter sessions at its next regular term, or its then current term, if both courts be in session at the same time. And provided further, That the said petitioners shall serve or cause to be served upon the county commissioners of both counties, or proper municipal authorities, written notice of the time and place of meeting of such jury of view, at least five days before such meeting shall be had. And provided further, That each of said courts of quarter sessions shall forthwith after the appointment of said viewers, certify said appointment to the other.

Section 2. That the court of quarter sessions in which the said application shall first be filed may, in its discretion, appoint a competent stenographer to keep a faithful record of all proceedings before the viewers, and to furnish a full copy of his notes to be attached to and form a part of the record in each court; and, in addition to the viewers provided for in the first section of this act, shall appoint a reputable person, learned in the law, who shall preside at all the meetings of the viewers, to be known as a master and have the power to determine the admissibility of evidence, to issue writs of subpoena to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, and instruct the viewers upon matters of law, to which exceptions may be taken for the purpose of review, but shall not have a vote on any question of fact or value, which appointments shall forthwith be certified by said court of quarter sessions, making said appointments, to the other court of quarter sessions in which the proceeding is pending. Before entering upon the discharge of his duties as master, he shall be sworn or affirmed, by the judge appointing him or by the clerk of the court of quarter sessions wherein said appointment is made, to discharge his duties faithfully, impartially and according to the best of his learning and ability; and, after being duly sworn and affirmed, he shall, at the first meeting of the viewers, swear or affirm the stenographer to the faithful discharge of his duties, and thereupon shall, separately, swear or affirm each viewer on his *voir dire* touching the competency to serve, his impartiality and disinterestedness, and a record thereof shall be made; and, upon objection then made by any person in interest, either of said courts shall have the power, in its discretion, on cause shown, to revoke the appointment of any one or all of the viewers appointed

by it, and appoint others in lieu thereof; when the six viewers are found to be disinterested and qualified to serve, the master shall administer an oath or affirmation to each viewer to perform his duties with fidelity, impartiality and according to his best judgment.

Viewers, when qualified to be sworn.

Section 3. The members of such jury of view and the master, having been duly sworn or affirmed as provided for in the preceding section of this act, shall organize, four members thereof, not including the master, shall constitute a quorum, with power to meet and perform the duties of such jury of view, and it shall be the duty of such jury of view to hear at least six witnesses at the request of the petitioners for or of those opposed to making any turnpike, road or highway free from tolls and toll-gates, and a like number of witnesses on behalf of the company owning or operating such turnpike, road or highway: Provided however, That such jury of view may report in favor of petitioners, if such jury of view decree it for the best interests of the people of the said counties, without hearing any witnesses, if no request is made by any party to have witnesses examined.

Organization of the jury of view.

Quorum.

Duty of jury in examination of witnesses.

Report may be made without hearing witnesses.

Section 4. Each jurymen, serving on any such jury of view, shall be allowed the sum of two dollars and fifty cents for each day necessarily employed thereon, and the master's compensation and that of the stenographer shall be fixed by the court appointing them, and warrants shall be drawn by the county commissioners of each of said counties on the respective treasurer of their county for the payment in equal shares of the amounts to which such jurymen, master and stenographer shall be entitled under this act.

Compensation of jurymen.

Of the master.
Of the stenographer.

How to be paid.

Section 5. Such jury of view shall within thirty days after the appointment of the last three thereof, unless, in the discretion of the court, the time be extended in which the petition be first filed, which extension shall be certified to the clerk of said courts, report to each courts appointing the same, as follows:

When report shall be filed.

First. The names of the members of the jury and the master who attended each meeting thereof;

Contents of report.

Second. The number, names, residences and ages of the witnesses examined before the jury;

Third. Whether or not the entire turnpike, road or highway is located upon the line dividing the two counties, and if not, what portion of it is so located, and what portion is located entirely within each of the said counties, and whether or not it is for the best interests of the people of the petitioners' counties for the turnpike, road or highway, or a part thereof, to be made free from tolls and toll-gates, and whether or not the same is condemned, by such jury view, for public use, free from tolls and toll-gates, and if the whole of said turnpike, road or highway lying in the petitioners'

Map or draft to be attached to report.

Damages, assessment of.

Exceptions to report may be filed.

Proceedings on exceptions.

Confirmation or dismissal of report.

Proviso.

Joint hearing by courts.

Writ of certiorari.

On confirmation of report collection of tolls to cease.

counties is not condemned, but only a part thereof, then such part shall be clearly designated and described, in which designation and description shall be set forth how much thereof is wholly within each of said counties, respectively, and how much and what part thereof is located upon the line dividing said two counties, and to which report shall be attached a map or draft of said turnpike road, showing definitely the points between which the same is condemned for public use, if the same be condemned for public use as aforesaid, and showing also what portion of said turnpike road, so condemned, lies in each of said counties and what portion lies upon said county line.

Fourth. The amount of damages suffered by the person or persons owning and operating said road, occasioned by the condemnation and freeing thereof, and in cases where the whole, or the part so condemned and freed, does not lie upon the said county line, then to separately assess the damages suffered by the condemnation of the part lying upon the said county line, and the part or parts lying within each of the said counties.

Section 6. Exceptions may be filed, by any party aggrieved, to the report of such jury of view, in either of said courts, within thirty days from the time such report is filed therein, which exceptions shall forthwith be certified into the other of said courts, and shall be heard by the said courts sitting together, who, after considering such exceptions, may refer the report back to the jury of view with the instructions to take any further proceedings or testimony as the courts may deem necessary and proper, or may set the same aside, or may confirm such report; and if no exceptions be filed in either of said courts to any such report, unless appeal is taken as provided for in section eight of this act (and in such case the final confirmation of the proceeding shall await the result of the appeal from the assessment within thirty days from the time of filing thereof), then such report may be confirmed or dismissed by said courts: Provided however, If the said courts shall not agree to such confirmation or dismissal without a joint hearing, both the said courts, sitting together, shall hear, consider and determine the question of a confirmation or dismissal of the report. Any party aggrieved by the action of the said courts, or either of them, may remove the proceedings to the proper appellate court by writ of certiorari, within twenty days after final confirmation or disapproval.

Section 7. Immediately after the said courts of quarter sessions shall confirm the report of any such jury of view, condemning any such turnpike, road or highway, or part thereof, for public use, free from tolls and toll-gates, the collection of tolls of every kind on any such

turnpike, road or highway, or part thereof, shall thereafter cease, and, thereupon, all toll-gates upon the part so condemned shall be forthwith removed therefrom; and, thereupon, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners of the respective counties to draw a warrant or warrants on the treasurers of their respective counties for the payment of any damages which shall be assessed, as aforesaid, in the following proportions:

And toll-gates be removed.

For all damages assessed for that portion of the condemned turnpike, road or highway, lying upon the line dividing the two counties, a warrant or warrants for one-half shall be drawn by the county commissioners of each county; and for damages assessed for the condemnation of that portion of the turnpike, road or highway, condemned as aforesaid, and lying wholly within either of said counties, a warrant or warrants shall be drawn by the county commissioners of the county within which the same is located, which warrant or warrants shall be made payable to the party or parties legally entitled to such damages.

Damages, how they shall be assessed.

Section 8. An appeal to the court of common pleas, from the assessment of damages, may be taken by the corporation owning or taking toll on said turnpike, road or highway, or by the county commissioners of either county, by the proper municipal authorities, or by thirty citizens of said counties, within thirty days after the approval of said report, and, thereupon, the court shall direct an issue, which shall be tried by a jury, according to the course of the common law as regulated by existing statutes, and judgment entered on the verdict, and the record thereof shall be remitted to the proper court of quarter sessions for further action upon the whole case: Provided however, That the said judgment shall be reviewable by the proper appellate court, upon appeal, as in other cases. And provided further, however, That the appeal from the assessment of damages, for the condemnation of that part lying upon the line dividing said counties, may be taken to the court of common pleas of either county, and all appeals therefrom shall be tried in the court to which the first appeal is taken, unless removed therefrom by due process of law; but that all appeals from the assessment of damages, for the condemnation of any part lying wholly in either county, shall be taken to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the same lies. And provided further, however, That if any appeal be taken in either county, a certificate of the filing thereof shall be filed in the court of quarter sessions of the other county.

To whom payable.

Appeal to the court of common pleas.

By whom such appeal may be taken.

Time within which appeal must be taken.

Issue and jury trial.

Judgment.

Reviewable by proper appellate court.

Appeal to court of common pleas of either county.

Appeal to court of common pleas of county wherein highway lies.

Certificate of filing of appeal.

Section 9. Such appeal shall be accompanied by an affidavit made by an officer of said corporation, or by one of the county commissioners, or municipal officers, or by one of the thirty citizens, that the appeal is not

Affidavit on appeal.

Costs.

taken for the purpose of delay, but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice has been done, and, after verdict, such order shall be made in relation to the costs as to the court shall appear just.

Collection of tolls on parts not condemned.

What portion may not be condemned.

Section 10. If only a part of any such turnpike, road or highway shall be condemned, nothing herein contained shall be taken to abridge the right of the company, owning or operating such turnpike, to maintain toll-gates and collect tolls upon the remaining parts of their road not condemned as aforesaid: Provided, That it shall not be lawful so to condemn any portion of such turnpike, road or highway, unless such portion extend to one of the terminal points of such turnpike, road or highway, or is a portion lying within the limits of any borough incorporated under any general or specific law, and unless such portion be a continuous portion.

Upon condemnation and payment of damages, turnpike to be repaired and maintained.

Section 11. That when any turnpike, or portion thereof, shall have been condemned, under the provisions of this act, for public use, free of tolls or toll-gates, and the assessment of damages therefor shall have been paid by the proper county, such turnpike, or portion thereof, shall be properly repaired and maintained at the expense of the proper city, township or district, as other public roads or streets therein are by law repaired and maintained.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 71.

AN ACT

To amend section one of the act, entitled "An act relating to mandamus," approved the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; enlarging the power of the court of common pleas of the county in which the seat of government is or may be located to issue writs of mandamus.

Section 1 of act of June 8, 1893, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of the act, entitled "An act relating to mandamus," approved the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, which reads as follows, to-wit: "That the several courts of common pleas shall, within their respective counties, have the power to issue writs of mandamus to all officers and magistrates elected or appointed in or for the respective county, or in or for any township, district or place within such county, and to all corporations being or having their chief place of business within such county; and the court of common pleas of the county in which the seat of

government is or may be located shall have the power, and it shall be required, to issue the writ of mandamus to the Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Insurance Commissioner, and Commissioners of the Sinking Fund," be amended so as to read as follows:

That the several courts of common pleas shall, within their respective counties, have the power to issue writs of mandamus to all officers and magistrates elected or appointed in or for the respective county, or in or for any township, district or place within such county, and to all corporations being or having their chief place of business within such county; and the court of common pleas of the county in which the seat of government is or may be located shall have the power, and it shall be required, to issue the writ of mandamus to the Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Insurance Commissioner, and Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, *the Medical Council of Pennsylvania, and the several Boards of Medical Examiners, the Board of Undertakers, the Board of Dental Examiners, and the Board for the Examination of Accountants for the State of Pennsylvania.*

Courts of common pleas shall have power to issue writs of mandamus to officers, magistrates and corporations in respective counties.

Court at seat of government shall issue writs to certain State officers, commissioners and boards.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 72.

AN ACT

Amending section fifteen of an act entitled "An act regulating the construction, maintenance, alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class," approved June seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, requiring side walls in buildings of more than twenty feet front to be at least thirteen inches in width.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section fifteen of an act, entitled "An act regulating the construction, maintenance, alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class," approved June seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, which reads as follows:

"In all dwellings hereafter to be erected with a front of sixteen feet or less—providing they do not exceed sixty feet in length and thirty-five feet in height—the cellar or foundation wall shall not be less than

Section 15 of act of June 7, 1895, cited for amendment.

eighteen inches in thickness, the front and rear walls not less than nine inches, and the party walls not less than nine inches. Walls binding on the street, lane or alley shall not be less than thirteen inches to the top of the first floor joist. In all dwellings over sixteen and not over twenty feet front nor more than forty-five feet high the foundation walls shall not be less than eighteen inches in thickness, the front walls shall not be less than thirteen inches, the party walls not less than thirteen inches, and for all dwellings over twenty feet front the party walls shall not be less than thirteen inches, and the front and rear walls shall not be less than thirteen inches to entire height. If there be a stone ashler used three inches thick or less it shall not be included in the thickness of any wall herein specified. Where two or more dwelling houses of brick adjoin each other all floor joists on a level shall be *disconnected* on the party or division wall and filled with mortar and brick at the ends of the joists. No party wall where built of stone shall be less than sixteen inches in thickness: Provided, That when an application is made for a permit to erect an additional story upon a one or two-story building used, or to be used for a dwelling, and the party walls of the said building are but nine inches thick, the bureau of building inspection may, in its judgment, issue such permit without requiring any additional thickness for the party wall: Provided further, In all dwellings hereafter erected the cellars shall extend underneath the whole house and be ventilated from both ends, and in low, damp or made ground, the bottom of all cellars shall be covered with brick, concrete or asphalt at least three inches thick, of such material as shall be approved by the bureau of building inspection. Every new dwelling house shall have at least fourteen feet front: Provided however, That this limitation shall not apply to lots of less than fourteen feet in width on which buildings are now erected, nor to lots less than fourteen feet in width which are bounded on each side by ground belonging to other owners at the time of the approval of this act; and every such new dwelling house shall have an open space attached to it in the rear or at the side, equal to at least one hundred and forty-four square feet clear space, unobstructed by any overhanging structure," shall be amended so as to read as follows:

Dwellings with
front of 16 feet
or less, walls of.

Walls binding.

In all dwellings hereafter to be erected with a front of sixteen feet or less—providing they do not exceed sixty feet in length and thirty-five feet in height—the cellar or foundation wall shall not be less than eighteen inches in thickness, the front and rear walls not less than nine inches, and the party walls not less than nine inches. Walls binding on the street, lane or alley

shall not be less than thirteen inches to the top of the first floor joist. In all dwellings over sixteen and not over twenty feet front nor more than forty-five feet high the foundation walls shall not be less than eighteen inches in thickness, the front walls shall not be less than thirteen inches, the party walls not less than thirteen inches, and for all dwellings over twenty feet front the party walls shall not be less than thirteen inches, and the front, rear and *side* walls shall not be less than thirteen inches to entire height. If there be a stone ashler used three inches thick or less it shall not be included in the thickness of any wall herein specified. Where two or more dwelling houses of brick adjoin each other all floor joists on a level shall be *discontinued* on the party or division wall and filled with mortar and brick at the ends of the joists. No party wall where built of stone shall be less than sixteen inches in thickness: Provided, That when an application is made for a permit to erect an additional story upon a one or two-story building used, or to be used for a dwelling, and the party walls of the said building are but nine inches thick, the Bureau of Building Inspection may, in its judgment, issue such permit without requiring any additional thickness for the party wall: Provided further, In all dwellings hereafter erected the cellars shall extend underneath the whole house and be ventilated from both ends, and in low, damp or made ground, the bottom of all cellars shall be covered with brick, concrete or asphalt at least three inches thick, of such material as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. Every new dwelling house shall have at least fourteen feet front: Provided however, That this limitation shall not apply to lots of less than fourteen feet in width on which buildings are now erected, nor to lots less than fourteen feet in width which are bounded on each side by ground belonging to other owners at the time of the approval of this act; and every such new dwelling house shall have an open space attached to it in the rear or at the side, equal to at least one hundred and forty-four square feet clear space, unobstructed by any over-hanging structure.

Section 2. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

Dwellings over 16 feet and not more than 20 feet front, walls of.

Dwellings over 20 feet front, walls of.

Stone ashler.

Floor joists of adjoining dwellings.

Party wall of stone.

Additional story on one or two-story building.

Cellars, extent, ventilation and construction of.

New houses shall have at least 14 feet front.

Except when lot is less than 14 feet wide.

Open space at rear or side of dwelling.

Repeal.

No. 73.

AN ACT

Regulating the fees of justices of the peace, magistrates and aldermen in cases where persons are charged with vagrancy.

Fees in vagrancy cases.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, the fees of justices of the peace, magistrates and aldermen of this Commonwealth, for every act in or about the arrest and commitment of vagrants shall be one (\$1.00) dollar for each vagrant arrested and committed, and in case of the arrest of a person or persons charged with vagrancy who, after hearing, shall be discharged by the justice of the peace, magistrate or alderman, the fees of the justice of the peace, magistrate or alderman shall be fifty (50) cents.

Repeal.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 74.

AN ACT

To amend section four of article eight of an act, entitled "An act relating to bituminous coal mines, and providing for the lives, health, safety and welfare of persons employed therein," approved the fifteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, permitting the use of mineral oils in bituminous mines, when used in approved safety lamps.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section four, article eight of an act, entitled "An act relating to bituminous coal mines and providing for the lives, health, safety and welfare of persons employed therein," approved the fifteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, which reads as follows:

Section 4 of article VIII of act of May 15, 1893, cited for amendment.

"Section 4. No explosive oil shall be used or taken into bituminous coal mines for lighting purposes, and oil shall not be stored or taken into the mines in quantities exceeding five gallons. The oiling or greasing of cars inside of the mines is strictly forbidden unless the place where said oil or grease is used is thoroughly cleaned at least once every day to prevent the accumulation of waste oil or grease on the roads or in the drains at that point. Not more than one barrel of lubricating oil shall be permitted in the mine at any one time. Only a pure animal or pure cotton-seed oil or oils, that shall be as free from smoke as pure

animal or pure cotton-seed oil, shall be used for illuminating purposes in any bituminous mine. Any person found knowingly using explosive or impure oil, contrary to this section, shall be prosecuted as provided for in section two of article twenty-one of this act," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4. No explosive oil shall be used or taken into bituminous coal mines for lighting purposes, *except when used in approved safety lamps*, and oil shall not be stored or taken into the mines in quantities exceeding five gallons. The oiling or greasing of cars inside of the mines is strictly forbidden unless the place where said oil or grease is used is thoroughly cleaned at least once every day to prevent the accumulation of waste oil or grease on the roads or in the drains at that point. Not more than one barrel of lubricating oil shall be permitted in the mine at any one time. Only a pure animal oil or pure cotton-seed oil, or oils that shall be as free from smoke as pure animal or pure cotton-seed oil, shall be used for illuminating purposes in any bituminous mine. Any person found knowingly using explosive or impure oil, contrary to this section, shall be prosecuted as provided for in section two of article twenty-one of this act.

Explosive oil shall not be used except in approved safety lamps.

Oilings or greasing cars inside of mines.

Lubricating oil.

Oil for illuminating purposes.

Penalty for using impure oil.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 75.

AN ACT

Authorizing the employment of male prisoners of the jails and workhouses of this Commonwealth, and regulating the same, and providing a penalty for an escape of prisoners while employed outside of said jails or workhouses.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall and may be lawful to require every male prisoner now or hereafter confined within any jail or workhouse in this Commonwealth to do and perform eight hours of manual labor each day of such imprisonment, except on Sundays or such legal holidays as are now or may hereafter be established by law; no steam, electricity or other motive power except manual labor shall be used in the conduct of the said labor, or employment, or on any part thereof.

Employment of male prisoners of jails and workhouses.

Except Sundays and legal holidays.

No motive power except manual labor.

Section 2. The labor to be done or performed shall be classified, fixed and established, from time to time, by a Prison Board, which is hereby created in and for each county in this Commonwealth, and to be constituted as hereinafter set forth, and shall be subject to such

Labor to be classified, etc., by Prison Board.

rules and regulations as shall be adopted by said Prison Board to secure humane treatment of said prisoners, and provide continuous and healthful employment for them within or without such jails or workhouses.

Prison Boards,
how constituted.

Section 3. In counties constituting a separate judicial district, and where more than one court of common pleas exists by law, the judge, junior in commission, with the sheriff and the county commissioners, shall compose such Board in the respective counties. Where a county is a separate judicial district, with one court of common pleas, the president judge thereof, with the county commissioners and sheriff, shall compose the said Prison Board. Where a judicial district consists of more than one county, the Prison Board shall consist of the president judge, in the county where he resides, with the sheriff and county commissioners; and, in counties having no resident law judge, the associate judge, junior in commission, with the sheriff and county commissioners of each county, shall compose the Prison Board: Provided however, That in counties where jails or workhouses are managed and controlled by a board of managers, trustees or inspectors, under existing laws, such board of managers shall constitute the Prison Board for such inspection.

Proviso.

Power and au-
thority of Board.

Work on high-
ways.

Preference to be
given to public
roads to and from
county seats.

Section 4. The Prison Board so constituted and each of them, within their respective counties, and subject to the rules and regulations to be established under the provisions of section two of this act, and under such control and management as shall be therein and thereby provided, shall have full power and authority to require and compel the said male prisoners to work on public highways outside of the limits of the jails and workhouses, but within their respective counties. The preference to be given to public roads leading to and from county-seats—all roads to be made to conform in grade and width to the general road laws of the State—and, in order that the work done may be equitably distributed, no more than five miles shall be completed on any road until a like mileage has been completed on each and all main roads connecting with county-seats, and thereafter work shall be done in like sections, of five miles, until all said roads are improved in grade, width and quality.

Moneys received
to be credited on
maintenance ac-
count.

Section 5. All moneys received under the provisions of this act for labor done within such jails and workhouses, or the products of such labor sold, shall be credited on account of the receipts and expenditures paid to and for the maintenance of such institutions.

Boards authorized
to purchase ma-
terials and tools.

Section 6. For the purpose of carrying the provisions of this act into effect, the said Prison Boards are hereby authorized to expend such sum of money, out of the public moneys in the treasury of the proper county not otherwise appropriated, as shall be required for the

purchase of materials and tools adapted to the work, as per classification.

Section 7. The respective Prison Boards shall have power and authority to employ such deputies, or other officers, as shall be required for the supervision, safe keeping and good conduct of said prisoners while employed within or without said jails or workhouses, and the compensation of such deputies, or officers, shall be the same as that now paid for like services; and where not so fixed by law the compensation shall be established by the said Prison Board, but not to exceed two (\$2) dollars per diem for such services.

Board to have power to employ deputies.

Compensation.

Section 8. If any prisoner, while employed outside of the limits of said jails or workhouses, and while beyond the said limits, shall make his escape, the prisoner so escaping shall be deemed and taken to have committed an escape, or breach of prison, and shall be subject to like penalties as are now provided by law for an escape, or breach of prison.

Escape while employed outside of limits.

Penalty.

Section 9. This act shall not be construed as a repeal or modification of the act, entitled "An act limiting the number of inmates of the State prisons, penitentiaries, State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods," approved June eighteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, Pamphlet Laws one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

This act not a repeal of act of June 18, 1897.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 76.

AN ACT

To enable the county commissioners of any county which has assisted any township, townships or borough, under existing laws, in building the whole or any portion of a bridge, but has not entered the same upon record as a county bridge, to afterwards enter said bridge upon record as a county bridge.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever the county commissioners of any county have heretofore assisted or shall hereafter assist any township, townships or borough in the building of the whole or any portion of a bridge, under existing laws, and it shall afterwards appear to the said commissioners, and to the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, that the care, maintenance and responsibility of said bridge is greater than it is reasonable that the said township,

Enabling county commissioners to enter of record bridges as county bridges.

Approval of the court.

townships or borough should bear, it shall be lawful for the said county commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, with the approval of said court, to enter such bridge upon record as a county bridge, and it shall thereafter be a county bridge the same as if it had originally been so entered of record.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 77.

AN ACT

To prevent the spread of the contagious diseases known as yellows, black knot, peach rosette and pear blight among orchard and nursery trees, or the fruit thereof, also the infection known as the San Jose scale, when found on any vine, plant, shrub, orchard, or nursery tree, and providing measures for the eradication of the same.

Making it unlawful for any person to keep orchard or nursery trees, etc., infested with contagious diseases.

Or to sell or ship any of the fruit thereof.

Exception.

No damage shall be awarded in court for destruction of diseased trees, etc.

Duty of every person to forthwith destroy the same.

Proviso.

Authorities to appoint three freeholders as commissioners.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be unlawful for any person to keep any orchard or nursery tree or trees infested with the contagious diseases known as yellows, black knot, peach rosette, or pear blight; or any vine, plant, shrub, orchard or nursery tree or trees, infested with the San Jose scale; or to offer for sale or shipment, or to sell or to ship, any of the fruit thereof, except the fruit of the plum, cherry and pear tree, that both tree and fruit so infected shall be subject to destruction as public nuisances, as hereinafter provided. No damage shall be awarded in any court in the State for entering upon the premises and destroying such diseased trees, or parts of trees, or fruit, if done in accordance with the provisions of this act. It shall be the duty of every person as soon as he becomes aware of the existence of such disease in any tree, parts of trees, or fruit, owned by him, to forthwith destroy or cause said trees or fruit to be destroyed: Provided however, That it shall be sufficient to extinguish the San Jose Scale with effective insecticides.

Section 2. In any township, borough or city of this State in which such contagious diseases exist, or in which there is good reason to believe they exist, or danger may be justly apprehended of their introduction, it shall be the duty of the board of township auditors, or borough or city council, as soon as such information becomes known to either such board or council, or any member thereof, to appoint forthwith three competent freeholders, of said township, borough or city, as commissioners, who shall hold office during the pleasure of said board, borough or city council, and such order of appointment and of revocation shall be entered

at large upon the township, borough or city records: Provided, That in case commissioners have already been appointed to prevent the spreading of bush, vine and fruit-tree pests, such commissioners shall be ex-officio commissioners under this act, and shall continue in said office until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Proviso.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of said commissioners, within ten days after their appointment as aforesaid, to file their acceptances of the same with the clerk of said township, borough or city, and said clerk shall be ex-officio clerk of said board of commissioners, and he shall keep a correct record of the proceedings of said board in a book to be provided for the purpose, and shall file and preserve all papers pertaining to the duties and actions of said commissioners, or either of them, which shall be a part of the records of said borough, township or city; providing that, if there is no township clerk, then it shall be the duty of the township auditors to select one of their number as such clerk.

Commissioners to file acceptances.

Ex-officio clerk.

To keep record of proceedings and file all papers.

Proviso.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the commissioners or any one of them, upon or without complaint, whenever it comes to their notice that either of the diseases known as yellows, black knot, peach rosette, pear blight, or San Jose Scale exist or are supposed to exist within the limits of their township, borough or city, to proceed without delay to examine the tree or fruit supposed to be infected, and if the disease is found to exist a distinguishing mark shall be placed upon the diseased trees, and the owner notified, personally or by a written notice left at his usual place of residence, or, if the owner be a non-resident, by leaving the notice with the person in charge of the trees or fruit, or the person in whose possession said trees or fruit may be. The notice shall contain a simple statement of the facts as found to exist, with an order to treat with insecticides, or to effectually uproot and destroy by fire the trees so marked or designated, or such parts thereof as the commissioners shall order, within five days, Sundays excepted, from the date of the service of the notice; and in case of fruit infected, such notice shall require the person in whose possession or control it is found to immediately destroy the same or cause it to be done, or the commissioners may destroy the same. Said notice and order to be signed by two or more of the commissioners.

Duty of commissioners.

To examine.

To place distinguishing mark on diseased trees.

Owner to be notified.

Notice to contain statement of facts, etc.

Notice, by whom signed.

Section 5. Whenever any person shall refuse or neglect to comply with the order to remove and destroy the trees, or parts of trees, so designated and marked by the commissioner or commissioners, as aforesaid, it shall become the duty of the commissioner or commissioners to cause said trees, or parts of trees, to be removed and destroyed forthwith, employing all neces-

In case of refusal or neglect commissioners to act.

Expenses. sary aid for that purpose. The expenses for such removal and destruction of trees, or parts of trees, to be a charge against the township, borough or city; and for the purpose of such removal or destruction the said commissioners, their agents and workmen, shall have the right and power to enter upon any and all premises within their township, borough or city: Provided however, That any owner or owners, lessee or lessees, who may be dissatisfied with the decision of the commissioner or commissioners, on the ground that their tree or trees are not diseased, nor attacked by the San Jose Scale, may appeal in writing, stating their grievance in full to the clerk of the board of commissioners, who shall immediately refer the case to the Department of Agriculture of Pennsylvania. And the Secretary of the said Department of Agriculture, upon receiving such reference, shall detail an inspector, who shall be an expert in the line of complaint, whose duty it shall be to forthwith proceed to view the trees, or parts of trees, in controversy, and whose decision shall be final. All actual expenses, in the case of an appeal being made, shall be paid by the township, borough or city, in the same manner as hereinafter provided for, for the services of the commissioners.

Commissioners agents, etc., to have right of entry.

Proviso.

Owners may appeal in writing.

Clerk to refer the case to Department of Agriculture.

Which may detail an inspector.

His decision final.

Expenses.

Violation of, or neglect to comply with, provisions of the act shall be a misdemeanor. Penalty.

The words "part of trees" refers only to black knot and pear blight.

Section 6. If any owner neglect to uproot and destroy or cause to be removed and destroyed, as aforesaid, such diseased trees, or parts of trees, or fruit, after such examination and notification and within the time hereinbefore specified, or any other person who shall sell or offer for sale such diseased fruit, such persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, in the discretion of the court; and any justice of the peace of the township or borough, or any alderman of any city, where such trees may be, or where such nursery stock or fruit is sold, shipped, disposed of or delivered, as aforesaid, shall have jurisdiction thereof. The words "part of trees," wherever used in this act shall refer to black knot and pear blight only, and not to trees affected with yellows.

Compensation of Commissioners.

Costs, charges and expenses.

Proviso.

Section 7. The commissioners shall be allowed for services under this act two dollars for each full day, and one dollar for each half day, and their other charges and disbursements under this act, by the township board, borough or city council, all of which costs, charges, expenses and disbursements may be recovered by the township, borough or city from the owner of such diseased fruit, vine, plant, shrub, orchard trees or nursery stock, or from the owner of the premises on which said diseased trees stood, in action of assumpsit: Provided, Said owner has refused or neglected to remove said diseased fruit, vine, plant, shrub, fruit-

tree or nursery stock in compliance with the order of said commissioner or commissioners.

Section 8. All acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed. This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Repeal.

Act to take immediate effect.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 78.

AN ACT

To authorize the topographic and geological survey of the State in co-operation with the United States Geological Survey.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Governor be and is hereby authorized to appoint a commission, to consist of three citizens of this State, to confer with the Director or Representative of the United States Geological Survey and to accept its co-operation with this State in the preparation and completion of a contour topographic and geological survey and map of this State, which is hereby authorized to be made. Said commission shall serve without pay, but all its necessary expenses shall, on approval by the Governor, be paid out of the State Treasury. Said commission shall have power to arrange with the Director or Representatives of the United States Geological Survey concerning this survey and map, its scale, method of execution, form, and all details of the work, in behalf of this State, and may accept or reject the work executed by the United States Geological Survey. And it is hereby provided that said map shall accurately show the outlines of all townships, counties and extensive wooded areas in this State, as existing on the ground at the time of the execution of these surveys; the location of all roads, railroads, streams, canals, lakes and rivers, and shall show by contour lines the elevation and depression of the surface of the country, also location of coal, oil, natural gas, and clay bearing formations.

The Governor to appoint a commission.

Survey and map authorized.

Necessary expenses.

Commission, power of, duties, etc.

The map.

Section 2. For the prosecution of this survey, the sum of twenty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and twenty thousand dollars for the year nineteen hundred; and the Auditor General is hereby authorized to draw his orders on the State Treasury for such portions of these amounts as may be required, from time to time, from money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon vouchers signed by two members of the commission; but it is hereby provided

\$20,000 appropriated for 1899.

\$20,000 appropriated for 1900.

How to be paid.

Proviso.

Commission to report each year.

Persons employed shall have right of entry on lands.

Act to take effect.

that these expenditures shall not be in excess of the amounts expended upon the same work by the United States Geological Survey from its own funds. The commission shall report to the Governor each year. For the purpose of making the surveys hereinbefore provided for, it shall be lawful for the persons employed in making the same to enter upon all lands within the boundaries of this State, but this act shall not be construed as authorizing any unnecessary interference with private rights.

Section 3. This act shall be in effect immediately upon its passage.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899:

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 79.

AN ACT

To protect the public health by prohibiting the sale of goods in second-hand bottles or jars, and providing punishment for the violation of the same.

Prohibiting the sale of goods in second-hand bottles, etc.

Unlawful to gather bottles where garbage or refuse has been dumped.
Exception.

Not to apply to beer manufacturers and bottlers.

Or to milk dealers, etc.

Violation of act declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That on and after the passage of this act, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, to put up for sale, offer for sale, or sell any goods or merchandise put up in any bottle or jar that has been used as a package or cover for the same or any other goods. And it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to gather bottles from any place where ashes, garbage or refuse of any kind has been dumped or disposed of, except the same be immediately broken to be sold as cullet: Provided however, That this act shall not apply to brewers or bottlers engaged in the manufacture and sale of beer, under the laws of this Commonwealth, or to persons engaged in the furnishing and delivery of milk or any medicinal or mineral water, or to the re-filling of prescriptions by doctors or druggists.

Section 2. Any person or persons, firm or corporation, violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished, for the first offense, by a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not more than ten days, and each subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not to exceed three months, or either or both, at the discretion of the court. And it shall be the duty of the

Board of Health or any peace officer to enforce the provisions of this act in their respective districts.

Enforcement of the act.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 80.

AN ACT

To authorize the commissioners and county treasurers of the several counties of this Commonwealth to withhold fees, mileage and other moneys claimed by any person indebted to their respective counties for fines, costs, damages, or penalties remaining unpaid, and for taxes legally assessed by the proper authorities and remaining unpaid.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no person who shall have been sentenced heretofore, or who shall be sentenced hereafter, to pay costs, fines or other moneys in any proceeding before the several courts in and of the counties of this Commonwealth, whereby such county, under the existing laws, becomes liable for the payment of the same, shall be entitled to receive from such county any moneys for witness fees, mileage, road damages or other fees, or moneys whatsoever (jurors' fees and jurors' mileage excepted), unless such fines, costs, penalties or claims shall have been fully paid and satisfied; but such fines, costs, penalties or claims shall be taken and deemed as a legitimate set off to any claim made or presented against the said county for fees of any description whatsoever, or mileage, by the person so sentenced, notwithstanding such person, so sentenced, shall have been discharged under the insolvent laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

No person sentenced to pay costs, fines, etc., whereby the county becomes liable, shall be entitled to receive certain fees, unless the fines, costs, etc., have been paid.

Shall be taken and deemed a set off.

Section 2. That no person who shall owe any State or county taxes shall be entitled to receive from the county to whom he owes such taxes, after the same become due and payable, any moneys whatsoever for witness fees, mileage or other fees, or claims of whatever nature, or any other compensation (jurors' fees and jurors' mileage excepted), until such tax or taxes shall have been fully paid and satisfied; and that such tax or taxes, when due and payable, shall be taken and deemed as a legitimate set off to any claim or claims due any person for moneys due them for fees, mileage or other claims from the county in which said tax or taxes are levied and assessed, notwithstanding the county commissioners shall have exonerated the tax collector having charge of the collection of said taxes from the collection of the same.

No person owing State or county taxes shall be entitled to receive from said county witness fees, mileage, etc., until such taxes are paid.

To be taken and deemed a set off.

Application of
act.

Section 3. This act shall apply to fees now claimed and taxes now due and remaining unpaid, as well as fees hereafter to become due, or taxes hereafter to be levied and assessed and remaining unpaid.

Repeal.

Section 4. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 81.

AN ACT

To amend section two of an act, entitled "An act authorizing the purchase by the Commonwealth of unseated lands for the non-payment of taxes for the purpose of creating a State Forest Reservation," approved the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven; providing for the purchase of land other than that which is advertised for sale for the non-payment of taxes, and limiting the cost per acre to be paid for same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c.. That section two of the act, entitled "An act authorizing the purchase by the Commonwealth of unseated lands for the non-payment of taxes for the purpose of creating a State Forest Reservation," approved the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, which reads as follows:

"Section 2. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Forestry to inquire into and examine the location and character of the lands so advertised, and if in his judgment the same are so located and are of such a character as to make them desirable to the Commonwealth for the purpose of creating and maintaining a Forestry Reservation, he shall have power at his discretion, to purchase any such lands for and in behalf of the Commonwealth at such tax sales, subject to the right of redemption under existing laws: Provided however. That the bid made, and the price paid for said lands, shall in no case exceed the amount of taxes for the non-payment of which the same are being sold, and the costs. For all purchases so made in behalf of the Commonwealth, the Auditor General shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer to the order of the county treasurer, upon certificate filed by the Commissioner of Forestry with the said Auditor General." shall be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 of the
act of March 30,
1894, cited for
amendment.

Duty of Commis-
sioner of For-
estry.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Forestry to inquire into and examine the location and character of *unseated* lands advertised *by the re-*

spective county treasurers and the county commissioners of this Commonwealth for sale for the non-payment of taxes, and if in his judgment the same are so located and are of such a character as to make them desirable for the Commonwealth for the purpose of creating and maintaining a Forestry Reservation, he shall have power, at his discretion, to purchase any such lands for and in behalf of the Commonwealth at such tax sales, subject to the right of redemption under existing laws: Provided however, That the bid made and the price paid for said lands, shall in no case exceed the amount of taxes for the non-payment of which the same are being sold, and the costs. For all purchases so made in behalf of the Commonwealth, the Auditor General shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer to the order of the county treasurer, upon certificate filed by the Commissioner of Forestry with the said Auditor General: Provided further, That the Commissioner of Forestry shall have power to purchase unseated lands other than such as are advertised for sale for the non-payment of taxes, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon with the owners of such land: Provided, That such purchase shall be approved by the Governor and the Board of Property, consisting of the Attorney General, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and Secretary of Internal Affairs. And provided further, That in no case shall the price paid for such unseated land exceed the assessed value of the same. For all purchases so made in behalf of the Commonwealth the Auditor General shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer to the order of the grantor, upon certificate filed by the Commissioner of Forestry, with approval as aforesaid: Provided, That in no case shall the amount paid for any tract of land purchased under the provisions of this act exceed the sum of five dollars per acre.

Shall have power to purchase lands for Commonwealth.

Proviso.

How payment shall be made.

The Commissioner shall have power to purchase unseated lands other than those advertised for non-payment of taxes.

On approval of Governor and Board of Property.

Price paid not to exceed assessed value.

How payment shall be made.

Amount paid not to exceed \$5 per acre.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 82.

AN ACT

Amending section eight of an act, entitled "An act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys, and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited, and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, including damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved May sixteenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, extending the provisions of said act to the grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, or improvement of parts of streets or alleys.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section eight of an act, entitled "An act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys, and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited, and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, including damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved May sixteenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, which reads as follows:

Section 8 of the act of May 16, 1891, cited for amendment.

"Section 8. Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out, establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys, and to construct bridges, piers and abutments therefor, and sewers and drains in any street or alley, or through, or on, or over private property. Every municipal corporation shall also have power, upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement, to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition), to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley within its corporate limits, or which may be, in whole or in part, boundaries thereof. On petition, viewers shall be appointed as provided in first section of this act, who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer, or grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, or other improvement of each street or alley upon the property benefited according to benefits, if sufficient can be found, but if not, then the deficiency, when finally ascertained, shall be paid by the municipal cor-

poration, and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report, shall be, as provided in this act, for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken, injured or destroyed," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 8. Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out, establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys, *or parts thereof*, and to construct bridges, piers and abutments therefor, and sewers and drains in any street or alley, or through, or on, or over private property. Every municipal corporation shall also have power, upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement, to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition), to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve any public street or public alley, *or part thereof*, within its corporate limits, or which may be, in whole or in part, boundaries thereof. On petition, viewers shall be appointed as provided in first section of this act, who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer, or grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, or other improvement of each street or alley, *or part thereof within its corporate limits*, upon the property benefited according to benefits, if sufficient can be found, but if not, then the deficiency, when finally ascertained, shall be paid by the municipal corporation, and the proceedings of said viewers, and the proceedings on their report, shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers, in cases of property taken, injured or destroyed.

Power of municipal corporation.

May grade, etc.

Viewers shall be appointed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 83.

AN ACT

To amend an act, entitled "An act to establish a State Board of Agriculture," approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, by adding one member to the said board, to be appointed by the Pennsylvania State Poultry Association.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of an act approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, entitled "An act to establish a State Board of Agriculture," which reads as follows:

Section 1 of act of May 8, 1876, cited for amendment.

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Governor of the Commonwealth, the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Secretary of Public Instruction, the Auditor General, the president of the Pennsylvania State College, and one other person appointed from and by each agricultural society in the State entitled under existing laws to receive an annual bounty from the county, and three other persons appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall constitute the State Board of Agriculture," be and the same is hereby amended so as to be and read as follows:

State Board of
Agriculture.

How constituted.

Section 1. That the Governor of the Commonwealth, the Secretary of Internal Affairs, Secretary of Public Instruction, the Auditor General, the President of the Pennsylvania State College, and one person appointed by each agricultural society in the State entitled under existing laws to receive an annual bounty from the county, and three other persons appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, *and one member appointed by the Pennsylvania State Poultry Association*, shall constitute the State Board of Agriculture.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 84.

AN ACT

To apply the remedy by writ of foreign attachment to cases of injuries to persons or property on land, occasioned by vessels or other kind of floating structure, or resulting from any act done thereon.

To extend the
right to commence
actions by writ
of foreign at-
tachment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the right to commence an action by writ of foreign attachment shall extend to all actions, whether in tort or contract, against the owners, master or crew of vessels or other structures upon navigable waters, for injuries caused to persons or property on land by such owners, master or crew, or their employes, in navigating or operating such vessels or structures, or in carrying on any work upon such vessels or structures.

Proceedings relat-
ing to issue and
serving of writ.

Section 2. The proceedings relating to the issue and serving of such writ, and the carrying on of the action subsequent thereto, shall be the same as the proceedings now required by law in actions commenced by foreign attachment.

When limitation
of time for bring-
ing action shall
begin to run.

Section 3. When the vessel or structure by or on which the act is done, causing the injury, goes beyond

the limits of the Commonwealth within thirty days after the cause of action arises, any limitation of time prescribed by law for bringing the action shall commence to run only from the time of the return of said vessel or structure to the Commonwealth.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 85.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT

To an act designating the several classes of contested elections in this Commonwealth, and providing for the trial thereof, approved the nineteenth day of May. Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, limiting the time within which testimony shall be taken in certain contested elections.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That hereafter in all contested elections, except of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and all other officers of this Commonwealth who now are or hereafter shall be required to be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large, the time to be consumed in taking testimony in court before an examiner or examiners appointed for that purpose shall not exceed ninety days in any one case, no matter whether such testimony be taken in court or before an examiner or examiners, or partly in court and partly before an examiner or examiners, and said testimony shall be taken in the following order, to wit: A period of time not exceeding forty days shall be allowed the contestant for this purpose; a succeeding period of time, not exceeding forty days, shall be allowed for said purpose to the person returned as elected; and the contestant may take testimony in rebuttal during ten days, immediately succeeding the time allowed the person returned as elected for taking testimony; and for any testimony taken after the limit of time herein fixed, no contest court shall have the power to charge any costs to any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district, or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same, but the said court may order the contestant, petitioners, or person returned elected, to pay the costs, as in its discretion it is deemed just and proper.

Provided, That no costs shall be paid out of the treasury of any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district or municipality in any such contest until the same has been finally determined;

Classifying contested elections, and limiting time for trial.

Not to exceed 90 days in any one case.

40 days for contestant.

40 days for person returned as elected.

10 days for rebuttal.

Costs after limit of time, disposition of.

No costs to be paid until final determination.

and no costs, accruing or chargeable in any case after the limit of time herein fixed, shall be paid by the proper district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district, or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same.

Repeal.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 86.

AN ACT

To provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class.

Whereas, In those more populous townships of the Commonwealth, which are in large measure devoted to residential purposes, there is need of a form of municipal government having greater powers than are now possessed by the local governments of townships under existing laws:

Division of townships into two classes.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the purpose of legislation regulating their municipal affairs, the exercise of certain corporate powers, and having respect to the number, character, powers and duties of certain officers thereof, the townships now in existence and those to be hereafter created in this Commonwealth shall be divided into two classes. Those townships having a population of at least three hundred to the square mile, as shown by the United States census, shall be townships of the first class. All other townships shall be townships of the second class.

First class.

Second class.

Duty of county commissioners.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the County Commissioners in every county of the Commonwealth to ascertain whether any township in the county comes within the conditions hereinbefore set out as constituting a township of the first class, and by proclamation, to be issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred, and thereafter on or before the first day of January following the ascertainment of population by the decennial census of the United States, to designate the townships of the first class, if any, within the county; and in all townships so designated, the officers provided for by this act shall be chosen at the municipal election then next ensuing, and the township government constituted by this act shall go into force on the first Monday of March then next ensuing. Said

By proclamation to designate townships of the first class.

Elections of municipal officers.

proclamation by the County Commissioners shall be advertised in two newspapers published in the county.

Proclamation to be published.

Section 3. Except so far as modified by the provisions of this act, all existing laws relating to townships shall continue in force until changed, modified or repealed, as to either class of townships, by legislation relating expressly thereto.

Existing laws relating to townships.

Section 4. In townships of the first class the following township officers shall be chosen by the qualified voters at the township election on the third Tuesday in February:

Officers to be chosen third Tuesday of February.

First. In the first year of its organization and in every second year thereafter, five township commissioners, and if the population of the township exceeds five thousand then an additional commissioner for each two thousand of population in excess of five thousand. The said commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years. No township commissioner shall receive any salary or shall be eligible to any other township office.

First and second years, township commissioners.

Second. In the first year of its organization and in every third year thereafter, a township treasurer, who shall hold office for the term of three years.

Term.

No salary.

Eligibility.

First and third years, Treasurer.

Third. In the year in which the term of office expires of the township assessor who may be in office at the time of its organization, and in every third year thereafter, a township assessor, who shall hold office for the term of three years, as provided by existing laws.

Assessor.

Fourth. Annually, a township auditor, who shall hold office for a term of three years, as provided by existing laws.

Auditor.

The official term of the above-named officers shall commence on the first Monday in March and continue until the election and qualification of their successors.

Official term.

Whenever the form of government provided for by this act for townships of the first class becomes operative in any township, the office of supervisor of highways shall cease to exist in such township.

When this act is operative office of supervisor of highways to cease.

Township Commissioners.

Section 5. On or before the first day of October, in the year of their election, the Board of Township Commissioners, chosen at the first election under the provisions of this act, shall by ordinance make an apportionment of the whole number of township commissioners among the election districts of the township, in proportion to the population as estimated by the vote cast in said districts respectively at the last township election, to the end that thereafter the township commissioners shall be chosen by election districts instead of by vote of the township at large. Any election district having too small a population to be entitled to choose one commissioner shall be combined with some

Board of township commissioners to make apportionment.

That thereafter the commissioners may be chosen by election districts.

Eligibility.	adjoining district. Residence in the district in which he is voted for shall not be a requisite of eligibility for a commissioner.
When new apportionment shall be made.	A new apportionment shall be made after each United States census, and whenever any change is made in the boundaries of the election districts of the township.
Time and place of meeting.	Section 6. The persons elected township commissioners shall meet on the first Monday in March succeeding their election, and until otherwise designated by ordinance the place of meeting shall be the oldest polling place in the township. Each member shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, to be administered by a justice of the peace or notary public, to support the Constitution of the United States and of this Commonwealth, and to perform the duties of his office with fidelity. Certificates of such oaths and affirmations shall be filed with the township auditor.
Oath or affirmation.	
Certificate of same to be filed.	
Power to adjourn.	If a majority of the commissioners shall not attend at the meeting on the first Monday in March those present shall have power to adjourn the meeting, from day to day, until a majority attend.
Organization of Board.	The Board shall organize by the election of one of their number as president. He shall preside at all the meetings of the board, and perform such other duties as are specified in this act, or which may be prescribed by ordinance.
President, duties of.	
Meetings of Board.	The Board shall meet at least once a month, at such time and place as may be designated by ordinance. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum.
Quorum.	
Powers, authority, etc.	Section 7. All the corporate power, authority and franchise of the township shall be vested in and exercised by the Board of Township Commissioners; and the said Board shall have particularly the following powers:
To grade, pave, light and repair highways, etc.	1st. To open, grade, construct and pave all public highways in the township which shall or may be at any time laid out by lawful authority, and to keep the same in good order and repair. To construct footways along said highways, and to establish lights thereon where it may be deemed expedient to do so. To accept the dedication of public highways and alleys.
To pave and curb sidewalks in villages.	2nd. On application of the owners of a majority of the lineal feet frontage along any highway, or portion thereof, in any village within said township, to cause the sidewalks along said highway to be paved and curbed at the expense of the abutting property.
To establish a system of sewers and drainage when necessary for the public health.	3rd. To establish a system of sewers and drainage, and to require connection to be made with such sewers when necessary for the public health, and to provide for the cost of the construction, maintenance and repair of such sewers, in whole or in part, by an equitable
To provide for cost and maintenance.	

assessment on the properties benefited thereby, in such manner as may be prescribed by ordinance, for which assessments municipal liens may be filed in the court of common pleas of the proper county, on which proceedings shall be had as provided by existing laws. And the board shall also have power to enter into contracts with any adjoining municipality, and also with any person or corporation, for the carrying off of the sewage from the limits of the township.

To contract for the carrying off of sewage.

4th. To make regulations respecting pig pens, slaughter houses, manure pits, drains, cesspools and manufactories that are offensive, to abate nuisances prejudicial to public health and public safety, and to collect the cost of such abatement from any person who may be responsible for having created the nuisance. Also to prohibit or regulate the running at large of animals.

To abate nuisances and regulate the running at large of animals.

5th. To establish and maintain a night watch and police force, and to define the duties of the same. To provide for the erection or purchase of a lockup or watchhouse, for the detention and confinement of vagrants and persons duly arrested, until they can be taken before a magistrate for hearing and committed to prison or discharged. To arrest and confine, or to set to work on the roads or elsewhere, all vagrants found in said township, and generally to take all needful means for securing the safety of persons and property within the township. To purchase and maintain engines for the extinguishment of fire, and to make rules and regulations for the management of the same. To regulate and prohibit shows, circuses and public entertainments of all sorts.

To establish a night-watch and police force.

To provide lockup.

To arrest and confine vagrants.

Fire engines.

Regulate circuses and public entertainments.

To levy tax.

6th. To levy for township purposes an annual tax of not more than one per centum.

7th. To borrow money and to issue evidences of indebtedness therefor: Provided, That the total amount of indebtedness so created shall not exceed two per centum of the county valuation of the property within the township without the assent of the electors of the township, and that the rate of interest shall not exceed five per centum. But no indebtedness shall be incurred or expenditure authorized, except in accordance with the ordinances of the Board, and to authorize the expenditure of more than one hundred dollars a special resolution of the Board shall be necessary.

To borrow money, etc.

Limit of indebtedness.

Interest, rate of.

No indebtedness shall be incurred except by ordinance.

8th. To adopt by-laws and ordinances prescribing the manner in which the above powers shall be carried out, and generally regulating the affairs of the township within the powers hereby conferred. All such ordinances shall be published at least twice in a newspaper published in the township, or, if there be no newspaper, advertised by publication in such other manner as may be designated by ordinance.

General authority.

Ordinances to be published.

Fines and penalties.

How to be collected.

Disbursements, how made.

Approval of bills.

9th. To prescribe fines and penalties, not exceeding ten dollars in any instance, for the violation of township ordinances, which fines and penalties may be collected by suit, to be brought in the name of the township, before any justice of the peace or magistrate, in like manner as debts of like amount may be sued for by existing laws.

Section 8. All disbursements in discharge of township indebtedness duly incurred, shall be made by the township treasurer, acting by virtue of warrants, or orders, drawn on him by the order of the Board of Township Commissioners, attested by the signature of the president, or vice president, and secretary of the Board. The Board shall prescribe, by ordinance, the manner in which bills for township indebtedness shall be approved for payment.

Highways.

Highways to be opened and kept clear.

The Board may appoint supervisors or engineers.

And workmen, mechanics, etc.

Tools and machinery.

Right of entry.

Section 9. It shall be the duty of the Board of Township Commissioners to cause all public highways within the township, now or hereafter laid out by lawful authority, to be effectually opened and constantly kept in repair at all seasons, and clear of all impediments to easy and convenient passing and traveling.

Section 10. The Board shall have power to appoint one or more supervisors or engineers of highways, and by ordinance to specify their duties and to fix their salaries. All such officers shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board. The Board shall cause to be employed a sufficient number of workmen, mechanics and laborers for the proper care of the public roads, and shall have power to purchase all necessary tools, implements, machinery and materials of all kinds which, in their judgment, shall be necessary for the making, paving and repairing of the public highways.

Section 11. The Board of Commissioners shall have power, by their officers and servants, to enter upon any lands or enclosures, to cut, open, maintain and repair all such ditches and drains through the same, as they shall judge necessary, to carry the water from the said roads.

Owners of property fronting highway may petition for construction of sidewalks.

Majority of owners of frontage.

Section 12. Whenever the owners of property fronting on either side of a public highway in any village in such township shall, by petition, request that a sidewalk, with or without curbing, be constructed along that side of said highway between certain points, at the expense of the property owners, and it shall appear that the said petitioners include the owners of a majority of the frontage in lineal feet on that side of the highway where the sidewalk is desired, it shall be lawful for the said Board of Township Commissioners, by ordinance duly adopted, to require the owners of prop-

erty abutting on that side of said highway where the sidewalk is desired between designated points, to grade and pave the sidewalk in front of their respective property in such manner as may in such ordinance prescribed, and also to curb the same if deemed necessary. And if said owners shall fail to cause such paving and curbing to be done, conformably to the requirements of such ordinance, within sixty days from notice thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Board of Township Commissioners to cause the same to be done, and to collect the cost thereof from the abutting property owners, respectively, in proportion to their frontage. And if the same shall not be paid, to file lien therefor, in the nature of municipal liens against the abutting properties, in the court of common pleas of the county, and to include therein a penalty of twenty per centum on the amount of the cost of the work.

To require owners to grade and pave.

And curb if necessary.

If owners neglect, the Board may pave and grade.

Penalty.

Township Treasurer.

Section 13. Each township treasurer shall give a bond, in the sum to be prescribed by ordinance, and at least equal to the probable amount of the annual township tax, with sureties to the satisfaction of the Board of Township Commissioners, which bond shall be conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, for a just account of all moneys belonging to the township funds that may come into his hands, for the delivery to his successor in office of all papers, books, documents and other things held in right of his office, and for the payment to such successor of any balance in money belonging to the township that may remain in his hands on the settlement of his accounts. All said bonds shall be filed with the township commissioners. It shall be the duty of every township treasurer to take charge of all township moneys, and to keep distinct accounts of all sums received from taxes and other sources, which accounts shall at all times be open to the inspection of the commissioners and township auditor, or any of them. He shall annually state his accounts and lay the same, together with the books and the vouchers, before the township auditors for settlement according to law.

Treasurer to give bond, with sureties.

Conditions of bond.

Bond to be filed.

Duty of treasurer.

Annual statement.

Section 14. Each township treasurer shall receive, as full compensation for his services, a sum equal to five per centum of all taxes received or collected by him, unless a different rate be fixed by ordinance of the township commissioners, passed thirty days prior to his election.

Compensation of treasurer.

Section 15. Whenever a tax is levied by a Board of Township Commissioners, it shall be the duty of the Board to forthwith deliver a duplicate of the assessment of such tax to the township treasurer, who shall thereby become authorized to receive and collect from

Duplicate of assessment to be delivered to treasurer.

Public notice of duplicate to be given.

Discount to taxpayers.

Collection of taxes.

Collectors.

Powers of treasurer and deputies.

Written order, or warrant.

Eligibility of officers, etc.

Town clerk, duties of.

Salary.

the taxpayers the amounts with which they stand charged, respectively, and to give receipts therefor. On receipt of any such duplicates it shall be the duty of the treasurer to give public notice, as soon thereafter as conveniently can be done, by at least ten written or printed notices to be posted in the most public places in the township, and by advertisement in a newspaper published in the township, if any such there be. A discount of five per centum shall be allowed to any taxpayer who shall make payment in sixty days from the time of such notice.

Section 16. At the expiration of three months from the time of receiving the duplicate of any tax assessed, as aforesaid, the treasurer shall proceed to collect the same from the taxpayers, and to that end may appoint one or more deputy collectors. And said treasurer and his deputies shall have and exercise all powers conferred by existing laws on township tax collectors.

Section 17. No money shall be paid out by the township treasurer except on the written order, or warrant, issued by the Board of Township Commissioners and attested by the signatures of the president, or vice president, and the secretary of said board.

Section 18. The same person may hold the office of township treasurer and treasurer of the school board, but no member of the school board, no township commissioner, or township auditor, shall hold the office of township treasurer, and no township treasurer shall be eligible to succeed himself.

Town Clerk.

Section 19. The board of commissioners shall elect a town clerk, who must be a qualified voter of the township, and not a member of the board. He shall perform all the duties of town clerk, as prescribed by existing laws; he shall also act as secretary of the board, shall be the official keeper of the minutes, and shall generally do and perform such duties as may be prescribed by ordinance of the board. His salary shall be fixed by ordinance.

Assessor and Auditor.

Section 20. The assessor and auditor, elected as hereinbefore provided, shall perform, respectively, the duties of their office as prescribed by existing laws.

Townships of the Second Class.

Section 21. Townships of the second class shall continue to be governed as provided by the laws in force at the date of the passage of this act relating to townships, until the same be changed by legislative enactment.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 87.

AN ACT

To provide for the continuation of the publication of the Pennsylvania Archives.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to have prepared for publication ten volumes of a series of archives, comprising the documents and papers connected with the affairs of the provincial and State government of a date immediately following the present, or third, series of archives, and that copies of all such papers as may be required by the editor thereof shall be furnished by the department in which they are of record, without expense.

Providing for publication of Pennsylvania Archives.

Of a date immediately following the third series.

Section 2. That the editor of the aforesaid volumes, directed to be printed, shall be paid for his services in selecting and arranging the copy, reading the proofs, and making indices the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500), upon the completion of each volume.

The payment of the editor.

Section 3. The number of copies to be printed of each volume, to be uniform in printing and binding, shall be two thousand, to be distributed and sold according to the act approved twenty-third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Number of copies.

How to be distributed and sold.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 88.

AN ACT

To repeal section nine of an act, entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes in the county of Cambria," approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section nine of an act, entitled "An act relating to the collection of taxes in the county of Cambria," approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, which section reads as follows:

"Section 9. The treasurer of said county of Cambria shall be entitled to five per centum on all taxes collected and paid out by him under this act," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 9 cited for repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 89.

AN ACT

Creating the office of additional law clerk in the Attorney General's Department, and fixing the salary thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Attorney General is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint one additional law clerk in the Attorney General's Department, who shall be learned in the law, and whose salary shall be eighteen hundred dollars per annum.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 90.

AN ACT

Amending section six of an act, entitled "An act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property," so as to authorize the guardian provided for in said act to support the wife and children of said feeble-minded person.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section six of an act, entitled "An act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property," approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, which reads as follows:

"The guardian so appointed shall have precisely the same powers and be subject to the same duties *as the guardian of the property of minors* in the State of Pennsylvania, but the court appointing such a guardian shall have full power over the same in directing the allowance for the ward and in the care of the property of the ward, and the guardian shall give such bond and file such accounts and at such periods as the court shall determine," be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

The guardian so appointed shall have precisely the same powers and be subject to the same duties *as a committee in lunacy* in the State of Pennsylvania, but the court appointing such guardian shall have full power over the same in directing the allowance for the ward, *and for the support and maintenance of his family, and the education of his minor children,* and of the care of the property of the ward; and the guardian shall give such bonds and file such accounts and at such periods as the court shall determine.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

Section 6 of act of June 25, 1895, cited for amendment.

Powers of guardians.

Power of court.

No. 91.

AN ACT

To amend section six of an act approved the second day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section six of an act approved the second day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth," which reads as follows:

"Fees of Clerk Orphans' Court.

"Section 6. For filing and entering petition for appointment of guardian, and issuing appointment, one dollar.

Section 6 of act of April 2, 1868, cited for amendment.

"Filing and entering list of property selected and retained by widow under act of Assembly, fifty cents.

"Entering judgment, order, or rule of court, twenty-five cents.

"Confirmation of accounts of executors, administrators, or guardians, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

"Filing petition for pension, order, copy and seal, forty-five cents.

"All proceeding on inquisition on real estate, including petition, order, return, confirmation, rule and recording, two dollars and seventy-five cents.

"Taking and docketing recognizances, forty cents.

"All proceedings for sale of real estate, three dollars and fifty cents.

"Filing and entering bond, thirty cents.

"Entering motion and rule of court thereon, twenty-five cents.

"Issuing subpoena and seal, thirty cents.

"Each name after the first on such subpoena, two cents.

"Issuing citation with seal, and recording or filing petition therefor, fifty cents.

"Issuing attachments with seal, and recording, or entering petition therefor, fifty cents.

"Copy of records, or any paper filed, or any part thereof, for every eight words, one cent.

"Every search where no other service is performed, fifteen cents.

"Filing any paper not specially provided for, fifteen cents.

"Recording a draft, twenty-five cents.

"Making out order under seal, to auditors appointed to apportion intestate's property among creditors, and to auditors appointed to settle and adjust accounts of

administrators, executors or guardians, seventy-five cents.

"Filing auditors' report, and entering approval of court thereon, twenty cents.

"Copy of report for either party, each item, one cent.

"Accounts of administrators, executors, or guardians, and auditors' reports, for every eight words, or every sixteen figures, one cent.

"Certificate and seal, thirty cents.

"Same fee for services not herein specially provided for, as for similar services," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Fees of Clerk Orphans' Court.

Fees of clerk of
orphans' court.

Section 6. For filing and entering petition for appointment of guardian, and issuing appointment, one dollar.

Filing and entering list of property selected and retained by widow under act of Assembly, fifty cents.

Entering judgment, order, or rule of court, twenty-five cents.

Confirmation of accounts, executors, administrators, or guardians, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

Filing petition for pension, order, copy and seal, forty-five cents.

All proceedings on inquisition on real estate, including petition, order, return, confirmation, rule and recording, two dollars and seventy-five cents.

Taking and docketing recognizances, forty cents.

All proceedings for sale of real estate, three dollars and fifty cents.

Filing and entering bond, thirty cents.

Entering motion and rule of court thereon, twenty-five cents.

Issuing subpoena, and seal, thirty cents.

Each name after the first on such subpoena, two cents.

Issuing citation with seal, and recording or filing petition therefor, fifty cents.

Issuing attachments with seal, and recording or entering petition therefor, fifty cents.

Copy of record, or any paper filed, or any part thereof, for every eight words, one cent.

Every search where no other service is performed, fifteen cents.

Filing any paper not specially provided for, fifteen cents.

Recording a draft, twenty-five cents.

Making out order under seal, to auditors appointed to apportion intestate's property among creditors, and to auditors appointed to settle and adjust accounts of administrators, executors or guardians, seventy-five cents.

Filing auditors' report, and entering approval of court thereon, twenty cents.

Copy of said report for either party, each item, one cent.

Accounts of administrators, executors or guardians, and auditors' reports, for every eight words, or every sixteen figures, one cent.

Certificate and seal, thirty cents.

Receiving and distributing money paid into court for every dollar under five hundred, two cents.

For each dollar exceeding five hundred, one cent.

Same fee for services not herein specially provided for, as for similar services.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 92.

AN ACT

To further amend the thirtieth section of an act, entitled "An act regulating boroughs," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, as amended by an act approved the fifteenth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, empowering the burgess and town council of any borough, on petition of a majority of the freehold owners of lots or outlots, or other tracts of land in any section lying adjacent to said borough, to annex the section which such petitioners or others own.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the thirtieth section of an act, entitled "An act regulating boroughs," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, as amended by an act approved the fifteenth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which said section, as amended, reads as follows: "That the burgess and town council of any borough shall have, and by virtue of this act are directed and required, on petition of a majority of the freehold owners of lots or outlots, or other tracts of land in any section lying adjacent to said borough, to declare by ordinance the admission of the section *on which such petitioners and others reside*; and the said section shall forever thereafter be deemed and taken and allowed to be a part of said borough, and subject to the jurisdiction and government of the municipal authorities of said borough, as fully as if the same had been originally a part of said borough," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

That the burgess and town council of any borough shall have, and by virtue of this act are directed and

Section 30 of the act of April 3, 1851, cited for amendment.

Burgess and town council may, upon petition, by ordinance, enlarge boroughs.

required, on petition of a majority of the freehold owners of lots or outlots, or other tracts of land in any section lying adjacent to said borough, to declare by ordinance the admission of the section *which such petitioners and others own*; and the said section shall forever thereafter be deemed and taken and allowed to be a part of said borough, and subject to the jurisdiction and government of the municipal authorities of said borough, as fully as if the same had been originally a part of said borough.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 93.

A SUPPLEMENT

To "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of motor power companies for operating passenger railways by cables, electrical or other means," approved the twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, to provide that companies chartered thereunder, which did not file the original certificate with all of its endorsements in the office for recording deeds in and for the proper county, may within thirty days from the passage of this act be allowed to do so, with the same effect as if it had been filed as soon as letters patent were issued.

Providing for the recording of certificates by corporations which failed to file the original certificate for record.

Shall have the same effect as if recorded when letters patent issued.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any corporation to which letters patent may have been issued under the act of Assembly of the twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, whose original certificate with all of its endorsements has not been recorded in the office for recording deeds in and for the proper county, as required by the second section of the said act of Assembly, may at any time within thirty days from the passage of this act have the said certificate recorded in the office for recording deeds in and for the proper county, and the recording of the same shall have the same effect as if it had been recorded immediately after letters patent were issued, and no act of the said corporation shall be deemed invalid or void by reason of the failure to so record the original certificate before it did any corporate act or thing.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 94.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act, entitled "An act to exempt pianos, melodeons and organs, leased or hired, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent," approved the thirteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That hereafter all soda-water apparatus and appurtenances thereto, leased or hired by any person or persons residing in this Commonwealth, shall be exempt from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent due by such person or persons so leasing or hiring any such soda-water apparatus and appurtenances thereto, in addition to any articles or money now exempt by law: Provided, That the owner or owners of such soda-water apparatus and appurtenances thereto, or his or their agent, or the person or persons so leasing or hiring the same, shall give notice to the landlord or his agent that such articles are leased or hired.

Exempting soda-water apparatus, leased or hired, from levy and sale for rent.

Proviso.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 95.

AN ACT

Making it unlawful for any person to hold himself out or advertise himself as a lawyer, attorney-at-law, or counsellor-at-law in any county of the State of Pennsylvania unless duly admitted to practice by a court of record of any county in this Commonwealth, and providing a penalty therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person in any county in the State of Pennsylvania to hold himself out to the public as being entitled to practice law before the courts of the county, or use or advertise the title of lawyer, attorney-at-law, attorney and counsellor-at-law, counsellor, or the equivalent in any language, in such a manner as to convey the impression that he is a legal practitioner in said county, or in any manner to advertise that he, either alone or together with another person, or persons, has, owns, conducts or maintains a law office, or law and collection office of any kind for the practice of law, without having first been duly and regularly admitted to practice law in a court of record of any county in this Commonwealth.

Persons who have not been regularly admitted to practice law shall not advertise as lawyers, etc.

Section 2. Any person or persons violating the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine

Violation of act a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

not exceeding five hundred dollars and to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, either or both, at the discretion of the court.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 96.

AN ACT

To amend the ninth section of an act, entitled "An act designating the several classes of contested elections in this Commonwealth, and providing for the trial thereof," approved the nineteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, providing that the costs in certain cases shall be placed on the petitioners.

Section 9 of the act of May 19, 1874, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section nine of an act, entitled "An act designating the several classes of contested elections in this Commonwealth, and providing for the trial thereof," approved May nineteenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which reads as follows: "Witnesses and officers shall be paid the same fees as are now or hereafter shall be fixed by law for similar services in the county in which the trial shall be held. If the court or judge shall decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the petitioners and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In contested elections of electors of President and Vice President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, in which the court or judge shall not decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the Commonwealth shall be liable for all costs, and the same shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, on bills certified to be correct by the proper court or judge, upon examination and approval of the Auditor General. In contested elections of president or additional law judges, senators and members of the House of Representatives, and of county, borough, township or municipal officers, in which the court or judge shall not decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the proper district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district or municipality shall be liable to pay all the costs, and the same shall be promptly paid by the proper authorities, upon the order of the court or judge trying the case," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 9. Witnesses and officers shall be paid the same fees as are now or hereafter shall be fixed by law for similar services in the county in which the trial shall be held, *but witnesses whose votes are shown to be illegal shall receive no witness fees or mileage.* In contested elections of president or additional law judges, and of county, borough, township, municipal officers, or school directors, or school controllers, *if the contestant or contestants fail to establish his or their right to the office to which he or they claimed to have been elected,* the petitioners and each and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. *In case the contestant or contestants establish his or their right to the office in either of the above named cases, the costs shall be paid by the proper district, county, borough, township, municipality or school district.* Whenever a petition to contest an election in any of said cases shall be presented to the court, it shall be the duty of said petitioners, within ten days thereafter, to file a bond signed by at least five of the said petitioners in such sum as the said court, or any judge thereof during vacation, shall designate, with sureties to be approved by the said court or judge, conditioned for the payment of all costs which may accrue in said contested election proceeding, in case the said petitioners by decree of said court shall be adjudged liable to pay said costs, and if the said bond shall not be filed, as herein provided, the said petition to contest the election shall be dismissed. In contested elections of electors of President and Vice President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, if the court or judge shall decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the petitioners and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In contested elections of electors of President and Vice President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, as aforesaid, in which the court or judge shall not decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the Commonwealth shall be liable for all costs, and the same shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, on bills certified to be correct by the proper court or judge, upon examination and approval of the Auditor General.

Compensation of witnesses and officers.

Liability for costs in contested elections of judges, etc.

Petitioners to file a bond.

Sureties.
Conditions of bond.

Liability for costs in contested elections of President, State officers, etc.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 97.

AN ACT

Enlarging the powers of the orphans' court, and to provide a further remedy for the collection of dower interest due to widows.

Preamble.

Whereas, Difficulties arise in the collection of the dower interest due to widows, owing to the absence or non-residence of the owners of the land in which the dower is charged:

Widows may apply to court by bill or petition.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases in which, by proceedings in the orphans' court of any county, any money has been charged upon real estate, the interest on which is payable to any widow, she may as often as the same becomes due and payable apply by bill or petition to said orphans' court for payment of the same; whereupon such court, having caused due notice to be given to the owner of such real estate by personal notice if the same can be had, otherwise by publication, shall proceed according to equity to make such decree or order for the payment of the said interest out of such real estate as shall be just and proper: Provided however, If the said real estate be sold on a judgment de terris for the recovery of said interest, that such sale shall not divest the lien of said dower.

Notice to be given owners of real estate by the court.

Court may make decree or order.

Judgment for interest shall not divest lien.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 98.

AN ACT

Authorizing the prothonotaries of the several counties of this Commonwealth, in which certain taxes are by law directed to be filed as liens against real estate in the offices of such prothonotaries, to enter such liens as may appear to be unsatisfied upon convenient dockets, in which the liens aforesaid shall be separately set out for each ward, borough and township, and making such docket entries notice and evidence when completed, and further authorizing such prothonotaries hereafter to enter such tax liens alphabetically, in separate dockets, against the several persons, firms and corporations against whom the same may be levied or assessed, and making such entry notice to all persons, and providing that such liens when so entered shall not hereafter be entered upon the general judgment index.

Prothonotaries to make up convenient dockets of unsatisfied tax liens.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the prothonotaries of the several counties of this Commonwealth, in which county poor, road, school, building, borough and township taxes are directed by law to be filed as liens against the real estate against which said taxes have

been assessed and levied, may make up or cause to be made up, from the record of such tax liens as appear to be unsatisfied, convenient dockets of all such unsatisfied liens, in which the several liens affecting each ward, borough or township shall be separately set out, under the name of the proper municipality, and against the name of the person against whom the same is entered at the time of the passage of this act. And upon the completion of the entry of such unsatisfied tax liens upon such dockets, the same shall thereafter be evidence and notice of such unsatisfied liens, and the original dockets containing such unsatisfied liens shall not thereafter be notice or evidence of such unsatisfied liens.

Liens to be separately set out.

Such dockets to be evidence and notice.

The original dockets.

Section 2. That from and after the passage of this act, the prothonotaries of the several counties aforesaid shall enter all such unpaid county, poor, road, school, school-building, borough and township taxes as may be certified to and filed with them, in separate dockets, and such liens shall be entered in alphabetical order against the several persons, firms or corporations against whom the same may be levied or assessed; and when so entered the same shall be notice to all persons, and such liens shall not be hereafter entered upon the general judgment index in such counties.

Prothonotaries to enter certain unpaid taxes, as certified, in separate dockets.

In alphabetical order.

To be notice.

Section 3. That all laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 99.

A SUPPLEMENT

To an act, entitled "An act to provide for the purchase of land and the erection of buildings for the support and employment of the poor of Warren county," approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four (1864), empowering the commissioners of the Rouse estate, if deemed expedient, to become trustees of real and personal estate that may be conveyed to them by gift, conveyance, devise or otherwise for purposes of public charity, with power to perform the provisions and conditions of such gifts.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, the commissioners of the Rouse estate, of Warren county, in their corporate capacity, be and they are hereby authorized, if in their judgment they deem the same expedient, to become trustees of real or personal estate that may be conveyed, devised, bequeathed, or otherwise transferred to them for charitable uses and purposes, with power as such trustees to carry out the provisions and conditions of such conveyance, devise, bequests or transfer.

Commissioners of Rouse estate authorized to become trustees, etc.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 100.

AN ACT

Amending sections one and two of an act, entitled "An act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons, penitentiaries, State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods."

Section cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That sections one and two of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons, penitentiaries, State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in the manufacturing of goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods." "That from and after the passage of this act no warden, superintendent or other officer of any State prison, penitentiary or State reformatory, having control of the employment of the inmates of said institutions, shall employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates of said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware, *or* ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kind of goods, wares, articles or things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State, except mats and matting, in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Limiting per centum of inmates to be employed in certain manufactures.

That from and after the passage of this act no warden, superintendent or other officer of any State prison, penitentiary or State reformatory, having control of the employment of the inmates of said institutions, shall employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates of said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware, *and* ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kind of goods, wares, articles or things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State, except mats and matting, in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed.

That section two which reads as follows:

Section 2 cited for amendment.

"Section 2. That the officers of the various county prisons, workhouses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institution in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware, *or* ten per centum in the manufacture of any other goods, wares, articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State, except mats and matting, in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed: Provided, This act shall

not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institutions," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

That the officers of the various county prisons, work houses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware, *and* ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kinds of goods, wares, articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State, except mats and matting, in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed: Provided, This act shall not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institutions.

Limiting per centum of inmates to be employed in certain manufactures.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 101.

AN ACT

To amend the act, entitled "An act providing for the recording of plans of all subdivisions of any lot or piece of land into building lots heretofore laid out, or hereafter to be laid out, for the purpose of selling more according to such plans, and prescribing penalties for failure to record such plans," approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, so as to enlarge the scope thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of the act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-eighth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, entitled "An act providing for the recording of plans of all subdivisions of any lot or piece of land into building lots heretofore laid out, or hereafter to be laid out, for the purpose of selling more according to such plans, and prescribing penalties for failure to record such plans," which reads as follows:

Subdivision of lands and lots in building lots.

"Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That when any tract or piece of land within the limits of any county of this Commonwealth, which has been *within a period of ten years prior to the passage of this act* or shall be hereafter sub-divided into lots, *not exceeding in area fifteen (15 A) acres each*, and any lot which has been sold from the tract or piece of land so divided according to said plan of sub-division without said plan of sub-division having been recorded, it shall be the duty of the owner of said tract of land or the legal representatives thereof authorizing said plan of sub-division of such tract of

Section 1 of the act of May 28, 1895, cited for amendment.

land to be laid out, to record said plan of such sub-division in the office of the recorder of deeds, et cetera, in the proper county upon sixty days' notice to record the same from the recorder of deeds of the proper county, or any person having an interest in the said tract of land, given from time to time, *until said* plan of sub-division be duly recorded; and if such owner, or the legal representatives thereof, shall fail to cause said plan of sub-division of said tract of land, as aforesaid, to be recorded in the said office, such owner, or the legal representatives thereof, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars for each failure to record such plan of sub-division, without notice from time to time, as aforesaid. Said sum or sums to be recovered as debts of like amount are by the law recoverable at the suit of any party interested, or the recorder of deeds of the proper county, before any alderman or justice of the peace, in and for said county, in the name of and for the use of said county," be and the said section is hereby amended, enlarged and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

When lands are subdivided into lots.

Shall record plan of subdivision.

Owners failing to do so shall forfeit \$100.

How recoverable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That when any tract or piece of land within the limits of any county of this Commonwealth, which has been or shall be hereafter sub-divided into lots, and any lot which has been sold from the tract or piece of land so divided according to said plan of sub-division without said plan of sub-division having been recorded, it shall be the duty of the owner of said tract of land, or the legal representatives thereof, authorizing said plan of sub-division of such tract of land to be laid out, to record said plan of such sub-division in the office of the recorder of deeds, et cetera, in the proper county upon sixty days' notice to record the same from the recorder of deeds of the proper county, or any person having an interest in the said tract of land, given from time to time, plan of the sub-division described be duly recorded; and if such owner, or the legal representatives thereof, shall fail to cause said plan of sub-division of said tract of land, as aforesaid, to be recorded in the said office, such owner, or the legal representatives thereof, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars for each failure to record such plan of sub-division, without notice from time to time, as aforesaid. Said sum or sums to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable at the suit of any party interested, or the recorder of deeds of the proper county, before any alderman or justice of the peace, in and for said county, in the name of and for the use of said county.

Section 2. That section two of the said act which now reads as follows:

Section 2 of the act of May 28, 1895, cited for amendment.

"Section 2. That after notice has been served upon any owner, or the legal representatives thereof, to re-

cord any plan of sub-division of any tract of land, as aforesaid, said owner, or legal representatives thereof, may, within sixty days prescribed in said notice, present a petition to the court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth, under oath, that the plan of sub-division of the land required to be recorded as described in said notice is lost or destroyed; whereupon, said court shall order said petition filed and that no proceedings shall be begun to collect any penalty under the provisions of this act, and at the same time the said court shall further order that a plan of the sub-division described in said notice shall be made and filed in said court within a reasonable time to be fixed by said court. Upon the filing of said plan, said court shall refer the same to an examiner who will ascertain and report whether or not the plan of the sub-division of the said tract of land agrees in lines, courses and distances with the description contained in the deeds, or agreements, conveying title to parts of said tract of land conveyed previous to the petition being filed. If it appears from the examiner's report that such plan of sub-division and the description of the conveyances made from said tract of land agree, the court shall order the plan of the sub-division recorded in the recorder's office; if it shall appear that there are discrepancies between the lines, courses and distances appearing upon said plan of sub-division in the deeds conveying parts of the tract of land described, such discrepancies shall be marked upon plan as submitted, and said plan with the discrepancies marked upon the same shall be ordered recorded in the recorder's office, as aforesaid. The costs in all the cases of such procedure shall be borne by the owner, or legal representatives thereof, of any tract of land sub-divided into lots *not exceeding fifteen (15 A) acres in extent*, as aforesaid, said costs including a reasonable fee to the examiner to whom the plan of sub-division is referred for verification: Provided always, That the examiner in verifying the plan of the sub-division of said tract of land filed in court with the conveyances made of said tract of land or such parts of the same, shall confine himself to comparing the plan with the conveyances made by the owner of said tract of land, or the legal representatives thereof, in conveyances made of said tract of land or parts thereof, in the first instance," be amended and the same is hereby amended and re-enacted as follows:

Section 2. That after notice has been served upon any owner, or the legal representative thereof, to record any plan of sub-division of any tract of land, as aforesaid, said owner, or legal representatives thereof, may, within sixty days prescribed in said notice, present

Procedure when
plans are lost or
destroyed.

Duty of court. a petition to the court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth, under oath, that the plan of sub-division of the land required to be recorded as described in said notice is lost or destroyed; whereupon said court shall order said petition filed and that no proceedings shall be begun to collect any penalty under the provisions of this act, and at the same time the said court shall further order that a plan of the sub-division described in said notice shall be made and filed in said court within a reasonable time to be fixed by said court. Upon the filing of said plan, said court shall refer the same to an examiner who will ascertain and report whether or not the plan of the sub-division of the said tract of land agrees in lines, course and distance with the descriptions contained in the deeds, or agreements, conveying title to parts of said tract of land conveyed previous to the petition being filed. If it appears from the examiner's report that such plan of sub-division and the description of the conveyances made from said tract of land agree, the court shall order the plan of the sub-division recorded in the recorder's office; if it shall appear that there are discrepancies between the lines, courses and distances appearing upon said plan of sub-division in the deeds conveying parts of the tract of land described, such discrepancies shall be marked upon plan as submitted, and said plan with the discrepancies marked upon the same shall be ordered recorded in the recorder's office, as aforesaid.

Plans shall be filed in court.

And referred to an examiner.

Report of examiner.

Discrepancies must be marked on plan.

And recorded.

Costs shall be paid by the owner.

Proviso.

The cost in all the cases of such procedure shall be borne by the owner, or the legal representatives thereof, of any tract of land sub-divided into lots, as aforesaid, said costs including a reasonable fee to the examiner to whom the plan of sub-division is referred for verification: Provided always, That the examiner in verifying the plan of sub-division of said tract of land filed in court with the conveyances made of said tract of land, or such parts of the same, shall confine himself to comparing the plan with the conveyances made by the owner of said tract of land, or the legal representatives thereof, in conveyances made of said tract of land, or parts thereof, in the first instance.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 102.

AN ACT

Repealing so much of section one of an act, entitled "An act relative to the expense of maintaining children committed to the House of Refuge of Western Pennsylvania from the county of Lawrence," approved the seventeenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, as provides that in case the parents of any child committed shall not be of sufficient ability to pay the said expenses, then the poor district in which said child had its last legal settlement, and in case of no legal settlement the poor district in which such child resides immediately before it was committed, shall be liable to said county for said expenses.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of section one of an act, entitled "An act relative to the expense of maintaining children committed to the House of Refuge of Western Pennsylvania from the county of Lawrence," approved the seventeenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (being the latter part of said section), which is as follows: "And in case the parent or parents of such child shall not be of sufficient ability to pay said expense, then the poor district within which such child has a last legal settlement, and in case such child had no legal settlement in said county, then the poor district in which such child was resident immediately before such commission, shall be liable, by action of debt or assumpsit, to said county, for the amount paid by said county by reason thereof," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Portion of section 1 of act of April 17, 1869, cited for repeal.

Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 103.

AN ACT

To amend section thirteen of an act, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the thirtieth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to provide for the computation of the returns of the election of any officer of a district composed of two or more counties, or parts of two or more counties, other than a Representative or Senator of the State Legislature, or a Representative in Congress, or a Judge of the Courts, by return judges to be appointed by the courts of the counties comprising such district.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section thirteen of an act, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the thirtieth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which reads as follows:

Section 13 of the
act of January 30,
1874, cited for
amendment.

“Section 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate return shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally papers, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said sheet shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. At twelve o'clock on the said second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as is now required to be done by return judges; and the vote as so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. And in case the return of any election district shall be missing

when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law; and the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. Nothing in this act shall require the returns of election of township or borough officers to be made to the court as directed in this section; but all returns of the election of township and borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and shall, by some one of them, be delivered into his office within three days after every such election and filed therein. In counties where there are but three or more judges of said court learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the said judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election, and in such cases the other judge, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county, by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of the coun

ties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such three or more of the judges of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively, as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing and certifying said returns. When two or more counties are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties shall each appoint a return judge to meet at such time and place, as required by the law, to compute and certify the vote of such district. All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same, together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district, to hold any election which, by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein, before proceeding to hold such election," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Counting of
votes.

Returns.

Vote to be de-
clared from win-
dow, and state-
ment posted on
door.

As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by

each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. At twelve o'clock on the said second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as is now required to be done by return judges; and the vote as so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. And in case the returns of any election district shall be missing when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall, upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said

Who to take
charge of re-
turns.

To be delivered to
prothonotary.

Prothonotary to
present same to
court.

To be opened and
computed.

Certified, and
certificates is-
sued, and made
matter of record.

Cases where re-
turns are missing,
or fraud or mis-
take charged.

One return to be placed in box.

Returns for township and borough officers.

When two judges learned in the law to compute returns.

A judge not to act when a candidate.

When register of wills, sheriff and county commissioners to constitute board.

Returns, Philadelphia and Allegheny counties.

Cases where two or more counties, or parts thereof, compose a district.

court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law; and the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. Nothing in this act shall require the return of election of township or borough officers to be made to the court as directed in this section; but all returns of the election of township and borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and shall, by some one of them, be delivered into his office within three days after every such election and filed therein. In counties where there are three or more judges of said court learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the said judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election, and in such cases the other judges, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county, by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such three or more of the judges of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively, as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing and certifying said returns. When two or more counties, *or parts of two or more counties*, are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties, *or parts of counties, comprising the district*, shall each appoint a return judge, *resident within such district*, to meet *within seven days after the day of the election of such officer*, at such place as is required by law, *or if no place of meeting is designated by law, at such place within such district where the returns of the election of such officer shall, by law, be directed to be filed*, to

compute and certify the vote of such district, *and it shall be the duty of the return judges, in such case, to transmit to the person elected, as such officer's certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return.* All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe keeping of ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same, together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district, to hold any election which, by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein, before proceeding to hold such election.

Compensation of officers.

Where boxes to be deposited.

Not to be opened until morning of election and officers sworn.

Ballots and other papers therein to be destroyed.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 104.

AN ACT

To provide for the organization, discipline and regulation, of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the active militia of this Commonwealth shall be styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and shall be subject at all times to the orders of the officers thereof. In the event of a call being made by the President of the United States for this Commonwealth to furnish troops for the service of the United States, the National Guard

The National Guard.

of Pennsylvania shall be preferred and used in all cases in complying with such call.

Peace organiza-
tion.

Allotment and ap-
portionment to
be in the discre-
tion of the Com-
mander-in-Chief.

Generals of the
line.
Organization may
be increased in
case of war, etc.

Organization,
discipline, etc.,
to conform to
those of United
States army.

Changes and al-
terations.

Duplicate enlist-
ment papers.

Oath of allegiance
to United States.

Physical exam-
ination.

Surgeon's certifi-
cate.

Commander-in-
Chief and his
staff, with rank.

Section 2. In the time of peace the National Guard shall consist of not more than one hundred and eighty companies of infantry, five troops of cavalry, five batteries of artillery, four companies of engineers, and a signal corps of one company, fully armed, uniformed and equipped, to be allotted and apportioned in such localities of the State as the necessity of the service in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief may require, and organized in such divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions and unassigned companies, with power to make such alterations in the organization and arrangement thereof, from time to time, as he may deem necessary: Provided, That there shall not be more than one major general and five brigadier generals of the line. But the Commander-in-Chief shall have power in case of war, invasion, insurrection, riot, or imminent danger thereof, to increase the said force and organize the same as the exigencies of the occasion may require.

Section 3. The organization of the National Guard shall conform generally to the provisions of the laws of the United States, and the system of discipline, exercise, armament and equipment, shall conform as nearly as may be to those of the army of the United States; and the Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to make changes and alterations therein, but such modifications shall conform as nearly as practicable to said laws, system, discipline and exercises; and each non-commissioned officer and private shall at the time of enlisting sign two enlistment papers according to a form prescribed by the Adjutant General, which form shall embody within it an oath of allegiance to the United States, one copy of which shall be retained by the company commander, and one forwarded to and filed in the office of the Adjutant General, but before any recruit shall be enlisted, he shall be subjected to the requisite physical examination by a medical officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, or any surgeon or physician designated by the regimental or company commander, and the certificate of said medical officer, surgeon or physician, shall accompany said papers.

Section 4. The officers and non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall be as follows:

A Commander-in-Chief. The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall consist of one adjutant general, with the rank of brigadier general, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, with the consent of the Senate: one assistant adjutant general, with the rank of colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, upon the recommendation of the adjutant general: one inspector general and one judge advocate general, each with the rank of colonel, to be appointed by the Com-

mander-in-Chief; one quartermaster general, one commissary general of subsistence and one surgeon general, each with the rank of colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, with the consent of the Senate; one general inspector of rifle practice and one chief of ordnance, each with the rank of colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief; one assistant quartermaster general and one assistant commissary general of subsistence, each with the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, upon the recommendation of the quartermaster general and commissary general respectively; twelve aides-de-camp, each with the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief; and one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one ordnance sergeant, one chief musician and one color sergeant, each to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief.

Of the division, one major general to command the same, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, with the consent of the Senate. The staff of the division commander shall consist of one assistant adjutant general, one inspector, one judge advocate, one quartermaster, one commissary of subsistence, one ordnance officer and one inspector of rifle practice, each with the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be appointed by the major general, subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief; and one surgeon with the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, and assigned to duty from the medical department; three aides-de-camp, each with the rank of major, to be appointed by the major general, subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief; and one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one ordnance sergeant, one chief musician and one color sergeant, each to be appointed by the major general.

Major General
and his staff.

Of each brigade, one brigadier general to command the same, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, with the consent of the Senate. The staff of a brigade commander shall consist of one assistant adjutant general, one inspector, one judge advocate, one quartermaster, one commissary of subsistence, one ordnance officer, each with the rank of major, to be appointed by the brigadier general, subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief; and one surgeon, with the rank of major, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, and assigned to duty from the medical department; two aides-de-camp, each with the rank of captain, to be appointed by the brigadier general, subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief; and one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one ordnance sergeant, one chief musician

Brigadier General
and his staff.

and one color sergeant, each to be appointed by the brigadier general.

Infantry regimental officers.

Of each regiment of infantry, one colonel, one lieutenant colonel and not more than three majors, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of the majority of the commissioned officers of the companies of the respective regiments; one surgeon, with the rank of major, and two assistant surgeons, with the rank of first lieutenant, each to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief. and assigned to duty from the medical department; one chaplain, with the rank of captain, one adjutant (an extra captain), one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain), one regimental commissary (an extra first lieutenant), one regimental inspector of rifle practice (an extra first lieutenant), three battalion adjutants (extra first lieutenants), each to be appointed by the colonel, subject to the approval of the brigade commander; and one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one color sergeant, not more than three hospital stewards, one chief musician and three battalion sergeant majors, each to be appointed by the colonel.

Infantry company, officers and men.

Of every company of infantry, one captain, one first lieutenant and one second lieutenant, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective companies; one first sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, thirty-five privates minimum, forty-five privates maximum; the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the respective captains, approved by their regimental commander.

Battery of artillery, officers and men.

Of every battery of artillery, one captain, two first lieutenants and one second lieutenant, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective battery; one assistant surgeon, with the rank of first lieutenant, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief and assigned to duty from the medical department; one quartermaster (an extra second lieutenant), to be appointed by the captain, subject to the approval of the respective commanding officer; one first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, one stable and veterinary sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two artificers, one wagoner, and forty-six privates minimum, and fifty-six privates maximum; non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the respective captains, approved by their respective commanding officer.

Cavalry company, officers and men.

Of every troop of cavalry, one captain, one first lieutenant and one second lieutenant, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop; one assistant surgeon with the rank of first lieu-

tenant, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, and assigned to duty from the medical department; one quartermaster (an extra second lieutenant), to be appointed by the captain, subject to the approval of the respective commanding officer; one first sergeant, and one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, five sergeants, eight corporals, two trumpeters, two farriers or blacksmiths, one saddler, one wagoner, and twenty-eight privates minimum, thirty-eight privates maximum; the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the respective captains, and approved by their respective commanding officer.

Of every company of engineers, one captain, one first lieutenant and one second lieutenant, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company; one first sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, thirty-five privates minimum, forty-five privates maximum; the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the respective captains, and approved by their respective commanding officer.

Company of engineers, officers and men.

Of the signal corps of one company, one captain, one first lieutenant and one second lieutenant, each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the company; and one first sergeant, three sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and twenty-eight privates minimum, and thirty-two privates maximum; the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain, and approved by the commanding officer.

Signal corps, officers and men.

To every company there shall be one clerk, who shall be detailed for that duty from the company by the commanding officer thereof.

Company clerk.

For all the purposes of this act the word company, or companies, shall apply to, and include, the infantry, cavalry, artillery, engineer and signal corps forces.

The word "company" defined.

Company commanders shall each give bonds in the sum of two thousand dollars, lieutenants of companies each in the sum of one thousand dollars, to be approved by the Military Board, and the form to be prescribed by the Adjutant General, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of their office, and for the safe keeping and return of the property of the State, issued to them by the Adjutant General, or acquired by them by purchase from the annual allowances, when demand is made for same by the Adjutant General.

Company commanders to give bonds.

Section 5. There shall be an Inspector General's Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, to consist of the Inspector General, who shall be chief of the Inspector General's Department, and the inspectors on the staffs of the division and brigade commanders.

Inspector General's Department.

Section 6. There shall be a Judge Advocate General's Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania,

Judge Advocate General's Department.

to consist of the Judge Advocate General, who shall be chief of the Judge Advocate General's Department, and the judge advocates on the staffs of the division and brigade commanders.

Quartermaster
General's De-
partment.

Section 7. There shall be a Quartermaster's Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, to consist of the Quartermaster General, who shall be chief of the Quartermaster's Department, the assistant quartermaster general, and the quartermasters on the staffs of the division and brigade commanders.

Officers of quar-
termaster's de-
partment and
other quartermas-
ters to give bonds.

The officers of the Quartermaster's Department, and other quartermasters, before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, shall give bonds to the State, the same to be approved by the Commander-in-Chief, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of their office, as follows:

The Quartermaster General, in the sum of twenty thousand dollars;

The assistant quartermaster general, and quartermasters with the rank of lieutenant colonel, or major, in the sum of five thousand dollars;

Quartermasters with the rank of captain, in the sum of three thousand dollars; and,

Quartermasters with the rank of second lieutenant, in the sum of one thousand dollars.

Subsistence de-
partment.

Section 8. There shall be a Subsistence Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, to consist of the Commissary General of Subsistence, who shall be chief of the Subsistence Department, the assistant commissary general of subsistence, and the commissaries of subsistence on the staffs of the division and brigade commanders.

Officers of Sub-
sistence Depart-
ment to give
bonds.

The officers of the Subsistence Department, before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, shall give bonds to the State, the same to be approved by the Commander-in-Chief, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of their office as follows:

The commissary general of subsistence, in the sum of twenty thousand dollars; and,

The assistant commissary general of subsistence, and the division and brigade commissaries of subsistence, in the sum of five thousand dollars each.

Medical Depart-
ment.

Surgeon general
and additional of-
ficers.

Section 9. There shall be a Medical Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, to consist of the Surgeon General, who shall be chief of the Medical Department, and the following additional officers, to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief: One surgeon, with the rank of lieutenant colonel, not more than twenty surgeons with the rank of major, not more than forty assistant surgeons with the rank of first lieutenant: Provided, That assistant surgeons who have been assigned to duty and served with regiments of infantry, and are re-commissioned within six months from ex-

Proviso.

piration of former commission, shall be re-commissioned with the rank of captain. Application for admission to the Medical Department of the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall be made upon blank forms provided by the Surgeon General. Appointment of surgeons, and assistant surgeons, shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief, after the applicant has passed successfully such examination as to character, professional ability, and physical condition, as may be required by the Surgeon General, and he has been recommended by the Surgeon General.

Section 10. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of any troop of cavalry, battery of artillery, or company of infantry, organized prior to one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and since continuously maintained, to preserve their respective organizations, with their original vested or chartered rights, privileges and immunities, and said organizations shall be deemed legal organizations, in addition to the number of companies provided for in the second section of this act: Provided, That such organization shall be in all things subject to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and the provisions of this act not inconsistent therewith.

The right of companies, organized prior to 1861 and since maintained, to preserve respective organizations.

Proviso.

Section 11. Whenever an officer shall be re-commissioned in the same grade, or in a lower grade than that in which he has served, in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, within six months after the expiration of his commission, he shall take rank from the date given in his former commission: Provided, That when a commissioned officer has been in continuous service as such, service and commission in a higher grade shall not affect the continuity of rank, when such officer shall be re-commissioned in a lower grade in which he has previously served.

Rank of certain re-commissioned officers.

Proviso.

Section 12. When a company has neither commissioned nor non-commissioned officers, the commander of the regiment to which it belongs shall appoint suitable persons within said company to be non-commissioned officers thereof, and shall detail a suitable person to be clerk.

Appointment of non-commissioned officers when company has no officers.

Section 13. The appointment of non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall in all cases be made from the organizations to which they are attached, and the preference shall be given to men of military abilities and experience, who have been in active service in war, or been educated for the army. If it is shown that any officer of a company or regiment shall refuse or neglect to obey these requirements, his commission may for this cause be determined by the Commander-in-Chief.

Non-commissioned officers to be appointed from the organization.

Preference to be given veterans.

Penalty for refusal or neglect.

Section 14. All commissioned officers shall be commissioned by the Commander-in-Chief, according to the

Officers to be commissioned on returns made to the Adjutant General.

Non-commissioned officers' warrants.	respective offices and grades to which they shall be elected, or appointed, on returns of election, or certificates of appointment, made through the Adjutant General. Every non-commissioned officer's warrant shall be given and signed by the respective commanding officer.
Officers ordering elections may preside.	Section 15. Officers ordering elections may preside and conduct the same, or detail some officer of equal or superior rank to the office to be filled, but no candidate shall preside at an election, except to adjourn the meeting, if no proper officer appears to preside. At all elections such presiding officer shall keep a record of the proceedings and make return thereof to the Adjutant General through the proper military channels.
Candidates not to preside.	
Record to be kept.	Section 16. Ten days' notice of election shall be given, except when in annual camp, or in actual service, when at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given, unless such notice shall be waived by the Commander-in-Chief. The person who has a majority of the written, or printed votes, of the electors shall be deemed elected, and the presiding officer shall forthwith notify him of his election, and make return thereof: Provided, That a majority of the electors shall be present in uniform; but this provision may in special cases be waived by the Commander-in-Chief. Every person so elected and notified shall accept, if a field officer within ten days, or if a company officer within five days, otherwise he shall be taken to have refused. If before the meeting for the election of any officer is dissolved, the person chosen signifies to the presiding officer his refusal to accept the same, such refusal shall be recorded, and made part of the return, and the electors shall proceed to another election. Elections may be adjourned not exceeding twice, and each adjournment for a period not exceeding ten days. The roster of the regiment, or the proper roll of the company, as the case may be, shall be produced at such elections by the person having the legal custody thereof.
Notice of election to be given.	
Persons elected to be notified forthwith, and return made.	Section 17. No election of officers shall be ordered in a company hereafter organized, unless at least the prescribed minimum number of men have been enlisted therein; upon the enlistment of that number, and notification given to the Commander-in-Chief by one or more of the petitioners for the company, attested by the mayor of a city, or the commissioners of a county, an election of officers shall be ordered, and, if there is no officer of the National Guard conveniently located to preside at such an election, the Commander-in-Chief may issue an order for that purpose to one or more of the councilmen, mayor of the city, or commissioners of a county, where a majority of the petitioners reside.
Electors to be in uniform.	
Acceptance.	
New election.	
Adjournment.	
Roster to be produced at all elections.	
Election of company officers regulated.	

Section 18. When a commissioned officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania is elected, or appointed, to another office therein, and accepts the same, such acceptance shall vacate the office previously held, and in the case of an elective officer, shall constitute a part of the return of the presiding officer.

Acceptance of an office by a commissioned officer vacates prior office.

Section 19. When a person elected, or appointed, to an office, refuses to accept his commission, or qualify at the time of acceptance, the brigade commander shall certify the fact on the back thereof, and return it to the Adjutant General; and if the office is elective, a new election shall be ordered.

Acceptance to constitute part of return.

Refusal to accept to be certified on commission.

New election.

Section 20. No officer or soldier shall be arrested on civil process while going to, remaining at, or returning from, a place where he is ordered to attend for election of officers or military duty.

Exemption from arrest.

Section 21. Every commissioned officer, before he enters upon the duties of his office, or exercises any command, shall take and subscribe, before any person duly authorized to administer oaths, such oath or affirmation as may be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief, which shall not be inconsistent with the oath and declaration prescribed by the laws of the United States.

Commissioned officers to be sworn.

Section 22. The commissions of staff officers, appointed by a commanding officer, shall expire as soon as the successor of such commanding officer is commissioned and qualified.

Expiration of commissions of staff officers.

Section 23. General, field and commissioned staff officers, are hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in all matters appertaining to, or concerning the National Guard service; and commanding officers of companies are authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in the enlistment of recruits for their respective companies, but in no case shall any fee or compensation be charged therefor. Any person, who shall falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation so administered, shall, upon trial and conviction, be deemed guilty of perjury, and sentenced for such offense, as is now prescribed by law.

Certain officers empowered to administer oaths.

False swearing declared to be perjury.

Section 24. When a company is first enrolled, or from any cause is without officers, and an election of officers is ordered, if such company neglects or refuses to elect any officer, or if the persons elected shall not accept, the commander of the regiment, to which it belongs, shall detail some officer of the staff, or line, of the regiment, to command said company, until some officer is elected; such officer shall have the same power, and be subjected to the same liabilities, as if he were captain of such company.

Detail of commanding officers.

Section 25. The Commander-in-Chief may discharge a commissioned officer,—

When officers may be discharged by the Commander-in-Chief.

When such officer tenders his resignation;

When it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that he is unable, or unfit, to discharge the duties of his office, or to exercise proper authority over his inferior officers, or soldiers;

When he has been convicted of an infamous crime;

When, either before or after receiving his commission, he has removed his residence out of the bounds of his command to so great a distance, that it is inconvenient to perform the duties of his office;

When he has been absent from his command more than thirty days without leave;

Upon address of both houses of the Legislature to the Governor;

Upon sentence of a court martial, after trial according to law;

Upon recommendation of the brigade board of examination, as prescribed by section twenty-six;

Upon disbandment of an organization, as prescribed by section twenty-nine.

Brigade military board.

Duties.

When commissions may be vacated.

When vacancies may be filled or organization disbanded.

When division commander may constitute a military board.

Duties and powers.

Section 26. Every brigade commander of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and such of his regimental commanders as he may select, and one surgeon, to be selected by the brigade commander, shall constitute a military board or commission, whose duty it shall be to examine the capacity, qualifications, efficiency, and physical ability for active service, of every commissioned officer in his brigade, or who may hereafter be elected, or appointed, and upon report of said board, if adverse to said officer, and approved by the Commander-in-Chief, the commission of said officer shall be vacated, or denied, and a new election ordered, or new appointment made: Provided, always, That if any officer shall refuse to present himself, when directed, before such board, the Commander-in-Chief may, upon report of such refusal, declare his commission vacated, or refuse the same, and direct that a new election be held, or authorize an appointment, to fill the vacancy; and in case any company shall neglect, within thirty days after the finding of such board, approved by the Commander-in-Chief, to elect a suitable officer, the Commander-in-Chief may assign a suitable officer to fill the vacancy in such organization, or disband the same, in his descretion.

When one or more companies, or battalions, shall report directly to the division commander, he shall constitute a military board or commission, of not exceeding five officers, of which he may be one, whose duties and powers shall be, to all intents and purposes, similar to those prescribed for the brigade board or commission, and any officer in commission, or hereafter to be elected or appointed, in such companies or battalions, shall report to such board or commission, for

examination; and on failure so to report, or to pass such examination, the commission of such officers shall be vacated, or denied, at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief, and a new election or appointment shall be ordered, or the said division commander may order such officer before the brigade board, with like effect as if he were in, or attached to the brigade.

Section 27. The term of every commissioned officer shall be for five years, unless his commission shall be otherwise lawfully determined and annulled: Provided, That all commissions in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof, subject to determination by resignation or by the provisions of sections twenty-two and twenty-five of this act. Every enlisted man shall serve for the period of three years, unless sooner discharged for disability, which incapacitates him to perform his duty, or for other sufficient cause: Provided, That all enlistments in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof, subject to the provisions of sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this act.

Section 28. The company commander, upon the approval, may, and upon the order of his superior commanding officer, shall, discharge any enlisted men of his company; and all commanding officers may discharge their non-commissioned staff officers; the certificate of discharge by such company, or other commanding officer, shall in all cases be good, sufficient and valid.

Section 29. If it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that a company of the National Guard has failed to comply with the requirements of the law in matters of uniform, equipment, discipline or efficiency, so that it is incapacitated to discharge the duties required of it, such company may be disbanded by the Commander-in-Chief, and the Commander-in-Chief may disband any company, if in his judgment the interests of the service demand it.

Section 30. The Adjutant General shall hold office for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, but he may be removed at any time by the Commander-in-Chief.

He shall have the custody of all books, accounts and property of the State, used by or pertaining to the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and shall be required to give security in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, for the faithful performance of his official duties.

He shall distribute all orders from the Commander-in-Chief, shall obey all orders relative to carrying into execution and perfecting any system of military discipline

Term of commissioned officers.

Proviso.

Term of enlisted men.

Proviso.

Discharge of enlisted men.

Certificate.

When companies may be disbanded.

Term of office of Adjutant General.

To have custody of all books, accounts and property, and to give security.

Duties of the Adjutant General.

established by law, shall be in attendance when the Commander-in-Chief reviews the National Guard, and perform such other military duties as the Commander-in-Chief shall direct.

To furnish blank forms, etc., to National Guard.

To lay abstracts of reports before Commander-in-Chief.

To make annual reports in duplicate. Form.

One copy for the Commander-in-Chief and one for the President.

Annually account to the Auditor General.

He may employ required clerical force; he shall pay the troops by warrants.

Officers of the General, staff, etc., may be ordered upon special duty.

Compensation under such orders.

Annual encampments.

Transportation, subsistence and a per diem pay.

Special inspection.

Transportation.

He shall furnish to the National Guard blank forms of rolls and of the different returns that may be required, and shall also make proper abstracts from the returns and reports of the commanding officers of the division and brigades, and lay the same annually before the Commander-in-Chief.

He shall, annually, make a return in duplicate of the militia of the State, with their arms, accoutrements and ammunition, according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War of the United States, one copy of which he shall deliver to the Commander-in-Chief, and transmit the other to the Secretary of War, on or before the first Monday in February.

He shall, annually, in December, lay before the Auditor General an account with vouchers of his expenditures as Adjutant General.

He may, with the consent of the Commander-in-Chief, employ such clerical and other force, as may be required in his Department, who shall be paid such rates of compensation as may be deemed just and proper; he shall pay the troops, and all other expenses authorized by this act, by warrants drawn by him upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, payable out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 31. Officers of the general, staff, or staff corps, upon the respective staffs of the Commander-in-Chief, Major General and the brigade commanders, may be ordered upon special duty, upon the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief, and shall receive the pay of their respective ranks during the time they may continue upon duty under such order.

Section 32. The encampments of the National Guard shall be held annually, beginning with the year nineteen hundred, at such times, places, and for such periods, as the Commander-in-Chief may direct, not to exceed fourteen days in any one year, and during such encampments there shall be made by the Adjutant General, or under his direction by the Inspector General, an inspection of the troops. For services during such encampment, the troops shall be entitled to the necessary transportation and subsistence, and a per diem pay as prescribed by section forty, which shall be paid upon vouchers approved by the Military Board, and warrants drawn by the Adjutant General. In addition to the inspection above provided for, other such inspections of the troops shall be made under the direction of the Adjutant General, or Inspector General, as may be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief.

Section 33. Transportation will be furnished to offi-

cers of the National Guard for attendance upon court-martial boards of examination, and such other necessary service, as the law may require of said officers, orders for which shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief, division, or brigade commanders, and the necessary expenses, lawfully incurred, shall be audited and paid upon proper vouchers by the military board.

Necessary expenses.

Section 34. Each military company, duly organized, and found by the military board, on examination of the rolls and reports returned by the inspecting officer, to be fully up to the standard of numbers, drill, discipline, and efficiency, shall receive the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, and each artillery and cavalry company, upon like conditions, the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, the same to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant General to the order of the respective company commanders, but it shall be the duty of the Adjutant General, before paying any of the said allowance in money, to purchase and issue to regimental quartermasters, for regimental headquarters, or to captains of companies, for each enlisted man, not already provided therewith, of said regiments and companies, a cap, blouse, and trousers, of the United States Army fatigue pattern, and overcoat, woolen and rubber blankets, knapsack or clothing bag, haversack and canteen, campaign hat and leggings, which shall be the regulation uniform of the National Guard, and the cost of said clothing and equipments shall be deducted from the annual allowance of said regimental headquarters and companies, and the balance, if any, paid and disbursed as hereinbefore provided. Provided, That any regiment, battalion, or unassigned company, may, at its own expense, provide itself with other uniforms of such style and pattern as a majority of its officers may select, and the Commander-in-Chief approve, which uniforms shall be the property of said regiment, battalion, or companies, or the individuals thereof, but the State uniform must be worn at all inspections provided by this act, and when the troops are called into actual service by the Commander-in-Chief. No portion of any allowance appropriated by the State shall be expended in procuring special or dress uniforms, or in repairing or caring for the same. The annual allowances received by the several infantry, cavalry, artillery, engineer, and signal corps companies, shall be used and expended solely for military purposes, and for the use and benefit of the said several organizations.

State appropriation.

How payable.

Adjutant General to see that enlisted men are properly uniformed before paying the allowance.

Cost to be deducted.

Other uniforms may be provided.

But the State uniform must be worn at all inspections, etc.

Allowance to be used solely for military purposes.

State Military Board; how composed.

To audit and adjust all military claims.

Section 35. The State Military Board shall be composed of the Adjutant General, Auditor General and State Treasurer, who shall meet at such times as the Commander-in-Chief may direct. They shall audit and adjust all military claims incident to the organization, discipline, and maintenance of the National Guard, and

Claims to be paid
on approval by
Board.

which, on the approval of said board endorsed thereon, shall be paid as hereinbefore provided.

Bills to be item-
ized and sworn
to.

Section 36. No bill or allowance, authorized by the provisions of this act, shall be approved by the Military Board, and paid by the State Treasurer, unless the said bill or allowance is itemized, and its correctness duly sworn to, or affirmed, before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths or affirmations.

Appropriation for
rent of armories.

Section 37. Each company of the National Guard, its vouchers therefor being duly passed and approved by the State Military Board, in addition to its appropriation under section thirty-four, shall, if entitled thereto, receive a warrant from the Adjutant General to the order of its commanding officer, drawn upon the State Treasurer, for the sum of two hundred dollars, to be devoted and applied to the payment of armory rent only.

Additional appro-
priation to artil-
lery batteries and
cavalry troops.

Section 38. In addition to one thousand dollars, appropriated to each troop of cavalry, and each battery of artillery, properly manned, mounted and equipped, and obeying the requirements of the law, each battery of artillery shall receive two dollars per diem per horse, for every horse necessary for horsing said battery, for all parades and services authorized by the Commander-in-Chief, and for like parades and services, each troop of cavalry, upon like conditions, shall receive two dollars per diem for horse allowance, for each enlisted man present for duty with a horse on such occasions; and all mounted officers shall receive two dollars per diem per horse, for all such horses as may be necessary for parades and services authorized by the Commander-in-Chief. The bills for the same, with the necessary vouchers, approved by the proper brigade and division commanders, shall be forwarded to the military board, and when approved by them, warrants shall be drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer for the respective amounts, in favor of the respective commanding officers, in the manner prescribed by law.

Bills to be ap-
proved.

Headquarters ex-
penses.

Section 39. The necessary military expenses of general, division, brigade, and regimental headquarters, including clerk hire, and other actual outlays, shall be paid by warrants, drawn by the Adjutant General, on the usual lawful vouchers, to that effect, duly sworn or affirmed to by the commanding officer, or the officer charged with the payment of such expenses, such expenses in no event to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum for the division, six hundred dollars for each brigade, four hundred dollars for each regiment, and one hundred and fifty dollars for each battalion not a part of a regiment.

How to be paid.

Expense limited.

Pay of the Guard
when in actual
service.

Section 40. When the National Guard shall be in actual service, its commissioned officers shall be paid the same as the officers of like grade in the regular

army of the United States; non-commissioned staff officers and first sergeants three dollars per day, sergeants two dollars per day, corporals one dollar and seventy-five cents per day, privates one dollar and fifty cents per day, and musicians in the brigade band, excepting the leader, two dollars per day, and each enlisted man, except musicians in the brigade band, after having served a full term of enlistment, shall be entitled to the additional pay of twenty-five cents per day for his second and third terms of consecutive enlistment, and the said payments shall be made on the pay rolls, prepared in such form as the Adjutant General shall direct, upon warrants drawn by the Governor direct upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the necessary subsistence and quartermaster stores, and transportation for the troops, in actual service, may be contracted for by the proper department officers, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, and paid for in like manner.

Section 41. Any member of the National Guard, who shall embezzle, misapply, or retain in his possession without authority, any moneys received by him for disbursement, shall be guilty of a felony, and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county, on complaint being made, to prosecute such offender in any court of competent jurisdiction, and to collect any penalty imposed, and pay the same into the State Treasury.

Section 42. If any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is wounded, or otherwise disabled, or is killed, or dies of wounds received while doing duty in actual service, he, his widow, or children, shall receive from the Commonwealth just and reasonable relief.

Section 43. The Adjutant General shall provide for, and issue to the National Guard, for rifle and artillery practice, such ammunition as may be necessary for the efficiency of the service, and he shall provide fully such conveniences of rifle practice for the National Guard, as shall be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief, to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant General, upon submission of proper vouchers, approved by the Military Board.

Section 44. Commissioned officers, who shall have served as such for a continuous period of ten years, or who may have served fifteen years in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, since the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, may, upon their application, be placed upon the retired list: Provided, however, That service in the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States, during the war for the suppression of the rebellion, or the war with Spain, shall be

Additional pay on re-enlistment.

Payments, how made.

Subsistence, transportation, etc., how contracted for and paid.

Embezzling or misapplying moneys declared to be a felony.

Duty of district attorney.

Relief in case of injury or death.

Ammunition and conveniences for rifle practice.

Retired officers.

Service in the army or navy of the United States

Relieved from active service.

Subject to such duty as may be assigned.

Company officers to render as directed, itemized accounts of disbursements, etc.

Title of armories purchased or erected with State appropriation.

Adjutant General to purchase books, manuals, etc., and supply all officers therewith.

Commanding officers empowered to impose penalties for disobedience, etc.

Arrest interlopers, etc.

Prohibit sale of spirituous liquors.

And abate nuisances.

computed as of twice its actual length, and, as so computed, shall be included as part of the fifteen years. The Commander-in-Chief shall have power to relieve from active service, and place upon the retired list, any officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, who may have served continuously in any one grade for fifteen years. Officers on the retired list shall be subject to such duty, other than the command of troops, as may be assigned them by the Commander-in-Chief, and, at the expiration of their commission, may, upon application to the Adjutant General, be recommissioned by the Commander-in-Chief, in the same grade and as of the retired list.

Section 45. The commanding officer of each infantry, cavalry, artillery, engineer, and signal corps companies, shall, at such time as the Commander-in-Chief may direct, make a return to the Adjutant General, containing an itemized account and statement, of all disbursements of the money appropriated during the preceding year to said company, which account and statement shall be verified by the proper original vouchers for such disbursements.

Section 46. No part of the annual appropriation paid under this act to the several infantry, cavalry, artillery, engineer, and signal corps companies, shall be used in the purchase, erection, or construction of any armory, unless the title thereof be vested in the Commonwealth.

Section 47. The Adjutant General shall purchase, at the expense of the Commonwealth, under the direction of the Military Board, to be paid for upon warrants drawn by the Governor upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, out of moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and supply to all officers of the National Guard, copies of drill regulations, prescribed for the use of the United States army, manual of rifle practice, and such manuals of service, and such other forms and books and papers of record, as the Commander-in-Chief may designate.

Section 48. The commanding officer of any troops under arms may cause them to perform any military duty he shall require, and also to put under arrest, any officer, non-commissioned officer, musician, or private who shall disobey the orders of his superior officer, also any person, or persons, who shall trespass on parade, or camp grounds, or in any way or manner, interrupt or molest the orderly discharge of duty of those under arms, and also may prohibit, and prevent the sale of spirituous liquors (except by licensed houses), within one mile of such parade grounds or encampment, and also, in his discretion, all hucksters, or auction sales, or gambling, may be abated as a nuisance.

Section 49. There shall be enlisted, and attached to each brigade, a military band of not less than twenty, nor more than thirty-five musicians, who shall be entitled to receive from the State, subject to the provisions of section thirty-four, an annual allowance, and an amount for armory rent, equal to the amount given to a company of infantry, to be paid by warrant drawn in favor of the brigade quartermaster. The leader of said band shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and allowance, of a first lieutenant, and shall furnish bond in form to be prescribed by the Adjutant General, and to be approved by the State Military Board, in the sum of one thousand dollars, for the safe keeping and proper return, when required by the Adjutant General, of all State property in his possession. The said band shall be subject to the orders of the brigade commander, who may discharge and recruit said band, at his discretion. The duties of the brigade band shall be to furnish music for the troops at the encampments required by law, and upon such other military occasions as the brigade commander may direct.

Military band to be attached to each brigade.

Annual allowance, armory rent, etc.

Rank and pay of leader.

To give bond.

Band to be subject to orders of brigade commander.

Duties of bands.

Section 50. Every uniformed company of the National Guard may form by-laws, rules and regulations, with the approval of the Major General, not inconsistent with the laws of this State, for the government and improvement of its members in military science and discipline, and when approved by two-thirds of all the members belonging to any such company, and the Major General, such by-laws, rules and regulations, shall be binding, but the same may, upon like approval, be altered from time to time as may become necessary.

Company by-laws, rules and regulations.

When effective.

Alterations.

Section 51. When an invasion of, or insurrection in the State is made, or threatened, or a tumult, riot or mob, shall exist, the Commander-in-Chief shall call upon the National Guard, and he may, at his discretion, order any number of men of the enrolled militia to be drafted, and may detail or commission officers to organize the forces.

When National Guard may be called out.

Enrolled militia.

Section 52. Every officer and soldier shall hold his uniform, arms, ammunition and accoutrements, required by law, free from all suits, distresses, executions or sales, for debt, or payment of taxes.

Uniforms, arms, etc., exempt from levy and sale.

Section 53. The Adjutant General may, under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief, make such disposition of the arms, accoutrements, ammunition, and all other military property belonging to the Commonwealth, as will most effectually subserve its military interests or necessities. He shall distribute to the officers, regiments, battalions, and companies of the National Guard, the arms, furniture, equipments, camp equipage, and books required by law, to be furnished at public expense, and may sue, either in contract or

Military property to be furnished by the Adjutant General.

May sue for loss or damage.

Field pieces and
artillery equip-
ments.

tort, any or all such officers, for loss or damage sustained in articles so furnished. He may permit the field pieces and artillery equipments, now in the possession of any city or county, so to remain, so long as they provide suitable places of deposit therefor, and keep them in good condition without expense to the Commonwealth.

Sale or exchange
of military stores.

Section 54. The Adjutant General may, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief, sell or exchange, from time to time, such military stores belonging to the State, as are found unserviceable, or in state of decay, or which it may be deemed for the interest of the State to sell or exchange.

Flags and stand-
ards.

Section 55. The Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to procure and issue, from time to time, to the National Guard, such flags, standards and guidons, as may be necessary, which as far as practicable shall be similar in style to those of the United States Army, and which shall be paid for by the warrant of the Governor, drawn direct on the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Style.

Use of arms and
equipments.

Section 56. Every arm, uniform or equipment, issued by the State, shall be used only in the discharge of military duty, and any non-commissioned officer, or private, who shall wilfully, or wantonly, injure or destroy any uniform, arm or equipment, or other military property, belonging to the State, or refuse to make good such injury or loss, or who shall sell, dispose of, secrete or remove the same, or who shall fail, within ten days after being notified by his commanding officer, to return the same to the State, or his commanding officer, shall be tried by court-martial, and, if convicted, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or in default of payment of the same, undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days.

Damage to or
sale of.

Trial by court-
martial.

Penalty.

Purchase of mili-
tary equipments
and stores a mis-
demeanor.

Section 57. If any person shall knowingly, and wilfully, purchase or receive, in pawn or pledge, any arm, accoutrement, article of military clothing, equipment, tent or fly, or any quartermaster or ordnance stores, the property of the State of Pennsylvania, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, being, convicted thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of the proper county, shall be sentenced to an imprisonment, not exceeding one year, and a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars.

Penalty.

Additional ex-
emptions from
military duty.

Section 58. In addition to exemptions now allowed by law, any person, who shall have performed duty in any military organization of the National Guard of the State, for the period of nine years, or, who enlisted for nine months, or a longer period, in active service of the United States, and was honorably discharged, shall be exempt from further military service, except in case

of war, invasion or insurrection, and from serving as a juror, if he so desires.

Jury service.

Section 59. No civil process shall issue, or be enforced against any person mustered into the service of this State, or of the United States, during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders, nor until thirty days after he shall have been relieved therefrom. Provided, That the operation of all statutes of limitations and presumptions, arising from lapse of time, shall be suspended upon all claims against such person during such term.

Civil process not to issue during active service.

Proviso.

Section 60. The Commander-in-Chief may, at his discretion, appoint and commission an officer with the relative naval rank of captain, who shall be, during his commission, a member of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief, and who shall, under the direction of the Adjutant General, perform such duties in connection with the Naval Force of Pennsylvania as may be assigned him.

An officer with the relative naval rank of captain.

Duties of.

Section 61. In the settlement and payment of any bills, the Adjutant General shall require, except for incidental expenses, or when it may be impracticable, an affidavit taken before a proper officer of this Commonwealth to the following effect, namely:

Settlement and payment of bills.

City or county of: ss. Personally appeared before me, in and for the said city or county,, of the firm of, who having been according to law, said that the above account is correct, that the articles therein charged were furnished to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the order of, and that the prices charged for the same are not more than the actual wholesale cash prices charged for goods of like quality to other customers, and that no commission, abatement or allowance, whatever, has been, or is to be given, to any person concerned in the ordering or purchasing of said articles, or any other person whomsoever, and that the said articles are of the quality, size and quantity, mentioned in the said account. and subscribed before me this day of, one thousand eight hundred and

Form of affidavit.

Every account, before payment, shall be approved by the officer ordering the purchase, showing that the same is correct as to price, that the articles were furnished on his order, and supplied as charged. Provided, That any person, who shall be convicted before any court of record in this Commonwealth of wilful perjury under the provisions of this section, shall suffer, in addition to the penalties now provided by the laws of this Commonwealth against perjury, the forfeiture of the whole amount of the articles falsely

Accounts to be approved.

Convictions of perjury under this act.

Additional penalties.

charged for, one-half of which amount shall go to the person or persons who shall give information and shall prosecute such charge to conviction, and the other half shall be paid into the treasury of the Commonwealth.

When courts of inquiry may be instituted.

Section 62. Courts of inquiry may be instituted by the Commander-in-Chief, or the commanding officer of the division, in relation to those officers for whose trial they are authorized to appoint court-martial, for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer, either upon his own solicitation, or upon complaint or charge of improper conduct degrading the character of an officer, or for the purpose of settling rank; but no court of inquiry shall consist of more than one officer, who may, if approved of by the officer ordering the court of inquiry, require an officer to act as recorder, to attend such court in taking testimony, and in investigating any complaint that may come before such court of inquiry. Such court of inquiry shall without delay report a statement of facts, and, when required, an opinion thereon, to the officer instituting such court, who may, in his discretion, thereupon appoint a court-martial, for the trial of the officer, whose conduct shall have been inquired into.

How composed.

Courts-martial for trial of general officers.

Section 63. Every court-martial, for the trial of general officers and officers on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief, shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief, and shall consist of seven officers, any five of whom shall constitute a quorum.

Quorum.

General courts-martial for trial of other commissioned officers.

Section 64. General courts martial, for the trial of all other commissioned officers, shall be ordered by the division commander, and shall consist of seven officers, any five of whom shall constitute a quorum.

Quorum.

General courts-martial for trial of enlisted men.

Section 65. General courts-martial for the trial of enlisted men of companies and battalions, which report directly to the division commander, shall be ordered by him, and for the trial of enlisted men of the brigade, shall be ordered by the brigade commander, and shall consist of five officers, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum.

Quorum.

A summary court-martial.

Section 66. A summary court-martial, for the trial of enlisted men belonging to any regiment, shall be ordered by the regimental commander, and shall consist of a field officer or captain in such regiment.

Unassigned company court-martial.

Section 67. An unassigned company court-martial, for the trial of enlisted men belonging to unassigned companies of infantry, troops of cavalry, or batteries of artillery, shall be ordered by the brigade commander, and shall consist of one officer of the rank of a field officer, or captain.

Vacancies; how supplied.

Section 68. The officer ordering each court may at any time supply a vacancy, that from any cause may happen therein, but the member filling such vacancy shall not sit or participate in the trial of a case commenced before he has qualified.

Section 69. The jurisdiction of general courts-martial shall extend to, and include the trial of all offenses against military law, order or discipline. Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments, namely, reprimand, forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances, a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after final approval, imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, suspension of officers from rank, dishonorable discharge from the service, and in the case of non-commissioned officers, their reduction to the ranks.

Jurisdiction of general courts-martial.
Sentences.

Section 70. The jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company court-martial shall extend to, and include the trial of all infractions of duly approved company by-laws, and to non-attendance at drills, abuse or neglect of arms or clothing, and other minor offenses against military discipline. Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments, namely, dishonorable discharge, reduction to the ranks of non-commissioned officers, reprimand, forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances, and a fine not exceeding twenty dollars, or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after a final approval, imprisonment not exceeding five days.

Jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company courts-martial.

Sentences.

Section 71. The jurisdiction and procedure of all courts-martial in times of war, insurrection, invasion, rebellion or riot, and when the National Guard shall be called into the service of the United States, or the active service of this Commonwealth, shall be extended to the trial of all offenses, with similar punishments as are then prescribed for like courts in the army of the United States.

Jurisdiction and procedure of all courts-martial in times of war, etc.

Offenses and punishments.

Section 72. No officer or enlisted man under arrest shall be brought to trial before a general court-martial, unless the officer convening the court-martial shall have ordered the same within thirty days after such arrest, nor until ten days after a copy of the order convening the court, and of the charges and specifications, shall have been delivered to the accused, or left at his usual or last known place of abode.

Courts-martial must be held within 30 days after the arrest.

Copy of charges and specifications for the accused.

Section 73. There shall be a judge advocate commissioned, or specially detailed, for every general court-martial, who shall after all challenges, if any shall have been determined, administer to each member of the court-martial the following oath (or affirmation):

The Judge Advocate.

“You swear (or affirm), that you will well and truly try and determine, according to the evidence, all matters and issues between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and any person or persons, who shall come before this court-martial; and that you will not divulge the findings or sentence of the court, to any but the proper authority, until it shall be disclosed

Oath of members.

by the same; and that you will not disclose, or discover, the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness by a court of justice in due course of law."

Judge Advocate
to be sworn.

Section 74. When all the members of a general court-martial shall have been duly sworn (or affirmed), the president of the court-martial shall administer to the judge advocate the following oath (or affirmation):

Oath.

"You do swear (or affirm), that you will not divulge the finding or sentence of the court, to any but the proper authority, until it shall be duly disclosed by the same; and that you will not disclose, or discover, the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness by a court of justice in due course of law."

Approval of pro-
ceedings and sen-
tence.

Section 75. The proceedings and sentence of every court-martial shall without delay be delivered to the officer ordering the court, who shall approve or disapprove thereof, within fifteen days thereafter, and shall give notice of his approval or disapproval, to the president or officer of such court-martial, to the arresting officer, and to the accused; and he may at his discretion publish the sentence, as approved or disapproved, in orders, but no part of such sentence shall be published, or executed, until after the time allowed for appeals has expired; and he shall also forward such proceedings and sentences, and his approval or disapproval thereof, to the Adjutant General for such disposition as may be deemed proper.

Publication of

Proceedings to be
transmitted to
the Adjutant
General.

Appeals from
court-martial to
Commander-in-
Chief.

Section 76. An appeal from the approved finding, or sentence of a general court-martial, may be made to the Commander-in-Chief, within twenty days after the decision appealed from shall have been made known to the person appealing, and shall operate as a stay of execution of sentence, until the dismissal of such appeal.

Stay of execution.

Collection of
fines imposed by
court-martial.

Section 77. The president of such court-martial, or the officer of a summary battalion or unassigned company court-martial, shall issue his warrant, for the collection of all fines imposed by said court-martial, to the sheriff or any constable of the county in which the court was held, or in which the delinquent resides, whose duty it shall be to collect all fines provided for by this act, in the same manner as he is authorized to collect debts on civil process, and make his return to the president of the said court, or to the officer of the said summary battalion or unassigned company court-martial, or within twenty days certify to the said president, or officer, that there is no property of the defendant out of which said moneys can be made. Upon such return of "no goods," the said president, or officer of the court, shall issue his warrant of commitment of such delinquent to the proper jail of the county, directed to

In default of pay-
ment warrant of
commitment to
issue.

such sheriff or constable, who shall forthwith execute said warrant, and make proper return of the same to the court.

Section 78. The keepers and wardens of all county jails are required to receive and confine all military offenders, when delivered by such sheriff or constable, under the proper certificate of commitment of a general, or summary battalion or unassigned company court-martial, for and during the term of sentence as set forth in said commitment.

Keepers of county jails to receive and confine all military offenders.

Section 79. The senior officer present shall be the president of the court, and all the members of such court shall, when on duty, be in uniform; and the president, or officer of the court, may detail one or more marshals, whose duty it shall be to summon all delinquents, and parties accused, and subpoena all witnesses, to appear before the court at the properly designated time and place.

Senior officer to be president of court, whose members are to be in uniform.

Section 80. After return of a summons by a marshal, and certifying service of the same on the accused, and upon default of appearance of such accused, at the time and place designated for trial, the president, or the officer of the court, shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the delinquent, directed to the sheriff or to a constable of the county, who shall forthwith execute said warrant, and make proper return thereof to said court, and produce to the said court the body of the accused, if within said county, and retain the custody thereof, until the conclusion of the trial, unless sooner discharged by order of the court.

Proceedings after return of summons and upon default of appearance.

Section 81. The president, or officer of every court-martial, and every court of inquiry, both before and after he has been sworn, shall issue subpoenas for all witnesses, whose attendance at such court may, in his opinion, be necessary in behalf of the Commonwealth, and also on application for all witnesses in behalf of the accused, or person returned as delinquent.

By whom and when subpoenas may be issued.

Section 82. The president, or officer of every court martial, or court of inquiry, shall have power to administer the usual oath to witnesses, and shall have the same power to compel attending witnesses to be sworn and testify, and to preserve order, as courts of common law jurisdiction; and all sheriffs, jailers and constables, are hereby required to execute any precept or process, issued by such president, or officer of the court, for that purpose.

Power to administer oaths, etc.

Section 83. Every witness not appearing in obedience to such subpoena when duly served, and not having a sufficient or reasonable excuse, shall forfeit to the Commonwealth, a sum not less than ten, nor more than fifty dollars, for each default; and the president, or officer of such court, shall, from time to time, report to the district attorney, the names of such

Sheriffs, etc., to execute precepts, etc.

Penalty for disobeying subpoenas.

Report to be made to district attorney.

delinquent witnesses, together with the names and places of residence of the persons serving such subpoena, the better to enable him to prosecute for such forfeiture.

Section 84. Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of any court-martial, or court of inquiry, by proof made before such court, that any person, duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness before said court, shall have refused, or neglected, without just cause, to attend as such witnesses, in conformity to such subpoena, and the party in whose behalf such witness shall have been subpoenaed shall make oath that the testimony of such witness is material, such court, or the president or officer thereof, shall have power to issue an attachment to compel the attendance of such witness.

Attachments to compel attendance may be issued.

Execution of attachment.

Section 85. Every such attachment shall be executed in the same manner as a warrant, and by the sheriff or a constable of the county; and the fees for serving the same shall be paid by the person against whom the same shall have been issued, unless he shall show reasonable cause, to the satisfaction of such court, for his omission to attend, in which case the party requiring such attachment shall pay the costs—such costs shall be ascertained by the court, which may thereupon issue an execution for the collection against the person liable to pay the same, and which may be collected as other executions are collected by said sheriff or constable.

Fees or costs.

How collected.

Fines and penalties to be paid into State treasury.

Neglect or refusal to execute process or pay over fines, to be a misdemeanor.

Section 86. All fines and penalties, imposed and collected through the sentences of courts-martial, shall be forwarded to the Adjutant General, and by him paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth; and the neglect or refusal of any marshal, sheriff, constable or jail warden, to execute any process, or to make proper return of all fines and penalties collected, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and shall subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district attorney, and to a penalty, upon conviction of each offense, of one hundred dollars, to the use of the Commonwealth.

Penalty.

Failure to perform duty subjects offender to trial by general court-martial.

Section 87. Any officer, or soldier, failing to appear upon any occasion of duty, to which he shall be ordered by his proper commanding officer, shall be subject to a trial by a court-martial, and upon conviction, failing to render good and sufficient cause therefor, he shall be sentenced to pay such fine, or undergo such other lawful punishment, as such court-martial may direct.

Penalty.

Officers under arrest to be suspended.

Resignations under charges.

Section 88. Officers under arrest shall be suspended from exercising the duties of office, and resignations tendered under charges, when forwarded by any commander, will always be accompanied by a copy of the charges, or in the absence of written charges, by a report of the case for the information of the Commander-in-Chief.

Forms, etc., in all courts-martial.

Section 89. The forms, practice and procedure, in all

courts-martial, and courts of inquiry, shall, except as herein otherwise prescribed, be adopted and conducted, as in similar tribunals in the United States Army, unless altered, amended or modified, from time to time, by orders from the Commander-in-Chief.

Section 90. Judge advocates and members of courts-martial, and courts of inquiry, and their marshals, shall be allowed per diem pay as per military rank, for time actually employed in the duties assigned them. Transportation shall be furnished them, as well as to all prosecutors, prisoners, witnesses, marshals, sheriffs, and constables, to and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said courts. The per diem pay of military, and civilian witnesses, shall be the same as in civil courts of law. The fees of sheriffs, and constables, for serving the processes provided for in this act, shall be the same prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature, and shall be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the National Guard.

Compensation of members of courts-martial.

Transportation.

Fees of sheriffs, etc.

Section 91. Copies of this act, and all subsequent laws of the Commonwealth relating to the National Guard, shall be collected from time to time, codified and published by the Adjutant General, and known as "The Military Code of Pennsylvania."

"The Military Code of Pennsylvania" to be published by the Adjutant General.

Section 92. All acts, or parts of acts, inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 105.

AN ACT

Authorizing the orphans' courts of the Commonwealth to decide specific performance of written contracts, and also parol contracts when so far executed that it would be inequitable to rescind, for the sale of real estate, where the vendor has died without conveying, and in cases where the vendee has died without having paid the purchase money, and authorizing the recording of the decrees in such cases in the counties where the real estate lies.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That where any person shall have, by contract in writing, agreed to sell and convey any real estate in this Commonwealth and died seized or possessed thereof, or where any person shall have purchased, in writing, any real estate in this Commonwealth and died without paying the purchase money therefor, it shall be lawful in all such cases for the executor or administrator of the decedent vendor, or for the vendor when the purchaser may have died, or for the purchaser of such real estate, or, where he

Orphans' courts to have power in certain cases, to decree specific performance.

Petition.

Notice to persons interested.

Power of court.

The order or decree may be recorded.

Duty of vendor, executors, etc., to execute deed.

Where parol contract shall have been entered into.

Parol contract, execution of.

has died, for his executors or administrators, or for any other person interested in such contract, to petition the orphans' court having jurisdiction of the accounts of the executor or administrator of the decedent vendor or the decedent purchaser, respectively, setting forth the facts of the case, and after due notice of such petition to the persons interested, according to the nature of the proceeding, to appear in such court, on a day certain, and answer the petition; if there be cause such court shall have power, if the facts be sufficient in equity, no sufficient cause being shown to the contrary, to decree specific performance of such contract according to the true intent and meaning thereof.

Section 2. The order or decree of the orphans' court for the specific performance of any such contract, in the cases hereinbefore mentioned, being certified by the clerk of such court, under the seal thereof, may be recorded in the office for recording deeds in the county where such real estate is situate, in like manner as deeds are recorded, and with the same effect.

Section 3. When such order or decree for the specific performance of any such contract shall have been made, and the purchase money paid or secured to be paid according to the terms of such contract, it shall be the duty of the vendor, or where deceased, of his executors or administrators, to execute such deeds of conveyance as shall be directed by the court in conformity with the intention of such contract, and the same, being so made by such executors or administrators, shall have the same force and effect to pass and vest the estate intended as if the same had been executed by the decedent in his life time.

Section 4. That like proceedings may be had in all respects wherever any parol contract shall have been entered into by any person for the conveyance of real estate within this Commonwealth, and the purchaser shall have died without fully executing such contract, or where any person may have made such parol agreement and died seized or possessed of such real estate, and such parol contract may have been so far executed by possession, by improvements, or by partial payments of purchase money, that it would be against equity to rescind the same.

Approved—The 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 106.

AN ACT

To provide for the licensing of transient, retail merchants in cities, boroughs and townships, and providing a penalty for failure to obtain the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That hereafter every person, whether principal or agent, entering into, beginning, or desiring to begin, a transient, retail business in any city, borough or township of this Commonwealth, for the sale of any goods, wares or merchandise whatsoever, whether the same shall be represented or held forth to be bankrupt, assignees, or about to quit business, or of goods damaged by fire, water or otherwise, shall take out a license for the same from the proper authorities of the said city, borough or township. The amount of such license in any city or borough shall be fixed by ordinance, duly passed by the council of such city or borough, and shall not be less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), nor exceed the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00), per month or fractional part thereof, to be paid to the treasurer of said city or borough; and the amount of such license in any township shall be the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), per month or fractional part thereof, to be paid to the county treasurer, for the use of the school fund of said township. Said license to be renewed monthly during the continuance of said sale, and upon failure of said person or persons so to secure such license, he, she or they shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00), to be collected as other fines are by law collectible, and in default of payment of said fines, to be imprisoned in the jail of said city or county for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Transient, retail
business to be li-
censed.

Section 2. The following acts of Assembly, viz.:

"An act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities, boroughs and townships," approved May four, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, Pamphlet Laws eighty-six;

Repeal.

"An act to amend an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities, boroughs and townships,' empowering councils to increase the maximum license," approved May ten, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, Pamphlet Laws thirty-six;

Repeal.

And all other general acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 107.

AN ACT

To validate changes heretofore made in the names of certain corporations not conducted for profit, and to provide a method of making such changes hereafter.

Preamble.

Whereas, Certain corporations which are not conducted for profit, and are now mentioned in the first class named in section two of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the supplements thereto, have heretofore applied to the several courts of common pleas of various counties in this State for approval of changes in the names adopted by such corporations, without having first given notice of such application in many instances to the Auditor General of this Commonwealth, and, after said courts have made and entered decrees approving such changes, have omitted to file with the said Auditor General copies of such decrees, as required by the provisions of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to enable courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to change the name, style and title of corporations," approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, therefore:

To validate changes heretofore made in the names of certain corporations.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That if any corporation, which was not at the time conducted for profit, and which is now mentioned in the first class named in section two of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the supplements thereto, has heretofore applied to the court of common pleas of the proper county in which the said corporation is situated for the approval of a change in the name adopted by said corporation, and has complied fully with the provisions of law now in force in this Commonwealth regarding the improvement, alteration and amendment of charters of corporations of the class aforesaid, if the said court has made and entered a decree approving such change of name, said decree shall be held and taken to be as valid and as effectual in every respect as if said corporation had complied fully with the provisions of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to enable courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to change the name, style and title of corporations," approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

Section 2. It shall be lawful for the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to change the name, style and title of any corporation of the class named in the first section of this act, within their respective counties, with the same proceedings and in the same manner as they are now authorized to improve, amend or alter the charters of such corporations.

Lawful for court to change name, style and title.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 108.

AN ACT

Repealing an act, entitled "An act amending clause ten (10) of section one (1) of an act, entitled 'An act authorizing the ascertainment, levy, assessment and collection of the costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, including the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving of any street, lane or alley or parts thereof, completed or now in process of completion, and also the costs, damages and expenses of the construction of any sewer completed or now in process of completion, and authorizing the completion of any such improvement,' approved the sixteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, enlarging the time which the proceedings shall include," approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act amending clause ten (10) of section one (1) of an act, entitled 'An act authorizing the ascertainment, levy, assessment and collection of the costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, including the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving of any street, lane or alley, or parts thereof, completed or now in process of completion, and also the costs, damages and expenses of the construction of any sewer completed or now in process of completion, and authorizing the completion of any such improvement,' approved the sixteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, enlarging the time which the proceedings shall include," approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Act of May 31, 1897, cited for repeal.

Repeal.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 109.

AN ACT

Repealing an act, entitled "An act authorizing the ascertainment of the damages to property taken, injured or destroyed in opening, widening, straightening or extending of streets and alleys in cases where municipalities have heretofore entered upon private property, or filed bonds under laws subsequently decided to be unconstitutional or which are invalid, and providing for the ascertainment, levy and collection of benefits therefor, and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed," approved June seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Act of June 7,
1897, cited for re-
peal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act authorizing the ascertainment of the damages to property taken, injured or destroyed in opening, widening, straightening or extending of streets and alleys in cases where municipalities have heretofore entered upon private property, or filed bonds under laws subsequently decided to be unconstitutional or which are invalid, and providing for the ascertainment, levy and collection of benefits therefor, and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed," approved the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 110.

AN ACT

Requiring all deeds and other conveyances of real estate, in the several counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over five hundred thousand, to be registered in the office of the county commissioners before being recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds, and prescribing penalties.

Deeds and other
conveyances of
real estate, in
counties of over
500,000 population
to be registered
in office of coun-
ty commissioners.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That on and after the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred, all deeds and other conveyances of real estate, in the several counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over five hundred thousand, shall be registered in the office of the county commissioners before being entered of record in the office of the recorder of deeds.

Shall not be re-
corded until reg-
istered.

Section 2. That on and after said date no deed, or other conveyance of real estate, shall be entered of record in the office of the recorder of deeds, in the several counties of this Commonwealth having a popu-

lation of over five hundred thousand, unless the said instrument has been previously registered in the office of the county commissioners.

Section 3. Recorders of deeds, in counties having a population of over five hundred thousand, permitting or allowing any deed, or other conveyance of real estate, to be entered of record unless the same shall have been previously registered in the office of the county commissioners, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars: Provided, That nothing in this act shall apply to counties co-extensive with cities.

Recorders violating this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Penalty.
Proviso.

Section 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 111.

AN ACT

Legalizing, and making it lawful to build, fences constructed in whole or in part of wire along the public highways, and as division fences.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall and is hereby declared to be lawful for any land owner within this Commonwealth to construct, build and maintain, along any of the highways of this Commonwealth, fences made in whole or in part of wire without barbs, subject at all times to such restrictions and prohibitions as may be imposed by the municipal authorities relative thereto.

Fences in whole or part of wire legalized.

Restriction.

Section 2. A fence, in whole or in part of wire, without barbs, is hereby declared to be a legal and lawful fence, within the meaning and provisions of any act of the Legislature of this State relative to the building, constructing and maintaining of line fences, provided that such wire fence shall be of the height required by such act or acts. All statutes and parts of statutes inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

A legal and lawful fence.

Proviso.

Repeal.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 112.

AN ACT

To provide for the improvement of the main traveled public roads.

Supervisors and road commissioners to annually contract with taxpayers to remove loose stones from main highways.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, the township supervisors and road commissioners of the several townships within this Commonwealth, shall, annually, on the first Monday of April, enter into a contract with one or more taxpayers to remove and take away the loose stones from the main traveled highways in such township, at least once each month, during the months of April, May, June, July, August, September, and October of each year.

May delegate authority.

Compensation to be credited on road tax.

Section 2. The supervisors or road commissioners, as aforesaid, may delegate the authority conferred by this act to the path masters, and in any case the compensation allowed to the person or persons performing said work shall be made by crediting the amount upon the road tax assessed against them.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 113.

AN ACT

Amending section two, section five, section six, section seven, section eight, section eleven, section thirteen, section fifteen, section thirty-seven, section thirty-eight, section thirty-nine, and section forty of an act, entitled "An act creating a bureau of health in the department of public safety in cities of the second class, defining the powers and duties thereof and of the officers thereunder, prescribing rules and regulations and laws respecting the public health, and authorizing and imposing fines, penalties and punishments for violations thereof," approved the twenty-sixth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Section 2 of act of June 26, 1895, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section two of an act, entitled "An act creating a bureau of health in the department of public safety in cities of the second class, defining the powers and duties thereof and of the officers thereunder, prescribing rules and regulations and laws respecting the public health, and imposing fines, penalties and punishments for violations thereof," approved the twenty-sixth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 2. It shall be the duty of the said bureau of

health to have all things which may have a tendency to imperil the health *of the people of said cities* removed or corrected as said bureau may deem necessary *for the well-being of the people*, and if the owner or owners, tenant or occupant of any premises on which such *nuisance* shall be found shall refuse or neglect, after due notice to remove or correct the same, he, she or they so refusing or neglecting, shall *forfeit and pay* for every such offense, *a penalty not exceeding ten dollars*. If any person or persons, firm or corporation, shall cause or permit to be thrown, cast or placed, any substance, matter or thing *which may tend to endanger the health of the people of such cities* on any lot, street, alley, or public place therein, or if any owner or occupant of any lot of ground within said cities shall *knowingly or wilfully* suffer or permit any such substance, matter or thing as aforesaid to be, lie or remain on such lot, every person so offending *shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding ten dollars,*" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the said bureau of health to have all things *or conditions* which may *in their opinion* have a tendency to imperil health removed or corrected, as said bureau may deem necessary; and if the *agent*, owner, owners, tenant or occupants of any premises *on or in* which such *thing or condition* shall be found, shall refuse or neglect after due notice to remove or correct the same, he, she or they so refusing or neglecting, shall for every such offense *be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act*. If any person or persons, firm, corporation *or agent*, shall cause or permit to be thrown, cast or placed any *offensive* substance, matter or thing on any *premises*, lot, street, alley or public place therein, or if any owner, *agent* or occupant of any lot of ground *or premises* within said cities shall suffer or permit any such *offensive* substance, matter, or thing aforesaid, to be, lie or remain on such lot *or premises*, every person so offending *shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act*.

Bureau of Health to remove all things imperiling health.

Penalties.

Section 2. That section five of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 5. No person, persons or corporation shall render or try out any dead *undressed* hogs, cattle, or other animals, or any decayed, putrid or unsound animal matter in the said cities, nor shall it be lawful to carry on any of the above described business within the limits of said cities, without adopting such proper and suitable *condensers, or other* machinery, as shall prevent *unwholesome*, foul and disagreeable odors, and as the bureau of health of the cities aforesaid shall approve, nor shall the same be then operated without a permit in writing from the said bureau of health," shall

Section 5 cited for amendment.

be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Rendering and trying out prohibited except under certain conditions.

Permit in writing.

Section 6 cited for amendment.

Offensive grounds or premises.

Nuisance to be abated at expense of person offending.

Nuisances on unoccupied property, how abated.

Section 5. No person, persons or corporation shall render or try out any dead hogs, cattle, or other animals, *or animal matter*, or any decayed, putrid or unsound animal matter in the said cities, nor shall it be lawful to carry on any of the above described business within the limits of said cities, without adopting *and using* such proper and suitable machinery, *or appliances*, as shall prevent foul and disagreeable odors, and as the bureau of health of the cities aforesaid shall approve; nor shall the same be then operated without a permit in writing from the said bureau of health. *and in case of the violation hereof the person, persons or corporation so offending shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act, and to like penalties for every week said violation shall continue.*

Section 3. That section six of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 6. If any person or persons shall own, occupy or keep any grounds or other premises in such condition as to be offensive *to the neighborhood*, he, or they shall be subject to *such fine or penalty as is hereinafter provided*. Whenever any nuisance shall be found on any premises within the city contrary *to any ordinance of such cities* or the provisions of this act, the bureau of health is hereby authorized to cause the same to be summarily abated in such manner as it may direct, and at the expense of the person or persons so offending. *It shall be the duty of the said bureau, in all cases where the owner or owners of unoccupied property upon which any offensive matter or substance exists reside out of the said city, or cannot be found after diligent search, to cause the same to be at once removed or abated, and the expense attending the removal or abatement of the same shall be recovered by the said bureau in the name of said cities before any court, police magistrate, alderman, or justice of the peace having jurisdiction of like cases,*" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 6. If any person or persons shall own, occupy or keep any grounds or other premises in such condition as to be offensive, he or they shall be subject to *all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act*. Whenever any such nuisance shall be found on any premises within the city contrary to the provisions of this act, the bureau of health is hereby authorized to cause the same to be *summarily* abated, in such manner as it may direct, and at the expense of the person or persons so offending, and in cases where the owner, owners, agent, or agents of unoccupied property, upon which any offensive matter or substance exists, reside out of the said city or cannot be found after diligent

search, to cause the same to be removed or abated, and the expense attending the removal or abatement of the same shall be recovered by the said bureau in the name of said cities before any court, police magistrate, alderman, or justice of the peace having jurisdiction of like cases.

Expense of removal, etc.

Section 4. That section seven of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

“Section 7. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect or continue any privy, unless the same shall be furnished with a substantial vault at least six feet deep, *and made tight*, so that the contents cannot escape therefrom, *and be sufficiently secured and enclosed*; and in case of the violation hereof the person or persons so offending shall be *liable to the payment of a fine and penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars, and which may be enforced for every week the same shall be so continued*. If any person shall suffer or permit any cellar, vault, privy, drain, pool, sewer, or sink upon any premises belonging to or occupied by him to become nauseous, foul, offensive, *or injurious to the public health* he shall be subject to *a fine or penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars in every case, and to a like fine for every day the same shall continue after notice to remove or abate the same,*” shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 7 cited for amendment.

Section 7. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect or continue any privy, unless the same shall be furnished with a substantial vault at least six feet deep, *constructed of hard, burned brick, laid in cement, with bottom and sides cemented*, so as to prevent the contents escaping therefrom, *be located at least two feet from the line of the adjoining property, and secured and enclosed*; and in case of violation hereof the person or persons so offending shall be *subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act, and which may be enforced for every week the same shall be so continued*. If any person shall suffer or permit any cellar, vault, privy, *water closet, drain pipe, pool, sewer, sink, or any plumbing whatever, in or upon* any premises belonging to or occupied by him *or her*, to become foul or offensive, he *or she* shall be subject to *all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act, and to like penalties for every day the same shall continue after notice to remove, abate or correct the same*. The owner or agent of every building in said cities shall furnish the same with proper and sufficient drainage, under ground, to carry off waste water or other sewage, and also with suitable privies or water closets, sufficient for the accommodation of all persons residing or employed therein, and in case of neglect or refusal so to do said owner or agent shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act, and to like

Construction of privy.

Penalty.

Foul or offensive cellar, vault, privy, etc.

Owner or agent shall provide sufficient drainage, etc.

Penalty.

penalties for every day the *said neglect or refusal* shall continue *after the first conviction*.

Section 5. That section eight of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

Section 8 cited
for amendment.

"Section 8. Whenever, in the opinion of the said bureau of health, any privy vault shall need cleaning, it shall be the duty of said bureau to notify the owner, agent or occupant, to cleanse the same within a period named in said notice, *and unless* the person so notified shall comply within the time mentioned, *it shall be the duty of such* bureau to cause said vault to be cleansed, and the person so failing to comply with said notice, *shall be liable to a fine or penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars*. Nothing in this section shall discharge the owner, agent or occupant of the premises from any liability otherwise provided to pay all the expenses of such cleaning," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Cleaning of privy
vault.

Section 8. Whenever, in the opinion of the said bureau of health, any privy vault shall need cleaning, it shall be the duty of said bureau to notify the owner, agent, or occupant to cleanse the same within a period named in said notice, *and if* the person so notified shall *fail to* comply within the time mentioned, *said* bureau of health is hereby authorized to cause said vault to be cleaned, and the person so failing to comply with said notice shall be *subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act*. Nothing in this section shall discharge the owner, agent or occupant of the premises from any liability otherwise provided to pay all the expense of such cleaning.

Penalty.

Expense, by
whom to be paid.

Section 6. That section eleven of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

Section 11 cited
for amendment.

"Section 11. *It shall be the duty of* the bureau of health of each of said cities to cause all offensive or putrid substances, and all nuisances to be removed *from the streets, lanes, alleys, highways, wharves, docks, or any other part or parts of the said cities*, and to cause such of the privies within the limits aforesaid to be emptied or corrected at the expense of the *individuals who are the* owners of the houses to which the said privies are appurtenant, as the said bureau shall from time to time deem necessary *for the health of the inhabitants thereof*, and if the owners or occupants of the premises on which any offensive or putrid substance or other nuisance may be found, and the owners of the houses to which the said privies are appurtenant, shall on due notice thereof, refuse or neglect to have the same immediately removed, emptied or corrected as aforesaid, he, she or they so refusing or neglecting shall *forfeit and pay for every such offense a fine or penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars*, and the expense attending the removal of the same shall be recovered by

the said bureau before any alderman, police magistrate, or justice of the peace, or in any court having jurisdiction from all corporate bodies and individuals," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 11. The bureau of health of each of said cities *shall have full power* to cause all offensive or putrid substances and all nuisances to be removed, and to cause such of the privies within the limits aforesaid to be emptied or corrected, at the expense of the owners, *agents or occupants* of the houses to which the said privies are appurtenant, as the said bureau shall from time to time deem necessary; and if the owners, *agents or occupants* of the premises, on *or in* which any offensive or putrid substance or other nuisance may be found, and the owners, *agents or occupants* of the houses to which the said privies are appurtenant, shall on due notice thereof refuse or neglect to have the same immediately removed, emptied or corrected as aforesaid, he, she or they, so refusing or neglecting, shall *be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act*; and the expense attending the removal, *emptying, [or correction]* of the same shall be recovered by the said bureau before any alderman, police magistrate, or justice of the peace, or in any court having jurisdiction, from all corporate bodies and individuals.

Offensive and putrid substances and all nuisances to be removed.

At expense of owners of property or occupants.

Penalty for refusal to remove, etc.

Section 7. That section thirteen of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep, expose or offer for sale for food, or keep the same for the purpose of sale for food, within the limits of said cities, any emaciated, tainted, putrid, decayed, decaying, unwholesome or diseased meat. In case of keeping, exposing or offering such, the said bureau shall have the power and authority to seize, condemn, and confiscate the same, and also all maimed and diseased animals, or any that may be too young to be used for food. The keeping, offering, exposure, or sale as aforesaid of any emaciated, tainted, putrid, decayed, decaying, unwholesome or diseased meat, or of any maimed or diseased animal or animals too young to be used for food shall be and is hereby declared to be unlawful, and the person so offending shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. The exposure or offering for sale for food, or keeping for purposes of sale for food, any decayed or unwholesome vegetable, or other matter or thing, is hereby declared to be unlawful, and any person or persons so offending shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 13 cited for amendment.

Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm

Tainted or decayed meat, game, fish, eggs, fruit, etc., shall not be offered for sale.

Bureau may condemn and confiscate the same.

Penalty for violation.

Exposure for sale after condemnation unlawful.

Penalty.

Section 15 cited for amendment.

Unlawful to offer, sell, etc., adulterated milk, or milk from diseased cows or goats.

Penalty.

Bureau may seize, condemn and confiscate.

or corporation to keep, expose or offer for sale for food, or keep the same for the purpose of sale for food, within the limits of said cities, any emaciated, tainted, putrid, decayed, decaying, unwholesome, or diseased meat, game, fish, eggs, or poultry, or any decayed or unwholesome vegetable, fruit, or other matter or thing used for food. In case of keeping, exposing, or offering such for sale, the said bureau shall have the power and authority to seize, condemn, and confiscate the same, and also all maimed and diseased animals, or any that may be too young to be used for food. The keeping, offering, exposure, or sale as aforesaid, of any emaciated, tainted, putrid, decayed, decaying, unwholesome, or diseased meat, game, fish, eggs, or poultry, or any decayed or unwholesome vegetable, fruit, or other matter or thing used for food, or of any maimed or diseased animal, or animals too young to be used for food, shall be and is hereby declared to be unlawful, and the person so offending shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act. The exposure to sale, after condemnation as aforesaid, of any emaciated, tainted, putrid, decayed, decaying, unwholesome or diseased meat, fish, game, eggs or poultry, or any decayed or unwholesome vegetable, fruit or other matter or thing used for food, or of any maimed or diseased animal, or animals too young to be fit for food, shall be and is hereby declared to be unlawful, and any person or persons so offending shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act.

Section 8. That section fifteen of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 15. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to offer for sale any milk adulterated with water or other substance, or any milk from diseased cows or goats, and if any person or persons shall violate any of the provisions of this section, he or they shall be liable to a fine of not more than fifty dollars for each and every offense so committed," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 15. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to offer for sale, exchange or delivery, or to have in their custody or possession, with intent to sell, exchange or deliver, or expose or offer for sale or exchange, any milk adulterated with water or other substance, or any milk from diseased cows or goats; and if any person or persons shall violate any of the provisions of this section, he, she or they shall be subject to all the penalties prescribed in section eleven of this act, and, in addition thereto, said bureau of health shall have the power and authority to seize, condemn, and confiscate such milk.

Section 9. That section thirty-seven of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 37. Every physician or person practicing midwifery in any of the cities aforesaid, under whose charge or superintendence a birth shall hereafter take place, shall keep a true and exact register of such birth, and shall enter the same on a blank schedule to be furnished by the bureau of health, which schedule shall contain a list of the births which have occurred under his or her care during the *month*, and shall set forth, as far as the same can be ascertained, the full name of each child (if any name shall have been conferred), its sex, color and the full name, occupation of its parent or parents and their birthplaces, the day and place of its birth, and the said schedule shall be delivered, duly signed by the practitioner in the form of a certificate, *at the end of each and every quarter*, or within ten days thereafter, to the said bureau of health, *and* in case the birth of any child shall have occurred without the attendance of a physician or practitioner of midwifery, it shall then become the duty of the parent or parents of such child to report its birth to the said bureau of health, in the manner and form and within the period above required," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 37 cited
for amendment.

Section 37. Every physician or person practicing midwifery in any of the cities aforesaid, under whose charge or superintendence a birth shall hereafter take place, shall keep a true and exact register of such birth, and shall enter the same on a blank schedule to be furnished by the bureau of health, which schedule shall contain a list of the births which have occurred under his or her care during the *previous quarter*, and shall set forth, as far as the same can be ascertained, the full name of each child (if any name shall have been conferred), its sex, color, and the full name *and* occupation of its parent or parents, and their birthplaces, the day and place of its birth; and the said schedule shall be delivered, duly signed by the practitioner in the form of a certificate *or return, on the first days of January, April, July, and October of each year*, or within ten days thereafter, to the said bureau of health. *In the event of any such physician or person practicing midwifery having no returns to make, it shall be his or her duty to signify the same by delivering a blank certificate or return, duly signed by them, to the said bureau of health on the first day of each and every quarter, as aforesaid, or within ten days thereafter.* In case the birth of any child shall have occurred without the attendance of a physician or practitioner of midwifery, it shall then become the duty of the parent or parents of such child to report its birth to the said bureau of health, in the manner and form and within the period above required.

Physicians or
persons practicing
as midwives shall
keep a register of
births, etc.

Contents of
schedule.

Certificate or re-
turn to be made
quarterly to Bu-
reau.

Blank certificate
and return.

Duty of parents.

Section 10. That section thirty-eight of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

Section 38 cited
for amendment.

"Section 38. It shall be the duty of every clergyman, and every magistrate, and of every other person by or before whom any marriage may hereafter be solemnized or contracted, to make a faithful return of the same *at the end of each and every quarter*, or within ten days thereafter, to said bureau of health in the form of a certificate which shall set forth as far as the same can be ascertained, the full name of the husband, his occupation, the place of his birth, his residence and age, the date of the marriage, the full name of the wife previous to the said marriage and her age, residence and birthplace, the color of the parties, the place where married, the name of the clergyman or other person by whom the marriage ceremony was performed, his residence, the ceremony employed, and the date of the return." shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Returns of marriages to be made quarterly.

Section 38. It shall be the duty of every clergyman and every magistrate, and of every other person by or before whom any marriage may hereafter be solemnized or contracted, to make a faithful return of the same *on the first days of January, April, July, and October of each year*, or within ten days thereafter, to said bureau of health, in the form of a certificate, which shall set forth, as far as the same can be ascertained, the full name of the husband, his occupation, the place of his birth, his residence and age, the date of the marriage, the full name of the wife previous to the said marriage and her age, residence and birthplace, the color of the parties, the place where married, the name of the clergyman, or other person by whom the marriage ceremony was performed, his residence, the ceremony employed, and the date of the return. *In the event of any such clergyman, magistrate, or other person as aforesaid, having no returns to make, it shall be his or her duty to signify the same by delivering a blank certificate or return, duly signed by them, to the said bureau of health on the first day of each and every quarter, as aforesaid, or within ten days thereafter.*

Contents of return.

Blank certificate.

Section 11. That section thirty-nine of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 39. *Any violation of, or failure to comply with any of the provisions of sections thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven and thirty-eight of this act, shall subject the person or persons so offending to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars,*" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Penalties for violations of sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of this act, and sections 34, 35 and 36 of the act to which it is a supplement.

Section 39. *Any and all persons violating or offending against, or failing, neglecting or refusing to comply with, any and all of the provisions of sections one, two,*

three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, and ten of this act, and sections thirty-four, thirty-five, and thirty-six of the act to which this is supplement, shall forfeit and pay for every such offense a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, to be recoverable before any alderman or police magistrate of such cities of the second class, and in default of payment thereof, be imprisoned in the common jail of the county in which such conviction takes place for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Penalties.

Section 12. That section forty of said act, which reads as follows, to wit:

"Section 40. The registry of said marriages, births and deaths shall be kept in separate books, and there shall be general indexes to the record of marriages, births and deaths, which indexes shall also be kept in separate books, and shall at all reasonable times be open to the examination of persons interested therein. Said bureau of health shall be entitled to receive for the use of such city, fifty cents for granting a certificate or certified copy of the record of any marriage, birth or death, which sum shall be paid by the party applying for the certificate or search, but the said register shall at all reasonable times be accessible to physicians, clergymen and lawyers without charge," shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 40 cited for amendment.

Section 40. The registry of said marriages, births and deaths shall be kept in separate books, and there shall be general indexes to the records of marriages, births and deaths, which indexes shall also be kept in separate books, and shall at all reasonable times be open to the examination of persons interested therein. *The books or registers kept by the bureau of health, or a certificate duly certified by it as containing a copy of the record of any marriage, birth or death, shall hereafter be admitted in any court of the State as prima facie evidence of said marriage, birth or death.*

How registers of marriages, births and deaths shall be kept.

To be open for inspection.

The registers or a certified copy of record shall be prima facie evidence of marriage, birth or death.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 114.

AN ACT

To amend section three of an act, entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleadings," approved the thirty-first day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, so as to dispense with the endorsing or backing of warrants by aldermen and justices of the peace out of the jurisdiction of the aldermen or justice granting the warrant, and to require aldermen and justices to keep an official seal, and stamp all warrants granted with said seal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section three of an act, entitled "An act to consolidate, revise and

amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleadings," approved the thirty-first day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, which reads as follows, to wit:

Section 3 of the
act of March 31,
1860, cited for
amendment.

"Section 3. That in case any person against whom a warrant may be issued by any judge or alderman of any city, or justice of the peace of any county in this Commonwealth, for any offense there committed, shall escape, go into, reside, or be in any other city or county out of the jurisdiction of the judge, alderman or justice of the city or county granting such warrant as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for, *and it is hereby declared to be the duty of any alderman, justice or justices of the city or county where such persons shall escape, go into, reside, or be, upon proof being made, upon oath or affirmation, of the handwriting of the judge, alderman, justice or justices granting such warrant, to endorse his or their name or names on such warrant, which shall be sufficient authority to the person or persons bringing such warrant, and to all other persons to whom such warrant was originally directed, to execute the same in such other city or county, out of the jurisdiction of the alderman, justice or justices, granting such warrant as aforesaid, and to apprehend and carry such offender before the alderman, justice or justices who indorsed such warrant, or some other alderman, justice or justices of such other city and county where such warrant was endorsed;* and in case the offense for which such offender shall be so apprehended, shall be bailable in law by an alderman or justice of the peace, and such offender shall be willing and ready to give bail for his appearance at the next court of general jail delivery or quarter sessions, to be held in and for the city and county where the offense was committed, such alderman, justice or justices shall and may take such bail for his appearance, in the same manner as the alderman or justice of the peace of the proper city or county might have done; and for the said alderman, justice or justices of the peace of such other city or county so taking bail, shall deliver or transmit such recognizance and other proceeding to the clerk of the court of general jail delivery or quarter sessions, where such offender is required to appear by virtue of such recognizance, and such recognizance and other proceeding shall be as good and effectual in law as if the same had been entered into, taken or acknowledged in the proper county where the offense was committed, and the same proceedings shall be had therein; and in case the offense for which such offender shall be apprehended in any other city or county, shall not be bailable in law by an alderman or justice of the peace, or such offender shall not give bail for his appearance

at the proper court having cognizance of his crime, to the satisfaction of the alderman or justice before whom he shall be brought, then the constable or other person so apprehending such offender, shall carry and convey him before one of the aldermen or justices of the peace of the proper city or county where such offense was committed, there to be dealt with according to law," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. That in case any person against whom a warrant may be issued by any judge or alderman of any city, or justice of the peace of any county in this Commonwealth, for any offense there committed, shall escape, go into, reside, or be in any other city or county out of the jurisdiction of the judge, alderman, or justice of the city or county granting such warrant as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the person to whom such warrant was originally directed, *or the person having such warrant for execution*, to execute the same, and arrest such offender in such city or county, out of the jurisdiction of the alderman, justice or justices granting such warrant aforesaid, and to carry the defendant before any alderman, justice or justices *in the city or county in which such offender may be apprehended*; and in case the offense for which such offender shall be so apprehended, shall be bailable in law by any alderman or justice of the peace, and such offender shall be willing and ready to give bail for his appearance at the next court of general jail delivery or quarter sessions, to be held in and for the city and county where the offense was committed, such alderman, justice or justices, *in the city or county where such offender was apprehended*, shall and may take such bail for his appearance, in the same manner as the alderman or justices of the peace of the proper city or county might have done; and the said alderman, justice or justices of the peace of such other city or county so taking bail, shall deliver or transmit such recognizance and other proceedings to the clerk of the court of general jail delivery or quarter sessions, where such offender is required to appear by virtue of such recognizance, and such recognizance and other proceedings shall be as good and effectual in law as if the same had been entered into, taken or acknowledged in the proper county where the offense was committed, and the same proceedings shall be had therein; and in case the offense for which such offender shall be apprehended in any other city or county, shall not be bailable in law by an alderman or justice of the peace, or such offender shall not give bail for his appearance at the proper court having cognizance of his crime, to the satisfaction of the alderman or justice before whom he shall be brought, then the constable or other person so apprehending such offender,

When the person for whom warrant is issued shall escape, go into, or be in another city or county.

Who may make the arrest.

If the offense is bailable.

Alderman or justice in city or county where offender was apprehended may take bail.

Proceedings to be transmitted to clerk of court where offender is to appear.

If not bailable.

Warrants to be stamped with the official seal of the officer issuing the same.
The seal.

shall carry and convey him before one of the aldermen or justices of the peace of the proper city or county where such offense was committed, there to be dealt with according to law: *Provided, That the warrants so as aforesaid issued shall be stamped with the official seal of the officer issuing the same, which seal shall contain the name and official title of said officer and the State and county in which he resides.*

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 115.

AN ACT

Requiring written notice to be served upon supervisors of the proposed opening and construction of new roads for public use, and of views, reviews and re-reviews in connection with such proposed new roads.

Written notice to be served on supervisors, of proposed new roads, views, etc.

Notice properly attested to be filed.

Failure to comply with provisions of act.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases wherein any proceedings are had before any county commissioners or courts of this Commonwealth, looking to the opening and construction of new roads for public use, it shall be the duty of the parties making application for such road to give written notice to the supervisors of the territory through which such new public road is designed to be laid out and constructed, of the time and place of any views, reviews or re-reviews therein, and a copy of such written notice, properly attested, shall be filed among the records of the court having cognizance of the matter, and a failure to comply with the provisions of this act shall be sufficient grounds for an application to set aside whatever proceedings may have been taken, of which said supervisors had no written notice as aforesaid.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 116.

AN ACT

To prevent the pollution of the water supply of cities of the first class, being a supplement to an act, entitled "An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health, and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth," approved June three, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

Board of Health authorized to examine water supplied for domestic uses.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the State Board of Health shall be and is hereby authorized to examine the water supplied to cities of the first class

of this Commonwealth for domestic uses, for the purpose of ascertaining whether said water is free from contamination by human excrement.

Section 2. Should it be ascertained by said examination that the water supplied, as aforesaid, is so contaminated, the said Board is hereby authorized and directed to make such investigation as will ascertain the cause thereof, and whether the water is so polluted and to this end may, by its duly accredited officers or agents, enter upon any property where the cause of said pollution is believed to exist, provided a warrant for said purpose shall first have been obtained from a magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said property is situated, upon an affidavit of an officer or agent of the said Board that there is information or belief of said pollution. And if it shall be found that said pollution is due to the fault or neglect of any person or corporation owning or occupying said property, to thereupon adopt such measures for the removal or abatement of said causes, so that the water supplied, as aforesaid, may be made free from contamination by said excrement.

Authorized to investigate cause of contamination.

To have right of entry.

Under a warrant.

To adopt measures for removal or abatement of cause.

Section 3. In order to carry out the provisions of the foregoing section, the said Board is hereby authorized and directed to notify, or cause to be notified, every person or corporation upon whose property or in connection with whose business said contamination exists or has its origin, which is found by said Board to pollute the water supplied, as aforesaid, and is thereby a nuisance, to remove or abate the same within a reasonable time, to be stated in said notice. Should the party notified fail to comply with the requirements of said notice, the said nuisance shall be abated by the local board of health, if there be one, under the direction of the said State Board, immediately upon the expiration of the time fixed by said notice. If, however, the local board should neglect or refuse to act with due diligence, or if no such local board should exist, then the said State Board shall cause said nuisance to be abated. All expenses incidental to the abatement of said nuisance shall be charged against the owner or owners of the premises whereon such nuisance exists, and a lien may be filed for the work done and materials furnished against said premises. In case of any legal proceedings under this act, the costs shall be ascertained and the liability therefor determined by and made part of the judgment or decree of the court in each case.

Board to notify persons, etc., upon whose property contamination exists, to remove or abate the same.

If party notified fail to comply Board of Health to act.

When State Board shall abate nuisances.

Expenses.

Lien may be filed.

Section 4. If, however, the cause of contamination by human excrement is incidental to the conduct of some legitimate business, or of a municipality, and does not amount to a common nuisance, the said Board shall cause a petition to be presented to the court of

Board may cause petition to be presented to the court.

Asking for abatement.

Citation shall issue.

Answer to be filed within 10 days.

Court shall make order.

Expenses of State Board of Health under act.

Acts or provisions which this act does not repeal or impair.

common pleas of the county in which the said business is carried on, or the municipality is situated, asking for the abatement of the matter complained of, which petition shall set forth fully the causes for such action; and thereupon a citation shall issue to the party or parties complained of, directing them to show cause why the matter complained of should not be abated. The party or parties thus complained of shall file an answer within ten days after the service of the said citation. The matter shall then be proceeded with and heard before the said court of common pleas, in the same manner as injunction proceedings are now conducted, and after a full hearing of the parties and witnesses the court shall make such order as the circumstances demand.

Section 5. All expenses incurred by the State Board of Health under this act shall be met from the regular biennial appropriation, to be made by the Legislature for the use of said board.

Section 6. This act shall not be construed to impair or repeal any act or acts applicable to any local board of health, nor shall it impair or repeal any existing provision of law in regard to the pollution of springs, streams, ponds, water-courses, or rivers, or the power and jurisdiction of any court relating to the prevention or removal of such pollution.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 117.

AN ACT

To regulate the publication, binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth.

Printing, etc., of public documents regulated.

Governor's inaugural address and messages.

Pamphlet Laws.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act the printing, binding, distribution and number of the several public documents of this Commonwealth shall be as follows, to wit:

I. Five thousand eight hundred copies each of the Governor's inaugural address, annual or biennial message; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House of Representatives, two thousand one hundred for the Governor, fifteen hundred of which shall be bound in cloth, one hundred for the State Librarian, two hundred for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

II. Twenty-two thousand copies of the pamphlet

laws, all to be bound in full sheep; three thousand for the Senate, of which twenty copies to be labelled "property of the Senate," six thousand for the House of Representatives, of which twenty copies to be labelled "property of the House," two hundred copies for the State Librarian, two hundred copies for the Governor, five copies for each of the several Departments of State Government, of which one copy for each department shall be bound to match the sets now in each office, and the balance to be delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for distribution to the several judges, justices of the peace, county officers, public libraries and others, as heretofore provided by law, and no edition of the general laws shall be published.

No edition of the general laws.

III. Four hundred copies of the Senate and House Journals, all to be bound in full sheep; sixty-five copies for the Senate, of which ten copies shall be labelled "property of the Senate," two hundred and twenty copies for the House, of which ten copies shall be labelled "property of the House," one hundred copies for the State Librarian, and the balance to be delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Senate and House Journals.

IV. Three thousand fifty copies of the report of the Auditor General on the finances; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, one thousand for the Auditor General, fifty for the Governor, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred reserved for the official documents.

Auditor General's report on finances.

V. Two thousand five hundred copies of the report of the State Treasurer; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, four hundred and fifty for the State Treasurer, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

State Treasurer's report.

VI. Three thousand one hundred copies of the general report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, one thousand for the Secretary of Internal Affairs, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

General report.

VII. Seven thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on Industrial Statistics; one thousand five hundred for the Senate, three thousand for the House of Representatives, two thousand five hundred for the Secretary of Internal Affairs, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Industrial statistics.

VIII. Three thousand one hundred copies of the re-

Railroads, canals and telegraphs.

port of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on Railroads, Canals and Telegraphs; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House, one thousand for the Secretary of Internal Affairs, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Mines.

IX. Eight thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on mines; two thousand for the Senate, four thousand for the House, two thousand for the Secretary of Internal Affairs, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

X. Eighteen thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House of Representatives, fifteen thousand for the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for distribution to and among the several school districts of the Commonwealth, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents. And the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have published biennially, forty thousand six hundred copies of the school laws and decisions, to be distributed by him, three thousand for the Senate, seven thousand for the House, thirty thousand for the Department, two hundred for the Governor, two hundred for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, two hundred for the State Librarian.

School Laws and Decisions.

Report of Commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools.

XI. Four thousand one hundred copies of the report of the Commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House, two thousand for the Commission of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Adjutant's General's Report.

XII. Four thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Adjutant General; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House of Representatives, one thousand for the Adjutant General, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Insurance Commissioner's Report.
Fire and Marine.

XIII. Three thousand three hundred copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on fire and marine insurance; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, one thousand two hundred for the Insurance Commissioner, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth,

one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

XIV. Five thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on life and accident insurance; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House, two thousand for the Insurance Commissioner, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Life and Accident Insurance.

XV. Thirty-one thousand seven hundred copies of the report of the Secretary of Agriculture; nine thousand for the Senate, twenty thousand for the House, two thousand for the Secretary of Agriculture, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, one hundred for the Agriculture Experiment Station, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of Secretary of Agriculture.

XVI. Thirty-one thousand two hundred copies Smull's Legislative Hand-Book; nine thousand for the Senate, eighteen thousand for the House of Representatives, five hundred for the Governor, five hundred for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and two hundred copies each for the State Treasurer, Auditor General, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Adjutant General, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Insurance Commissioner, Secretary of Agriculture, Superintendent of Banking, Factory Inspector, Lieutenant Governor, State Librarian, Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, Superintendent of Public Printing, Commission of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, and the Compiler. Out of the number assigned to each Department, at least one copy of said book shall be delivered to each officer and clerk thereof.

Smull's Legislative Hand Book.

XVII. Two thousand five hundred copies of the report of the Board of Public Charities; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, four hundred for the Board of Public Charities, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of State Board of Public Charities.

XVIII. Ten thousand three hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioners of Fisheries; three thousand for the Senate, six thousand for the House of Representatives, four hundred for the Commissioners of Fisheries, two hundred and fifty for the Governor, two hundred for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of Commissioners of Fisheries.

XIX. Three thousand six hundred copies of the annual report of the State Board of Health and Vital Statistics; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand

Report of State Board of Health and Vital Statistics.

for the House, one thousand five hundred for the State Board of Health and Vital Statistics, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of Commissioner of
Banking.

Banks.

XX. Two thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on Banks; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, five hundred for the Commissioner of Banking, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred for the official documents.

Building and
Loan Associations.

XXI. Two thousand six hundred copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on Building and Loan Associations; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, five hundred for the Commissioner of Banking, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of Commissioners of the
Sinking Fund.

XXII. Two thousand three hundred copies of the report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House, two hundred for the State Treasurer, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of State
Librarian.

XXIII. Two thousand one hundred copies of the report of the State Librarian; three hundred for the Senate, seven hundred for the House of Representatives, six hundred for the State Librarian, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of the Superintendent of
Public Printing and Binding.

XXIV. One thousand eight hundred copies of the report of Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding; three hundred for the Senate, seven hundred for the House of Representatives, two hundred for the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of the Attorney General.

XXV. Two thousand eight hundred copies of the report of Attorney General; five hundred for the Senate, one thousand for the House of Representatives, six hundred for the Attorney General, one hundred for the Governor, one hundred for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of the
Factory Inspector.

XXVI. Five thousand one hundred copies of the report of the Factory Inspector; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House of Representatives, one thousand five hundred for the Factory Inspector, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the

Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

XXVII. Thirteen thousand six hundred copies of the annual report of the trustees of the Pennsylvania State College and accompanying papers, with improvements or experiments made, with their cost and results, and such other matters, including State, industrial and economical statistics, as may be supposed useful; one thousand for the Senate, two thousand for the House of Representatives, ten thousand for the Pennsylvania State College, fifty for the Governor, fifty for the Secretary of the Commonwealth, one hundred for the State Librarian, and four hundred to be reserved for the official documents.

Report of Trustees of Pennsylvania State College.

Section 2. Of all documents, reports, pamphlets, et cetera, which may hereafter be authorized by the State, or are not included in this act, there shall be printed and furnished to the Governor and to the Secretary of the Commonwealth fifty copies each. Of all documents, reports, pamphlets, et cetera, which may hereafter be authorized by the State, or are not included in this act, there shall be printed and furnished to the State Librarian two hundred copies, unless said documents, reports or pamphlets, et cetera, may be printed in the official documents, in which case one hundred copies shall be printed and furnished to the State Librarian. A sufficient number of all publications furnished the State Librarian shall be kept and preserved in the Library, the balance to be used by the State Librarian for the purpose of exchange with the states and territories of the United States and such foreign countries with whom an international exchange can be secured, as well as for distribution to such other libraries as may be of reciprocal advantage. The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, in ordering the printing of any documents, books or pamphlets, shall add to the same, if necessary, the number to be furnished the Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and State Librarian.

Governor and Secretary of Commonwealth to receive copies of all public documents.

State Librarian to receive copies of all public documents.

To preserve full sets.

Balance to be used for exchange, etc.

Superintendent of Public Printing shall add to the number, if necessary.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed. Provided however, That nothing contained herein shall be so construed as to interfere with any special or general contract, now existing, for executing the public printing or binding, unless by consent of the contractor or contractors obtained without cost to the State.

Repeal.

Existing contracts not to be interfered with.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 118.

AN ACT

To provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods, wares and merchandise, and providing for the collection of said tax.

Retail dealers and venders.

Wholesale venders and dealers.

Other dealers and venders.

Providing who shall be taken to be "wholesalers" and "retailers."

Appointment of mercantile appraisers.

Exception.

Qualification.

Term.

The Auditor General shall prepare blanks.

To be distributed by appraisers.
To contain request for information as to actual amount of business transacted the previous year.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, each retail vender of or retail dealer in goods, wares and merchandise shall pay an annual mercantile license tax of two dollars, and all persons so engaged shall pay one mill additional on each dollar of the whole volume, gross, of business transacted annually. Each wholesale vender of or wholesale dealer in goods, wares and merchandise shall pay an annual mercantile license tax of three dollars, and all persons so engaged shall pay one-half mill additional on each dollar of the whole volume, gross, of business transacted annually. Each dealer in or vender of goods, wares or merchandise at any exchange or board of trade shall pay a mercantile license tax of twenty-five cents on each thousand dollars worth, gross, of goods so sold.

Section 2. And it is provided that all persons who shall sell to dealers in or venders of goods, wares and merchandise, and to no other person or persons, shall be taken under the provisions of this act be wholesalers; and all other venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise shall be retailers, and shall pay an annual license tax as provided in this act for retailers.

Section 3. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually, on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year, by the county commissioners, except in cities of the first class, when the Auditor General and the treasurer of the city are authorized and required to appoint five suitable, qualified citizens, all of whom shall not be of the same political party, and the term of office of said appraisers shall be for three years.

Section 4. The Auditor General shall be authorized and required to prepare and have printed proper blanks, to be distributed by the mercantile appraisers in the several counties to each vender of or dealer in goods, wares and merchandise. These blanks shall be in the form prescribed by the Auditor General, and shall contain a request for such information as may be necessary in arriving at the actual amount of business transacted by the vender of or dealer in goods, wares and merchandise, during the calendar year preceding that for which a license is required. The blanks thus prepared shall contain an affidavit; and every

dealer subject to the provisions of this act shall be required to make an affidavit, by oath or affirmation, as to the correctness of the return made. The whole volume of business, including cash receipts and merchandise sold on credit, which is thus ascertained has been transacted during the preceding calendar year, shall be the basis upon which the license is to be rated.

Section 5. It shall be the duty of each vender of or dealer in goods, wares and merchandise to fill up the blank prepared, as before said, by the Auditor General, and return the same to the mercantile appraiser of the proper county within ten days from the date of the receipt thereof, with an affidavit certifying to the correctness of the return so made. If any vender of or dealer in goods, wares and merchandise refuses to make a return, as required by this act, to the mercantile appraiser, when requested so to do, it shall be the duty of the mercantile appraiser to report the same immediately to the county treasurer, whereupon it shall be the duty of the county treasurer to require the owner or business manager to appear before him in person, with the books and accounts of his mercantile establishment, for interrogation and examination; and the county treasurer shall have power to issue subpoenas and attachments, to be served by any constable or sheriff, and to compel the attendance of the owner, or any clerk, bookkeeper or officer connected with said business, to produce such books and papers as he may deem expedient, to secure the information necessary to ascertain and fix the amount of business transacted during the calendar year preceding that for which a mercantile license tax is to be paid. After the county treasurer has ascertained, from the best evidence that can be secured, the amount or volume of business transacted during the calendar year preceding that to which the license is to be issued, he shall settle an account, in the usual mode, against the owner or owners of such establishments, for the amount of mercantile tax due under the classification hereinbefore provided. If the owner, proprietor, or any other person connected with the business, who is subpoenaed, refuses to produce the books and papers and appear before the county treasurer, for the purpose of giving the information required by this act of Assembly, he shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars, to be collected in the manner provided by law. The county treasurer shall settle an account against the owner or owners, so neglecting or refusing to make the report as aforesaid, and a certified copy of said settlement shall be forwarded to the vender of or dealer in goods, wares or merchandise, which settlement, when so made, shall be subject to appeal for thirty days from

Dealers to make affidavit to correctness of return.

Volume of business to be basis of rating.

Blanks filled up to be returned to appraisers.

Appraiser to report neglect or refusal to county treasurer.

Treasurer may require the owner or manager to appear before him, with books and papers.

Shall have power to issue subpoenas and attachments.

Shall settle an account for the amount of tax due.

Refusal to produce books and papers and to appear, venders owner or agent liable to a penalty of \$1,000.

Certified copy of account to be forwarded to vender.

Shall be subject to appeal.

If appeal is not taken.

Collection of amount due.

Appraiser to forward blank to venders ten days before his personal visit.

Appraiser to make personal visit.

To require a return, under oath, on blank forwarded.

Empowered to administer oath or affirmation.

If not satisfied with return he shall assess the tax.

Shall leave notice of classification and amount, and of time and place of appeal.

Appeal to be held by treasurer and appraiser.

Except where there is a board of appraisers.

Right of appeal to the court.

Failure to attend appeal.

the date thereof, and, if not appealed from within that time, it shall be final and conclusive. If an appeal is not taken as hereinbefore provided, within the period authorized by law, it shall be the duty of the county treasurer of the proper county to proceed to collect the amount due, as mercantile taxes are in other cases collected.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of each mercantile appraiser, appointed under the provisions of this act, to forward by mail, at least ten days prior to the date when he makes a personal visit to the place of business of every person whom he is required by law to ascertain and assess, a blank prepared for distribution by the Auditor General as hereinbefore provided. It shall be the further duty of the mercantile appraisers, after mailing the blank as hereinbefore provided, in the several cities and counties of this State, personally to visit the store, or other place of business, of every vender or dealer in goods, wares and merchandise, and, at the time of such visit, to require each vender or dealer to make a return, under oath or affirmation, of the goods sold for the preceding calendar year, on the blank forwarded and he is hereby empowered to administer an oath or affirmation, for that purpose. If the mercantile appraiser is dissatisfied with the return, so made by the vender or dealer, he shall ascertain and assess the mercantile license tax according to the classification so made. He shall also leave a written or printed notice, to be prepared and furnished by the Auditor General, specifying the classification and amount of license money to be paid by such person to this State, and also the time and place, when and where, an appeal will be held as required by law. The appeal shall be held by the county treasurer, acting in conjunction with the mercantile appraiser, at such date as shall conform with law in all counties, except where there is a board of mercantile appraisers, in which case the board shall hear all appeals. Any vender or dealer, subject to the provisions of this act, who is dissatisfied with the rating so made by the mercantile appraiser, shall have the right of appeal to the mercantile appraiser and county treasurer, who are required to hear him on the day so fixed for the appeal; if the vender or dealer is still dissatisfied with the finding of the county treasurer and mercantile appraiser, or board of appraisers, in reference to the proper classification of said vender or dealer, he shall have the right of appeal to the court of common pleas of the proper county, which appeal the said court is required to hear and determine within twenty days after such appeal shall be taken, or at the next sitting thereof. If any person fails to attend the appeal before the county treasurer and mercantile appraiser,

board of appraisers, or the court, he shall not thereafter be permitted, in a suit for the recovery of said mercantile license tax, to set up as a defence, either that he is not a vender of or dealer in goods, wares or merchandise, or any other ground of defence, which might have been heard and determined either by said county treasurer and mercantile appraiser, board of appraisers, or the court of common pleas, on appeal, as aforesaid.

Section 7. It shall be the duty of every city and county treasurer to sue for the recovery of all licenses, duly returned to him by the mercantile appraiser, if not paid on or before the first day of July in each and every year, within ten days after that date: Provided however, That if the county treasurer is satisfied that the mercantile license tax, for any good and sufficient reason, cannot be collected, he shall make a report to the Auditor General of all the facts connected with the case, and the Auditor General, upon investigation, may exonerate him from the payment of said tax, and in all such cases suit shall not be brought. The county treasurer shall at the expiration of each month, forward to the State Treasurer the amount of mercantile tax received by him.

Duty of treasurer to sue.

Proviso.

Auditor General may exonerate.

Amount of tax to be forwarded to State Treasurer.

Section 8. Any mercantile appraiser who shall neglect or refuse to visit the store, or other place of business, of any person ascertained and assessed by him for license, and to furnish such person with a written or printed notice of his classification, amount of license, and time and place of holding appeal, as required by the fifth section of this act, shall pay a penalty of one hundred dollars, for the use of the Commonwealth, to be recovered as debts of a like amount are recoverable, on due proof of such neglect or refusal being made according to law.

Neglect or refusal of appraiser.

Penalty.

Section 9. It shall be the duty of every mercantile appraiser, appointed under this act, on or before the first day of May, in each year, to certify to the county treasurer a correct list of all venders or dealers in goods, wares and merchandise, assessed or to be assessed with a mercantile tax in the county for which he is appointed, giving the names and postoffice addresses of the venders or dealers so returned, the classification, and amount of license due by each. The list furnished by the mercantile appraiser to the county treasurer shall not contain the name or names of venders or dealers who are not subject to the payment of the mercantile license tax. This list shall be kept by the county treasurer, for his guidance in hearing appeals and collecting said license taxes. After appeals have been heard and exonerations made, the corrected list shall then be certified by the county

Assessor to certify to county treasurer a correct list of all venders or dealers, assessed or to be assessed, classification, and amount due.

After appeals have been heard the list shall be certified to Auditor General.

treasurer. to the Auditor General, on or before the first day of July, of each year.

Rate of Commission, fees, etc., to be as now fixed by law.

Duty of constables.

Fee.

Dealers shall have permanent signs on places of business.

Violation of provision.

Fine.

Repeal.

Section 10. The rate of commission allowed county or city treasurers, the fees collected for the county or city treasurers and mercantile appraisers, also the rate per mile paid mercantile appraisers, and all provisions of law with reference to the advertising of said lists, shall be and remain the same as now fixed by existing law; and after such publication of advertisement shall have been properly made, it shall be the duty of the constable of his respective ward, district or township to compare the list, and report to the county or city treasurer all omissions found, and for such service the constable shall receive a fee of fifty cents for each and every omission so reported.

Section 11. Each dealer who comes under the provisions of this act shall cause to be placed, permanently, at the entrance of his or their place of business, a sign describing the business in which the party is engaged, with his or their name or names upon the same, such sign; and a violation of the provisions of this section shall be punishable with a fine of ten dollars, said fine to be collected as fines of like amount are now by the law collected, and to be paid into the county treasury.

Section 12. All acts or parts of acts, general, special or local inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 119.

A SUPPLEMENT

To an act, entitled "An act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class," approved May twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and providing for the assessment and collection of special taxes upon properties abutting, for street sprinkling and street cleaning.

Enactment of ordinances.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in addition to the corporate powers specified in article five of said act, every city of the third class is authorized and empowered to enact ordinances for the following purposes: To cause any public street, or part thereof, not less than one block, to be sprinkled with water or, if such street is paved, to be cleaned during such time as it may be necessary, at the expense of the owners of property abutting upon the same.

Section 2. Councils shall cause any street, or part

thereof not less than one block, to be sprinkled or, if such street is paved, to be cleaned at the cost of such abutting property owners, upon the petition of the owners or occupiers of such property, who shall represent a majority of the feet front on the street, or part thereof.

Streets to be sprinkled or cleaned on petition of property owners or occupiers of majority of the feet front.

Section 3. Said councils may cause such sprinkling to be done with the water of the city, when water works are owned or operated by such city, and with sprinkling carts and apparatus owned by such city, or may contract for the use of said carts and apparatus with the lowest responsible bidder, as provided in section six, article four, of said act, to which this is a supplement.

Councils may use water of city, or may contract with lowest responsible bidder.

Section 4. The expense of such sprinkling, or cleaning, shall be designated as a sprinkling or cleaning tax, and said councils are authorized and empowered to fix, by ordinance, sprinkling and cleaning tax rates, either by the month or by the season, and to provide for the assessment of such taxes against the abutting property proportionately to the number of feet fronting on the street so sprinkled or cleaned, and to file a lien therefor upon the property against which the said tax is charged, as now authorized by law in the case of paving and sewer taxes, or to collect said tax from the owner of such property by action of assumpsit. Such assessment shall be and remain first liens on the respective properties assessed from the time of the levy thereof until paid; and said taxes shall in all respects be assessed and collected in the same manner, and all proceedings upon such lien shall be the same, as on municipal liens for paving and sewer taxes, and as set forth in sections twelve, twenty, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four and twenty-five of article fifteen of said act, to which this is a supplement.

Sprinkling or cleaning tax to be fixed by ordinance.

Assessment of said tax.

File a lien or collect by action of assumpsit.

Assessment to be liens.

How said tax is to be assessed and collected.

Approved—The 2d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 120.

AN ACT

To provide for the payment of bonus on charters, and upon the authorized increase of the capital stock of certain corporations, and authorizing corporations to increase their capital stock for corporate purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all corporations hereafter created under any general or special law of this Commonwealth, except building and loan associa-

Bonus on capital stock of corporations.

Exceptions.**Bonus on capital stock.****On authorized increase.****To exercise no corporate powers until bonus is paid.****Letters patent not to issue until bonus is paid.****Proceedings not to be filed until bonus is paid.****Increase of capital stock authorized.****Proviso.****Not to apply to corporations for brewing or distilling.****Repeal.**

tions, and excepting all corporations named in the first class of section two of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, shall pay to the State Treasurer, for the use of the Commonwealth, a bonus of one-third of one per centum upon the amount of the capital stock which said company is authorized to have, and a like bonus on any subsequent authorized increase thereof, and a like bonus shall be paid by all such companies heretofore incorporated upon any increase of their capital stock hereafter authorized. And no company as aforesaid shall have or exercise any corporate powers until the said bonus is paid, and the Governor shall not issue letters patent to any company until he is satisfied that the said bonus has been paid to the State Treasurer. And no company incorporated as aforesaid shall go into operation, or exercise any corporate powers or privileges, until said bonus has been paid. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not permit the filing in his office of any proceedings for increase of capital stock until he is satisfied that the said bonus upon said authorized increase has been paid to the State Treasurer.

Section 2. That any corporation created by special or general law shall, notwithstanding any limitation upon the amount of its capital stock by such special or general act, have authority, with the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of its stock, to increase its capital stock to such an amount, in the aggregate, as it shall deem necessary to accomplish and carry on and enlarge the objects and purposes of its incorporation, such increase may be made at once or from time to time, as the stockholders aforesaid shall determine: Provided, That this section shall not apply to corporations organized for the purpose of carrying on the business of brewing or distilling of malt or other liquors.

Section 3. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved—The 3d day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 121.

AN ACT

To regulate the sale of butter produced by taking original packing stock and other butter and melting the same, so that the butter oil can be drawn off, mixed with skimmed milk and by emulsion or other process produce butter, and butter produced by any similar process, and commonly known as "Boiled" or "Process" butter; providing for the enforcement thereof, and punishment for the violation of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no person, firm, or corporate body shall, within this State, sell, or offer or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, any butter not labeled in compliance with the provisions of this act. Butter produced by taking original packing stock and other butter and melting the same, so that the butter oil can be drawn off, mixed with skimmed milk or other material, and by emulsion or other process produce butter, and butter produced by any similar process, and commonly known as "Boiled" or "Process" butter, shall before sale, and before being offered or exposed for sale, and while in the possession of any person, firm or corporate body with intent to sell the same, be plainly labeled "Renovated Butter," in the manner prescribed by this act. If sold, offered or exposed for sale, or in possession of any person, firm or corporate body with intent to sell the same in prints or rolls, the prints or rolls shall be covered by wrappers, on which shall be printed in conspicuous letters the words "Renovated Butter." If packed in tubs or other receptacles, and sold or offered or exposed for sale, or held in the possession of any person, firm, or corporate body with intent to sell the same, the said words shall be printed in one-inch letters on the top and two sides of the tub or receptacle; if uncovered and not contained in a tub or other receptacle, and sold or offered or exposed for sale, or held in the possession of any person, firm, or corporate body with intent to sell the same, a placard containing the said words shall be attached to the mass, in a manner making them plain and prominent.

Section 2. Every person, firm, or corporate body who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, which shall be recoverable with costs, including expense of inspection and analysis, by any person suing in the name of the Commonwealth, as debts of like amount are by law recoverable: Provided, That the Department of Agriculture, through its officer known as the Dairy and Food Commissioner, together with the deputies, agents and assistants, shall be charged with the enforcement of this act, and shall have

Butter which is to be labeled.

To be plainly labeled "Renovated Butter."

How it shall be labeled and placarded.

Penalty for violation of act.

Proviso as to the enforcement of the act.

Commissioner and agent, etc., to have access to all places of business, etc.

Power and authority of.

To tender value of samples taken.

Charges and expenses, etc., to be paid by State Treasurer.

Penalties and costs to be covered into State Treasury.

Violation of act declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Forfeiture and spoliation.

Jurisdiction of magistrates and justices.

full access to all places of business, factories, buildings, carriages, cars, vessels, barrels, and packages of whatever kind, used in the manufacture and transportation and sale of any butter, or of any adulteration or imitation thereof. They shall also have power and authority to open any package, barrel or vessel containing any butter, or any adulteration or imitation thereof, which may be manufactured, sold, or offered or exposed for sale, or held in possession with intent of the holder to sell; and they shall also have full power and authority to take the samples therefrom for analysis, upon tendering the value of said samples. And all charges, accounts and expenses of the Department for the enforcement of this act, through the said commissioner and his deputies, agents, assistants, chemists and counsel employed by him in carrying out the provisions of this act, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the State in the same manner as other accounts and expenses of the said Department are paid. And all penalties and costs for the violation of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the said Dairy and Food Commissioner, or his agents, and by him immediately covered into the State Treasury.

Section 3. Every person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than thirty days, or both fine and imprisonment, for the first offense; and a fine of one hundred dollars and imprisonment for thirty days, for every subsequent offense: Provided, That all fines and costs, including the expense of inspection and analysis imposed under this section, shall be covered into the State Treasury, as provided by section two of this act; and all butter sold or offered or exposed for sale, or held in the possession of any one with intent to sell the same, in violation of the provisions of this act shall be subject to forfeiture and spoliation.

Section 4. Magistrates and justices of the peace throughout this Commonwealth shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine actions arising for violations of the provisions of this act, and to hold for court or impose the penalties provided therein, subject to appeal as the law shall direct.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 122.

AN ACT

To provide for a deficiency arising under provisions of an act, approved July twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An act to carry out the provisions of acts of Assembly relating to the care and treatment of the indigent insane," approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and making an appropriation therefor, and providing for an additional appropriation for the care and detention of the chronic insane under the provisions of the act, approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, during the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to provide for a deficiency in the appropriation for the care and treatment of the indigent insane, and to be paid in the same manner as prescribed by the act, approved July twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An act to carry out the provisions of acts of Assembly relating to the care and treatment of the indigent insane," approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and making an appropriation therefor, and providing an additional appropriation for the care and detention of the chronic insane under the provisions of the act, approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, during the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

\$200,000 appropriated for deficiency for care and treatment of indigent insane.

How payable.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 123.

AN ACT

Entitled an act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection, and to regulate the construction, maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there shall be in the cities of the first class a Bureau of Building Inspection attached to the Department of Public Safety, and under the supervision and control of the Director of Public Safety.

Bureau of Building Inspection established.

Qualifications of
Chief of Bureau.

Additional officers
of Bureau, and
who shall ap-
point.

Qualifications of
Inspectors.

Shall not be in
any other busi-
ness.

Salaries.

Inspectors to
make oath or af-
firmation.

Form of oath.

To be reduced to
writing, filed and
recorded.

Inspectors to ex-
ecute bond, in
sum of \$5,000, for
faithful perform-
ance of duties.

When to be can-
celled and how.

Chief of Bureau
to have manage-
ment and control.

Section 2. The chief officer of said Bureau shall be called the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection, and shall be either a practical builder, civil engineer, bricklayer or carpenter; the other officers of the said bureau shall consist of such number of inspectors, clerks and messengers as the city councils may, from time to time, by ordinance determine. All of said officers shall be appointed by the Director of Public Safety. All of the inspectors shall be either practical builders, civil engineers, carpenters or bricklayers, but shall not all be of the same occupation. None of the aforesaid officers shall be employed or engaged in any other business or be interested in any contract for building or furnishing materials to be used for building in the said cities. The city councils shall, from time to time, fix their salaries. Every such inspector before he enters upon the duties of his office shall be required to make and subscribe, before some person authorized by law to administer the same, the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly and sincerely swear, or affirm (as the case may be), that I am duly qualified by law to act as an inspector of buildings, and that I will faithfully, impartially and truly execute and perform the duties of an inspector of buildings, and see that the buildings inspected by me are built as required by the laws of this Commonwealth, according to the best of my judgment and abilities." Which said oath or affirmation shall be reduced to writing and filed in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas, and shall be entered on the record in said office; every such person shall, moreover, before entering on the duties of his office, execute a bond to the Commonwealth, in the sum of five thousand dollars, with one or more sureties to be approved by the said court, or by two of the judges thereof in vacation, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties imposed upon him by law, which bond shall be for the use of the said cities and of any and all persons who may be aggrieved by the acts or neglect of such inspector; and the bond hereinbefore provided for, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, shall be cancelled and marked satisfied of record by the city solicitor upon the request of the Director of Public Safety, who shall first certify that the accounts of such inspector are correct, and that there is no default, and no claim has come to his knowledge from or on behalf of any person or persons alleged to have been aggrieved by the acts or neglect of such inspector.

Section 3. The Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection shall, under the direction of the Director of Public Safety, have the management and control of all matters pertaining to the Bureau of Building Inspection. In case of the temporary absence or disa-

bility of the Chief of the Bureau, the Director of Public Safety may appoint one of the inspectors as his deputy, and such deputy shall, during such absence or disability, exercise all of the powers of the Chief of the Bureau.

When deputy shall have powers of Chief.

Section 4. The inspectors of buildings shall, under the direction of the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection, examine all buildings in the course of erection as often as practicable, and shall make written reports to the said Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection of all violations of this act, together with the street and number where such violations are found, the name of the owner, agent or contractor, and other matters relative thereto. The inspectors of buildings shall, under the direction of the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection, examine all buildings damaged by fire or accident; a record shall be made of all walls or buildings found unsafe or dangerous, with the name of the owner or agent, and the street and number where such dangerous walls or buildings exist.

Examination of buildings.

Written reports of visitations to the Chief.

Examination of damaged and dangerous buildings.

Record.

Section 5. It shall be unlawful to proceed with the erection, enlargement, alteration, repair or removal of any building or part thereof, or any platform or staging to be used for standing or seating purposes, or of any structure within the meaning of any of the provisions of this act, unless a permit shall first be obtained from the Bureau of Building Inspection; application for permits shall be made in writing by the owner or his agent, and shall be made upon forms or blanks to be used for that purpose; the said application shall remain on file with the Bureau of Building Inspection. The Chief of the Bureau may require, in addition to the application for a permit, such plans and specifications as shall sufficiently set forth the extent and character of the work in all its structural parts, together with an affidavit of the truth of the facts set forth in the application, and no permit shall be given until the application, together with the plans and specifications accompanying and illustrating the same, have been approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection; but no such plans and specifications shall be approved unless they conform to the provisions of this act. The Chief may require any applicant for a permit to give notice of the application to any persons whose interests may be affected by the proposed work. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection from granting a permit for the erection of a building or other structure where plans and detailed statements have been presented for the same before the entire plans and specifications have been submitted.

Permits for erection, alterations, etc., must be obtained.

Application for permits.

How to be made.

To be filed.

Plans and specifications.

Affidavit.

Plans and specifications to be approved by Bureau.

Notice to persons affected by proposed work.

Plans and detailed statements.

Building, etc., must conform to application, plans, etc.

Section 6. It shall be unlawful to erect any building or other structure, for which permit has been granted,

Duplicate set of approved plans and specifications.

Chief or inspectors may order changes.

Notice to be given.

Proviso.

Permit shall be granted or refused within fifteen days.

Cancellation.

Ordinary repairs may be made without notice.

Appeals from decision of Bureau, or order of inspector.

If from an order refusing permit.

If from an order to remove dangerous building or wall.

Computation of time for appealing.

Notice of appeal, how given.

Appeal after permit has been issued.

except it be in conformity with the application and the plans and specifications on file and approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. A duplicate set of the approved plans and specifications must be kept at the building or other structure during its erection or alteration and be accessible at all times to the inspector. The Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection, or any inspector of said Bureau under the direction of the Chief, shall have authority to order any change from the application or plans and specifications on file in the office of the Bureau. Should it be found, upon inspection, that there are conditions which make such change necessary, notice of such change shall be given in writing to the owner or his agent, or to the contractor in charge of the work: Provided, That no such change shall be made except it conform to the provisions of this act.

Section 7. Permits shall be granted or refused within fifteen days after the application and the submission of the plans and specifications. Every permit shall be considered cancelled if active work is not commenced within the period of six months from the date of its issue. Ordinary repairs to buildings may be made without notice to the Bureau of Building Inspection, but such repairs shall not be construed to include the cutting away of any stone or brick wall, or any portion thereof, the removal or cutting of any beam or support, or the removal, change or closing of any stairway.

Section 8. Any applicant for a permit from the Bureau of Building Inspection, required by the act, whose application has been refused, or any person who has been ordered by the inspector to incur any expense, may appeal by giving notice in writing of such appeal. If the appeal shall be from an order refusing a permit, it shall be taken within fifteen days from the refusal of such permit and not thereafter. If the appeal is from an order to take down and remove a dangerous building or structure, or a dangerous wall or walls, it shall be taken within three days from the issuing of such order and not thereafter. In computing the time within which an appeal may be taken, if the last day shall fall on Sunday or on a legal holiday, the appeal shall be taken on the preceding day. Notice of appeal may be given by leaving the same at the office of the Bureau of Building Inspection, either with the inspector or with the Chief of the Bureau or with the clerk.

Section 9. Any person, the value of whose property may be affected by work done or to be done under any permit granted by the Bureau of Building Inspection, may, within three days after the commencement of the work, appeal by giving notice in writing that he does so appeal. All cases in which appeals have been

taken as above provided shall be referred to the entire corps of building inspectors as a Board of Appeal. The said Board of Appeal shall, after hearing, direct the inspector to issue his permit under such conditions, if any, as they may require, or to withhold the same, or make such other and further order in the premises as to the board shall seem proper: Provided, That should any party aggrieved object to the decision of the Board of Appeal he, she or they may further appeal in writing to the Director of the Department of Public Safety within three days of the decision of the Board of Appeal, specifying in such appeal the reasons and ground therefor, and accompanying the same by the sum of thirty (30) dollars. The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall thereupon appoint an examining commission to consist of three disinterested experts, who shall be either master builders, engineers, or architects, who shall, within such time as the director shall specify, carefully consider the said appeal and make decision thereon. The decision of any two shall be the decision of the commission. They shall be paid for their services ten (10) dollars each.

Section 10. The decision of a building inspector, unappealed from, shall be final and conclusive in any subsequent proceeding on the matter in question in court or otherwise. The decision of the board of building inspectors as a Board of Appeal, in case such decision is not appealed from as above provided, shall be final and conclusive in any subsequent proceeding in court or otherwise. The decision of the examining commission, in case of appeal to such commission, shall be final and conclusive when certified to the building inspectors: Provided, however, That no commission, named in accordance with this act, shall have any power or authority to set aside or nullify or alter any of the provisions herein, or order or require any permit to be issued for a building to be constructed otherwise than is herein required.

Section 11. All buildings hereafter erected or altered in said cities, except such as are hereinafter provided for, shall have all outside or division walls constructed of stone, brick, iron or other hard, noncombustible material, properly banded and solidly put together; all the said walls shall be built to a line and carried up plumb and straight, and the several component parts of such buildings shall be constructed in such manner as herein provided: Provided, That councils may, by a general ordinance, permit and regulate the construction of frame buildings in the rural portions of said cities, within such limits as may be designated in said ordinance.

Section 12. The foundation walls of all buildings, excepting those that are erected on wharves or wharf

Board of Appeal.

Appeal from decision of Board.

Examining commission to be appointed to consider appeal.

Decision shall be final.

Compensation.

When decision of inspector shall be final.

When decision of Board of Appeal shall be final.

When decision of examining commission shall be final.

Commission cannot nullify provisions of act.

Buildings to be of incombustible material.

Material and construction.

Frame buildings in rural portions of cities.

Foundation walls.

Piers on a water front, shall be laid not less than three feet below the exposed surface of the earth on the solid ground or level surface of rock. Where solid earth or rock is not obtainable, the said walls may be supported by a foundation of wooden piles or caissons, filled with concrete or such other foundation as the Bureau of Building Inspection shall direct. Piles intended for a wall, pier or post to rest upon, shall not be less than five (5) inches in diameter at the smaller end, and shall be spaced not more than thirty (30) inches on centers, or nearer if required by the Bureau of Building Inspection, and they shall be driven to a solid bearing. No pile shall be weighted with a load exceeding forty thousand (40,000) pounds. The tops of all piles shall be cut off below the lowest water line where required, concrete shall be rammed down in the interstices between the heads of the piles to the depth and thickness of at least twelve (12) inches, and for one foot in width outside of the piles. Where ranging and capping timbers are laid on piles for foundations, they shall be of hard wood, not less than six (6) inches thick, and properly joined, and their tops laid below the lowest water line.	
Piles or caissons.	
Dimensions and spacing of piles.	
Weight not to exceed 40,000 pounds.	
Concrete.	
Piles to be of hard wood.	
Load limits of other foundations.	Section 13. Foundations of other materials than piles shall be so proportioned that the loads upon the soil shall not exceed the limits for the different kinds of soil than herein given, to wit: sand and loose gravel, three and one-half tons per square foot; dry, hard clay, three and one-half tons per square foot; cemented gravel, six tons per square foot; for soils other than those above specified, the loads to be determined by the Bureau of Building Inspection. No foundation shall be laid on any soil containing organic matter. The footing or base course shall be of stone or concrete, or both, or steel beams bedded in concrete, or concrete and stepped-up brickwork; all the said footing or base courses to be of sufficient thickness, breadth and strength to safely bear the weight to be imposed thereon. If the footing or base course be of concrete, the concrete shall not be less than twelve (12) inches thick; if of stone, the stones shall be laid edge to edge, and shall not be less than two (2) by three (3) feet, and at least eight (8) inches in thickness for walls, and ten (10) inches in thickness for piers or columns. If stepped-up footings of brick are used in place of stone above the concrete, the offsets shall be laid in single courses, and shall not exceed one and one-half inch, starting with the brickwork, covering the entire width of the concrete. If steel beams or rails are used for a footing or base course, they must be thoroughly embedded in concrete, the ingredients of which must be such that after proper ramming the interior of the mass will be free from cavities;
Footing or base course, construction of.	
If of concrete.	
If of stone.	
If stepped-up footings of brick are used.	
If steel beams or rails are used.	

the beams or rails must be entirely enveloped in concrete, and around the exposed external surfaces of such concrete there must be a coating of cement, of standard quality, at least one (1) inch thick; this concrete, and all concrete in contact with metal work, shall be made of Portland cement, and the broken stone used shall not be limestone of any character.

Section 14. All foundation walls and cellar walls shall be built of stone or brick; if constructed of stone, they shall be at least six (6) inches thicker than the wall next above them to the depth of twelve (12) feet below said wall, and shall be increased six (6) inches in thickness for every additional ten feet in depth below the said twelve feet; and, if of brick, they shall be at least four (4) inches thicker than the wall next above them to a depth of twelve (12) feet below the said wall, and shall be increased four (4) inches in thickness for every ten feet below said twelve feet; if there be cellars or excavations, foundation walls, except in dwelling houses, shall start at least twelve (12) inches below the cellar bottom. Foundation walls for dwellings, private stables and carriage houses, and buildings of a light character, if of stone, shall not be less than eighteen (18) inches thick; all foundations shall be sufficiently strong to resist lateral pressure. In buildings built to the street grade, the foundation shall not be built above the curb level: Provided, That the Bureau of Building Inspection may exempt buildings from this requirement when it appears to the Bureau that the buildings are located on a street which is not likely to be used for business purposes, and that the said Bureau may make necessary rules and regulations for such exemption.

Section 15. All stone walls shall be laid to a line, plumb and straight, and shall be faced on both sides. Walls twenty-four inches or less in thickness shall have at least one header extending through the walls every three (3) feet in height from the bottom of the wall and in every four (4) feet in length, and if over twenty-four inches in thickness shall have one header for every six (6) superficial feet on both sides of the wall. All headers shall consist of good flat stones, each stone shall be thoroughly bedded in mortar under the entire area, in such a manner that it will not rock. All interstices between individual stones must be thoroughly filled with mortar, and, if the spaces should be large, pieces of broken stone must be driven into the mortar. Walls used for underpinning shall be composed of large flat stones or hard brick, as the Bureau of Building Inspection may direct, the said walls to be laid up in cement mortar. Where wedges are used, the said wedges shall be of iron or steel. This section shall not be construed to prevent the building of such bat-

Concrete and cement.

Portland cement.

No limestone to be used.

Foundation walls, how built.

If of stone.

If of brick.

Where foundations start if there are cellars, etc.

Foundation walls of dwelling houses, etc.

Foundation not to be above curb level.

Buildings exempt.

Stone walls, how to be laid, etc.

Headers through walls.

Bedded in mortar.

Walls for underpinning.

Wedges.

Battered walls.

tered walls as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection.

When lime mortar may be used.

Proviso.

Concrete and mortar to be thoroughly mixed.

Proportions of cement mortar.

Proportions of cement and lime mortar.

Lime mortar.

Concrete, how to be made.

Portland cement.

Sand.

Minimum thickness of brick walls for business manufacturing and public buildings.

Section 16. Foundation walls of dwellings, stables and carriage houses, and buildings of similar light construction, may be laid in lime mortar. The foundation walls of all other buildings shall be laid in cement mortar: Provided, That this section shall not be construed to prohibit the use of cement and lime mortar, when in the judgment of the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the nature of the construction may permit of its use.

Section 17. It shall be unlawful to use concrete, or mortar of any kind, the ingredients of which are not thoroughly mixed, and which are not free from lumps or other unmixed portions of any of the ingredients. Cement mortar shall be made of sand and cement in the proportions of not more than three parts of sand to one part of cement, and shall be used immediately after mixing. Cement and lime mortar shall be made of one part lime, one part cement, and three parts of sand to each. Lime mortar shall be made of not more than four parts of sand to one part of fresh-burnt lime, and shall not be used before being thoroughly slaked. Concrete for footings and foundations shall be made of one part of cement, two parts of sand, and five parts of small, clean, broken stones. Cement used in all the said mortars and concrete shall be Portland, or other equally good quality; the sand shall be clean and sharp and free from earthy matter.

Section 18. The thickness of brick walls for business, manufacturing and public buildings, seventy-five to one hundred and twenty-five feet long by twenty-six feet or less, clear span, shall not be less than the number of inches in the following table:

Stories.

	First.	Second.	Third.	Fourth.	Fifth.	Sixth.	Seventh.	Eighth.	Ninth.	Tenth.	Eleventh.	Twelfth.
One-story,	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Two-story,	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Three-story,	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Four-story,	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five-story,	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Six-story,	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seven-story,	26	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eight-story,	26	26	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nine-story,	30	26	26	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....	.....
Ten-story,	30	30	26	26	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....	.....
Eleven-story,	34	30	30	26	26	22	22	18	18	13	13	.....
Twelve-story,	34	34	30	30	26	26	22	22	18	18	13	13

Less than 75 feet long

For buildings of the same character, less than seventy-five feet long; also, hotels, apartment and tenement houses, the thickness of the walls may be reduced

by making the three upper stories thirteen (13) inches thick, and following from that down to the lowest story in the same sequence as in the above table. Non-bearing walls of buildings, hereinbefore in this section specified, may be four (4) inches less in thickness: Provided, however, That none are less than thirteen (13) inches thick except as hereinafter specified. If there is to be a clear span of over twenty-six feet between walls, the bearing walls shall be four (4) inches more in thickness than is in this section specified, for every thirteen (13) feet or fraction thereof the said walls are more than twenty-six feet apart; all buildings over one hundred and twenty-five feet in length or depth, without a cross wall or proper piers or buttresses, shall have the side or bearing walls increased in thickness four (4) inches more than is specified, for every seventy-five (75) feet or fraction thereof that said walls are over one hundred and twenty-five feet in length. The amount of materials elsewhere herein specified may be used in either piers or buttresses, but no curtain wall between such pier or buttress shall be less than thirteen (13) inches thick. Walls surrounding stairs, elevator shafts, fire escapes and light wells, if of brick, shall not be less than eight (8) inches thick; but they shall be increased in thickness, with the increase in height, to a sufficient extent to keep the load on the brick work within the maximum load elsewhere herein specified. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the erection of light wells, constructed of a framework of iron or steel filled in with glass.

Section 19. The height of stories for all given thickness of walls, must not exceed eleven (11) feet in the clear for basement, eighteen (18) feet in the clear for the first story, fifteen (15) feet in the clear for the second story, fourteen (14) feet in the clear, average height, for any upper story; and if any story exceeds these heights, respectively, the walls of such story and all the walls below the same shall be increased four (4) inches in thickness, additional to the thickness already mentioned.

Section 20. Stores, warehouses and factories over twenty-six feet clear span, shall have the floors carried on brick partition walls, or girders supported by columns of wood or iron, or piers of masonry. Iron or steel trusses or girders may be used: Provided, The supporting walls are increased in thickness by the addition of piers or buttresses to a sufficient extent to keep the load on the brickwork within the maximum load elsewhere herein specified.

Section 21. In no case shall any wall or walls of any building be carried up more than two stories in advance of any other wall without the permission of the Bureau of Building Inspection. The front, rear, side

Non-bearing walls.

Proviso.

Clear span of over 26 feet.

Buildings over 125 feet long.

Thickness of curtain wall.

Walls about stairs, elevator shafts, etc., thickness of.

Light wells of iron or steel.

Height of stories.

Increase of thickness.

Buildings over 26 feet clear span shall have brick partition walls, on girders supported by columns, etc.

Iron or steel trusses may be used.

Proviso.

No wall to be carried up more than two stories in advance.

Walls to be bonded and anchored.

Tie anchors.

and party walls shall be properly bonded together, or anchored to each other, every six (6) feet in their height, by wrought-iron tie anchors not less than one and one-half (1 1-2) inches by three-eighths (3-8) of an inch in size. The said anchors shall be built into the side or party walls not less than sixteen (16) inches, and into the front and rear walls so as to secure the front and rear walls to the side or party walls when not built and bonded together.

Brick walls, how constructed.

Section 22. In brick walls, at least every seventh course of brick shall be a heading course, except where walls are faced with face brick, in which case at least every seventh course shall be bonded with Flemish headers, or by cutting the corners of the face brick and putting diagonal headers behind the same, or iron ties. In all buildings where the walls are built hollow, the same amount of brick or stone wall shall be used in their construction as if they were solid, as heretofore set forth, and no hollow bearing walls shall be built unless the two walls forming the same shall be connected by proper ties of the same material as the walls or stone or iron, placed not over two feet apart. The inside four inches of all walls may be built of hard-burnt hollow clay, or porous terra-cotta blocks, properly tied and bonded into the walls, and of the dimensions of ordinary brick.

Walls built hollow, how constructed.

Hollow bearing walls.

Brick walls shall be bonded.

How laid.

Brick walls below curb level.

Section 23. All walls of brick shall be thoroughly bonded and solidly put together, and shall be built to a line, plumb, level and straight; all bricks to be laid and bedded with well-filled joints. Every course when laid shall have the joints well flushed up; all bed joints not covered are to be struck. The brick walls below the curb level of all buildings, other than dwellings and buildings of a similar light construction, shall be laid in cement mortar. Piers built for the support of any column, post or wall shall be laid in cement mortar: Provided, That this section shall not be construed to prohibit the use of cement and lime mortar, when in the judgment of the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the nature of the construction may permit its use. The brick used in all buildings of this character shall be good, hard, well-burned and well-shaped brick.

Piers.

Proviso.

Quality of brick.

Inspectors to examine party or division walls.

Section 24. Inspectors of buildings shall, upon the application of any owner or owners of any building or their authorized agents or upon the application of any person or persons about to erect any new building or buildings, examine any or all existing party or division walls, and if they are deemed by the inspector to be defective, out of repair, or insufficient and unfit for the purpose of the old building existing upon the adjoining premises, or of the new buildings about to be erected, such party or division wall or walls shall be repaired or made good or taken down by the parties

If deemed defective, etc.

To be made good or taken down.

building, as the inspector's decision may be. In every case where such wall or walls are defective, out of repair, or insufficient for the purpose of the buildings there existing upon the adjoining premises and using the same, the cost or expense of such repair or removal, together with the expense of the new wall or walls to be erected in lieu thereof, shall be borne and paid by the owner of said buildings upon the adjoining premises and the party erecting the new buildings, in proportion to the amount of such wall or walls which is or shall be respectively used by their said buildings; and in every case where such wall or walls are defective, out of repair, or insufficient only for the purpose of the new buildings, the cost and expense of such repair or removal, together with the expense of the new wall or walls to be erected in lieu thereof, shall then be borne and paid exclusively by the parties erecting the new buildings, and they shall also in such case make good all damages occasioned thereby to the adjoining premises.

Section 25. Walls heretofore built for or used as party walls, whose thickness at the time of their erection was in accordance with the requirements of the then existing laws, but which are not in accordance with the requirements of this act may be used, if in good condition, for the ordinary use of party walls: Provided, The height of the same be not increased. In case it is desired to increase the height of the existing party or independent walls, which walls are less in thickness than required under this act, the same may be done with a lining of brickwork to form a combined thickness with the old walls of not less than four inches more than the thickness required for a new wall, corresponding with the total height of the wall when so increased in height. The said linings shall be supported on proper foundations and carried up to such height as the Bureau of Building Inspection may require. No lining shall be less than nine (9) inches in thickness, and all lining shall be laid up in cement mortar, and thoroughly anchored to the old brick walls with suitable wrought-iron anchors, placed two feet apart, and properly fastened or driven into the old walls in rows, alternating vertically and horizontally with each other; the old walls being first cleaned of plaster and other coatings where any lining is to be built against the same. In all cases where there is such increase of walls a new foundation shall be built, in such manner as to carry jointly both the new and old walls, and the soil under such foundation shall not be loaded beyond the limits elsewhere herein specified. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the raising of the party walls in dwellings an additional story, if upon inspection the walls are found good, and the load on the brick-

The cost of repair or removal.

By whom to be paid.

Damages to be made good.

Old party walls may be used.

Proviso as to height.

How height may be increased.

Linings to be on proper foundations.

Thickness of lining, how laid, etc.

To be thoroughly anchored.

Old walls to be cleaned.

New foundation to be built.

Raising of party walls in dwellings.

work is within the maximum elsewhere herein specified.

Recesses in walls.

Area of.

Distance apart.

Stone ashlar.

Stone facing to be anchored.

Minimum thickness of wall for dwellings, etc.

Dimensions.

No soft brick to be used in exposed wall.

The Chief may require increase of thickness.

Party walls of stone.

Where roof is mansard.

Party wall shall be built solidly. Proviso.

Section 26. No recess shall be made in any wall more than one-third of its thickness. Recesses for alcoves shall not exceed eight (8) feet in width, and shall be arched over, and not carried up higher than eighteen (18) inches below the floor next above. The aggregate area of recesses in any wall shall not exceed one-fourth of the whole area of the face of the wall on any story, nor shall any such recess be made within a distance of six (6) feet of any other one in the same wall. If there be stone ashlar used for the facing of any building, the said stone ashlar, if three inches thick or less, shall not be reckoned in the thickness of the wall. All stone used for the facing of any building, except where built of alternate headers and stretchers, shall be strongly anchored with iron anchors, set in each stone at least one (1) inch.

Section 27. The minimum thickness for all walls of dwellings, private stables and carriage houses, and buildings of a similar light construction, shall be as follows: All such buildings with a width of sixteen (16) feet or less, providing they do not exceed sixty (60) feet in length and thirty-five (35) feet in height, shall have walls of not less than nine (9) inches. If over sixteen (16) feet and less than eighteen (18) feet in width, the party walls shall be thirteen (13) inches thick, and the side or gable walls nine (9) inches thick. If eighteen (18) feet and over and less than twenty (20) feet in width, the side or gable walls shall be thirteen (13) inches for two stories. If twenty (20) feet and over in width, all the walls shall be at least thirteen (13) inches thick the entire height. No soft or salmon brick shall be used in the exposed walls of any building described in this section. All walls shall be squared up thirteen (13) inches thick with hard brick to the first floor joists. The Chief of the Bureau may increase the thickness of any of the walls herein specified, if in his judgment the nature of the construction requires it to be done. Party walls if built of stone shall not be less than sixteen (16) inches. The party walls of all buildings shall be built up and extended at least ten (10) inches above the roof, and shall be coped with stone or metal or other hard incombustible material. Where the roof is Mansard, unless the same is constructed of fire-proof material throughout, the lower slope of said wall shall extend at least six inches distant and parallel with the roof covering, and be corbelled to the outer edge of all projections and coped with incombustible material. All party walls shall be built solidly from cellar bottom to the top of the fire wall: Provided, That with the approval and under the supervision of the Bureau of Building Inspection openings may be made in the party walls of contiguous buildings.

Section 28. No dwelling house shall be erected on a lot of a less average width than fourteen (14) feet: Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to lots of less than fourteen feet in width having buildings erected thereon. Provided further, That a dwelling house may be erected on a lot of less width than fourteen feet, and a lot of less width than forty-two (42) feet may be sub-divided into lots of equal width, upon which dwelling houses may be erected, but no such lot shall be decreased in width to a greater extent than five per centum of fourteen feet. This provision shall only apply when the aforesaid lots are bounded by ground having buildings erected thereon at the time of the approval of this act, or when bounded on each side by ground belonging to other owners at the time of the approval of this act, and every such dwelling shall have an open space attached to it in the rear or at the side equal to at least one hundred and forty-four (144) square feet clear space, unobstructed by any overhanging structure. In all dwellings hereafter erected the cellars shall extend underneath the whole house and be ventilated from both ends. In low, damp or made ground the bottom of all cellars shall be covered with concrete or asphalt at least three (3) inches thick, or such material as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection.

Dwellings to be not less than 14 feet in width.

Proviso.

Lots not to be decreased more than 5 per cent. of 14 feet.

Extent of cellars, ventilation of.

Section 29. In buildings hereafter erected, altered or repaired, all chimneys shall be built of brick, stone or other incombustible material. Brick chimneys shall have walls at least nine (9) inches thick, unless terra cotta flue linings are used, in which case four and one-half (4½) inches of brickwork may be omitted. All chimneys or smoke flues shall have a wall nine (9) inches thick at the back, and when corbelled out shall be supported by at least five courses of brick, and, if supported by piers, the same shall start from the foundation on the same face with the breast above. All chimneys shall be bonded to the walls at every course from the bottom to the top. The inside of all brick flues shall be built of hard brick and have struck joints, except when lined with terra cotta. All chimneys shall be topped out at least four (4) feet above the top of the roof at point of contact, if a flat roof, and at least two (2) feet above the ridge of a pitched roof. No chimney shall be less than eight (8) by eight (8) inches when used as a smoke flue. No chimney in any building already erected or hereafter to be built shall be cut off below, in whole or in part, and supported by wood, but shall be wholly supported by stone, brick or iron, and all chimneys in any building already erected or hereafter to be erected which shall be dangerous in any manner whatever, shall be repaired and made safe or taken down. No wood furring shall be used against or around any

How chimneys shall be built.

Walls and linings.

To be bonded. Inside of brick flues.

How chimneys and flues shall be built.

chimney, but the plastering shall be directly on the masonry or on metal lathing. Flues of ranges and boilers, and other similar flues, shall have the outside exposed to the height of the ceiling, or be plastered to the bricks.

How hearths shall be constructed.

Width of jambs.

Lengths of arches.

Support of brickwork over fireplaces, etc.

Setting of ranges.

Section 30. All hearths shall be supported by trimmer arches of brick, stone, iron or concrete, or be of single stone at least six (6) inches thick, built into the chimney and supported by iron beams, one end of which shall be securely built into the masonry of the chimney or an adjoining wall, or which shall otherwise rest upon incombustible support. The brick jambs of every fireplace or grate opening shall be at least nine (9) inches wide each, and the backs of such openings shall be at least nine (9) inches thick. All hearths and trimmer arches shall be at least twelve (12) inches longer on either side than the width of such openings, and at least eighteen (18) inches wide in front of the chimney breast. Brickwork over fireplaces and grate openings shall be supported by iron bars, or brick or stone arches. All brick-set or portable ranges shall be set on hearths of brick, slate or cement, the said hearths to extend at least twelve (12) inches beyond the face of the range. No brick-set or portable range, or heating apparatus of any kind, shall be set against a wood or lath and plaster partition.

How stovepipes may enter flues.

Section 31. No stovepipe in any building with combustible floors and ceilings shall hereafter enter any flue nearer than twelve (12) inches from the floor or ceiling; and in all cases when smokepipes pass through the stud or wooden partitions, floor or roof, whether plastered or not, they shall be guarded by either a double collar of metal, with at least two (2) inches of air space all around and holes for circulation of air, or by a soapstone ring or solid casting of plaster of paris, not less than three (3) inches in thickness, and extending through the partition, or by an earthenware ring one (1) inch from the pipe at every joint.

Smokepipe of furnace to be two feet below joists.

Exceptions.

Tops of furnaces to be covered.

Section 32. In all cases where hot water, steam, hot air or other furnaces are used, the furnace smoke pipe shall be at least two feet below the joists or ceiling above the same, unless said joists or ceiling shall be properly protected by a shield of metal plate suspended above the said pipe, with at least three (3) inches of space for the free circulation of air above and below the said shield, in which case the smoke pipes shall be kept at least ten (10) inches from the aforesaid joists or ceiling; and the tops of all furnaces set in brick must be covered with brick, slate or metal, supported by iron bars, and so constructed as to be perfectly tight; said covering to be in addition to and at least six (6) inches from the ordinary covering to the hot air chamber. The tops of all heating furnaces not set in

brick shall be at least ten (10) inches below the joists or ceiling, with a shield of metal plate made tight and suspended below the said joists or ceiling at least three (3) inches, and extending one (1) foot beyond the furnace on all sides. No boiler to be used for steam or motive power, and no furnace, shall be placed on any floor above the cellar floor unless the same is set on noncombustible beams and arches, or an incombustible platform, and in no case without a permit from the Bureau of Building Inspection.

Placing of boilers.

Section 33. All hot air registers set in the floor of any building shall be set in a border of soapstone or other fire-proof material, and all floor or register boxes to be made of sheet metal with flange on top to fit the groove in the border, the register to rest upon the same, and there shall also be an open space of two (2) inches on all sides of the register box, extending from the under side of the ceiling to the border of the floor, the outside of the space to be covered with a casing of metal, made tight on all sides, and to extend from the under side of the aforesaid ceiling up to and turn under the said border. No tin or metal flue or flues, pipe or pipes, or register box or boxes, of a single thickness of metal, used and intended to convey heated air in any building hereafter to be built, altered or repaired, shall be allowed, unless the same be built in a wall of brick or stone. In all other cases, the said flue or flues, pipe or pipes, register box or boxes, shall be made double; that is, two pipes, one inside the other, at least one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) inch apart, or covered with wire lathing, and the studding covered with tin or other fire-proof material, so as to be thoroughly fireproof: Provided, That this shall not apply to pipes leading from a heater to the hot air flue. No wood furring or lath shall be placed against any flue, metal pipe or pipes, used to convey heated air or steam in any building. No permanent or stationary heating apparatus of any kind whatever shall be introduced in any building now erected without a permit from the Bureau of Building Inspection.

How hot air registers shall be set.

All flues shall be protected.

To be made thoroughly fire-proof. Proviso.

Wood furring shall not be placed against flue, etc.

Placing of wooden girders, etc.

Joists in party walls shall be kept 4 inches from the other side.

How trimmers shall be hung.

Exposed bond timbers.

Section 34. In no building shall any wooden girders, joists or timbers be placed nearer than four (4) inches of the outside of any smoke, hot air or other flue; and all joists or other timbers in the party walls of any building hereafter erected, whether built of stone, brick or iron, shall be separated from the joists or timbers entering into the opposite side of the wall by at least four (4) inches of solid mason work. Every trimmer over four feet long, except in a dwelling, shall be hung in wrought or malleable iron stirrups of suitable dimensions, and no timber shall be used in any wall of any building where stone, brick or iron is commonly used, except bond timbers and lintels as hereinbefore provided for, or as may be approved by the inspector, and

Where stud partitions are to be doubled.

Joists, thickness of, to be anchored, how placed.

Floor joists.

Planking, etc., of roof shall not extend across party wall.

How dormer windows shall be covered.

Proviso.

Repairing of shingle roofs.

Materials and construction of water conductors.

Scuttle frames, bulkheads and doors.

Stationary ladders for scuttles.

no exposed bond timber in any wall shall, in width and thickness, exceed that of a course of brick. Where stud partitions are paralleled with the joists, the joists supporting them are to be doubled in all cases. No wooden floor joists or roof rafters used in any building, other than a frame building, shall be of less thickness than three (3) inches. Each tier of joists shall be anchored to the bearing walls, at intervals of not more than ten (10) feet, with good, strong, wrought iron anchors. Where the joists are supported by girders, the girders shall be anchored to the walls; all the said joists or girders shall be so anchored that in falling they will free their own anchorage without injury to the wall. The ends of joists resting upon girders, if butted together end to end, shall be strapped with wrought iron straps at the same joist that is anchored to the wall, or they may lap each other and be thoroughly spiked or bolted together. Where joists are hung in iron stirrups from the girders they must be strapped as before described. Floor joists shall be placed not more than sixteen (16) inches from center to center, and must be properly bridged. All joists that are used must be sound and well seasoned. No floor joists shall be blocked up or levelled on more than one dry course of brick.

Section 35. The planking and sheathing of the roof of every building hereafter to be erected or altered shall in no case be extended across the party wall thereof, and every such building and the tops and sides of every dormer window thereon shall be covered with slate, zinc, tin, iron, copper, or such other equally good fire-proof material, as the Bureau of Building Inspection may authorize; and the outside of every dormer window hereafter placed on any building, as aforesaid, shall be made of some fire-proof material, and wooden buildings which require roofing shall not be roofed with any other covering except as aforesaid: Provided, That this shall not apply to roofs and dormers in rural and suburban districts. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the repairing of a shingle roof, provided the repairs do not amount to over one-half of the value of said roof, in which case the whole must be replaced by some fire-proof material. All buildings shall be kept provided with proper metallic leaders for conducting water from the roof to the ground or sewer, in such manner as shall protect the walls and foundations from damage.

Section 36. All buildings of three or more stories hereafter to be built with two or more stories back buildings shall have scuttle frames and covers or bulkheads and doors, and be covered with some fire-proof material. All scuttles shall have stationary ladders leading to the same, and all such scuttles and ladders

shall be kept so as to be ready for use at all times. All scuttles shall be in size of opening at least eighteen (18) by thirty (30) inches, and if a bulkhead is used in any building in place of a scuttle it shall have stairs, with a sufficient guard or handrail, leading to the roof; and in case the building be a tenement house, the doors or covers to the scuttles or bulkheads shall at no time be locked, but may be bolted or secured by hooks on the inside.

Bulkheads to have stairs.

Doors to same in tenements not to be locked.

Section 37. All exterior cornices and gutters hereafter erected shall be of some fire-proof material, and in every case, except when carried on a framework of iron or steel, the greatest weight of the material of which the cornice shall be constructed shall be on the inside of the outer line of the wall, allowance being made for the leverage produced by the projection of the cornice beyond the face of the wall; and in all cases the walls shall be carried up to the under side of the roof planking, and where the cornice projects above the roof the wall shall be carried up to the top of the cornice. All exterior wooden cornices that may be or shall hereafter become unsafe shall be taken down, and if replaced shall be constructed of some fire-proof material. All exterior wooden cornices or gutters that may hereafter be damaged by fire or by decay, to the extent of one-half the value thereof, shall be taken down, and if replaced shall be constructed of some fire-proof material, but if not damaged to this extent may be repaired with the same kind of material of which originally constructed. The cornice on every building shall be separated from the cornice on an adjoining building by having the party wall corbelled out at least two (2) inches beyond all projections, or by such other fire stop as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the use of a wooden cornice upon buildings which have shingle roofs, as hereafter in this act provided.

Exterior cornices and gutters, material and construction of.

Unsafe wooden cornices.

Damaged by fire or water.

Cornices of adjoining buildings to be separated.

Wooden cornices.

Section 38. All buildings hereafter erected or altered to be used as a school house, hospital, asylum, hotel, apartment or tenement house, office building, store, manufactory, or workshop, or place of assembly or resort, shall have such number of good and sufficient stairways, or other means of egress, as shall be determined by the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection. Stores in which any of the stories above the second have a clear floor space of four thousand (4,000) square feet, and manufactories three or more stories in height, of the floor area, per story, of three thousand (3,000) square feet, shall have a tower stairway, completely enclosed, on the interior of the building, with brick walls or such other fire-proof materials as shall be accepted by the Bureau of Building Inspection. Should the floor area of any story above the second,

All public buildings shall have stairways as determined by the Chief.

Stores.

Manufactories.

Tower stairway, fireproof.

Openings for
doors and
windows.

Arches and
lintels.

Dimension of
lintels.

Bearings of
lintels.

Lintel of iron or
steel.

Exterior window
sills shall be of
stone.

Iron or steel
beams or girders
spanning openings
between 8 and 12
feet.

When over 12 feet.

When supported
at ends by walls
or piers.

Dimensions of
stone block.

Bearings to be
sufficient to sup-
port weight.

Width of iron
beams.

in said stores or manufactories, exceed ten thousand (10,000) square feet, the Bureau of Building Inspection may require one or more additional tower stairways.

Section 39. Openings for doors and windows in all buildings, except as otherwise provided, shall have good and sufficient arches of stone, brick or terra cotta, well built and keyed, with good and sufficient abutments or lintels of stone, as follows: For an opening not more than four feet in width, the lintel shall not be less than seven and one-half ($7\frac{1}{2}$) inches in height and three (3) inches in thickness; for an opening of not more than six feet in width, the said lintel shall not be less than ten (10) inches in height and four (4) inches in thickness; for an opening more than six feet and less than eight feet in width, the said lintel shall not be less than twelve (12) inches in height and four (4) inches in thickness; all lintels eight feet and over in width shall be iron or steel beams or girders. No lintels shall have a bearing of less than four and one-half ($4\frac{1}{2}$) inches on the walls, and on the inside of all openings six feet or less in width, in which the lintels shall be less than the thickness of the wall to be supported, there shall be a good and proper size timber lintel, which shall rest at each end not less than four and one-half ($4\frac{1}{2}$) inches on the wall, and shall be beveled on each end, and shall have a double counter or dead arch turned over the same when practicable. Openings over six feet and less than eight feet in width shall have the inside lintel of iron or steel; plank front frames of a width of five feet or less, to be used in dwelling houses, may be exempted from the provisions of this section for lintels. All exterior window sills shall be of stone or other hard, incombustible material.

Section 40. All iron or steel beams or girders used as lintels to span openings eight feet or over in width and not exceeding twelve feet, upon which a wall rests, when not supported by iron or steel jamb boxes, shall have a bearing of at least eight (8) inches at each end by the thickness of the wall supported. For openings over twelve feet, the bearing shall be at least twelve (12) inches. When the lintels or girders are supported at the ends by brick walls or piers, they shall rest upon cut granite, or other stone blocks of equal strength, or cast iron plates of equal strength may be used. If the opening is twelve feet or less, the stone block shall not be less than eight (8) inches thick, and shall be proportionately increased when the opening is more than twelve feet. All blocks or plates used shall be the full size of the bearing. In all cases the bearing shall be sufficient to support the weight placed upon it with safety. All iron or steel beams or girders used in any building shall be throughout not less in width than the thickness of the wall to be supported.

Section 41. All floors shall be constructed to bear a safe weight, per superficial foot, exclusive of the weight of the materials of which they are composed, as follows: Dwellings, tenement houses, apartment houses, hotels, hospitals or asylums, seventy (70) pounds; office buildings, one hundred (100) pounds; places of public assembly, light manufacturing and retail stores, one hundred and twenty (120) pounds; storehouses, warehouses and manufactories, one hundred and fifty (150) pounds, and upwards in proportion to the loads they have to carry. All roofs shall be constructed to bear a safe weight of thirty (30) pounds per superficial foot. The ultimate stresses in pounds per square inch, to be applied in proportioning the materials to be used in building to safely carry the loads stated above, shall be as follows:

Maximum weight, per superficial foot, floors shall be constructed to bear.

Maximum weight, per superficial foot, to be borne by roofs.

	Extreme fibre tension.	Tension.	Compression.	Shear.
Cast iron,	15,000	.....	70,000	.....
Wrought iron, .....	.....	50,000	50,000	30,000
Mild steel, .....	.....	58,000	58,000	35,000
Medium steel, .....	.....	65,000	65,000	40,000

Ultimate stresses in pounds per square inch.

	Extreme fibre tension.	Tension.	Compression.	Allowable perpendicular to grain.	Perpendicular to grain.	Parallel to grain.
Hemlock,	3,600	4,000	2,100	250	2,500	250
Spruce,	4,400	5,000	3,000	300	3,000	300
Long leaf yellow pine	6,400	7,200	4,500	550	4,500	400

Allowable pressure per square foot on

Concrete, fifteen tons.

Brickwork in lime mortar, eight tons.

Brickwork in lime and cement mortar, twelve tons.

Brickwork in cement mortar, fifteen tons.

Stonework (rubble) in lime mortar, five tons.

Stonework (rubble) in lime and cement mortar, eight tons.

Stonework (rubble) in cement mortar, ten tons.

Allowable pressure per square foot.

Reduction as per
formula of Bu-
reau.

Basis of ultimate
stresses on
timber.

Allowable deflec-
tion.

Factors of safety.

Temporary sup-
ports.

Weight that
floors will sus-
tain shall be
estimated.

And posted in a
conspicuous place.

Strength of ma-
terials, how to be
ascertained.

Data and method
of computation
shall be submitted
to Bureau.

Iron or steel
beams and girders
used to support
floors or walls.

Standard connec-
tions.

The above figures in compression shall be reduced for columns, in proportion to length and least diameter, according to formula adopted by the Bureau of Building Inspection. The ultimate stresses, as above given for timber, are based on ordinary, straight-grained and well seasoned lumber. The allowable deflection for beams or girders shall not exceed one-thirtieth of an inch per foot of span, where the ceiling is to be plastered, or one-twenty-fifth of an inch per foot of span, where the ceiling is not to be plastered. The factors of safety shall be as one to four for all beams, girders and other pieces subject to transverse strain; and as one to four for all posts, columns and other vertical supports, when of wrought iron or rolled steel; and as one to six for other material subject to a compressive strain; and as one to four for tie rods, tie beams and other pieces subject to a tensile strain. Every temporary support used during the erection or alteration of any building shall be of sufficient strength to carry safely the load to be placed thereon.

Section 42. In all stores, warehouses and factories, hereafter to be erected or altered, and all warehouses, storehouses, factories, workshops and stores, where heavy materials are kept or stored, or machinery introduced, the weight that each floor will safely sustain upon each superficial foot shall be estimated by an architect or civil engineer. The weight that each floor will safely sustain, together with the date of the examination and the name of the architect or civil engineer, shall be posted by the owner in a conspicuous place on each floor. The strength of the materials shall be ascertained by computation, by the rules of standard authors on the strength of materials, using the fibre stresses hereinbefore specified, and for other materials only such numbers as have been reduced from actual experiments on materials of like kinds with that proposed to be used. The data and method of computation must be submitted to the Bureau of Building Inspection for verification, before posting.

Section 43. Rolled iron or steel beams and girders, used to support floors or walls of buildings, shall be so proportioned that the loads which may come upon them shall not produce strains in tension or compression of more than the allowable stresses hereinbefore specified. No material shall be used in any part of the construction of less thickness than one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of an inch, except for filling or lining vacant places. No allowance shall be made for the web in calculating the flange section of plate girders. All connections shall be arranged for end connection angles, and all beams, where practicable, must be connected to the girders supporting them with the standard connections, as used by Pencoyd, Carnegie, Phoenix, or other

standard mills, and published in their hand-books. Beams or girders whose length is more than twenty-five times their width must be supported laterally by bracing, independent of the load coming upon them. Webs of girders, whose unsupported depth is more than sixty times their thickness, must have stiffeners riveted on both sides of the web at points generally not farther apart than one and one-half times the full depth of the web plate, the stiffeners to be milled to fit tightly into the flange angles of the girders. At the points of local and concentrated loads and at bearing points, stiffeners shall be placed up against the flanges, and shall be proportioned as posts to transfer the loads at those points. All riveted work to be punched accurately with holes one-sixteenth (1-16) inch larger than the rivet, and when the pieces forming one built member are put together the holes must be truly opposite. No drifting to distort the metal will be allowed. All holes for field rivets shall be accurately drilled to an iron templet, wherever possible all rivets shall be machine driven and when so driven must completely fill the holes. All rivets shall be proportioned so that the shearing strain per square inch of section shall not exceed eleven thousand (11,000) pounds for steel, and nine thousand (9,000) pounds for iron, and the pressure upon the bearing surface of the projected semi-intrados (diameter x thickness) of the rivet shall not exceed twenty-two thousand (22,000) pounds per square inch for steel, and eighteen thousand (18,000) pounds for iron. For field riveting the number thus found shall be increased twenty-five per centum. The pitch of rivets in direction of the strain shall not exceed six (6) inches. All connections in structural iron or steel work, so far as possible shall be made with soft steel rivets. Tight fitting bolts may be used in reamed holes where it is impossible to drive the rivet. Columns of wrought iron or steel, supporting walls and floors of buildings, shall be so proportioned that the vertical loads which may come upon them, including the bending strain due to wind pressure, shall not produce strains in tension and compression of more than thirty (30) per centum additional to the allowable stresses hereinbefore specified. The vertical stresses on columns from live load shall not be reduced more than that given by formula adopted by the Bureau of Building Inspection. Abutting surfaces to be truly planed to even bearings throughout, and to be spliced so as to hold parts in proper position. Splices also to be proportioned for the bending in the columns due to side pressure, so that the strains on the bolts and rivets shall not produce strains of more than the allowable stresses hereinbefore mentioned. No column shall be

Supported laterally.

Webs of girders to have stiffeners.

At points of local and concentrated load.

Riveted work.

No drifting allowed.

Rivets to be machine driven.

Shearing strain.

Field riveting.

Pitch of rivets.

Connections.

Vertical loads, including bending strain.

Vertical stresses.

Abutting surfaces.

Splices.

Length of
columns.

Base of columns.

Wind pressure.

Wind bracing.

Base of column
must be anchored.

Cast iron col-
umns.

Of tough gray
iron.

Least thickness
allowable.

Greatest length.

Inspector may
require columns
to be drilled for
inspection.

Foundations
under columns.

Beams under
columns.

greater in length than forty-five times its least width or one hundred and forty times its least radius of gyration. Every column shall rest upon a base plate properly secured to column, and shall be truly and squarely planed, so as to evenly distribute the load over the footings. As far as possible columns shall be so designed as to have all parts of the column accessible after erection, for the purpose of cleaning and painting. In all buildings allowances shall be made for wind pressure, which shall not be figured at less than thirty (30) pounds per square foot of elevation, where erected in open spaces or on wharves. In high buildings, erected in built-up districts, the wind pressure shall not be figured for less than twenty-five (25) pounds at tenth story, two and one-half ($2\frac{1}{2}$) pounds less on each succeeding lower story, and two and one-half ($2\frac{1}{2}$) pounds additional on each succeeding upper floor, to a maximum of thirty-five (35) pounds at fourteenth story and above. Wind bracing may be provided by making the connection joint between girders and columns sufficient for the vertical load as well as the bending due to side pressure; or brackets may be placed at this joint, proportioned for the side pressure; or diagonal bracing may be placed between columns, proportioned to transfer the shear of the side pressure to the footings. Where buildings are narrow and tall, so that the overturning due to wind is more than the down pressure of the unloaded building, the base of column must be anchored down to a sufficient foundation to counteract this upward strain. Cast iron columns shall be proportioned so that the loads coming upon them shall not produce strains greater than the allowable stresses hereinbefore mentioned; cast columns to have caps and bases truly square, so as to give even bearing, and shall be bolted to each succeeding column; the lugs, caps and bases to be made of sufficient size to transmit the strains coming upon them. They shall be of tough gray iron, free from all cracks, blow holes, et cetera, and concentric to outer circumference. In cast iron columns or lintels the least thickness allowable shall be three-fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) of an inch, and there shall be no variation in thickness, due to shifting of core, of more than twenty per centum. Cast iron columns shall not be of greater length than twenty times their least diameter. The inspector may require columns drilled for inspection. All footings under columns shall be proportioned for the weight coming upon them, so as not to produce any greater pressure upon the earth beneath them, as hereinbefore mentioned. All foundations under columns shall be concentrically loaded, and where necessary shall have a slip joint connection with other masonry. Where beams are placed under columns to distribute the loads,

they shall be proportioned as girders carrying uniform load, within the limits of the above mentioned allowable stresses. All structural steel and iron work to be thoroughly cleaned of rust and dirt and covered with two coats of an approved paint, mixed in linseed oil; all parts of the structure, as far as possible, to be so designed as to be accessible for painting after erection. No curtain wall in buildings of skeleton construction shall be less than thirteen (13) inches in thickness for an average story height of twelve feet, and shall be so proportioned that a wind pressure of thirty pounds per square foot at any panel would not cause the wall to fall.

Structural iron work to be cleaned and painted.

Curtain wall, thickness and construction of.

Section 44. Where the enclosing or division walls of a building are wholly or in part supported on iron or steel beams, girders and columns, such beams, girders and columns shall be protected against the external changes of the atmosphere and against fire by a covering of brick, terra cotta, fire clay, tile, or other approve fire proofing, completely enveloping said structural members of iron or steel. Said fire-proofing around outside columns and beams, if of brick, shall not be less than eight (8) inches; if of hollow tile, shall not be less than six (6) inches thick, and there shall be at least two sets of air spaces between the iron and steel members and the outside of the hollow tile covering. In all cases the brick or hollow tile shall be bedded in cement mortar close up to the iron or steel members, and all joints shall be made full and solid. No building shall be deemed a fire-proof building unless in addition to the above required covering of the iron or steel members, all the interior columns, beams and girders be enveloped in such fire resisting materials as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. The filling between the individual floor beams and girders shall be one of the fire-proof systems in use, as approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection, and must in every case have stood the test of three times the load for which the floor is designed, without sign of cracking. No wood or other inflammable material shall be used in any part of any such building except the doors and windows and their frames, the trims, the casings, the interior finish, when filled at the back with fire-proof materials; and the floor boards and sleepers directly under the spaces between and under the sleepers must be filled up and leveled off at the top of the said sleepers with concrete or other incombustible material.

Beams, girders, etc., to be protected by fire proofing.

Thickness of.

How bedded.

What shall be deemed a fireproof building.

The filling.

Test of.

When wood and other inflammable materials is used.

Section 45. Whenever the owner of any lot of ground is desirous of improving the same by the erection of a new building or buildings thereon, the Bureau of Building Inspection may permit the owner of such lot, or the contractor for the erection of such building or

Wooden shed allowed when building is being erected.

Removal of shed.

buildings, to put up a wooden shed on the same or neighboring lot, for the use of the mechanics employed on said building or buildings while preparing their work: Provided however, That such permission shall not extend to a longer time than until the building or buildings proposed to be erected shall be entirely finished, at which time the owner or contractor shall take down and remove the said shed.

Frame bath room projecting from upper story.

Section 46. No frame bath room projecting from the upper story of any dwelling house shall be erected within five feet of any similar construction composed wholly or partly of wood, unless the end of said bath room facing such structure shall be covered with some fire-proof material, and in no case shall the distance dividing said structures be less than three feet, unless the ends shall have division walls of masonry not less than nine inches thick, built from the foundations of the building and carried up above the roof, as hereinbefore provided for party walls. It shall not be lawful to build a frame bath room other than a projecting bath room as provided for in this section, and no such bath room shall be greater in area than sixty superficial feet. It shall not be lawful to build such bath room unless the plumbing fixtures for bath purposes be placed therein.

Fixtures shall be placed therein.

Frame sheds attached to buildings, how constructed.

Section 47. It shall only be lawful to erect frame sheds to be attached to dwellings, as follows: The said shed shall not exceed twelve feet in height nor have any floor or loft between the ground floor and the roof, and must not connect with a frame bath room projecting from an upper story; said sheds shall not be erected within five feet of any similar construction composed wholly or in part of wood, unless the side of said shed facing such structure shall be covered with fire-proof material, and in no case shall the distance dividing such structures be less than three feet, unless the ends shall have division walls of masonry not less than nine inches thick built from the foundations of the building and carried up above the roof, as hereinbefore provided for party walls, or such other fire-proof materials as shall be approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. The said shed may be open or enclosed, but in no case shall it be lathed or plastered or lined with wood so as to constitute a room to be occupied as a habitation. The roof of said shed must be covered with metal or other fire-proof material. No such shed shall extend to a greater distance than ten feet in a direct line from the rear wall to which it is attached. Councils may by general ordinance permit and regulate the erection of frame sheds on wharves, or elevators for the storage of grain, coal, lumber, and bay windows of incombustible material, but their mode of construction and location shall be subject to the approval of the Bureau of Build-

Not to be lathed or plastered.

Roof to be fire-proof.

Powers of councils.

ing Inspection. All permits granted for the erection of frame sheds may be revoked, and the shed shall be removed within thirty days after notice from the Director of Public Safety.

Permits may be revoked.

Section 48. No area shall extend more than one-fourth of the width of the pavement nor in any case more than three feet, measuring from the inside face of the area wall to the building line, and when areas are constructed on narrow streets the Inspector is to designate the distance from the building line, and every area shall be covered with a safe and substantial cover, the said cover in no case to extend above the grade of the sidewalk. All area and vault walls shall be constructed of brick or stone, and laid in cement mortar; the said walls shall be of sufficient thickness to resist lateral pressure.

Areas, extent and construction of.

Area and vault walls.

Section 49. Every building hereafter erected or altered to be used as a theatre, opera house, or other building intended for theatrical or operatic purposes, or for public entertainments of any kind, where stage scenery and apparatus are employed, shall be built to comply with the requirements of this section; but all theatres or places of amusement now existing may be altered, providing such alteration does not amount to a virtual reconstruction thereof, so as to make it a new building. No building, which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for theatrical or operatic purposes, and no building hereafter erected not in conformity with the requirements of this section, shall be used for theatrical or operatic purposes, or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed, until the same shall have been made to conform to the requirements of this section; and no building hereinbefore described shall be opened to the public for theatrical or operatic purposes, or for public entertainments of any kind, where stage scenery or apparatus are employed, until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire, respectively, shall have approved the same in writing as conforming to the requirements of this section; and the mayors of the said cities shall refuse to issue any license for any such building, and shall close the same and prevent its opening until a certificate in writing of such approval shall have been given by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire, respectively. Every such building shall have at least one front on the street, which front shall be as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall, and in such front there shall be suitable means of entrance and exit for the audience. In addition to the aforesaid entrances and exits on the street, there shall be reserved for service, in case of an emergency, an open court or space on the side not bordering on the street, where said

Theatres and all buildings for public entertainment.

Must comply with provisions of this section.

Mayors shall refuse to issue license.

Front, construction of.

Open court.

Width of.	building is located on a corner lot, and on both sides of said building, where there is but one frontage on the street. The width of such open court or courts shall be not less than seven feet where the seating capacity is not over one thousand people; above one thousand nor more than eighteen hundred people, eight feet in width, and above eighteen hundred people, ten feet in width.
Construction and extent of.	Said open court or courts shall begin on a line with or near the proscenium wall, and shall extend the length of the auditorium proper to or near the wall separating the same from the entrance, lobby or vestibule, and said open court, or a separate and distinct corridor from each open court, shall continue to the street through such superstructure as may be built on the street side of the auditorium, with continuous walls of brick or fire-proof materials on each side of the entire length said corridor or corridors, and the ceiling and floors shall be fire-proof. Said corridor or corridors shall not be reduced in width except by the thickness of the outer wall, and there shall be no projection in the same, the outer openings to be provided with doors or gates opening toward the street. During the performance the doors or gates in the corridors shall be kept open by proper fastenings; at other times they may be closed and fastened by movable bolts or locks. The said open courts and corridors shall not be used for storage purposes or for any purpose whatsoever, except for exit and entrance from and to the auditorium and stage, and must be kept free and clear during performances.
Doors or gates in corridors.	The level of said corridors, at the front entrance to the building, shall not be greater than one step above the level of the sidewalk where they begin at the street entrance, and the entrance of the main front of the building shall not be on a higher level from the sidewalk than four steps, unless approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. To overcome any difference of level existing between exits from the parquet into courts and the level of the said corridors, gradients shall be employed of not over one foot in ten feet, with no perpendicular rise. From the auditorium, opening into the said open courts or on the side street, there shall be not less than two exits on each side in each tier from and including the parquet and each and every gallery. Each exit shall be at least five feet in width in the clear and provided with doors of iron or wood; if of wood, the doors shall be constructed as hereinbefore in this bill described. All of said doors shall open outwardly and must be fastened with movable bolts, the bolts to be kept drawn during performances. There shall be balconies not less than four feet in width in the said open court or courts, at each level or tier above the parquet, on each side of the auditorium, of sufficient length to embrace the two exits; and from said bal-
Courts and corridors must be kept clear.	
Level of corridors at front entrance.	
Level at entrance.	
To overcome difference of level.	
Exits from auditorium.	
Exits, construction of.	
Doors shall open outwardly.	
Balconies at each tier.	

conies there shall be staircases extending to the ground level, with a rise of not over eight and one-half inches to a step and not less than nine inches tread, exclusive of the nosing. The staircase from the upper balcony to the next below shall not be less than thirty inches in width in the clear, and from the first balcony to the ground three feet in width in the clear where the seating capacity of the auditorium is for one thousand people or less, three feet and six inches in the clear where above one thousand and not more than eighteen hundred people, and four feet in the clear when above eighteen hundred people and not more than twenty-five hundred people, and not less than four feet six inches in the clear when above twenty-five hundred people and not more than twenty-five hundred people. All the before mentioned balconies and staircases shall be constructed of iron throughout, including the floors, and of ample strength to sustain the load to be carried by them, and they shall be covered with a metal hood or awning, to be constructed as shall be directed by the Inspector of Buildings. If the said balconies be carried to and connect with an enclosed tower stairway, having its exit directly to the street, the open courts or corridors hereinbefore described may have deducted from their width the width of the staircases herein called for. Where one side of the building borders on a street there shall be balconies and staircases of like capacity and kind as before mentioned carried to the ground. When located on a corner lot, that portion of the premises bordering on the side street and not required for the uses of the theatre may, if such portion be not more than twenty feet in width, be used for offices, stores or apartments, provided the walls separating this portion of the theatre proper are carried up solidly to and through the roof, and that a fire-proof exit is provided from the theatre on each tier equal to the combined width of exits opening on opposite sides in each tier communicating with balconies and staircases leading to the street, in a manner provided elsewhere in this section. Said exit passages shall be entirely cut off by brick walls from said offices, stores or apartments, and the floors and ceilings in each tier shall be fire-proof. Nothing herein contained shall prevent a roof garden, art gallery or rooms for similar purposes being placed over a theatre or public building, provided the floor of the same forming the roof over such theatre or building shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials and that said floor shall have no covering boards or sleepers of wood, but be of tile or cement. Every roof over said garden or rooms shall have all supports and rafters of iron or steel, and be covered with glass or fire-proof materials, or both, but no such roof garden, art gallery or room

Staircases from the same.

Width of staircases.

Balconies and staircases shall be of iron.

Covering of.

If balconies are connected with lower stairway.

When building is located on corner lot, a portion on side street may be used for offices, stores, etc.

Roof garden, art gallery, etc., over theatre, construction of.

Workshop, storage rooms, etc., where located.

No portion of building to be used as hotel, factory, etc.

No specially hazardous business allowed.

No lodging accommodations allowed.

Auditorium shall be separated from other rooms.

Staircases for audience.

Separation of auditorium from stage.

Proscenium openings.

Orchestra over the stage.

Frame around proscenium opening.

for any public purpose shall be placed over or above that portion of any theatre or other building which is used as a stage. No workshop, storage or general property room shall be allowed above the auditorium or stage or under the same or in any of the fly galleries. All of said rooms or shops may be located in the rear or at the side of the stage, but in such cases they shall be separated from the stage by a brick wall, and the openings leading into said portions shall have fire-proof doors on each side of the openings hung to iron eyes built into the wall. No portion of any building hereafter erected or altered, used or intended to be used, for theatrical or other purposes as in this section specified, shall be used or occupied as a hotel, boarding or lodging house, factory, workshop or manufactory, or for storage purposes, except as may be hereafter specially provided for. Said restriction relates, not only to that portion of the building which contains the auditorium and the stage, but applies also to the entire structure in connection therewith. No store or room contained in the building, or the office, stores or apartments adjoining as aforesaid, shall be let or used for carrying on any business dealings in articles designated as specially hazardous in the classification in the board of fire underwriters, or for manufacturing purposes. No lodging accommodation shall be allowed in any part of the building communicating with the auditorium. Interior walls built of fire-proof materials shall separate the auditorium from the entrance vestibule and from any room or rooms of the same, also from any lobbies, corridors, refreshment or other rooms. All staircases for the use of the audience shall be enclosed with walls of brick or of fire-proof materials, approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection, in the stories through which they pass, and the openings to said staircases from each tier shall be the full width of said staircase. A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium from the stage and the same shall extend at least four feet above the stage roof, or the auditorium roof, if the latter be higher, and shall be coped. Above the proscenium opening there shall be an iron girder covered with fire-proof materials to protect it from the heat. There shall also be constructed a relieving arch over the same, the intervening space being filled in with hard-burnt brick of the full thickness of the proscenium wall. Should there be constructed an orchestra over the stage, above the proscenium opening, the said orchestra shall be placed on the auditorium side of the proscenium fire wall and shall be entered only from the auditorium side of said wall. The moulded frame around the proscenium opening shall be formed entirely of fire-proof materials; if metal be used, the metal shall be filled in solid with non-combustible material and se-

curely anchored to the wall with iron. The proscenium opening shall be provided with a fire-proof metal curtain or a curtain of asbestos or similar fire-proof material, approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection, sliding at each end within iron grooves securely fastened to the brick wall and extending into such grooves not less than six inches on each side. Said fire-proof curtain shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of said performance, and be operated by approved machinery for that purpose. The proscenium curtains shall be placed at least three feet distant from the footlights at the nearest point. There shall be no opening through the proscenium wall, except the curtain opening, and not more than two others, which shall be located at or below the level of the stage. These latter openings shall not exceed twenty-one superficial feet each, which shall have doors of iron or wood in each face of the wall; if of wood, the door shall be lined with tin and securely hung to rabbetted iron frames or rabbets in the brick wall. They shall be hung so as to be opened from either side at all times. Direct access to these doors shall be provided on both sides, and the same shall always be kept free from any incumbrance. Iron ladders or stairs securely fixed to the wall on the stage side shall be provided to overcome any difference of level existing between the floor or galleries on the stage side of the fire wall and those on the other side of the auditorium. There shall be provided over the stage, metal skylights of an area, or a combined area, of at least one-eighth of the area of said stage, fitted up with sliding sash and glazed with double-thick sheet glass, not exceeding one-eighth of an inch thick, and each pane thereof measuring not less than three hundred square inches, and the whole of which skylight shall be constructed so as to open instantly on the cutting or burning of a hempen cord which shall be arranged to hold said skylights closed, or some other equally simple, approved device for opening them may be provided. There shall be provided immediately under the glass of said skylight a wire netting, or the skylight may be glazed with wire glass. All that portion of the stage, not comprised in the working of scenery, traps and other mechanical apparatus for the presentation of a scene, usually equal to the width of the proscenium opening, shall be built of iron or steel beams, filled in between with fire-proof material, and all girders for the support of said beams shall be wrought iron or rolled steel. The fly galleries entire, including pin rails, shall be constructed of iron or steel, and the floor of said galleries shall be composed of iron or steel beams, filled with fire-proof materials, and no wood, boards or sleepers shall be used as covering over beams, but the said floors shall be entirely

Fireproof curtain.

Proscenium curtains.

Openings through proscenium wall.

Access to doors.

Iron ladders or stairs.

Metal skylights, construction of

Wire netting under skylights.

Construction of part of stage not used for scenery, etc.

Fly galleries, construction of.

Rigging loft.

Scenery, etc., to be saturated with noncombustible material.

Counter weights, if used, must not overhang stage.

Roof, floors and galleries, shall be fireproof.

Fronts of galleries.

Ceiling under galleries.

Lathing.

Partitions.

Coverings of walls and ceilings.

Partitions shall be fireproof.

Doors in partitions.

Shelving and cupboards.

Dressing rooms in fly galleries. Proviso.

Seats in auditorium.

fire-proof. The rigging loft shall be fire proof, except the floor covering the same. All stage scenery, curtains and decorations made of combustible material and all woodwork on or about the stage shall be saturated with some noncombustible material or otherwise rendered safe against fire to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire; and all such stage scenery shall be raised and lowered without the use of counterweights, unless such counterweights are so situated that they operate against the wall and do not overhang the stage. The roof over the auditorium and the entire main floor of the auditorium and vestibule, also the entire floor of the second story of the front superstructure over the entrance lobby and corridors, and all galleries in the auditorium, shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials, not excluding the use of wooden floor boards and necessary sleepers to fasten the same to, but such sleepers shall not mean timbers of support. The fronts of each gallery shall be formed of fire-proof materials, excepting the capping, which may be made of wood. The ceiling under each gallery shall be entirely formed of fire-proof materials. The ceiling of the auditorium shall be formed of fire-proof materials. All lathing wherever used shall be of metal. The partitions in that portion of the building which contains the auditorium, the entrance, vestibule and every room and passage devoted to the use of the audience shall be constructed of fire-proof materials including the furring of outside or other wall. None of the walls or ceiling shall be covered with wood sheathing, canvas or any other combustible material, but this shall not exclude the use of wood wainscoting to a height not to exceed six feet, which shall be filled in solid between the wainscoting and the wall with fire-proof materials. The wall separating the actors' dressing rooms from the stage and the partitions dividing the dressing rooms, together with the partitions of every passage way from the same to the stage, and all other partitions on or about the stage, shall be constructed of fire-proof material, approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection. All doors in any of said partitions shall be of iron or of wood constructed as hereinbefore described. All the shelving and cupboards in each and every dressing room, property room or other storage rooms shall be constructed of metal, slate or some fire-proof material. Dressing-rooms may be placed in the fly galleries: Provided, That proper exits are secured therefrom to the fire escapes in the open courts, and that the partitions and other matters pertaining to dressing rooms shall conform to the requirements herein contained, but the stairs leading to the same shall be fire proof. All seats in the auditorium, excepting those contained in the boxes, shall be firmly secured to the floor, and no seat

in the auditorium shall have more than six seats intervening between it and an aisle on either side, and no stool or seats shall be placed in any aisle. All platforms in galleries formed to receive the seats shall not be more than twenty-one inches in height of riser, nor less than thirty inches in width of platform. All aisles on the respective floors in the auditorium, having seats on both sides of same, shall be not less than three feet wide where they begin, and shall be increased in width towards the exits in the ratio of one and one-half inches to five running feet. Aisles having seats on one side only, shall not be less than two feet wide at their beginning and increased in width the same as aisles having seats on both sides. The aggregate capacity of the foyers, lobbies, corridors, passages and rooms for the use of the audience, not including aisle space between seats, shall on each floor gallery be sufficient to contain the entire number to be accommodated on said floor or gallery in the ratio of one hundred and fifty superficial feet of floor room for every one hundred persons. Gradients or inclined planes shall be employed instead of steps, where possible, to overcome slight difference of level in or between aisles, corridors and passages. Every theatre accommodating three hundred persons shall have at least two exits. When accommodating five hundred persons at least three exits shall be provided; these exits not referring to or including the exits to the open court at the sides of the theatre. Doorways of exit or entrance for the use of the public shall not be less than five feet in width, and for every additional one hundred persons, or portion thereof to be accommodated in excess of five hundred, an aggregate of twenty inches additional exit width must be allowed. All doors of exit or entrance shall open outwardly and be hung to swing in such manner as not to become an obstruction in a passage or corridor, and no such doors shall be closed and locked during any representation or when the building is open to the public. Distinct and separate places of exit and entrance shall be provided for each gallery above the first. A common place of exit and entrance may serve for the main floor of the auditorium and the first gallery, provided its capacity be equal to the aggregate capacity of the outlets from the main floor and said gallery. No passage leading to any stairway communicating with any entrance or exit shall be less than four feet in width in any part thereof. All stairs within the building shall be constructed of fire-proof material throughout. Stairways serving for the exit of fifty people must, if straight, be at least four feet wide between railing or between walls, and if curved or winding, five feet wide, and for every additional fifty people to be accommodated six inches must be added to their

Platforms in galleries.

Aisles in auditorium.

Aggregate capacity of foyers, lobbies, etc.

Gradients or incline planes.

Exits, number of regulated.

Doorways of exit or entrance, width of.

Doors shall open outwardly.

Exits and entrances for galleries.

And for main floor and first gallery.

Width of passages leading to stairways.

Stairways, width of.

Risers and treads.

Staircases, number, etc., regulated.

Inside stairways, construction of.

Landings of stairs.

Winders not to be used.

Landings of circular stairs.

Handrails.

Center handrails, when used and how constructed.

width. In no case shall the risers of any stairs exceed seven and one-half inches in height, nor shall the treads, exclusive of the nosings, be less than ten and one-half inches wide in a straight stairs. In circular or winding stairs the width of the treads at the narrowest end shall not be less than seven inches. Where the seating capacity is for more than one thousand people there shall be at least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets provided for each gallery in the auditorium, where there are not more than two galleries, and the same shall be located on opposite sides of said gallery. Where there are more than two galleries, one or more additional staircases shall be provided, the outlets from which shall communicate directly with the principal exit or other exterior outlets. All said staircases shall be of width proportioned to the seating capacity, as elsewhere herein described. Where the seating capacity is for one thousand people or less, two direct lines of staircase only shall be required, located on opposite sides of the galleries, and in both cases shall extend from the sidewalk level to the upper gallery, with outlets for each gallery to each of said staircases. At least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets shall also be provided for the service of the stage, and shall be located on the opposite side of the same. All inside stairways leading to the upper galleries of the auditorium shall be enclosed on both sides with walls of fire-proof materials. Stairs leading to the first or lower gallery may be left open on one side, in which case they must be constructed as herein provided for a similar stairs leading from the entrance hall to the main floor of the auditorium, but in no case shall stairs leading to any gallery be left open on both sides. When straight stairs return directly on themselves, a landing of the full width of both flights without any steps shall be provided. Stairs turning at an angle shall have a proper landing without winders, introduced at said turn. In stairs when two side flights connect with one main flight no winders shall be introduced, and the width of the main flight shall be at least equal to the aggregate width of the side flights. Circular or winding stairs shall have proper landings introduced at convenient distances. All enclosed staircases shall have on both sides strong handrails firmly secured in the wall about three inches therefrom and about three feet above the stairs, but said handrail shall not run on level platforms and landings where the same is more in length than the width of the stairs. All staircases six feet and over in width shall be provided with a centre handrail of hard wood or metal, not less than two inches in diameter, placed at a height of about three feet above the centre of the treads, and supported on wrought iron or brass standards of suffi-

cient strength, placed not farther than four feet apart and securely bolted to the treads or risers of stairs, or both, and at the head of each flight of stairs, on each landing, the post or standard shall be at least six feet in height, to which the rail shall be secured. Every steam boiler which may be required for heating or other purposes shall be located outside of the building, and the space allotted to the same shall be enclosed by walls of masonry on all sides, and the ceiling of such space shall be constructed of fire-proof material. All doorways in said walls shall have iron doors. No floor register for heating shall be permitted. No coil or radiator shall be placed in any aisle or passageway used as an exit where it forms an obstruction, but all said coils and radiators shall be placed in recesses formed in the wall or partition to receive the same. All supply, return or exhaust pipes shall be properly encased and protected where passing through floors or near woodwork. Standpipes of two and one-half inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments on every floor and gallery, as follows, namely: One on each side of the auditorium in each tier, also one on each side of the stage in each tier, and at least one in the property room, and one in the carpenter's shop, if the same be contiguous to the building. All such standpipes shall be kept clear from obstructions. Said standpipes shall be separate and distinct, receiving their supply of water from the steam pump, and shall be fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department, and shall be kept constantly filled with water by means of an automatic steam pump or pumps of sufficient capacity to supply all the lines of hose when operated simultaneously, and said pump or pumps shall be supplied from the street main, and be ready for immediate use at all times during a performance in said buildings. A separate and distinct system of automatic sprinklers, with fusible plugs, approved by the Bureau of Fire, supplied with water from a tank located on the roof of the stage and not connected in any manner with the standpipes, shall be placed up and around the proscenium opening and on the ceiling or roof over the stage, at such intervals as will protect every square foot of stage surface when said sprinklers are in operation. Automatic sprinklers shall also be placed wherever practicable under the stage and in the carpenter's shop, paint room, store rooms and property rooms. • A proper and sufficient quantity of two and one-half inch hose, fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department, and with nozzles attached thereto and with hose spanners at each outlet, shall always be kept attached to each hose attachment. There shall also be kept in readiness for immediate use on the stage at least four casks full of water and two buckets to

Steam boiler, location of.

How enclosed.

Iron doors.

Floor registers not allowed.

No coils or radiators in aisle or passage way.

Supply pipes, how protected.

Stand pipes, size of, where placed, number of.

Supply of water for.

Couplings of.

Automatic sprinklers, how supplied with water, and where placed.

Hose, attachment, etc.

Water casks and buckets for use on stage.

Hand pumps,
axes and hooks.

Lighting of build-
ing and outlets.

Oil lamps in au-
ditorium or
candles.

Separate shut-off
for lights in halls,
corridors and lobby.

Connections of gas
mains.

Appliances for in-
terior lights.

Wire netting.
Lights not to be
inserted in walls,
etc.

Wire net-work.

Footlights pro-
tection of.

Stage lights.

Heated air ducts
and shafts.

Wire guards for
stage lights.

each cask. Said cask and buckets shall be painted red. There shall also be provided hand pumps or other portable fire extinguishing apparatus, and at least four axes and two twenty-five feet hooks, two fifteen-foot hooks, and two ten-foot hooks, on each tier or floor of the stage. Every portion of the building devoted to the uses or accommodation of the public, also all outlets leading to the streets and including the open courts and corridors, shall be well and properly lighted during every performance, and the same shall remain lighted until the entire audience has left the premises. At least two or more oil lamps on each side of the auditorium in each tier shall be provided on fixed brackets not less than seven feet above the floor. Said lamps shall be filled with whale or lard oil and shall be kept lighted during each performance, or in place of said lamps candles shall be provided. All gas or electric lights in the halls, corridors, lobby, or any other part of the said buildings used by the audience, except the auditorium, must be controlled by a separate shut-off located in the lobby, and controlled only in that particular place. Gas mains supplying the building shall have independent connections for the auditorium and the stage, and provision shall be made for shutting off the gas from the outside of the building. When the interior gas lights are not lighted by electricity, other suitable appliances, approved by the Bureau of Fire shall be provided. All suspended or bracket lights surrounded by glass, in the auditorium or in any part of the building devoted to the public, shall be provided with proper wire netting underneath. No gas or electric light shall be inserted in the walls, woodwork, ceilings, or in any part of the building, unless protected with fire-proof materials. All lights in passages and corridors in said building, and wherever deemed necessary by the Bureau of Fire, shall be protected by proper wire net-work. The footlights, in addition to the wire network, shall be protected by strong wire guard not less than two feet distant from said footlights, and the trough containing said footlights shall be formed of and surrounded by fire-proof materials. All stage lights shall be incandescent electric lights, where the current can be obtained, and shall be constructed according to the best known methods, and subject to the approval of the Bureau of Fire, and shall be suspended for ten feet by wire rope. All ducts or shafts used for conducting heated air from the main chandelier, or from any other light or lights, shall be constructed of metal and made double with an air space between. All stage lights shall have strong metal wire guards or screens not less than ten inches in diameter, so constructed that any material in contact therewith shall be out of reach of the flames of said stage lights, and must be soldered

to the fixture in all cases. The standpipes, gas pipes, electric wires, hose, footlights, and all apparatus for extinguishing of fire or guarding against the same, as in this section specified, shall be in charge and under the control of the Bureau of Fire Department of Public Safety, and said department is hereby directed to see that the arrangements in respect thereto are carried out and enforced, and councils may by ordinance fix a reasonable compensation for such services. A diagram or plan of each tier, gallery or floor, showing distinctly the exits therefrom, shall be printed in a legible manner on the programme of the performance. Every exit shall have over the same on the inside, the word "EXIT," painted in legible letters not less than eight inches high. It shall be within the power of the mayor, after full report from the Department of Public Safety, to cause the closing up of any theatre, opera house or public hall where, in the judgment of the mayor and the Department of Public Safety, that the ingress and the egress are not reasonably safe for the safe and speedy exit of the audience in case of fire or panic.

Section 50. The cities of the first class may, by ordinance, regulate and determine the license fee for the permits as required by the provisions of this act; the said fees to be paid by them into the city treasury in the manner and form as is now provided by law. The said cities may, by general ordinance, limit the height of buildings, and regulate the management and inspection of elevator hoistways and elevator shafts in said cities.

Section 51. In the event of failure to obtain a permit, or in any case of final decision, either of an inspector or of the Bureau, or of an Examining Commission, such decision or order or certificate, that no permit has been issued may be at once, if not complied with, certified to any court of common pleas, which shall upon application of such bill of complaint, duly verified by affidavit, either of the Director of Public Safety, the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection, or any inspector thereof, or of any member of an examining commission, issue a mandatory injunction requiring compliance with such order or decision within five days, or within a shorter time if the relief sought is the removal of a dangerous wall, ceiling or structure, and the court sees proper to fix a shorter time; that all petitions, bills or complaints to compel compliance with the provisions of this act shall be given priority over other business or cases by any court of common pleas to which the final decision of an inspector, the Bureau of Building Inspection, or of an examining commission appointed by the director of public safety, shall be certified. If said injunction is not complied

Standpipes, gas pipes, etc., under control of Fire Department, which is directed to enforce regulations.

Compensation.

Diagram showing exits must be on program.

Word EXIT over each exit.

Closing of theatre, etc., in power of mayor.

License fee for permits.

Payment of same.

Councils may limit the height of building, etc.

Court may issue mandatory injunction if final decision is not complied with.

If injunction is not complied with, court may issue order to sheriff to act.

Power of sheriff.

Costs, how collected.

Amount of costs shall be a lien against the premises.

City may collect bill of costs.

Lien not discharged by judicial sale until paid.

Penalty for violation of provisions of act.

with within the time specified by the court, or if it cannot, for any reason be served, the court shall have power to enforce its order by attachment or to issue an order to any sheriff, commanding him to remove the wall, building or structure condemned by the building inspectors (either as contrary to the provisions of this act or as dangerous), under the supervision of the Bureau of Building Inspection or such inspector, as the Chief of the Bureau shall designate. The sheriff shall have power to employ such competent builders, riggers and workmen as shall be necessary to carry out the order of the court. He shall certify to the court when he has performed the work required to be done, the cost incurred, and such bill being approved by the court and not being paid by the owner of the premises, the court shall have power by mandamus execution to compel the city to pay such cost. The court shall, upon the issuing of such mandamus execution, direct that the prothonotary of the court shall enter the amount thereof as a lien against the premises, whereon the order was enforced and the costs incurred, and the city paying such costs may thereafter proceed in the case wherein the order was made to collect such bill of costs and the proper docketed costs thereon, by the same process and proceedings and under the same restrictions as are now provided for or required by law for the collection of claims for the removal of nuisances in said cities, and said lien shall not be discharged by any judicial sale until paid, and the said city paying such costs may also, by action of assumpsit, recover the same from the owner or owners of the said premises.

Section 52. Any person or persons, firms or corporations, whether owner, builder, contractor, architect or workman, who shall make any alteration, construction or removal of any building or structure whatsoever, without permit therefor first issued, or in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or who shall have become the owner thereof after the same has been so done, and who shall omit, neglect or refuse to remove the same, if dangerous or in violation of this act, or to make the same safe and secure, and in all respect conform to the requirements of this act within thirty (30) days after notice to that effect, shall forfeit and pay for each offense the sum of seventy-five (75) dollars, and the further sum of fifty (50) dollars for every period of one month for which the said person or persons shall omit, neglect or refuse to remove the same, or make it comply with this act after the expiration of the notice aforesaid; and any person or persons, firm or corporation, who shall contract for the erection or construction of any building or other thing, in violation of any of the provisions of this act, shall be subject to

a penalty of fifty (50) dollars. All of the aforesaid penalties to be recovered as penalties of equal amount are or shall be recoverable, in the name and for the use of the city, and when collected shall be paid into the treasury thereof.

Actions for recovery of penalties shall be in name of city.

Section 53. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith, or supplied hereby, be and the same are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 124.

AN ACT

Relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands; providing for their adjustment, and for the granting of patents.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in all cases where it shall appear from the records of the Department of Internal Affairs, that there have been applications made or warrants granted by the Commonwealth for lands, the titles to which have not been completed by the granting of patents, and where liens have been entered of record against such unpatented lands for unpaid purchase money, interest and fees, pursuant to the act approved May twentieth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and its supplements, the Secretary of Internal Affairs be and he is hereby authorized to make settlement, as provided in the act of May twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, with the owners of such unpatented lands upon the payment of the patent fees amounting to fifteen dollars; and upon the presentation of applications, with satisfactory proofs of ownership, to grant the patent of the Commonwealth, which shall operate as a release of all claims of the Commonwealth under said liens, the same as if the entire amount of purchase money and interest had been paid.

The Secretary of Internal Affairs authorized to make settlement with owners of unpatented lands.

Payment of \$15 patent fees.

Patent to operate as a release of all claims.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 125.

AN ACT

Entitled an act to repeal an act, approved the ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of the act, entitled 'An act relative to the collection of school tax in the township of Solebury, Bucks county,' approved the twelfth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, to the township of Wrightstown, Lower Makefield, Falls, Buckingham, and to the borough of Morrisville, Bucks county," so far as its provisions relate to or affect the borough of Morrisville and the township of Falls, Bucks county, together with its supplement, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, so far as its provisions relate to or affect the borough of Morrisville and the township of Falls aforesaid.

Act of April 9, 1869, and supplement, cited for repeal as to the borough of Morrisville and township of Falls, Bucks county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That an act approved the ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of the act, entitled 'An act relative to the collection of school tax in the township of Solebury, Bucks county,' approved the twelfth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, to the townships of Wrightstown, Lower Makefield, Falls, Buckingham, and to the borough of Morrisville, Bucks county," together with its supplement, approved the twenty-sixth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, so far as their provisions relate to or affect the borough of Morrisville and the township of Falls, Bucks county, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 126.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, approved the twelfth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled "An act relative to the collection of school tax in the township of Solebury, Bucks county."

Repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly, approved the twelfth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled "An act relative to the collection of school tax in the township of Solebury, Bucks county," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 127.

AN ACT .

Authorizing counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to purchase, maintain, use and condemn bridges, erected and in use over rivers and streams separating or dividing any part or district of such counties, and providing the manner in which compensation shall be made.

Whereas, In counties of this Commonwealth sections or districts thereof are divided and separated from each other by rivers and streams of water, rendering bridges necessary for the connection of the same, in order that the inhabitants may have access to each part;

Preamble.

And whereas, Many of such bridges have been erected and are operated by private corporations, and the tolls thereon have become burdensome to the people, and it is desirable such counties should have the ownership of and control of such bridges, to make the same free for the people, therefore:

Preamble.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any county of this Commonwealth shall be divided or separated in any of its territorial sections or parts by intervening rivers or streams of water, it shall be lawful, and the right is given to such county or counties, to purchase, enter upon, take, use, hold and appropriate such bridge or bridges, together with the approaches and appurtenances thereto, lying within the corporate limits of such counties, as shall have been erected and now in use over such rivers or streams of water, so dividing and separating the sections or parts aforesaid.

Counties authorized to purchase, take, use, etc., bridges over rivers and streams dividing parts of said counties.

Section 2. If the compensation to be paid for such bridge cannot be agreed upon between the owners thereof and such counties, it shall be lawful for such county or counties to tender the bond thereof, as security, to the person, firm or corporation claiming or entitled to compensation, or to the attorney or agent of any absent person, or to the agent or officers of a corporation, or to the guardian or committee of any one under legal incapacity, the conditions of which shall be, that the said county shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages or compensation as the person, firm or corporation, as the case may be, shall be entitled to receive, after the same shall be agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided in this act; in case the party or parties claiming damages or compensation refuse or do not accept the security so tendered, such county shall then give the party, his or their agent, attorney, guardian or committee, written notice of the time when the same will be presented in the court for approval, and thereafter the said county may present

In case the compensation to be paid cannot be agreed upon, a bond to be tendered.

Conditions of the bond.

In case security is refused or not accepted.

Written notice to be given of when bond will be presented to court for approval.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

... be
... approval of
... the
... may enter
... take, etc.

said security to any court of common pleas of the county wherein such bridges are located and used, and when approved the said security shall be filed in said court for the benefit of those interested, and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages or compensation assessed, if the same be not paid, or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question; and upon the approval of said security, said county may enter upon, appropriate, take, hold, use and control such bridge or bridges.

Appointment of freeholders as viewers.
Time of meeting.
Notice of meeting.

Section 3. In case the compensation for damages accruing from such appropriation, taking, holding and using have not been agreed upon, any court of common pleas of the proper county, or any law judge thereof in vacation, on application thereto by said county or any person interested, shall appoint three discreet and disinterested freeholders as viewers, and appoint a time, not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter, when said viewers shall meet and view the said bridges. The said viewers shall give at least ten days' notice, in writing, of the time of their first meeting to the owners, agents, officers, attorneys or representatives of the persons interested, or such other notice as the court may direct. The said viewers, having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully, justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them, and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act, and, having viewed the property and structure, shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses, and shall estimate and determine the damages for the property so taken, appropriated, held and used, to whom the same are payable; they shall give at least ten days' notice thereof, in the manner herein provided, to all parties interested, of the time and place when said viewers will meet and exhibit said report and hear all exceptions thereto. After making whatever changes are deemed right and proper, the said viewers, or any two of them, shall make report to the court, showing the amount of damages or compensation allowed, and to whom payable, and shall file therewith a plan showing the location of said bridge or bridges so taken and appropriated.

Viewers to be sworn to faithfully and justly decide and report.
To view the property and structure.
Hear the parties and witnesses, and determine the damages.
To hear all exceptions to the report.
Report to the court.
Plan to be filed.

Any party interested may file exceptions.
Powers of the court.

Section 4. Upon the report of said viewers, or any two of them, being filed in said court, any party interested may, within thirty days thereafter, file exceptions to the same, and the said court shall have power to confirm said report, or to modify, change or otherwise correct the same, or refer the same back to the same or new viewers, with like power as to their report. Or within thirty days from the filing of such report in court, any party interested may appeal and

Appeal and trial by jury

demand a trial by jury, and any party so interested may, within thirty days after final decree, have an appeal to the Supreme Court. If no exceptions are filed, or no demand made for trial by jury, within said thirty days after the filing of said report, the same shall become absolute. The said court of common pleas shall have power to order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings, and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite.

Appeal to Supreme Court.

Court shall order such notice of proceedings as it may deem requisite.

Section 5. The viewers provided in the foregoing sections may be appointed before, or at any time after, the entry upon, taking and appropriating of such property. They shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations to all parties and witnesses. The costs of the viewers and all court costs incurred in the proceedings aforesaid, shall be defrayed by said county, and each of said viewers shall be entitled to a sum not exceeding five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in performance of the duties herein prescribed.

Viewers, when to be appointed.

Powers of viewers.

Costs, by whom to be paid.

Compensation of viewers.

Section 6. The county commissioners of such counties are hereby given full power to determine upon the purchase, appropriation or condemnation of such bridge or bridges; to negotiate with the owner or owners thereof, as aforesaid; to make, execute, tender, deliver and file the bond of the county, aforesaid; to institute and prosecute to the end, in the name of the county, all legal proceedings necessary or required under this act, and to levy the tax or provide the means of payment for such bridge or bridges, purchased, appropriated or condemned by their respective counties under the terms and provisions of this act.

Powers of the county commissioners.

Section 7. It may be lawful for the qualified electors of any district in which such bridge is situate, or of the districts, boroughs or townships which such bridge connects, at any time to petition the county commissioners, praying them to enter upon and take such bridge in the manner prescribed by this act; and if at any time such a petition, signed by at least one hundred of the qualified electors of the district in which such bridge is situate or of the districts, boroughs or townships which such bridge connects, shall be presented to the county commissioners, praying them to enter upon and take such bridge in the manner aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners to either grant or refuse the prayer of said petition within thirty days from the filing of the same; and if the said commissioners shall refuse the prayer of the said petition the said petitioners may present the said petition, with the action of the said commissioners refusing the prayer of said petition endorsed thereon, to the grand jury of the proper county, at the next regular session thereof, and if the said grand jury shall

Qualified electors may petition the commissioners.

If at least 100 electors petition, it shall be the duty of commissioners to act.

When and how petition may be presented to the grand jury.

approve the entering upon and taking of such bridge. it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to forth with enter upon and take such bridge, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed by this act.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 128.

AN ACT

To regulate the affairs of the body corporate known as the Directors of the Poor of the City of Carbondale, changing the name and extending the jurisdiction thereof, fixing the number of the directors, their terms of office, the times and manner of their election, the filling of vacancies, the keeping of their accounts and providing for the appointment of auditors to audit the same, being a supplement to an act, entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the city of Carbondale, in the county of Luzerne," approved the ninth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

Change of name.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the body politic and corporate known as the directors of the poor of the City of Carbondale shall hereafter be known as the Poor District of the City of Carbondale, which is hereby made the corporate name thereof.

What shall constitute the poor district.

Section 2. The said poor district of the City of Carbondale shall include and consist of all the territory which now is, or hereafter may by appropriate proceedings be made, a part of the said city.

Number of directors.

Section 3. There shall be six directors of the said Poor District, one for each of the wards of said city. and their term of office shall be three years, to be computed from the first Monday of April following their election. They shall during the term for which they are elected be residents of the wards which they respectively represent, and a removal by either from such ward shall create a vacancy. Immediately after the passage of this act the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Lackawanna county shall appoint three directors, who shall hold until the first Monday of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred; one from the qualified electors of the First ward, one from the qualified electors of the Fifth ward, and one from the qualified electors of the Sixth ward, of the said city. On the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred, the qualified electors of the First and Fourth wards shall each, from their own number, elect a director to serve for the term of one year; the qualified electors of the Second and Fifth wards shall each, in like manner, elect a director to

Term of.

To be residents of the wards they represent.

Court shall appoint three directors.

Term of.

Election of directors.

Terms of, etc.

serve for the term of two years, and the qualified electors of the Third and Sixth wards shall each, in like manner, elect a director to serve for the term of three years; and thereafter on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, and every third year thereafter, the qualified electors of the First and Fourth wards shall each, from their own number, elect a director to serve for the term of three years; on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and two, and every third year thereafter, the qualified electors of the Second and Fifth wards shall each, from their own number, elect a director to serve for the like term of three years; and on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, and every third year thereafter, the qualified electors of the Third and Sixth wards shall each, from their own number, elect a director to serve for the like term of three years..

Section 4. Any vacancy occurring by reason of the death, resignation or removal of either of the directors of said district, or from any other cause, shall be filled for the unexpired term of such director or directors by the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Lackawanna county.

Vacancies, how filled.

Section 5. The said directors shall keep full and complete minutes and records of all their official actions and expenditures of money, which shall be in the custody of the secretary of the said board and be open to the inspection of the public. Four members of said board shall constitute a quorum, and no debts shall be contracted or sanctioned except by a majority thereof, except that orders for the relief of the poor of said district, duly issued by two justices of the peace or aldermen, may be acted upon and temporary relief granted by either one of said directors singly. But no order for out-door relief, or for money for the support of the poor of the district away from the poor house thereof, shall be valid except the same be reported to the board and be duly approved thereby.

Directors to keep full and complete minutes.

Open to inspection.
Quorum.

Orders of justices of the peace, etc.

Section 6. The funds of the district shall be paid out by the treasurer as ordered by the board, on warrants duly signed by the president and secretary. Each of said warrants shall state on its face for what it is given, and shall refer to vouchers on file more fully explaining the expenditure. Such warrants shall be cut or detached from printed stubs, having numbers to correspond with those of the warrants, on each of which stubs shall be noted in writing the date and amount of the warrant detached and what in substance it is given for. After each annual audit of the account of the treasurer, the warrants which vouch the same shall be stamped or marked by the auditors with the word "paid" across

How funds may be paid out by the treasurer.

Warrants to have printed, numbered stubs.

To be stamped "paid" by the auditors, and deposited with the secretary.

the face of the same, together with the date of the audit. The auditors shall thereupon deposit such warrants with the secretary of the board, who shall preserve them with the other records of the district for at least six years.

Court to appoint auditors.

Term of.

Vacancies.

Duty of auditors.

Powers of.

Itemized statement of settlement to be published.

Personal notice to officers.

Appeal from settlement.

Other powers and duties of directors, etc.

Repeal.

Section 7. On or before the first Monday of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Lackawanna county shall appoint three auditors, from the qualified electors of the said poor district, to audit the accounts of the directors and officers thereof, one to serve for one year, one for two years, and one for three years; and annually thereafter shall, in like manner, appoint from the said electors one auditor to serve for three years. Any vacancy occurring in the said board of auditors shall be filled in like manner for the unexpired term.

Section 8. The said auditors shall meet on the second Tuesday of April in each year, and after due notice shall proceed to audit the account of the directors and officers of the said poor district for the preceding official year, and in the performance of their duties they shall have all the powers which now are or hereafter may be given to county auditors. Upon settlement of such accounts they shall publish, at the expense of said poor district, an itemized statement of the same in two newspapers published in the said city of Carbondale, once a week for three weeks successively, and shall also forthwith give personal notice to each of the officers whose accounts have been settled. Within thirty days after such settlement, any officer of said district, affected thereby, may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of Lackawanna county, as in other like cases. Any taxpayer of said district may also appeal on behalf of said district, on giving security in such sum as may be ordered by the said court to pay the costs of such appeal upon the same being decided against the said district.

Section 9. Except as otherwise provided herein, the powers and duties of the directors of the said poor district, and all things touching the said district, shall be and remain as provided in the act to which this is a supplement, entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the city of Carbondale, in the county of Luzerne," approved the ninth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and the several supplements thereto.

Section 10. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or hereby supplied are repealed.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 129.

AN ACT

To amend an act, entitled "An act to empower county controllers of cities of the first class to deputize a clerk to countersign warrants drawn in payment of salaries," approved the fifteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, so as to authorize the controller of counties, co-extensive in boundary with cities of the first class, to appoint his chief clerk as deputy controller, with authority to perform all of his duties during the necessary or temporary absence of the said controller, and fixing the salary of such deputy controller.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to empower county controllers of cities of the first class to deputize a clerk to countersign warrants drawn in payment of salaries," approved the fifteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, which reads as follows:

"That any county controller of *cities of the first class* be and is hereby authorized and empowered to deputize his chief clerk *to countersign any or all warrants legally drawn in payment of salaries: Provided however, That nothing in this act shall relieve the controller from countersigning all other warrants whatsoever,*" be amended so as to read as follows: That any county controller of *any county co-extensive in boundaries with any city of the first class* be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to deputize and appoint, in writing, his chief clerk *as deputy controller, who shall give bond to the said city in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, with surety to be approved by councils, and who shall receive a fixed salary of three thousand five hundred (\$3,500) dollars per annum. The said deputy controller shall, during the necessary or temporary absence of the controller of any such city of the first class, perform all of the duties of said controller, and in case of a vacancy act as controller until a successor is duly qualified.*

Act of April 15, 1891, cited for amendment.

County controller authorized to appoint deputy.

Bond and surety.

Salary.
Duties of deputy controller.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 130.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act relating to the roads, streets, bridges and sidewalks in the borough of Lawrenceville, county of Tioga."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That an act, entitled "An act relating to the roads, streets, bridges and sidewalks in the borough of Lawrenceville, county of Tioga," approved the second day of April, Anno Domini

Act of April 2, 1867, cited for repeal.

one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, which reads as follows: "That the burgess and council of the borough of Lawrenceville, county of Tioga, are hereby authorized to compel any one person, owning lands in said borough, to make, or build, sidewalks in front of said lands, where roads, or streets, pass such lands, said sidewalks not to exceed twenty rods in length, in any case; also, said burgess and council are empowered to levy and collect yearly poll tax, not exceeding two dollars, (per year), upon every male citizen of said borough, who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, to be expended in making and repairing the roads, streets, bridges and sidewalks in said borough, to be collected as all other road taxes are collected, and to be paid in cash, or by one day's labor on said streets, roads, bridges and sidewalks," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 131.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act to increase and fix the pay of election officers in the county of Lycoming," approved the thirteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly, entitled "An act to increase and fix the pay of election officers in the county of Lycoming," approved the thirteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, which reads as follows:

The act of March 13, 1873, cited for repeal.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That instead of the pay heretofore received by the election officers in the county of Lycoming, each officer and member of any election board shall hereafter be paid for their services at any special or general election in said county, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per day, to be computed from the opening to the closing of the polls, and twenty-five cents per hour for each additional hour they may be necessarily engaged in counting the votes and making out the returns after the polls shall be closed," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 132.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act requiring the supervisors in the different townships of Cumberland county to keep the wing walls and embankments of said county bridges in repair," approved the thirteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That an act, entitled "An act requiring supervisors of the several townships of the county of Cumberland to keep the wing walls and embankments of said county bridges in repair," approved the thirteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Act of April 13, 1859, cited for repeal.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 133.

AN ACT

To repeal an act approved the eighth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, entitled "An act relative to roads in the township of Newlin in the county of Chester."

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly approved the eighth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, entitled "An act relative to roads in certain townships in Chester county," be repealed in so far as its relates to the township of Newlin, and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 134.

AN ACT

To repeal that portion of the third section of an act, entitled "An act to incorporate the borough of Parnassus, in the county of Westmoreland," approved April ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, which extends to the borough of Parnassus the provisions of the acts of Assembly regulating the borough of Birmingham, in the county of Allegheny.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of section three of an act, entitled "An act to incorporate the borough of Parnassus, in the county of Westmoreland,"

Portion of section three of the act of April 9, 1872, cited for repeal.

approved April ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, which reads as follows, namely:

“The provisions of the act of incorporation of the borough of Birmingham, in the county of Allegheny, and its various supplements so far as the same may be applicable, are hereby extended to the said borough of Parnassus, except so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act,” be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 135.

AN ACT

For the regulating and maintaining of fences in the township of Hamilton, in McKean county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The regulation and maintenance of fences in the township of Hamilton, McKean county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act, all grounds kept for enclosures within the said township of Hamilton shall be well fenced, with fence at least four and a half feet high, of sufficient rail or boards, or other suitable material for fencing, and whosoever, not having their grounds within said township of Hamilton inclosed with such sufficient fence, as aforesaid, shall hurt, kill or do damage to any horse or kine of any other person, by hunting or driving them out or from said grounds, shall be liable to make good all damages sustained thereby to the owner of the said cattle.

Liability for damages.

Section 2. Should any horse, kine or any kind of cattle, break into any man's inclosure, the fence being of the aforesaid height and sufficiency, and by the view of two persons, for that purpose appointed by the county court of McKean county, aforesaid, found and approved as such, then, and in such case alone, the owner of such cattle shall be liable to make good all damages to the owner of the enclosure, for the first offense, single damages only; and ever after, double damages sustained: Provided expressly, That damages done by any horse, kine, or any other kind of cattle, to lands within said township of Hamilton not so enclosed by a fence, as provided in section one of this act, shall not be recoverable from the owner or owners of such horse, kine, or any other kind of cattle.

Viewers to be appointed.

Damages.

Proviso.

Section 3. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed, so far as applicable to said township of Hamilton.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 136.

AN ACT

To regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine and other similar products, to prevent fraud and deception by the manufacture and the sale thereof as an imitation of butter, the licensing of manufacturers of and dealers in the same, and providing punishment for violations of the act and the means for its enforcement.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no person, firm or corporate body, by himself, herself or themselves, or by his, her or their agents or servants, shall render or manufacture, sell, ship, consign, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession, with intent to sell, any article, product or compound made wholly or partly out of any fat, oil or oleaginous substance, or compound thereof, not produced from unadulterated milk or cream from the same, without the admixture or addition of any fat foreign to the said milk or cream, and which shall be in imitation of yellow butter, produced from pure, unadulterated milk or cream of the same, with or without coloring matter: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the manufacture or sale, or offering or exposing for sale, or having in possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance, free from coloration or ingredients that cause it to look like butter, and in a separate and distinct form, and in such manner as will advise the consumer of its real character, if the person, firm or corporate body who shall manufacture, sell or offer, or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession, with intent to sell, any of the said substances, shall first obtain a license, and pay a license fee, as hereinafter provided, and shall in all other respects comply with the provisions of this act.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporate body to sell or offer, or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine, butterine or any similar substance, not marked and distinguished on the outside of each tub, package or parcel thereof, in a conspicuous place, by a placard with the word "oleomargarine" or "butterine," and not having also upon every open tub, package or parcel thereof, in a conspicuous place, a placard with the word "oleomargarine" or "butterine," such placard in each case to be printed in plain, uncondensed gothic letters, not less than one inch long, and such placard shall not contain any other words thereon, and every print or roll shall be wrapped in wrappers plainly stamped on the outside thereof with the words "oleomargarine" or "butterine," and where oleomargarine or butterine or other similar product is sold from solid packages, be-

Manufacture, sale and shipment of certain articles, products and compounds prohibited.

Proviso as to oleomargarine.

Shall first obtain a license.

Each package and parcel to be marked and distinguished.

Tub, package, etc.

Print or roll.

Sold from solid package.

fore being delivered to the purchaser it shall be wrapped by the seller thereof in a wrapper plainly stamped on the outside thereof "oleomargarine" or "butterine," and said wrapper shall contain no other words.

Manufacturers
and dealers to
obtain a license.

License fees.

To be covered into
Treasury.

Signs to be ob-
tained.

To be hung in a
conspicuous place.

Provided.

Cart, wagons,
etc., to be pla-
carded.

Section 3. Every person, firm or corporate body, and every agent of such person, firm or corporate body, who shall manufacture, sell or offer, or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine, butterine or any similar substance, shall first obtain from the Department of Agriculture through its agent, the Dairy and Food Commissioner, a license authorizing him, her or them to engage in the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine or butterine or similar substance, for which said license he, she or they shall pay, if a manufacturer, the annual sum of one thousand dollars; if a wholesaler, the annual sum of five hundred dollars; and if a retailer, the annual sum of one hundred dollars; if a restaurant keeper, or a hotel proprietor, the annual sum of fifty dollars; and if a boarding-house keeper, the annual sum of ten dollars; and the said license fee when received by the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent shall be by him immediately covered into the State Treasury. And after obtaining the license required by this section, before any person, firm or corporate body shall manufacture, sell or offer, or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance, he, she or they shall be required to procure from the Department of Agriculture, through the Dairy and Food Commissioner, a sign or signs, as the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall determine, which in size and lettering shall be as the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall direct, and shall be uniform throughout the Commonwealth, clearly setting forth that he, she or they are engaged in the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine or butterine or any other similar substance, as the case may be, which said sign or signs, when procured, shall be hung up in a conspicuous place or places on the walls of the rooms or store in which the oleomargarine or butterine or other similar substance is manufactured or sold: Provided, That peddlers and others who may have obtained a license as herein required, and who shall sell, offer or expose for sale, or have in their possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance, upon the public streets or ways, may sell or offer or expose for sale, or have in their possession with intent to sell, the same, if the cart, wagon or vehicle, or receptacle in which the oleomargarine or butterine or other substance is contained, is marked or placarded on two sides of the exterior of said vehicle or receptacle in uncondensed gothic letters, not less than four inches in length, with the words "Licensed to

sell oleomargarine" or "Licensed to sell butterine," and if they shall in all other respects comply with the provisions of this act. All licenses under this act shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year; but licenses may be granted the first of any month for the remainder of a year, upon the payment of a proportionate part of an annual license fee. Wholesale dealers within the meaning of this act, shall be all persons, firms, and corporate bodies who shall sell to dealers, and persons who shall buy to sell again, and all persons, firms and corporate bodies who make sales in quantities of ten pounds and over at any time; and retail dealers shall be all persons, firms and corporate bodies who shall sell in quantities less than ten pounds.

Licenses to expire
December 31 each
year.

Wholesale dealers.

Retail dealers.

Section 4. Every person, firm, or corporate body who shall manufacture, sell or offer, or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance, in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or who shall in any other respect violate any of its provisions, shall for every such offense forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars, which shall be recoverable, with the costs, including the expense of inspection and analysis, by any person suing in the name of the Commonwealth, as debts of like amount are by law recoverable; and justices of the peace and aldermen throughout this Commonwealth shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine all actions for recovery of penalties, with the right of appeal in either party to the court of common pleas, as provided in existing laws in suits for penalties; and all penalties and costs imposed and recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent, and by him immediately covered into the State Treasury. Any person, firm or corporation who shall manufacture, sell, offer or expose for sale, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, oleomargarine or butterine or any other similar substance, in violation of any of the provisions of this act, or who shall in any other respect violate any of its provisions, shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and upon his conviction for any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine not less than one hundred and fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, or by both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court; and all fines imposed upon any person after conviction shall be paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent, and by him paid into the State Treasury.

Violations of act.

Penalty.

Justices and
aldermen to have
jurisdiction.

Appeal.

Violation of act
a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Fines imposed.

The commissioner
charged with en-
forcement of act.

Section 5. The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall be charged with enforcement of all the provisions of this act, and shall have the same power to enforce its provisions that is given him to enforce the provisions of the act by which he receives his appointment.

Moneys paid
under act to con-
stitute a special
fund.

Section 6. The moneys paid into the Treasury under the provisions of this act shall constitute a special fund for the use of the Department of Agriculture in enforcing this law, and may be drawn out upon warrants signed by the Secretary of Agriculture and approved by the Auditor General.

Repeal, condi-
tions of.

Section 7. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed, but the repeal of said acts is not in any way to interfere with or prevent the prosecution to final termination of any actions, civil or criminal, now pending for violations of said acts.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 137.

AN ACT

To repeal the proviso contained in section five of an act, entitled "An act authorizing the borough of Gaysport in the county of Blair to erect water works," approved the twenty-sixth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Proviso of act of
April 26, 1872,
cited for repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the proviso in section five of an act, entitled "An act authorizing the borough of Gaysport in the county of Blair to erect water works," approved the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, which reads as follows: "Providing, That the farm of William Smith, formerly owned by William W. Jackson, shall be exempt from taxation for water purposes," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 138.

AN ACT

To repeal an act relative to road laws in Richhill township, Greene county, Pennsylvania.

Act of April 3,
1869, cited for re-
peal as to town-
ship of Richhill.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the act of Assembly approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled "An

act to extend the provisions of an act relating to roads in Uwchlan township, Chester county, and East Bethlehem and East Pike Run townships, Washington county, to the townships of Morgan, Richhill and Jefferson in Greene county," approved the fourteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same effects or relates to the township of Richhill. Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 139.

AN ACT

To repeal the provisos of an act, entitled "An act relative to the escheated estate of John Chase, a negro man," approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, restricting the use and prohibiting the encumbering of the real estate vested by said act in the trustees of the African Methodist Episcopal Church of the town of Canonsburg.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the provisos in section one of an act, entitled "An act relative to the escheated estate of John Chase, a negro man," approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, which read as follows: "Provided however, That if the said lot or any part thereof shall at any time hereafter be used in any way for any other purpose, that grant shall be null and void, and the said lot with the buildings thereon, if any, shall revert and belong to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. And provided further. That the said lot of ground shall not be sold on or by virtue of any writ of execution against the said trustees or their successors, nor shall they or their successors ever in any way have power to mortgage, encumber or sell the same in any way, nor shall any mechanics' lien be entered or valid against the same or any part thereof," be and the same are hereby repealed.

Provisos of the act of April 13, 1854, cited for repeal.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 140.

AN ACT

To repeal the first proviso of the eleventh section of an act, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, so far as the same relates to the county of Lancaster.

Portion of act of April 2, 1868, cited for repeal so far as relates to county of Lancaster.

Repeal.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the first proviso of the eleventh section of an act, entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, which reads as follows: "Provided, This act shall not apply to the counties of Allegheny, Lancaster, Montgomery, Philadelphia, Beaver, and Washington," be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same relates to the county of Lancaster.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 141.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of the act of April eleventh, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, relative to the fees of the county treasurers of Luzerne and Clearfield counties to the county of Bedford," approved the eighteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

Repeal

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That all that certain act, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of the act of April the eleventh, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, relative to the fees of the county treasurers of Luzerne and Clearfield counties to the county of Bedford," approved the eighteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 142.

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of a Free Library Commission, and to define its powers and duties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the Governor shall appoint five persons who, with the State Librarian, shall constitute a Free Library Commission. Two of the members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a term of four years, and three of the members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for a term of five years. All subsequent appointments shall be for a term of five years each, except the appointments to fill vacancies. The Commission shall elect a chairman. The State Librarian shall be ex-officio secretary of the Commission.

Free Library Commission authorized.

Appointment of members.

Term.

Chairman.

Ex-officio secretary.

Section 2. The Commission shall give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the State, and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloguing, and other details of library management. The Commission shall have the powers of general supervision and inspection, and the right of requiring reports which is vested in the State Librarian by section five of an act, entitled "An act for the establishment of free libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth, except in cities of the first and second classes," approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five. The Commission shall also establish and maintain, out of such sums as shall come into their hands by appropriation or otherwise, a system of traveling libraries as far as possible throughout the Commonwealth.

Advice and counsel.

Powers of commission.

Traveling libraries to be established.

Section 3. No member of the Commission shall receive any compensation for his services as a member.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 143.

AN ACT

To punish the buying or receiving of junk, rope, scrap, iron, brass, or other metals, from minors, unknown or irresponsible parties.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That if any person or persons shall, after the passage of this act, buy or receive from minors, knowing them to be such, or from

The purchase or receiving of junk, rope, scrap, iron, etc., from minors, unknown persons, etc., declared a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

persons unknown to such person or persons so buying or receiving, or from persons pursuing no trade, labor or employment for a livelihood, any junk, rope, scrap, iron, brass, lead, copper, or other metal, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in a court of quarter sessions of the proper county, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding five hundred (\$500) dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 144.

AN ACT

Supplementing and amending an act, entitled "An act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments," approved June twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Portion of clause (c) of section 7 of the act of June 24, 1895, cited for amendment.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That so much of clause (c) Section 7 of the act, entitled "An act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments," approved June twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, as now reads thus: "*All other actions, claims or disputes of every kind, including distributions in the common pleas, at law or in equity, whether originating therein or reaching that court by appeal or certiorari from a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate, if the value of the real or personal property or the amount of money really in controversy in any single action or claim is not greater than one thousand dollars, exclusive of costs, except actions and proceedings of whatsoever kind which are brought, authorized or defended by the Attorney General in his official capacity, and except also cases involving the right to a public office, in which actions and proceedings the remedy by appeal directly to the Supreme Court shall not be affected by this act,*" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Proceedings in common pleas, at law or in equity.

(c) *Any action, claim, distribution, or dispute of any kind in the common pleas, at law or in equity,*

whether originating therein or reaching that court by appeal or certiorari from a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate, if the *subject of the controversy be either money, chattels, real or personal, or the possession of or title to real property, and if also the amount or value thereof really in controversy be not greater than fifteen hundred dollars, exclusive of costs, and if also the action be not brought, authorized or defended by the Attorney General in his official capacity.*

If the value of property or amount of money be not greater than \$1,500.

Actions in which Attorney General is concerned.

Portion of clause (d) cited for amendment.

Section 2. So much of clause (d) of section seven of said act, as now reads thus: "*All claims, disputes or other proceedings, including distributions in the orphans' court, except those in which the Attorney General appears in his official capacity and those in which the amount really in controversy in a single claim is greater than one thousand dollars, exclusive of costs, in which excepted cases the remedy by appeal directly to the Supreme Court shall not be affected by this act.*" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

(d) *Any single claim, any dispute, distribution or other proceeding in the orphans' court, if the subject of the controversy be either money, chattels, real or personal, or the possession of or title to real property, and if also the amount or value thereof really in controversy in such single claim, dispute or other proceeding be not greater than fifteen hundred dollars, exclusive of costs, and if also the claim, dispute or other proceeding be not brought, authorized or defended by the Attorney General in his official capacity.*

Proceedings in orphans' court.

Not greater than \$1,500.

Section 3. So much of section seven of said act, as now reads thus: "The said court shall have no original jurisdiction, except that it may issue writs of habeas corpus," is hereby amended so as to read as follows: The said court shall have no original jurisdiction, except that it, or any judge thereof, shall have full power and authority when and as often as there may be occasion, to issue writs of habeas corpus, returnable to the said court.

No original jurisdiction, except to issue writs of habeas corpus.

Section 4. The amount or value really in controversy shall be determined as follows:

Determination of value.

In actions of ejectment, either legal or equitable, and in all other actions or issues in the common pleas or in the orphans' court that involve the possession of or the title to real property, or chattels, real or personal, the judge hearing the case shall certify whether the value of the land or of the interest or of the property really in controversy, is greater than *fifteen hundred dollars*, and his certificate shall be conclusive proof of such value for the purposes of this act.

Actions of ejectment.

The judge to certify as to value of land, interest or property.

In any suit, distribution or other proceeding in the common pleas or orphans' court, if the plaintiff or claimant recovers damages either for a tort or for a breach of contract, the amount of the judgment, decree

The amount of the judgment, etc., shall be proof of amount.

Portion of clause (c) of section 7 of act of June 24, 1895, cited for repeal.

Repeal.

When appeals from judgments shall be taken to the Supreme Court.

Cases of disbarment.

Proceedings for divorce, and joint appeals by labor claimants.

How many candidates for judge may be voted for.

Supplies to be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Judges authorized to employ stenographer, etc.

or award shall be conclusive proof of the amount really in controversy, but if he recovers nothing the amount really in controversy shall be determined by the amount of damages claimed in the statement of claim, or in the declaration.

So much of clause (c) of section seven of said act, as now reads thus: "For the purposes of this act, the amount of the judgment in actions of tort shall be conclusive proof of the amount really in controversy, except when the judgment is for the defendant, either upon a verdict or upon a compulsory nonsuit and in that event the amount in controversy shall be conclusively determined by the amount of damage which is claimed by the plaintiff's statement. In actions of ejectment, either legal or equitable, and in all other actions or issues in the common pleas which involve the possession or ownership of real or personal property, the judge hearing the case shall certify whether the value of the land or of the interest or of the property really in controversy is greater or less than one thousand dollars, and this certificate shall be conclusive proof of such value for the purposes of this act," is hereby repealed.

Section 5. Where a joint action is brought by husband and wife for damages by reason of an injury suffered by the wife, or is brought by parent and child for damages by reason of an injury suffered by the child, and several judgments are entered, if either is greater than fifteen hundred dollars, appeals from both judgments shall be taken to the Supreme Court, and not to the Superior Court.

Section 6. In all cases of disbarment, by whatever court the decree may be pronounced, the Superior Court shall have no jurisdiction thereof, but the appeal shall be taken directly to the Supreme Court.

Section 7. Appeals in proceedings for divorce, and joint appeals by labor claimants, under the act of June fifteen, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and fifty-four, shall be taken to the Superior Court.

Section 8. Whenever hereafter two or more judges of the Superior Court are to be elected for the same term of service, each elector may vote for as many persons, less one, as there are judges to be chosen at said election.

Section 9. All necessary dockets, blank books, seals, stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department. And to facilitate the labors of the judges of the Superior Court, the said judges are hereby authorized to employ the help of stenographers, typewriters or other clerks, provided the cost of such help shall not exceed the sum of seven

hundred dollars per annum for any member of said court. The cost of such help shall be paid by the judge employing the same, and shall be repaid to him by the State Treasurer on his certificate of the amount actually paid by him during the preceding three months for clerk hire.

How payable.

Section 10. Where it shall be made to appear to the Superior Court that the same questions, and those only, are raised on an appeal to that court as are raised on an appeal pending in the Supreme Court, the Superior Court may stay all proceedings before them until the decision by the Supreme Court of the appeal there pending, or may certify said cause to the Supreme Court, with the same effect as if originally properly taken thereto.

When the court may stay proceedings.

Section 11. Whenever an appeal is taken to the Superior Court, the appellee shall be held to have waived objection to the jurisdiction of that court, unless he file with the prothonotary thereof an objection on this ground, on or prior to the hearing of the appeal by the Superior Court. If the objection is made, the Superior Court shall hear and decide it speedily, and if it is sustained and the appeal is certified to the Supreme Court the prothonotary of the Superior Court shall, in addition to the appeal costs already paid, be paid by the appellant the sum of three dollars as further costs in the cause.

When appellee shall be held to have waived objection to jurisdiction.

If objection is made to jurisdiction.

Further costs.

Section 12. This act shall take effect July one, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

When act shall take effect.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 145.

AN ACT

To repeal an act approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties, approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, to the counties of Westmoreland and Armstrong," and an act approved the twentieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "A supplement to the act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties to the counties of Armstrong and Westmoreland, approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven," in so far as the same relates to Armstrong county.

Acts of April 8, 1862, and of March 20, 1868, cited for repeal so far as they relate to the county of Armstrong.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties," ap-

proved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, to the counties of Armstrong and Westmoreland, approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and an act, entitled "A supplement to the act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties to the counties of Armstrong and Westmoreland," approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, approved the twentieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, be and the same are hereby repealed in so far as the same relates to Armstrong county.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 146.

AN ACT

To repeal an act, entitled "An act in relation to huckstering in the counties of Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton, and York," so far as the same applies to the county of Bedford.

Repeal as to
Bedford county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That an act, entitled "An act in relation to huckstering in the counties of Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton, and York," approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, so far as its provisions apply to Bedford county," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 147.

AN ACT

Repealing an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An act extending the provisions of an act concerning the appointment of road viewers and road damages in Northampton county to the county of Monroe," approved the twenty-second day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, so far as the said act of March twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, extends the first section of said act of April twenty-second, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, to the county of Monroe.

Title of act of
March 24, 1859,
cited.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An

act extending the provisions of an act concerning the appointment of road viewers and road damages in Northampton county to the county of Monroe," approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, so far as the said act of March twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, extends the first section of the said act of April twenty-second, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, to the county of Monroe," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 148.

AN ACT

To allow Medical Colleges of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to confer diplomas in public health.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That any medical college chartered by the State of Pennsylvania may confer, after examination, a diploma in public health on any person holding a degree of medicine: Provided, That at least twelve months shall have elapsed between the obtaining of the medical degree and the examinations for the diploma in public health. And provided further, That the candidate shall procure evidence of having attended after receiving his medical degree at least one college year of practical instruction in the laboratory of hygiene connected with one of the medical schools of the State, or one of another State recognized as giving equivalent instructions.

Empowering
medical colleges
to confer diplomas
in public health.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Section 2. Examinations shall be upon practical and theoretical hygiene and chemistry, physics, geology and bacteriology, as far as they pertain to hygienic investigations, sufficient to allow the health officer to draw correct conclusions from the reports of experts.

Examination.

Approved—The 5th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 149.

AN ACT

To amend the title to an act approved the fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the title to an act, approved the fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which

Title of act of
June 4, 1897, cited
for amendment.

reads as follows: "An act for the better protection of game and game mammals, game birds, song and insectivorous birds, limiting the number of game birds and game mammals to be killed by any one person in one day or in one season, prohibiting the sale of the same and the shipment thereof out of the State and providing penalties for the violation thereof," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. An act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game birds, and song and insectivorous birds, and prescribing penalties for the violation of its several provisions.

Approved—The 6th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 150.

AN ACT

To amend the tenth section of an act, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the thirtieth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the tenth section of the act approved January thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," which reads as follows:

Section 10 of the act of January 30, 1874, cited for amendment.

"Section 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in said district in which he claims to

be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at the last two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affidavit was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district two months immediately preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such elections," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as

Proof required of persons whose names are not on lists.

Affidavit of person claiming the right to vote.

If a naturalized citizen.

Affidavits to be filed.

a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district two months immediately preceding such election, and he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with

the list of voters, tally lists and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age, the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election: *Provided, that in case any person is allowed to vote at an election, who is not registered, but makes an affidavit which by reason of the failure to fully observe the requirements of this section is insufficient, in any contest growing out of said election it shall be lawful to correct any mistakes or supply any deficiencies in such affidavit, so as to show that the said person was in fact a qualified voter; but this shall not apply to non-registered voters who make no affidavit, or one which makes no attempt to comply with the law.*

Proviso.

In case of failure to fully observe requirements of this section.

Not to apply to those who do not attempt to comply with the law.

Approved—The 6th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 151.

AN ACT

To validate conveyances and other instruments which have been defectively acknowledged.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no grant, bargain and sale, feoffment, deed of conveyance, release, assignment, or other assurance of lands, tenements and hereditaments whatsoever, to bona fide purchasers for a valuable consideration, and no power or powers of attorney to make and execute such sale, conveyance, release, assignment, or other assurance of lands, tenements or hereditaments, bearing date prior to the passage of this act, made, executed and delivered by husband and wife and acknowledged by them before any officer authorized by law to take such acknowledgment, shall be deemed, held or adjudged invalid or defective or insufficient in law, by reason of any informality or omission in setting forth the particulars of the acknowledgment made before such officer, as aforesaid, in the certificate thereof; but all and every such grant, bargain and sale, feoffment, deed of conveyance, release, assignment, or other assurance, power

Validating conveyances and other instruments which have been defectively acknowledged.

or powers of attorney to make and execute such sale, conveyance, release, assignment, or other assurance so made, executed and acknowledged as aforesaid, shall be as good, valid and effectual in law for transferring, passing and conveying the estate, right, title and interest of such husband and wife of, in and to the lands, tenements and hereditaments mentioned in the same, as if all the requisites of such acknowledgment mentioned in the act, entitled "An act for the better confirmation of the estate of persons holding or claiming under feme covert, and for establishing a mode by which husband and wife may hereafter convey their estates," passed the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and seventy, were particularly set forth in the certificate thereof, and the record of the same duly made in the proper office for recording of deeds in this Commonwealth; and exemplifications of the same, duly certified, shall be legal evidence in all cases in which the original would be competent evidence: Provided, That this act shall not apply to suits now pending and undetermined.

Proviso.

Approved—The 6th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 152.

AN ACT

In relation to reinsurance and the transaction of business by fire or marine insurance companies or associations, otherwise than through resident agents, and the transaction of such business by or with unauthorized companies.

Insurance by companies not incorporated by this State.

Risks must have been approved in writing by resident agent, commissioned and licensed.

No person shall aid or help in the placing of insurance on property in this State with a foreign corporation unless he shall first secure a license.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That no fire insurance company or association not incorporated under the laws of this State, authorized to transact business herein, shall make, write, place, or cause to be made, written or placed, any policy, duplicate policy, or contract of insurance of any kind or character, or any general or floating policy upon property situated or located in this State, except after the said risk has been approved in writing by an agent who is a resident of this State, regularly commissioned and licensed to transact insurance business herein, who shall countersign all policies so issued, and receive the commission thereon when the premium is paid, to the end that the State may receive the taxes required by law to be paid on the premiums collected for insurance on all property located in this State; and that no person shall pay or forward any premiums, application for insurance, or in any manner secure, help or aid in the placing of any fire insurance, or effect any contract of insurance upon real or personal property within

this Commonwealth, directly or indirectly, with any insurance company or association not of this State, or which has not been authorized to do business in this State, unless such person or persons shall first secure a license from the Insurance Commissioner of this State, as now provided by law. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent any such insurance company or association, authorized to transact business in this State, from issuing policies at its principal or department offices covering property in this State: Provided, That such policies are issued upon applications procured and submitted to such company by agents who are residents of this State, and licensed to transact the business of insurance herein, and who shall countersign all policies so issued and receive the commission thereon when paid: Provided however, That no part of this section is intended to or shall apply to direct insurance covering the rolling stock of railroad corporations, or property in transit while in the possession and custody of railroad corporations or other common carriers, nor to the property of such common carriers, used or employed by them in their business as common carriers of freight, merchandise or passengers.

Issue of policies at principal office.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Rolling stock

Property of common carriers.

Section 2. No fire insurance company or association shall reinsure, in any manner whatsoever, the whole or any part of a risk taken by it on property situated or located in this State, in any other company or association not authorized to transact business in this State. No fire insurance company or association shall transfer or cede, in any manner whatsoever, to any company or association not authorized to do business in this State any risk or liability, or any part thereof, assumed by it under any form or contract of insurance covering property located in this State, including any risk or liability under any general or floating policy, or any agreement, general, floating or specific, to reinsure excess loss by one or more fires. No fire insurance company or association shall reinsure or assume, as a reinsuring company or otherwise, in any manner or form whatsoever, the whole or any part of any risk or liability, covering property located in this State, of any insurance company or association not authorized to transact business in this State.

No company shall reinsure in a company not authorized to do business in this State.

Risks not to be transferred or ceded.

Risks of foreign companies, not authorized to do business in this State, shall not be assumed, etc.

Section 3. Whenever the Insurance Commissioner shall have or receive information that any fire insurance company or association, not incorporated under the laws of this State, has violated any of the provisions of section one of this act, he is authorized, at the expense of such company or association, to examine by himself or his accredited representative at the principal office or offices of such company or association, located in the United States of America or in any foreign country, and also at such other offices

Insurance Commissioner may examine all books, records, etc.

May examine the officers.

Refusal to be presumptive evidence of violation of act.

Fire Insurance companies to make annual return to Insurance Commissioner of all insurance on property in this State.

To be certified by oath.

Refusal shall be presumptive evidence of violation of act.

Violation of or failure to comply with provisions of act.

Penalty.

How to be collected.

Neglect and refusal to pay.

Authority may be revoked.

or agencies of such company or association as he may deem proper, all books, records and papers of such company or association, and may examine, under oath, the officers, managers and agents of such company or association as to such violation or violations. The refusal of any such company or association to submit to such examination or to exhibit its books and records for inspection, shall be presumptive evidence that it has violated the provisions of the first section of this act, and shall subject it to the penalties prescribed and imposed by this act.

Section 4. Every fire insurance company or association shall annually, and at such other times as the Insurance Commissioner may require, in addition to all returns now by law required of it or its agents or managers, make a return to the Insurance Commissioner, in such form and detail as may be prescribed by him, of all insurance or cessions of risk, or liability contracted for or effected by it, whether by issue of policy, entry on bordereau, or general participation agreement, or by excess loss reinsurance, or in any other manner whatsoever, upon property located in this State, or covering, whether specified or otherwise, any risk or liability upon property so located; such return to be certified by the oath of its president and secretary, if a company or association of one of the United States, and if a company or association of a foreign country by the oath of its managers in the United States, as to such reinsurance or cessions effected through its branch office in the United States, and by the oath of its president and secretary, or by officers corresponding thereto at its home office, wherever located, as to reinsurance or cessions, as aforesaid, contracted for or effected through the foreign office. The refusal of any such company or association to make the returns herein required, shall be presumptive evidence that it is guilty of violating the provisions of the second section of this act, and shall subject it to the penalties prescribed and imposed by this act.

Section 5. Any insurance company or association wilfully violating or failing to observe and comply with any of the provisions of this act, applicable thereto, shall be subject to and liable to pay a penalty of five hundred dollars for each violation thereof, and for each failure to observe and comply with any provisions of this act; such penalty may be collected and recovered in an action brought, in the name of the State, in any court having jurisdiction thereof. Any insurance company or association which shall neglect and refuse, for thirty days after judgment in any such action, to pay and discharge the amount of such judgment, shall have its authority to transact business in this State revoked by the Insurance Commissioner, and such

revocation shall continue for at least one year from the date thereof; nor shall any insurance company or association, whose authority to transact business in this State shall have been so revoked, be again authorized or permitted to transact business herein until it shall have paid the amount of any such judgment, and shall have filed in the office of the Insurance Commissioner a certificate, signed by its president or other chief officer, to the effect that the terms and obligations of the provisions of this act are accepted by it as a part of the conditions of its right and authority to transact business in this State.

Shall not be again authorized until certificate is filed.

Contents of certificate.

Section 6. In case any such company or companies shall effect reinsurance with any other company or companies of this State, or licensed to do business in this State, the said company so effecting reinsurance shall be entitled to deduct from the gross premium licensed by it the amount of tax it would otherwise be required to pay upon said reinsurance.

Re-insurance effected.

Deduction.

Section 7. Any insurance company of any other State, transacting the business of fire or marine insurance on the mutual principle, without capital stock, but with accumulated cash assets over and above all liabilities, including reserve, of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, may be licensed by the Insurance Commissioner, upon complying with the laws of this State applicable to joint stock fire insurance companies of other states.

Foreign mutual insurance companies, under conditions, may be licensed.

Section 8. All acts and parts of acts, whether general or special, inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 8th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 153.

AN ACT

Authorizing the formation of partnerships in which one or more, or all of the partners, may limit their liability for the debts of the partnership to the amount of capital subscribed by such partner, or partners, respectively, and providing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That where two or more persons may desire to associate themselves in partnership for the purpose of conducting any kind or kinds of business, trade or occupation, except the construction and operation of electric light and power companies, artificial or natural gas companies, water companies, railroad, street passenger railway or traction companies, within this State or any portion of the

Partnerships may be formed for the purpose of conducting any kind of business.

Exceptions.

Partner shall subscribe to articles of partnership.

What shall be stated therein.

Shall be acknowledged and recorded.

How amendments shall be made.

A certified copy to be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Notice of formation of partnership shall be published.

When notice shall appear.

What notice shall state.

As to liability.

duration of partnership.

United States or elsewhere, whose principal office, or place of business, shall be specified in the way and manner hereinafter set forth as being intended to be established and maintained within this State, and may desire to limit the liability of one or more, or all of the partners, for the debts of the partnership to the amount of capital subscribed by such partner or partners, respectively, it shall and may be lawful to do so in the manner following, to wit: Said partners, so desiring to associate themselves, shall subscribe to articles of partnership, wherein shall be stated the name and style of the partnership, its purposes and duration, the county wherein its principal office, or place of business, is to be located, the names of the several partners and the amount of the capital subscribed by each partner, and when and how the same is to be paid, and the names of the partners, one or more or all, whose liability is to be limited to the amount subscribed by each to the capital. Such articles of partnership shall be acknowledged before some officer competent to take the acknowledgment of deeds, and shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county in which is located the place designated as the principal office, or place of business. Amendments of said articles of partnership shall be made in like manner, and shall be effective only when recorded in the office of the said recorder of deeds. A copy of said articles of partnership, and of all amendments thereto, duly certified by the recorder of deeds, shall also be filed, within thirty days after the recording of said articles or amendments in said recorder's office, in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The business of the partnership may be commenced after the articles of partnership have been left for record in the office of the recorder of deeds.

Section 2. Notice of the formation of the partnership shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county wherein is located the place designated as the principal office, or place of business. This notice shall be published once a week for three weeks. The first publication shall appear not later than the day following the filing of the articles of partnership in the office of the recorder of deeds. This notice shall state the name, style and general purpose of the partnership, the names of the partners, the amount of capital subscribed for by each partner, and when and how the amount of such subscription is to be paid. It shall also state the fact that the liability of one or more or all of the partners is limited in accordance with this statute, and that the articles of partnership have been left for record in the office of the recorder of deeds. If a time be fixed in the articles of partnership for its duration, such time shall also

be stated in the said notice. No name or style of partnership shall be adopted which will include the name of any partner whose liability is intended to be limited, unless there shall be added the word "Registered."

As to name.

Section 3. No member of any such partnership thus formed, recorded and published, whose liability is stated as intended to be limited in the manner hereinbefore set forth, shall be liable for its debts under any circumstances saving to the extent of the amount of his or her subscription, with interest on unpaid subscriptions from the date or dates at which the same became actually due and payable. Payment of the amount of the subscription of such member of the partnership, with interest as aforesaid, shall exonerate such partner from all further liability. A partner or partners whose liability is thus limited shall not be precluded from transacting business with or for the partnership.

Liability of members of partnership.

Section 4. It shall be lawful for said partnership to adopt such by-laws, rules and regulations, as a majority of the number in interest of the partners from time to time may prescribe for the regulation of the affairs of the partnership. Official positions for the transaction of the business of the partnership may be constituted by such by-laws, rules and regulations, and the powers and duties of the respective officers prescribed therein. The partners may provide that certain only of the members shall have active charge of the business and be authorized to enter into contracts, undertakings or engagements whereby the partnership shall be held liable, and may change the same as they see fit. It shall be optional with the partnership whether such provision shall or shall not be made. It shall also be optional with the partnership, if such provision be made, to state the same in the original articles of partnership, or in amendments thereto, or in any statement subscribed by the partners. If the partners shall desire, any such statement may be acknowledged, and may be recorded in the office of the said recorder of deeds. The partnership may at its option adopt and use a common seal.

Partnership may adopt by-laws, rules and regulations.

Official positions may be constituted.

May provide that certain members shall have active charge of business.

May change the same as desired.

Manner of making such provision optional.

Partnership may adopt and use a common seal.

Section 5. It shall be the duty of said partnership to keep posted in the place designated as its principal office, or place of business, in some place therein accessible to the public during business hours, a plainly written or printed list of the partners with the amount of capital subscribed by each, the amount paid in by each partner, and in the case of any partner whose liability is limited the words "Limited Liability" shall be added to his name where it appears in such list. This notice shall also state the volume and page of the record of the articles of partnership in the office of the recorder of deeds. If on the signs used by the partnership, or if on any bill-heads, letter-heads, or

List of partners, etc., to be posted in principal office.

Notice to state volume and page of record.

Notice of "Limited Liability" on signs, bill-heads, etc.

Violation of provisions of this section a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

False statement as to general partnership a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

Interest in partnership to be personal estate.

Change of ownership.

Book value to be fixed at close of each calendar year, etc.

Transfer of interest, etc., shall not dissolve partnership unless the articles so prescribe.

Not necessary to publish change in membership.

other publications of the partnership, the names of the several partners should be stated, the words "Limited Liability" shall be added to the name of the partner whose liability is limited in the way herein provided. A violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be a misdemeanor. Each member of the partnership who shall participate in such violation shall be liable to prosecution for such misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and not more than five hundred dollars, for each violation of the provisions of said section.

Section 6. If any partner whose liability is limited in the manner herein provided shall obtain credit, money, goods or other valuable thing by a false statement to the effect that he is a general partner, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and not more than five hundred dollars.

Section 7. Interest in said partnership shall be personal estate, and may be transferred, given, bequeathed, distributed, sold or assigned, under such rules and regulations as may, from time to time, be prescribed by a vote of the majority in number and interest of the partners; but, in the absence of such rules and regulations, the transferee of any such interest shall not be entitled to participation in the subsequent business of the partnership unless elected as a partner therein by a vote of the majority in number and interest of the remaining partners. And any change of ownership, whether by sale, death, bankruptcy or otherwise, which shall occur in the absence of such rules and regulations, and which shall not be followed by election to membership, shall entitle the owner or transferee to the book value of the interest so acquired, as ascertained and fixed, as hereinafter provided, at the last period preceding the date at which the member parted with or lost his interest, with interest from such date. It shall be the duty of the partnership at the close of each calendar year to ascertain and fix the book value of the several interests, a copy of which statement shall be delivered to each partner, and this settlement shall be conclusive and final upon all members of the said partnership, and upon all subsequent owners or transferees of any interest. The transfer of any interest, however occurring, shall not dissolve the partnership, nor shall said partnership be dissolved by reason of the death of one or more of the partners, unless the articles of association shall prescribe to the contrary. In case of a change in the members of the partnership by reason of death, transfer or otherwise, it shall not be necessary to make any publication of the fact thereof.

Section 8. If at the expiration of the time fixed for the duration of the partnership, if any time be so fixed, the persons then constituting the partnership shall desire to renew the same, they may do so by articles specifying the fact of such renewal and the length of time fixed for the duration of the renewed partnership. Such agreement of renewal shall be recorded and published in the way and manner hereinbefore provided in the case of an original partnership.

Expiration of partnership.

Renewal of same.

Section 9. The partnership may take, hold, mortgage, incumber, lease or convey, in fee simple, or for any less estate, real estate or interests therein, in the firm name. The place of record of the articles of partnership shall be stated in all instruments of writing relating to real estate, but failure so to state shall not invalidate the instrument. Any instrument relating to real estate may be signed or sealed by one or more of the partners, for the partnership and in the partnership name, if the by-laws, rules or regulations shall so provide, but in case less than all the partners are vested with this power the fact shall be stated in the original articles of partnership, or in amendments thereto, or in a statement duly signed and acknowledged by the partners and recorded in the office of the said recorder of deeds.

May hold and convey real estate.

Place of record of articles to be stated in instruments of writing.

How instruments relating to real estate may be signed for the partnership.

Section 10. Partnerships may be dissolved at any time by a vote of the majority in number and interest of those who at such time shall constitute the partnership, unless the articles of association shall provide to the contrary. In case of dissolution for any cause, whether by expiration of the period fixed for the partnership or otherwise, notice thereof shall be published in one newspaper published in the county designated as the place wherein the principal office, or place of business, is located, for six consecutive issues, and immediately upon the commencement of said advertising said partnership shall cease to carry on its business, except so far as may be required for the beneficial winding up thereof. In case of dissolution, one or more liquidating partners shall be elected by a vote of the majority in interest of the partners, who shall have full power, and be charged with the duty of settling the affairs of the partnership and distribution of the assets thereof after payment of its debts among the partners in proportion to their interest.

Dissolution of partnerships.

Notice of dissolution shall be published.

Liquidating partners.

Section 11. The partnership shall sue and be sued in the partnership name, and not by or in the individual names of the partners. Service in case of suit may be had upon any partner in the county designated as that in which the principal office, or place of business, of the partnership may be located. If no partner can be served in such county, service may be made upon any

How the partnership may sue and be sued.

Service, how had.

one or more of the partners in any county of the Commonwealth in which service can be had.

Repeal.

Exceptions.

Section 12. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Nothing herein contained however shall prevent the formation of limited partnerships under the act approved the twenty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and the supplements thereto, or the formation of joint stock companies under the provisions of the act approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the supplements thereto.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 154.

AN ACT

To provide for the enrollment, organization, discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Who shall be subject to military duty.

Exemptions.

Additional exemptions.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That every able-bodied male citizen, resident within this State, of the age of twenty-one years and under the age of forty-five years, excepting officers and enlisted men in the National Guard and persons exempted by this act, and excepting idiots, lunatics, common drunkards, vagabonds, paupers and persons convicted of any infamous crime, shall be enrolled in the militia; and persons so convicted after enrollment, shall be forthwith dropped from the roll.

Section 2. In addition to the persons absolutely exempted from enrollment in the militia by the laws of the United States, the following persons are exempted from military duty, namely: The members of the Legislature and the officers thereof, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Auditor General, State Librarian, Superintendent of Common Schools, and all the judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth, sheriff, recorder of deeds, register of wills, prothonotary, district attorney, and clerks of the courts of this Commonwealth.

Assessors to make annually a list of persons liable to enrollment.

Section 3. Assessors shall annually, and at the same time they are engaged in taking the assessment or valuation of real and personal property in their respective cities, wards, boroughs or townships, make a list of persons living within their respective limits liable to enrollment, and place a certified copy in the office of

the county commissioners of each county of the State, whose duty it shall be to record said roll or list of names in a book to be provided for that purpose, in the same manner as other books of record are provided; and such record shall be deemed a sufficient notification to all persons whose names are thus recorded that they have been enrolled in the militia.

Record thereof to be placed in office of county commissioners.

Section 4. As soon as the roll is completed, the assessors shall forthwith cause notices thereof to be put up in three of the most public places in the city, ward, borough or township, which notices shall set forth that the assessors have made their roll of all persons liable to enrollment according to law, and that a copy thereof has been left for record in the office of the county commissioners, where the same may be seen or examined by any person interested therein, until some day and place, to be specified in such notice, when and where the said assessors and commissioners of the county will meet to view such enrollment. Such review shall be made at the same time and place the said assessors and commissioners meet to review the assessment of real and personal property, or for appeals.

Notice of enrollment to be put up in three public places.

Assessors and commissioners to review such enrollment.

Section 5. Any person claiming that he is not liable to military duty on account of some physical defect or bodily infirmity, or that he is exempt from the performance of military duty by any law of this State or of the United States, may, on or before the day specified in such notice and not after, deliver to said assessors an affidavit, stating such facts, on which he claims to be exempt or not liable to do military duty. Such affidavit may be made before any person authorized to administer oaths; and the assessor shall cause all such affidavits to be filed in the office of the county commissioners; and if any person shall swear falsely in such affidavit, he shall be guilty of perjury.

Persons claiming exemption to make affidavit of fact.

Affidavit to be filed.
False swearing to be perjury.

Section 6. On the day so specified, county commissioners shall meet and determine who are exempt or not liable to do military duty; and in a column prepared for that purpose, in such roll, opposite the name of each person not liable to do duty, shall insert "exempt," or "not liable," as the case may be, and opposite the names of all members of uniformed companies on such roll, shall insert "U C;" and against the name of any military officer in commission and liable to do duty, the title of his office; and shall also insert against the names of persons between the age of eighteen and twenty-one years, "minor;" but if such person will have arrived at the age of twenty-one years on or before the fifteenth day of October following such enrollment, then the designation last above provided need not be made.

Commissioners to determine on exemptions.

And make entries on roll designating liability and exemption.

Section 7. The said commissioners shall, at the time when they shall meet to review their enrollment, and for appeals, make a certified list of the names of all

Lists of exemptions to be made, certified and filed, in the office of the county commissioners.

persons whom they shall determine to be exempt, or not liable to do military duty, and shall file the same in their office, for the future examination of the assessors and commissioners.

Annual report of whole number enrolled to be made to Adjutant General.

Section 8. The commissioners in each county shall, each year, carefully ascertain, from the corrected assessment and military rolls, the whole number of persons enrolled as liable to perform military duty, including all members of military companies, and shall report the same to the Adjutant General on or before the first day of November in each year.

Affidavit of assessors.

Section 9. When the assessors shall have completed their assessment roll, they shall sign the same, and shall attach thereto an affidavit, substantially as follows: "The undersigned, assessor, or assessors, of the city, borough, ward or township, of, in the county of, being sworn or affirmed, say, that they have made strict and diligent inquiry to ascertain the names of all persons required to be enrolled, as liable to military duty, by the provisions of this act, residing in the district; that the roll hereto annexed is, as near as the deponent, or deponents, can ascertain, a correct roll of all persons residing in said district, who are liable to be enrolled." The said affidavit shall be taken before any officer authorized by law to take affidavits, whose duty it shall be to take the same, without fee or reward; the said assessor or assessors shall then deliver said roll to the county commissioners, at their next meeting, and it shall be called the "military roll" of said district.

Before whom to be taken.

Roll to be delivered to county commissioners, and designated "The Military Roll."

Penalty for neglect of duty by assessors, commissioners or clerks.

Section 10. The assessors, commissioners or clerks, who shall refuse or neglect to perform any of the duties required of him or them by this act, shall forfeit and pay the sum of not more than two hundred dollars, to be recovered in the name of the Commonwealth; and, if any assessor, commissioner or clerk shall neglect or refuse to perform such duties as are hereby required, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and such penalty, when paid and collected, shall be paid into the treasury of the county. And it shall be the duty of the district attorneys of the several counties, on complaint made, to prosecute any assessor, clerk or commissioner who shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties required of him by this act; the costs of any such prosecution, if not collected from the delinquent, shall be paid by the proper county.

Appropriation of penalties.

Duty of district attorneys.

Costs of prosecution.

Compensation of assessors.

How paid.

Section 11. The assessors shall be paid for their services in making the enrollment required, et cetera, at the rate of three cents for each and every person so enrolled and liable to do military duty, by the several cities and counties in which such assessment is made.

Section 12. Keepers of taverns or boarding-houses, and masters and mistresses of dwelling houses, shall,

upon application of the assessors within whose bounds their houses are situated, or of persons acting under them, give information of the names of persons residing in their houses, liable to enrollment or to do military duty, and every such person shall, upon like application, give his name and age; and if such keeper, master, mistress or person, refuses to give such information, or gives false information, such keeper, master or mistress, shall forfeit and pay twenty dollars, and such person shall forfeit and pay twelve dollars, to be recovered on complaint of any of the assessors.

Information to be given assessors by keepers of taverns and boarding houses.

Penalty for refusal.

How recoverable.

Section 13. The enrolled militia shall be subject to no active duty, except in case of war, invasion, the prevention of invasions, the suppression of riots, and to aid civil officers in the execution of the laws of the Commonwealth; in which cases, the Commander-in-Chief shall order out for actual service, by draft or otherwise, as many of the militia as necessity demands.

When enrolled militia shall be liable to active duty.

Section 14. When the militia are so ordered out, or have volunteered for actual service, they shall be mustered into existing or new companies, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions; said new companies, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions shall be numbered, and a record thereof made in the office of the Adjutant General, and shall be officered, governed and disciplined according to the laws of the State and the United States; and the State shall furnish arms and equipments for each non-commissioned officer and private, and pay them until their term of service expires.

Organization for service.

State to furnish arms and equipments, and to pay.

Section 15. When the Commander-in-Chief deems it necessary, he shall require cities and counties to provide, in some suitable place therein, such quantity of ordnance stores and camp equipage as may be requisite, and keep the same until such requirement is revoked. Every city or county, so neglecting to comply with such requisition, shall forfeit and pay not exceeding five hundred dollars, which sum, when collected, shall be paid into the State Treasury.

Cities and counties to provide ordnance stores and camp equipage.

Penalty for neglect.

Section 16. Every soldier ordered out for active duty, or who shall volunteer or be drafted, who does not appear at the time and place designated by the proper authority, or who has not some able-bodied and proper substitute at such time and place, or does not furnish a reasonable excuse for such non-appearance, shall be liable to such punishment as a general court-martial may, upon conviction, determine.

Punishment for neglect to appear for active duty, etc.

Section 17. The Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a paymaster, who shall give the same security and perform the same duties as are required of paymasters in the military service of the United States, and hold the rank and receive the pay of major while in actual service.

Paymaster to be appointed by the Governor.

Duties, rank and pay.

Section 18. Whenever the enrolled militia of this Commonwealth shall be called into service, by the

Adjutant General to notify quartermaster and commissary generals of the point of rendezvous.

Proposals for supplies to be advertised.

Opening of proposals and award of contracts.

List of proposals to be filed.

Inspectors of military stores to be appointed.

Their duties.

Their compensation.

Hospital Department.

Rank and pay of officers.

Qualifications.

requisition of the President of the United States, or the proclamation of the Governor, it shall be the duty of the Adjutant General to notify, in writing, the quartermaster general and commissary general of the point, or points, where men are to rendezvous, with the number, as near as may be; and said officers shall forthwith advertise for proposals for supplying to the Commonwealth such supplies as may be necessary for furnishing the troops with rations and all other stores named in and provided by the laws or regulations of the United States; and proposals to be directed to the said commissary general and quartermaster general, respectively, and to be opened, after five days' notice, and the contracts to be awarded to the lowest bidder by the proper officer inviting said proposals, and adequate security to be taken for the faithful performance of the contract before the same is awarded; and said officers shall furnish and keep on file, in their several departments, for public inspection, a list of all the proposals offered, including those rejected as well as those awarded; and before the acceptance of any provisions or other military stores of any kind whatsoever, purchased upon contract as hereinbefore provided, it shall be the duty of the quartermaster general or commissary general, as the case may be, in connection with the Auditor General and State Treasurer, to appoint, from time to time, as required, one or more disinterested and competent inspectors, familiar with the value and quality of the provisions or military stores so contracted for, whose duty it shall be to examine and accept or reject the same, and, if accepted, to give a certificate thereof to the contractor or venders; and no bill rendered for any such provisions or stores shall be paid until so certified and approved. The inspectors so appointed shall each receive five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in discharge of their duties, and shall severally be sworn or affirmed to discharge their duties with fidelity.

Section 19. There shall be a hospital department, which shall be supervised by the surgeon general; and to each division, when in actual service, there shall be a hospital surgeon, with the rank of major; and to each brigade, when in actual service, a hospital surgeon, with the rank of captain; said officers to be appointed and commissioned by the Governor, and to be first examined and recommended for appointment by the surgeon general, or a board of such other surgeons, not exceeding three, as he may direct. The rank of all said officers shall not entitle them to promotion in the line, nor shall it regulate their pay and rations, except when in actual service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or the proclamation of the Governor. And all surgeons and assistant surgeons, now or hereafter to be appointed.

shall be examined by the surgeon general, or a board of surgeons, not exceeding three, as he may direct, and the qualifications and fitness of all surgeons and applicants for appointments as such shall be reported in writing to the Governor.

Section 20. The Governor be and is hereby authorized, to form, adopt and prescribe such rules and regulations, and appoint such officers and fix their compensation, for the purpose of drafting the militia, when such process may be required, as to him may seem best and most expedient in the premises.

Governor authorized to prescribe rules and appoint officers for drafting the militia.

Section 21. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 155.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the South Eastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the South-eastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$71,000 total appropriation.

For the erection of two new buildings, to take the place of the dilapidated wooden barracks, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. The plans and specifications for the said new buildings to be drawn under the supervision of the board of trustees of the State Hospital, and approved by the State Board of Public Charities, and shall be of the best design for the construction of such an institution without expensive architectural adornments, and as nearly fireproof as possible, and no changes to be made in said plans of construction without the consent of the Board of Public Charities.

\$50,000 for two new buildings.

Plans and specifications.

To be approved by State Board of Charities.

Fire-proof.

For the completion of the reservoir and water-plant to supply the hospital with pure water, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$15,000 for completion of reservoir, etc.

For the extension of the present sewage system, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,500 for sewage system.

\$1,000 for insurance.

For premium for renewal of insurance against loss by fire, which expires during the next two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,500 for water closets.

For additional water closets and renewals of old ones, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 156.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$1,000 appropriated for removal of patients.

For the removal of patients to and from the asylum, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,000 for improving grounds, &c.

For draining and improving grounds, hedges, trees, shrubbery, et cetera, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 157.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, for the two

fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following specific purposes:

For the payment of salaries of officers and employes, the sum of sixty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$60,000 for salaries, etc.

For insurance, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars and fifty-three cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$3,200.53 for insurance.

For painting, glazing and repairs, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$5,000 for painting, glazing, etc.

For equipment and instruction in Industrial School, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$10,000 for industrial school.

For steam heating improvements, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$500 for steam heating improvements.

For addition to library books, the sum of three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$300 for library books.

For amount expended in sanitary plumbing at female department, during one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, made necessary owing to outbreak of typhoid fever, the sum of four thousand five hundred and sixty-eight dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$4,568 for sanitary plumbing at female department.

For sanitary plumbing, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,500 for sanitary plumbing.

For erecting, completing and furnishing a new family building for the female department, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. The plans and specifications of the said new family building to be drawn under the supervision of the Board of Managers of the said Reform School, and approved by the State Board of Public Charities, and shall be of the best design for the construction of such an institution without expensive architectural adornments, and as nearly fire-proof as possible, and no change to be made in said plans of construction without the consent of the Board of Public Charities: Provided, however, That all the work of constructing the said new building shall as nearly as possible be done by the inmates of the institution.

\$15,000 for new family building.

Plans and specifications.

Approval of State Board of Charities.

Fire-proof.

Proviso.

For drilling and equipment of water wells, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for water wells.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 158.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$109,200 for education, maintenance, etc., for the year beginning June 1, 1899.

For the maintenance, education and training of six hundred indigent feeble-minded children, residents of the State, for the fiscal year beginning June first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of one hundred and nine thousand two hundred dollars, at an annual rate of one hundred and eighty-two dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the evidence of which is to be furnished to the Auditor General.

Annual rate per pupil.

\$118,800 for education, maintenance, etc., for the year beginning June 1, 1900.

For the maintenance, education and training of six hundred and fifty indigent feeble-minded children, residents of the State, for the fiscal year beginning June first, nineteen hundred, the sum of one hundred and eighteen thousand three hundred dollars, at an annual rate of one hundred and eighty-two dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the evidence of which is to be furnished to the Auditor General: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treasury at the close of either fiscal year, on account of a decrease in the cost per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for maintaining an extra number of indigent feeble-minded children, residents of the State, whose maintenance would amount to the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed in this act.

Annual rate per pupil.

Proviso.

\$5,000 for a hot-house, etc.

For the erection, completion and equipment of a hot-house, to be built of glass, iron and brick, and a house for gardener, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$5,000 for improving grounds, etc.

For improving grounds, grading, building retaining walls, walks and roads, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,000 for a disinfecting plant.

For the purchase of a disinfecting plant, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$7,500 for a reservoir, etc.

For the erection and construction of a reservoir, with a capacity of thirty thousand barrels, for general water supply and protection against fire and for making the necessary connections thereto, the sum of seven

thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For payment to discharge lien of dower, secured by mortgage, due heirs of William Adams, deceased, upon land purchased by the commission for the erection of buildings of said institution, payable on warrant of Auditor General to William A. Dunn, administrator de bonus non, the sum of four hundred and twenty-five dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the lien of record. \$425 to satisfy lien of record.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 159.

AN ACT

To provide for the current expenses of the Board of Game Commissioners, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the postage and express charges for the Board of Game Commissioners, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$800 for postage and express charges.

Said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved and certified to by the president of the Board of Game Commissioners; and unexpended balances of the sums herein appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes, whether specific or general, and shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the two fiscal years. How payable.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 9th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Western State Penitentiary for the several purposes hereinafter named, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as follows:

\$120,000 for salaries of officers.

For salaries of officers, the sum of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,000 for repairs, etc.

For repairs and for painting cell blocks, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$3,600 for insurance.

For insurance, the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$500 for books and stationery.

For the books and stationery for the prisoners, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For discharged convicts.

For each discharged convict from the city of Pittsburgh, or whose residence is within fifty miles thereof, the sum of five dollars, and for each discharged convict whose residence is over fifty miles from the penitentiary, the sum of ten dollars.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March the fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An act to regulate the manner in which appropriations to educational, penal, reformatory, charitable, benevolent or eleemosynary institutions shall be paid."

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

AN ACT

To provide for the support of the National Guard and Naval Force for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$775,000 appropriated.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is here-

by specifically appropriated for the support of the National Guard and Naval Force for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. The said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Adjutant General, countersigned by the Auditor General, upon specifically itemized vouchers duly approved by the State Military Board. All moneys appropriated under this act and remaining unexpended at the close of the two fiscal years shall revert to the State Treasury.

Purpose for which appropriated.

How payable.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 162.

AN ACT

To carry out the provisions of acts of Assembly relating to the care and treatment of the indigent insane, approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and making an appropriation therefor; and providing for an additional appropriation for the care and detention of chronic insane, under the provisions of the act approved the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, during the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the care and treatment of the indigent insane, as prescribed by acts of Assembly approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and the twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and the sum of fifty cents per week for each and every patient, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated in addition to the maximum amount provided for the care and maintenance of inmates at the State Asylums for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania under the provisions of the act approved the twenty-second day

\$1,500,000 appropriated for the indigent insane.

Fifty cents a week for each patient in addition to maximum amount.

Proviso as to
when payable.

How payable.

Quarterly report.

Report to be ac-
companied by
itemized state-
ment.

Cash balances
shall be deducted
from mainte-
nance account.

Quarterly report
of county com-
missioners to
Auditor General.

Contents of re-
port.

Penalties for neg-
lect or refusal to
report.

of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one: Provided, That this additional appropriation of fifty cents per week, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is limited to the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

The said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, but no warrant shall be drawn on settlement made, until the directors or managers of the respective hospitals or asylums for the insane shall have made, under oath, to the Auditor General, a quarterly report containing the actual number of indigent insane persons received and maintained in said hospitals or asylums for the insane during the quarter, with date of admission, date of discharge or death, and showing the actual time each indigent insane person was treated and cared for.

Such quarterly report or account shall be accompanied by a specially itemized statement, made under oath by the directors or managers, of the receipts and income from all sources whatever, and of the expenditures for all purposes whatsoever, during the quarter, together with the cash balance on hand at the beginning of or available at any time during the quarter. And any such cash balances on hand at the beginning of any quarter, or that is available during the quarter, shall be deducted from the amount chargeable for maintenance to the State for such quarter: Provided, That the words "care, treatment and maintenance," used in this act shall be construed to mean medical and surgical treatment, and nursing, food and clothing, and absolutely necessary repairs to the present buildings.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the county commissioners, or the directors or overseers of the poor of the different counties or poor districts of the State, to report, under oath, to the Auditor General, on the first days of September, December, March and June of each year the number of indigent insane persons transferred as provided by law to the State hospitals or asylums for the insane in their respective districts; said report shall contain the name of every indigent insane person, when admitted, length of time cared for in said State hospital or asylum, and date of discharge or death.

Section 3. That for the neglect or refusal of the county commissioners or directors of the poor of the county poor houses or almshouses, or otherwise, controlling the custody of such indigent insane persons, or of the directors or managers of the State hospitals or asylums wherein the indigent insane are treated and cared for, to make report to the Auditor General as required by this act, said counties, hospitals or asylums shall forfeit the whole amount due for the quarter

in which no report was made: Provided, That all insane persons who apply for admission to any of said hospitals with proper papers, and are willing and able to pay their expenses, be admitted, and that accommodations shall be furnished for said insane: Provided, also, That no payment shall be made on account of the care and treatment of the insane until the Secretary of the Board of Charities shall have certified to the Auditor General, under oath, that the quarterly report of the cost of such care and treatment contains no charge except for maintenance as construed by this act.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 163.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the protection and propagation of fish.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Fishery Commissioners for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of hatching, propagating and distributing useful food and game fish, and to stock and supply all the streams, lakes and waters of the Commonwealth with the same, and by distributing the young or fry to all parts of the State, and for the dissemination of any varieties of fish in the waters of the State, and to employ the necessary labor, services, materials and implements therefor, and to pay the necessary and reasonable expenses of the said Fishery Commissioners and their employes, and to pay for any repairs, improvements or extensions necessary in the State hatcheries. And the further sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated for the salaries of such water bailiffs or fish wardens as the Commissioners may appoint, or may have appointed, the said sum to cover the salaries of the same for the two years aforesaid.

The said appropriation to be paid when satisfactory proof shall have been made to the Auditor General that no fish or fry have been shipped or furnished to any person from the State fisheries or hatcheries upon any application, unless the same shall have been endorsed by a Senator or Representative of the Legis-

Proviso.

Proviso.

\$25,000 appropriated.

Purpose.

\$10,000 appropriated for salaries of water bailiffs.

Proof of proper distribution.

How payable.

lature of the Commonwealth, and in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 164.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Tioga county.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Tioga county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$16,000 for maintenance, etc.

For the purpose of the maintenance of said hospital and care of sick and injured persons, the sum of sixteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$4,000 for improvements and water supply.

For the purpose of making repairs and improvements to hospital buildings and grounds, and procuring a proper water supply, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 165.

AN ACT

To provide for the current expenses of the State Board of Health and Vital Statistics, for the two fiscal years commencing the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to defray the expenses of the State Board of Health and Vital

Statistics, for the two fiscal years commencing the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

For the payment of the salary of the secretary and executive officer, for the two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$4,000 for salary of Secretary and executive officer.

For the employment of necessary clerical aid in the office of the Board, postage, telegrams, express charges, rent, incidental office expenses, traveling, and other necessary expenses of the members and secretary of the Board, while engaged in actual duties of the Board, and for sanitary inspections, abatement of nuisances, control of contagious diseases, protection of water supplies, scientific investigations and analyses, for the two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$8,000 for clerical aid, postage, traveling expenses, etc.

The amounts expended from the above appropriation shall be distributed by the said Board in accordance with the requirements of the sanitary service of the Commonwealth, and with reference to such emergencies as may arise.

Distribution.

Said appropriations to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, upon specifically itemized vouchers, certified to under oath by the president and secretary of said Board; and all monies appropriated under this act remaining unexpended at the close of the two fiscal years shall revert to the State Treasury.

How payable.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 166.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer, Mercer county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c.. That the sum of eleven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer, Mercer county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$11,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 167.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Eastern State Penitentiary, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$120,000 for salaries.

For salaries of officers, the sum of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$3,000 for repairs.

For repairs, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for library books, etc.

For library books and stationery, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Discharged convicts.

For each discharged convict from the city of Philadelphia or whose residence is within fifty miles thereof, the sum of five dollars; and for each discharged convict whose residence is more than fifty miles from the city of Philadelphia, the sum of ten dollars.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 168.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to provide for the expenses required by an act, entitled "An act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines, and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and marines of the State," approved May twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; also, making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphan Schools, approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Appropriations made for two years.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Commission of Soldiers' Orphan Schools for the several objects hereinafter named, for the two fiscal years

beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

For the payment of the salaries of the clerks, for two years, the sum of six thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$6,400 for salaries of the clerks.

For the payment of the salaries of the male and female inspectors, for two years, the sum of five thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for the payment of their traveling expenses, for two years, the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$5,600 for salaries of inspectors.

\$1,200 for traveling expenses.

For the payment of postage, telegrams, expressage, transferring pupils, funeral expenses, partial relief, expenses of the Commission, furniture and miscellaneous expenses in the schools and office for the Commission, for two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$8,000 for postage, etc., funeral expenses, furniture, transferring pupils, miscellaneous expenses, etc.

For the education and maintenance, including clothing for two fiscal years, of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines, and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and marines of the State, admitted to the Soldiers' Orphan Schools and to the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, and the necessary repairs and improvements to the Soldiers' Orphan Schools and the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, the sum of three hundred and forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That the per capita rate for the education, maintenance and clothing of the children in the Soldiers' Orphan Schools shall not exceed the sum of one hundred and forty dollars per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and for those admitted to the Industrial School the per capita rate shall not exceed the sum of two hundred dollars per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$340,000 for education, maintenance and clothing.

Proviso.

Maximum per capita rate in Soldiers' Orphan Schools.

Maximum per capita rate in Industrial School.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 169.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro-

\$40,000 appropriated for salaries, maintenance and insurance.

Superintendent shall advertise for bids.

Duty of superintendent.

Awarding of contract.

How payable.

priated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the salaries of the officers and employes, and for the support and maintenance of the institution, and for insurance: Provided, That the Superintendent shall, after the passage of this act, for two consecutive weeks, and yearly thereafter for the same length of time commencing the second Monday in March, advertise in three newspapers of general circulation for bids to furnish all needed supplies for the ensuing year beginning June first; said superintendent shall furnish promptly, on application, to all persons desiring to bid, an itemized list of the kind and probable amount required; and the board of trustees shall award the contract for supplies to the lowest responsible bidder, taking such security for the faithful performance of the contract as they may deem necessary.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 170.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren.

\$45,000 appropriated.

\$25,000 for erection and furnishing of dormitory and infirmary.

\$20,000 for erection and furnishing of nurses' annex and lecture hall.

Plans and specifications.

Approved by State Board of Charities.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely: the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the erection, completion and furnishing of a building, for use as a dormitory and infirmary, at the Farm Colony; the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the erection, completion and furnishing of a building in the rear of the female wards of the main building, for use as a nurses' annex and training school lecture hall. The plans and specifications of the said dormitory and infirmary, and the nurses' annex and training school lecture hall, to be drawn under the supervision of the board of trustees of the said hospital, and approved

by the State Board of Public Charities, and shall be of the best design for the construction of such buildings without expensive architectural adornments, and as nearly fire-proof as possible, and no changes to be made in said plans of construction or specifications without the consent of the State Board of Public Charities.

To be fire-proof.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 171.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Connellsville, Fayette county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Connellsville, Fayette county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

\$15,650 total appropriation.

For the purpose of maintenance, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$15,000 for maintenance.

For painting hospital, inside and outside, the sum of two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$200 for painting.

For new floors—maple for two wards, and white pine for porches—the sum of two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$200 for flooring.

For insurance of said hospital, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$250 for insurance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 174.

AN ACT

To provide for the current expenses of the Board of Public Charities, for the two fiscal years commencing the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated for defraying the expenses of the Board of Public Charities, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$6,000 for salary of General Agent and Secretary.

For the payment of salary of the General Agent and Secretary, for the two fiscal years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$6,000 for salary of Secretary of Committee on Lunacy.

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy, for the two fiscal years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$2,200 for postage, etc., and incidental expenses.

For the payment of postage, telegrams, express charges, messenger service, and incidental expenses, for the two fiscal years, the sum of two thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$6,000 for traveling expenses.

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the Commissioners of the Board of Public Charities, the General Agent and Secretary thereof, the Committee on Lunacy and Secretary thereof, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$7,000 for clerical services.

For the payment of the necessary clerical services of the Board and the Committee on Lunacy, for the two fiscal years, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, upon specifically itemized vouchers duly certified to by the President and Secretary of said Board. All moneys appropriated under this act and remaining unexpended at the close of the two fiscal years shall revert to the State Treasury.

Unexpended balances.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following specific purposes, namely:

For the payment of the salaries of officers and employes, the sum of one hundred and forty-seven thousand six hundred and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$147,660 for salaries.

For insurance of buildings, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,500 for insurance.

For library books, stationery, postage, school books, maps, and apparatus for reformatory schools, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,500 for library books, postage, apparatus, etc.

For lectures and special school instruction, the sum of seven hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$700 for lectures, etc.

For tools, materials, and supplies for mechanical instruction, and for special mechanical instruction, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$5,000 for tools, supplies and special instruction.

For additional equipment to inmates' kitchen, the sum of four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$400 for inmates' kitchen.

For purchase of machinery for machine shop, the sum of four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$400 for machinery.

For repainting window gratings, tin roof on wall, cornices and gutters, and for repointing with cement outer brick walls, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$500 for repainting, etc.

For resetting boilers and for replacing boiler fronts, the sum of one thousand and forty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,040 for resetting boilers, etc.

For enlarging inmates' dining room, so as to provide seating capacity, and for furnishing same, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$600 for enlarging inmates' dining room and furnishing same.

For the necessary repairs to steam heating plant, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$500 for steam heating plant repairs.

For erection of addition to present laundry, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for addition to laundry.

For discharged or paroled inmates, whose residence is within fifty miles of Huntingdon, five dollars, and for each discharged or paroled inmate whose residence is more than fifty miles from Huntingdon, the sum of ten dollars.

For discharged inmates.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 10th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

County commis-
sioners to have
discretionary au-
thority as to use
of same.

Money may be di-
vided.

How to be paid
to county.

Proviso.

How money shall
be divided be-
tween counties.

Repeal.

cretionary authority to use the same for county pur-
poses, or to divide the whole or any part thereof among
the districts in their respective counties for the purpose
of relieving such districts from the oppressive taxa-
tion that exists on account of the exemption of the
property of such foreign railway corporations from
local taxation.

Section 2. On receipt of the bonus or money referred
to, by the State Treasurer, it shall be the duty of the
Auditor General to draw his warrant upon the State
Treasurer for the amount thereof, said warrant to be
made to the order of the treasurer of the county through
which said foreign railway corporation has located its
lines: Provided, That where such foreign railway corpo-
ration has located its lines through more than one coun-
ty, the money or bonus aforesaid shall be divided
among the counties, the division being made in pro-
portion to the assessed valuation of the real estate of
said counties, and the warrants of the Auditor Gen-
eral shall be drawn in accordance with such divisions.

Section 3. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with
the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby
repealed.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 177.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School
for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware county.

\$210,000 appro-
priated for main-
tenance, etc.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two
hundred and ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof
as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specif-
ically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Training School
for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware coun-
ty, for the maintenance and training of six hundred
feeble-minded children, residents of the State, for the
two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand
eight hundred and ninety-nine: Provided, That the
amount herein appropriated shall be paid in propor-
tion to the number of indigent children received from
the various counties of this Commonwealth, at the an-
nual rate of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, or
so much thereof as may be necessary, for each child,
the evidence of which is to be furnished to the Auditor
General: Provided, That if any money appropriated
for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treas-
ury on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita,

No. 175.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eighty-eight thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, towards the maintenance and education of one hundred and seventy State pupils, residents of the State, to be paid in proportion to the number of indigent blind pupils from the several counties of the Commonwealth, at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of two hundred and sixty dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treasury on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for maintaining an extra number of pupils whose maintenance would amount to the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed in this act.

\$88,400 appropriated for maintenance and education.

How payable.

Annual rate per pupil.

Proviso as to decrease of cost.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 176.

AN ACT

Providing for the payment to the county or counties of the moneys or bonus which any foreign railway corporation is required to pay into the State Treasury for the right to pass through said county or counties, and by which payment such foreign railway corporation is relieved from local taxation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That wherever by provision of law a railway corporation of any other state is required to pay a bonus into the State Treasury for the right of passing through one or more counties of this Commonwealth, and by virtue of the payment of such bonus is relieved from the payment of local taxes in the districts through which its lines are located, the money so paid into the State Treasury shall be paid to the county or counties through which said lines are located, and the county commissioners shall have dis-

Payment to county of bonus received by the State from foreign railway corporations.

No. 179.

AN ACT

Making appropriations to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind.

\$55,080 total appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind:

\$26,000 for education and maintenance for the fiscal year beginning June 1, 1899.

For the education and maintenance of one hundred State pupils, residents of the State, for the fiscal year beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of twenty-six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of two hundred and sixty dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Rate per pupil.

\$28,080 for education and maintenance, for the fiscal year beginning June 1, 1900.

For the education and maintenance of one hundred and eight State pupils, residents of the State, for the fiscal year beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred, the sum of twenty-eight thousand and eighty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of two hundred and sixty dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treasury, at the close of either fiscal year, on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for maintaining an extra number of pupils whose cost for maintenance shall not exceed the amount of the said balance, and not to exceed the per capita rate allowed in this act.

Rate per pupil.

Proviso.

\$1,000 for repairs, etc.

For repairs, school apparatus, furniture and other necessary fixtures, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 180.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the

through good management, the same may be drawn for the maintenance of an extra number of pupils, whose maintenance would amount to the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed under this act.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 178.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one hundred thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for the two fiscal years beginning June the first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the education and maintenance of two hundred and ten State pupils, at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of two hundred and forty dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the management of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Public Charities and the Auditor General a declaration, that hereafter all pupils received into this institution under sixteen years of age who have not been pupils in another institution of a similar character shall be taught exclusively by the oral method, unless physically incapable of being taught by such method: Provided, further, If any money appropriated for the maintenance of State pupils shall remain in the Treasury on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for maintaining an extra number of pupils whose maintenance would amount to the sum of said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed in the act. \$100,800 appropriated for maintenance and education.

Annual rate per pupil.

Proviso.

Proviso.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

tuminous district, composed of Clearfield, Centre and Jefferson counties, of the State of Pennsylvania, for counsel fees, costs and expenses, incurred and paid by the said Joseph Knapper in the prosecution of the case of the Commonwealth versus Daniel D. Jones, on appeal from the court of quarter sessions of Clearfield county, Number Forty, September Sessions, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, to the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, but no warrant shall be drawn on settlement made until the said Joseph Knapper shall have made, under oath, to the Auditor General, a report, accompanied by the vouchers, containing a specifically itemized statement of all counsel fees, costs and expenses incurred by him in the prosecution of said case, nor until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay said fees, costs and expenses. Any unexpended balance of the sum herein appropriated remaining in the State Treasury at the close of business May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, shall revert to the State Treasury.

Unexpended balance.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 182.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for reuniforming and re-equipping the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and providing that the appropriation shall be available as payments may be made to the State of Pennsylvania by the United States Government for certain ordnance, quartermaster and medical stores.

\$98,000 appropriated.

Purpose for which appropriated.

How payable.

proviso.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ninety-eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of purchasing and issuing to the National Guard of Pennsylvania ordnance, quartermaster and medical stores; said stores to be purchased and issued by the Adjutant General under the direction and supervision of the State Military Board, the said appropriation to be paid upon warrants drawn by the Adjutant General on the State Treasurer, countersigned by the Auditor General, upon vouchers duly approved by the State Military Board: Provided, That the amount hereby appropriated shall become available only as payments on account, or in full, of said ord-

Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, to wit: For the maintenance and education of one hundred pupils, at an annual rate of two hundred and forty dollars per pupil, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the sum of forty-eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for addition to shop for manual training, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for the completion and equipment of laundry and boiler house, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treasury, on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for the maintenance of an extra number of pupils whose maintenance would amount to the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed under this act: And provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the management of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Public Charities and the Auditor General, a declaration that all pupils received into this institution under sixteen years of age, who have not been pupils in other institutions of a similar character, shall be taught exclusively by the oral method, unless physically incapable of being taught by such method.

\$48,000 for maintenance and education.

\$2,000 for addition to shop for manual training.

\$1,500 for completion, etc., of laundry and boiler house.

Maintenance of extra pupils.

When appropriation is available.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 181.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Joseph Knapper, mine inspector of the Eighth Bituminous District, composed of Clearfield, Centre and Jefferson counties, for counsel fees, costs and expenses incurred by the said Joseph Knapper in the prosecution of the case of the Commonwealth versus Daniel D. Jones for violation of the mine laws, Number Forty, September Sessions, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, appeal from the court of quarter sessions of Clearfield county to the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Joseph Knapper, mine inspector of the Eighth Bi-

\$300 appropriated to Joseph Knapper, for counsel fees, costs, etc.

tuminous district, composed of Clearfield, Centre and Jefferson counties, of the State of Pennsylvania, for counsel fees, costs and expenses, incurred and paid by the said Joseph Knapper in the prosecution of the case of the Commonwealth versus Daniel D. Jones, on appeal from the court of quarter sessions of Clearfield county, Number Forty, September Sessions, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, to the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, but no warrant shall be drawn on settlement made until the said Joseph Knapper shall have made, under oath, to the Auditor General, a report, accompanied by the vouchers, containing a specifically itemized statement of all counsel fees, costs and expenses incurred by him in the prosecution of said case, nor until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to pay said fees, costs and expenses. Any unexpended balance of the sum herein appropriated remaining in the State Treasury at the close of business May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, shall revert to the State Treasury.

Unexpended balance.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 182.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for reuniforming and re-equipping the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and providing that the appropriation shall be available as payments may be made to the State of Pennsylvania by the United States Government for certain ordnance, quartermaster and medical stores.

\$98,000 appropriated.

Purpose for which appropriated.

How payable.

Proviso.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ninety-eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of purchasing and issuing to the National Guard of Pennsylvania ordnance, quartermaster and medical stores; said stores to be purchased and issued by the Adjutant General under the direction and supervision of the State Military Board, the said appropriation to be paid upon warrants drawn by the Adjutant General on the State Treasurer, countersigned by the Auditor General, upon vouchers duly approved by the State Military Board: Provided, That the amount hereby appropriated shall become available only as payments on account, or in full, of said ord-

nance, quartermaster and medical stores may be made to the State of Pennsylvania by the United States Government.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 183.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two hundred and forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the education and maintenance of four hundred and eighty indigent deaf and dumb children, residents of the State, and the several counties thereof, at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, per capita, or so much thereof as may be necessary; the evidence of the cost, per capita, to be furnished the Auditor General before the quarterly settlement: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the Treasury on account of a decrease in the cost per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for maintaining an extra number of pupils, whose maintenance would not amount to more than the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed in this act: Provided, further, That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the management of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Public Charities and with the Auditor General, a declaration that hereafter all the pupils received into this institution, under sixteen years of age, who have not been pupils in other institutions of a similar character, shall be taught exclusively by the oral method, unless physically incapable of being taught by such method.

\$240,000 appropriated for education and maintenance.

Rate per capita.

Evidence to be furnished Auditor General.

Proviso as to decrease of cost.

Proviso as to when appropriation shall be available.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 184.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for maintenance and instruction in handicraft employment.

\$25,000 appropriated for maintenance, etc.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the instruction, maintenance and employment in handicraft of blind men, inhabitants of the State, to aid in the necessary expenses of the same.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 185.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Jefferson county.

Appropriation.

\$12,000 for completion of buildings and furnishing.

\$13,000 for maintenance.

How payable.

Section 1, Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Adrian Hospital Association of Jefferson County, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely: For the purpose of assisting in the completion and furnishing of the new hospital building in the borough of Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. For the purpose of maintenance, the sum of thirteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 186.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chester County Hospital, situate in the borough of West Chester, Chester county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$7,500 appropriated for maintenance.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 187.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital of Phoenixville, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Phoenixville Hospital of Phoenixville, Chester county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely: For the purpose of maintenance, the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for assisting in the erection and furnishing of a new hospital building, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That no part of the appropriation herein made for building and furnishing shall become available until the treasurer of said hospital shall have certified, under oath, to the Auditor General that the hospital has become the owner, in fee simple, of a site in Phoenixville upon which to erect a hospital building, and are prepared to build thereon; and that there has been subscribed by private contributions and paid in cash to the treasurer of said hospital, for the purpose of assisting in the erection and furnishing the said building, the sum of twelve thou-

Appropriation.

\$7,500 for maintenance.

\$15,000 towards the erection and furnishing of a new building.

Proviso.

sand dollars, including the value of the property now owned.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 188.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle.

\$2,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Almira Home of New Castle, for the purpose of maintenance of said home for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 189.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle.

\$12,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 190.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chester Hospital at Chester, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$10,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 191.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Girls, of the city of Pittsburg.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Girls, of the City of Pittsburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$3,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 192.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the city of Reading.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Friendless Children in the \$2,000 for maintenance.

City of Reading, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 193.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh.

\$3,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 194.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster, at Lancaster.

\$3,000 for maintenance, etc.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance, education and support of homeless, destitute and vagrant children in said home.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 195.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 196.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$4,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 197.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home of the Woman's Relief Corps, at Brookville.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated to the Appropriation.

Pennsylvania Memorial Home of the Woman's Relief Corps, at Brookville, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

\$6,000 for maintenance. for the following purposes, namely: The sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose of maintenance, and the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the education of the inmates of said Home.

How payable. The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 198.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital of Beaver County.

\$7,000 for maintenance. Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Beaver Valley General Hospital of Beaver County, for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable. Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 199.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh.

\$20,000 for maintenance. Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance: Provided, That in consideration of this ap-

Proviso as to free beds.

propriation, there shall be eight free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon the certificate of the mayor, director of the department of public safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on the presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital in the order in which applications are made for examination as to the propriety of such certificates being given.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 200.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$4,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 201.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$6,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 202.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital.

\$6,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lancaster General Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 203.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia.

\$5,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kensington Hospital for Women, Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 204.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home of Pittsburgh.

\$3,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro-

priated to the Home for the Aged and Infirm Colored Women at Pittsburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 205.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville, Schuylkill county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville, toward the maintenance, education and support of the homeless, destitute and vagrant children in said home, for two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$1,500 towards maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 206.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children located in the city of Allegheny.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Colored Children located in the city of Allegheny, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$10,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 207.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the Carbondale Hospital Association of the city of Carbondale.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Carbondale Hospital Association, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 208.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania, for the use of the Reineman Maternity Hospital of Pittsburgh.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Western University of Pennsylvania, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of the maintenance of patients treated in the Reineman Maternity Hospital.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 209.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty.

\$2,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically ap

propriated to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 210.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Temporary Home for Children of Allegheny.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Temporary Home for Children of Allegheny, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 211.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children in the city of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children, situate in the city of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$12,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 212.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 213.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital.

\$15,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Reading Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 214.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically ap-

propriated to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, of the city of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 215.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, situate at the corner of Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue in the city of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, situate at the corner of Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue in the city of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$5,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 216.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station, Allegheny county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawk- \$5,000 for maintenance.

ins Station, Allegheny county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the maintenance of the inmates of the said Home.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 217.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 218.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia.

\$20,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 219.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital and Infirmary for Incurables.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Howard Hospital and Infirmary for Incurables, located at Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$5,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 220.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery County.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery County, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$10,000 appropriated.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 221.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically ap- \$10,000 for maintenance.

propriated to the Philadelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 222.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane.

\$6,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 223.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases at Philadelphia.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 224.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital at Sunbury.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mary M. Packer Hospital at Sunbury, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$8,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 225.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Saint John General Hospital of Allegheny.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint John General Hospital of Allegheny, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance: Provided, That in consideration of this appropriation there shall be four free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon the certificate of the mayor, director of the department of public safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital in the order in which applications are made, after examination as to the propriety of such certificate being given.

\$8,000 for maintenance.

Proviso.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 226.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital.

\$14,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Williamsport Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purposes of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 227.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital.

\$15,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Oil City Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 228.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home.

\$8,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home, for the two

fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 229.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Union Home for Old Ladies of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$4,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 230.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for the Veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic and their wives, at Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic and their wives, at Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$5,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 236.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Robert A. Packer Hospital at Sayre.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Robert A. Packer Hospital at Sayre, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 237.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon.

\$6,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Good Samaritan Hospital at Lebanon, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 238.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

\$20,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro

priated to the South Side Hospital of the city of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance: Provided, That in consideration of this appropriation, there shall be eight free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon the certificate of the mayor, director of the department of public safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital in the order in which applications are made, after examination as to the propriety of such certificates being given.

Proviso.
Free beds.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 239.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$18,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 240.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro-

\$2,000 for maintenance.

priated to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of preventing cruelty to aged persons, children and animals, and for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved--The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 241.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary, of the city of York.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the York Hospital and Dispensary, of the city of York, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 242.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the uses and care of the library of the Supreme Court.

\$4,000 for uses and care of Library.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the uses and care of the library of the Supreme Court at Philadelphia. All purchases under this act to be made by the justices of the said court, and all appropriations herein made to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer, upon vouchers certified in due form by the chief justice.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 243.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the Harrisburg Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Harrisburg Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$7,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 244.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance and prosecution of its work. \$10,000 for maintenance, etc.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 245.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c.. That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro-

priated to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance and prosecution of its work.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 246.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School for Nurses.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School for Nurses for the purpose of maintenance, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 247.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton.

\$12,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c.. That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Easton Hospital at Easton, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 248.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home of the Friendless at Harrisburg.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home of the Friendless at Harrisburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,500 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 249.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, located at Greensburg, Westmoreland county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, located at Greensburg, Westmoreland county, for the purpose of maintenance, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$10,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 250.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro- \$5,000 for maintenance.

priated to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 251.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy of Saint Timothy's Church, Roxborough, Philadelphia.

\$7,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy of Saint Timothy's Church, Roxborough, Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 252.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Williamsport.

\$8,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home of the Friendless of the City of Williamsport, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 253.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Williamsport Training School.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Williamsport Training School, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine for the purpose of maintenance. \$3,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 254.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Rosine Home of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Rosine Home of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 255.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro- \$4,000 for maintenance.

priated to the Old Ladies' Home of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 256.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Lackawanna Hospital in the city of Scranton.

\$30,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lackawanna Hospital of the City of Scranton, for the purpose of maintenance, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 257.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

\$12,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 258.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Allegheny County Association
for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Allegheny County Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 259.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation for the purpose of maintaining a public highway on the Cornplanter Indian lands in Warren county.

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania granted to the Cornplanter Indians, a branch of the Seneca tribe, about six hundred and forty acres of land on the west bank of the Allegheny river, now in the township of Elk, county of Warren: Preamble.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the annual sum of fifty dollars be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to the treasurer of Elk township, Warren county, on warrant drawn on the State Treasurer by the Auditor General, which money shall be disbursed, under the direction of the supervisors of said Elk township, for the maintenance in good repair of the public road or highway passing through said Indian reservation, and the bridges thereon: Appropriation of \$50 annually for maintenance of highway. Provided, That this act shall only continue in force for the period of ten years, and shall terminate on the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and nine. Proviso.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 260.

AN ACT

To provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monuments upon the battlefields of Chickamauga, Wauhatchie, Orchard Knob, Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge at and near Chattanooga in the States of Tennessee and Georgia; providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof, and making an appropriation for the same.

Providing for the publication of proceedings of dedication of Pennsylvania monuments at and near Chattanooga.
6,000 copies.

Contents of publication.

Distribution of the edition.

\$400 appropriated for editing, etc.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That there shall be published, under the direction of "The Executive of the Chickamauga-Chattanooga Battlefield Commission," heretofore organized for the erection of monuments, six thousand copies of its reports of the proceedings of the dedication ceremonies of the Pennsylvania Monuments upon the battlefields of Chickamauga, Wauhatchie, Orchard Knob, Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, at and near Chattanooga, in the States of Tennessee and Georgia, to be published in one volume by the State Printer, on order by the said Executive Committee of Chickamauga-Battlefield Commission, not to exceed five hundred pages, to be bound in cloth, and to contain lithographic or other cuts of the several monuments and portions of the fields wherein they are erected, and such regimental history as may be necessary to properly perpetuate the memory of the part taken by the several Pennsylvania organizations.

Section 2. The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows: One hundred copies, for the use of the Governor; and fifty copies each for the use of the Lieutenant Governor, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Auditor General, the Adjutant General, the Attorney General, the State Treasurer, the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Commissioner of Banking, and the Commissioner of Insurance; twenty-three hundred copies to the Executive Committee of the Chickamauga-Chattanooga Battlefield Commission, to be distributed among the survivors of the various commands from the State of Pennsylvania that participated in the battles for which the monuments were erected to perpetuate their memory; one thousand copies for the use of the Senate, and two thousand and fifty copies for the use of the House, to be delivered to the members of the present Legislature.

Section 3. For editing, revising, compiling, proof reading, copying, classifying and indexing the same, the sum of four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor Gen

eral upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, certified to by the Executive Committee of the Chickamauga-Chattanooga Battlefield Commission.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 261.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$12,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 262.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Philadelphia Commercial Museums

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated, for the use and expenditure as may by them be deemed most prudent and effective, to the trustees of the Philadelphia Commercial Museums, for the purpose of illustrating and exhibiting, in conjunction with the Government of the United States, the industrial and commercial interests and developments of the country, at a national exhibition to be held in the city of Philadelphia in the months of September and October next.

\$25,000 for illustrating and exhibiting the commercial interests and development of the country.

Said appropriation to be paid to the trustees of the Philadelphia museums on the warrant of the Auditor

How payable.

General upon specifically itemized vouchers, showing in detail the various expenditures incurred or to be incurred, and properly verified to the satisfaction of the Auditor General and State Treasurer when such settlement is made by them of this appropriation.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 263.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia.

\$4,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 264.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital at Meadville.

\$5,000 appro-
priated.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Spencer Hospital at Meadville, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 265.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Meadville City Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$5,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 266.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Wagner Free Institute of Science, of the city of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Wagner Free Institute of Science, of the City of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 267.

AN ACT

To provide for the investigation of the diseases of domestic animals, and making an appropriation therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically ap- \$8,000 for investigations concerning diseases of domestic animals.

propriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of conducting investigations concerning the causes, nature, treatment, and prevention of the diseases of the domestic animals of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with the object of discovering new facts which may be applied advantageously and profitably by the owners of live stock and those engaged in the care, use and rearing of animals.

Under direction of
Live Stock Sanitary Board.

Section 2. That such investigations shall be made by and under the direction of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board, and the said Board is hereby authorized to provide for and conduct such work of investigation as may be necessary to discover the most efficient, economical and practical means of avoiding and suppressing the diseases of the domestic animals of this Commonwealth, and such work and the practical deductions therefrom shall, upon the order of the Secretary of Agriculture, be published as a part of the annual report of the Department of Agriculture, or as bulletins from said Department.

Publication.

Proviso as to approval by the Governor and the Secretary of Agriculture.

Provided, however, That before any expenses shall be incurred under the provisions of this act, it shall first be approved, in writing, by the Governor, and the Secretary of Agriculture. The said appropriation to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General, on the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, and the written approval of the Governor and Secretary of Agriculture as herein provided.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 268.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless, of the City of Erie.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Erie Home for the Friendless, of the city of Erie, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 269.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$25,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 270.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the St. Vincent's Hospital Association of Erie.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the St. Vincent's Hospital Association of Erie, for the purpose of maintenance, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$6,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 271.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro- \$6,000 appropriated for maintenance.

priated to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 272.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pottstown Hospital, situate in the borough of Pottstown, Montgomery county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 273.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Women's Hospital of Philadelphia.

\$8,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Women's Hospital of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 274.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at Johnstown.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at Johnstown, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$12,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 275.

AN ACT

To provide for the payment of the deficiency in the appropriation made for the payment of the expenses of the boards to examine mine inspectors, mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, and fire bosses, and in the contingent fund for the payment of the expenses of the several mine inspectors.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of nine thousand seven hundred and thirty-four dollars and ninety-one cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the bills incurred up to the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, by the boards of examiners for mine inspectors, the boards of examiners for mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, and fire bosses, and for the contingent expenses of the mine inspectors. Said appropriation being made to cover deficiencies in the general appropriation acts of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. \$9,734.91 to pay bills incurred up to June 1, 1899.

Said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, verified under oath, and certified to and approved by the chief of the Bureau of Mines. How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.
WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 276.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania.

\$10,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of the maintenance of its hospitals for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 277.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital, of Pittsburg.

\$6,000 appropriated for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital, of Pittsburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 278.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age in Philadelphia.

\$10,000 total appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the

Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age in Philadelphia, for the following purposes, namely:

For the maintenance of sixty pupils for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, at an annual rate of three hundred dollars per capita, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Rate per capita.

\$36,000 for maintenance.

For the payment of assessment for new sewer, plumber's connections, and work connected therewith, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That if any money appropriated for the maintenance of pupils shall remain in the treasury on account of a decrease in the cost, per capita, through good management, the same may be drawn for the maintenance of an extra number of pupils, whose maintenance would amount to the said balance, not exceeding the per capita rate allowed under this act.

\$1,000 for new sewer, etc.

Proviso as to decrease in cost per capita.

And provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the managers of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Charities and the Auditor General, a declaration that hereafter all pupils received into this institution under sixteen years of age, who have not been pupils of another institution of a similar character, shall be taught exclusively by the oral method, unless physically incapable of being taught by such method.

When appropriation shall become available.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 11th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 279.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two hundred and sixty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the several State Normal Schools, organized and accepted as such under the laws of this Commonwealth, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$260,000 appropriated for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be distributed equally among

How payable.

the thirteen State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth, to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 280.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, Schuylkill county.

Appropriation.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons in the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely:

This item approved for the sum of \$78,000.

Salaries and maintenance.

For the salaries of officers and employes and for the support and maintenance of the institution, the sum of eighty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for insurance.

For insurance, for the two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,500 for dynamo, wiring, etc.

For dynamo, wiring, switches, shades, and lamps for the entire institution, and the purchase of ten additional electric fans and placing same, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item approved for the sum of \$2,000.

For the erection and completion of a ward for men burned by mine explosions, and for completely furnishing the proposed new ward for burned patients, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. The plans and specifications of said ward building to be drawn under the supervision of the board of trustees of the State Hospital, and approved by the State Board of Public Charities, and shall be of the best design for the construction of such an institution without expensive architectural adornments, and as nearly fireproof as possible, and no changes to be made in said plans of construction without the consent of the Board of Public Charities.

\$1,000 for furniture, etc.

For renewing furniture, carpets, beds and bedding, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For horizontal engine and foundations for electric system, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for engine and foundation.

For new ambulance with rubber tires, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$250 for ambulance.

Provided, That the trustees shall after the passage of this act, for three consecutive weeks, and yearly thereafter for the same length of time, commencing on the first Monday of September, advertise in three newspapers of general circulation for bids to furnish all needed supplies for the year beginning January first next ensuing. Said trustees shall furnish promptly, on application, to all persons desiring to bid, an itemized list of the kind and probable amount required. The board of trustees shall at a stated meeting open such bids, and award the contract for supplies to the lowest responsible bidder, taking such security for the faithful performance of such contract as they deem necessary. Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Trustees shall advertise for bids to furnish all needed supplies.

Itemized list to be furnished bidders.

Contract to lowest responsible bidder.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$84,750. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$6,000 of the item which provides for the erection and completion of a ward for men burned by mine explosions and for completely furnishing the same, and also withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000 of the item which provides for maintenance.

This action is necessary owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 281.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Warren county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Warren county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

\$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 282.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia, for the two years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 233.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital, in the City of Scranton.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hahnemann Hospital, of the city of Scranton, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 284.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of the city of Wilkes-Barre.

\$5,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital, of the City of Wilkes-Barre, for the two fiscal years beginning June first.

Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 285.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society, of Westmoreland county, for the maintenance of its home.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society, of Westmoreland County, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the maintenance of the home connected with said society. \$3,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 286.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital, of Pittsburgh.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Francis Hospital, of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$5,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 287.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital,
located at Kittanning.

\$2,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kittanning General Hospital, at Kittanning, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 288.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Saint Clare Infirmary, at Harrisburg.

\$2,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Clare Infirmary, at Harrisburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 289.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital, situate in the borough of Butler.

\$2,500 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specif-

ically appropriated to the Butler County General Hospital, situate in the borough of Butler, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 290.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital, at Washington, Washington county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Washington Hospital, of Washington, Washington county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 291.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society, of Franklin county, for the maintenance of its hospital.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society, of Franklin county, for the maintenance of its hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. \$2,000 for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 292.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital.

\$2,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the DuBois Hospital, situate at DuBois, Clearfield county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 293.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital.

\$2,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lock Haven Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 294.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia.

\$1,000 for maintenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appro

priated to the Evangelical Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 295.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance of said Home, at an annual rate not exceeding two hundred and ten dollars per capita, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Appropriation for maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. Approved for \$100,000.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill appropriates \$175,000 for the two fiscal years and is the same as was appropriated by the Legislature of 1897 to this Home.

The Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie receives certain funds from the United States Government which enables it to exist without using the whole of this appropriation. During the past two years the institution has used only \$100,000 of this appropriation. In conferring with members of the Board having charge of the Home at Erie, I have reached the conclusion that this appropriation may be safely reduced to \$100,000, and an agreement to that effect has been filed in the office of the State Treasurer. \$210 per capita.

I, therefore, approve this bill for the sum of \$100,000 only, and disapprove of it for the sum of \$75,000, in accordance with the release filed in the office of the State Treasurer. How payable.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 296.

AN ACT

To establish an emergency fund to be used, as occasion may require, in the suppression of epidemics, prevention of disease, and protection of human life in times of disease and disaster, and making an appropriation therefor; and directing that the unexpended balance of the sum appropriated by the act approved the third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, shall revert to the State Treasury, and become part of the general fund at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Appropriation for
emergency fund.

Approved for \$25,-
000.

When money is
needed, Board of
Health shall
transmit resolu-
tion to Governor,
stating amount
necessary.

Who shall ap-
prove resolution.

To place the same
with Treasurer of
State Board of
Health.

Balance shall be
returned to State
Treasurer.

Itemized state-
ment and
vouchers.

Unexpended bal-
ance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of fifty thousand dollars be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated and set apart out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of creating an emergency fund to be used, as occasion may require, by the State Board of Health in the suppression of the epidemics, prevention of diseases, and protection of human life, in times of disease and disaster beyond the relief of individual and organized charity.

The money herein appropriated shall be held in the treasury of the Commonwealth, and whenever the State Board of Health shall determine that the public health is threatened, either by epidemic or as the result of great disaster, to such an extent that the local authorities and individual and organized charity are unable to meet the emergency, they shall pass a resolution to that effect, stating all the facts in the case and the reasons for considering that State aid is needed, and to what amount, and transmit the same to the Governor. If the resolutions and the reasons therein set forth shall meet with the approval of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, they shall so certify and file the resolutions and certificate of approval in the office of the Auditor General, for the amount approved by the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, and place the same in the hands of the Treasurer of the State Board of Health, to be used for the purpose set forth in the resolution as aforesaid, and for no other purpose. If after the said epidemic shall have been suppressed, or the sickness or danger averted, there shall be a balance of the amount drawn left in the hands of the Treasurer of the State Board of Health, he shall, without delay, return the same to the State Treasurer, and it shall become a part of the said emergency fund. He shall also file with the Auditor General a specifically itemized statement, made under oath, and accompanied by proper vouchers of the expenditures of said moneys as soon as possible. The unexpended balance of the money herein appropriated shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the two fiscal years.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for \$25,000. I withhold my approval from \$25,000 for the reason that in the past two years not one-half of the amount aforesaid was used and I can see no reason why, during the next two years, it will be necessary to use more than half of this appropriation. This reduction has been agreed to by paper duly executed and filed by the Governor, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, who constitute the Emergency Board, and I, therefore, withhold my approval of the sum of \$25,000, as per said release filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 297.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Philipsburg, Centre county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Philipsburg, Centre county, for the purpose of maintenance of said hospital, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$12,000.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$12,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 298.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$50,000.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, for the use of its hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$50,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$25,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 299.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital Association of Corry, Erie county.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$4,000.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Corry Hospital Association of Corry Erie county, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$4,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital

have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 300.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$10,000.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$10,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said institution have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 301.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Medical and Surgical Department of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital at Pittsburgh.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ninety thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Medical and Surgical Department of

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$78,000.

Proviso as to free
beds.

the Western Pennsylvania Hospital at Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance: Provided, That in consideration of this appropriation there shall be fifteen free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon certificate of the mayor, director of the department of public safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital in the order in which applications are made after examination as to the propriety of such certificate being given.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$78,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$12,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 302.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$12,000.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the McKeesport Hospital in the City of McKeesport, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$12,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$3,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 303.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the medical department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance of said hospital.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$45,000.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$45,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said institution have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 304.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary, of Pittsburgh.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary, of Pittsburgh, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$45,000.

Provided, That in consideration of this appropriation there shall be ten free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon the certificate of the mayor, the Director of the Department of Public Safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital and dispensary

Proviso as to free beds.

in the order in which applications are made, after examination as to the propriety of such certificate being given.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$45,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 305.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the German Hospital of Philadelphia.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$15,000.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the German Hospital of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$15,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 306.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital,
Allegheny City.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Allegheny General Hospital, of Allegheny City, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance: Provided, That in consideration of this appropriation there shall be ten free beds maintained, which shall be filled upon the certificate of the mayor, the director of the department of public safety, or the poor board of the proper city or county, on presentation of such certificate to the officers of the hospital in the order in which applications are made, after examination as to the propriety of such certificate being given.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$35,000.

Proviso as to free
beds.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$35,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 307.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, of Pottsville, Schuylkill county.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pottsville Hospital of Pottsville, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$15,000.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$15,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 308.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the hospital department of the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine.

Appropriation for maintenance of hospital department.

Approved for \$20,000.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance of its hospital department.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$20,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 309.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Hospital, of South Bethlehem.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Luke's Hospital, of South Bethlehem, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$20,000.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$20,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 310.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hospital Department of the Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$75,000.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$50,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of

\$25,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 311.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital, of the borough of Sharon.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$7,000.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of nine thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital, of the borough of Sharon, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$7,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 312.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$12,000.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Altoona Hospital, for the purpose

of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$12,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$2,000, which is the amount the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 313.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the general maintenance of said Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, and any portion of said appropriation may be used for the purchase of looms and other machinery, for instruction in weaving in textile design and other arts appertaining to the industries of the State: Provided, That in such school there shall be maintained a free scholarship for one pupil from each county in the State, to be filled by the appointment of the Governor of the Commonwealth, except that for counties having more than one Senator as many scholarships shall be provided as there are Senatorial districts in such counties; and in the case of the failure of any county to be properly represented by an appointee or appointees at the opening of any school year, October first, then the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of applicants from other parts of the State.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

Appropriation for maintenance.

Approved for \$35,000.

Instruction in weaving.

Proviso as to free scholarships.

Vacancies.

How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$35,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said institution have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 314.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital, of Carlisle.

\$1,000 for main-
tenance.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Todd Hospital, of Carlisle, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine, for the purpose of maintenance.

How payable.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Approved—The 12th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 315.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm.

Appropriation for
maintenance, etc.

Approved for
\$5,000.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance, training and treatment of twenty-five epileptic patients, residents of the State, to be paid in proportion to the number of indigent epileptics received from the various counties of the

Commonwealth, at an annual rate not exceeding two hundred dollars per capita, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Annual per capita rate.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$5,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$5,000, which is the amount the trustees of said institution have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 316.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of Scranton.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the West Side Hospital Association of Scranton, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the following purposes, namely: The sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose of maintenance; for the payment of a mortgage, the sum of eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Appropriation.

Approved for
\$10,000 for main-
tenance.

\$8,750 for payment
of a mortgage.

Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved except as to the item of \$15,000 for maintenance, which I have approved for \$10,000, withholding my approval of the sum of \$5,000, being the amount which the trustees of said hospital have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 317.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the House of Refuge, situated in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth.

Appropriation for
maintenance.

Approved for
\$135,000.

How payable.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the House of Refuge, situated in the Eastern District of the State, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, towards the maintenance of said institution.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

May 12th, 1899.—This bill is approved for the sum of \$135,000. I withhold my approval from the sum of \$15,000, which is the amount the trustees of said institution have agreed should abate and be turned into the State Treasury, as per agreement filed in the office of the State Treasurer.

This action is necessary, owing to the present condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenue for the next two years.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 318.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship, located at the port of Philadelphia.

\$24,000 for main-
tenance, subject
to release filed
with the State
Treasurer.

Proviso.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the directors of the Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship located at the port of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Provided, That the city of Philadelphia shall appropriate twenty thousand dollars per annum towards the maintenance of said Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship, and that the fact of such appropriation shall be certified to the Auditor General by the mayor of the city of Philadelphia before the amounts hereinbefore appropriated or any part thereof shall be paid.

Provided further, That quarterly statements of the expenditures of the said board of directors for the maintenance of the said Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship shall be rendered to the comptroller of the city of Philadelphia and, when certified by him, submitted to the Auditor General of the Commonwealth, and no part of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated shall be paid until the said statement for the previous quarter shall have been submitted to the Auditor General, as herein provided, and approved by him. Proviso.

The said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. How payable.

May 13th, 1899.—Approved in accordance with the provisional release filed in the office of the State Treasurer, by which the Board of Directors of this institution agree that that portion of the appropriation amounting to \$6,000 for the last half of the fiscal year beginning June first, 1900, shall abate under certain conditions therein specified.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 319.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT

To an act, entitled "An act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges," approved April first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in order to carry into effect the act of Congress, approved July second, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, granting public lands to the several states for educational purposes, and the act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, approved April first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, accepting the provisions and conditions of said act of Congress, and pledging the faith of the State to carry the same into effect, that the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and are hereby specifically appropriated, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State College, for the following purposes, namely: Appropriation.

For desks, chairs, settees, blackboards, maps, cases, and other furnishings of class rooms and laboratories, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. \$250 for desks, chairs, maps, etc.

\$12,000 for fuel,
heating, etc.

For fuel, for heating, lighting and power, the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is dis-
approved.

For repairs and maintenance of buildings, and maintenance and improvement of steam plant, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$4,000 for electric
light and water
supply.

For maintenance of electric light and water supply, and replacing defective electric wiring, and providing for additional lighting, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is dis-
approved.

For maintaining campus walks and roads, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$4,051.90 for insur-
ance.

For insurance falling due in the fiscal years one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine and one thousand nine hundred, the sum of four thousand and fifty-one dollars and ninety cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$12,000 for mainte-
nance Depart-
ment of Agricul-
ture.

For maintenance of the Department of Agriculture, including Creamerymen's Course, Dairy Course, Correspondence Courses in Agriculture, and Winter Lecture Courses, the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$8,000 for mainte-
nance Depart-
ment of Mining
Engineering.

For maintenance of the Department of Mining Engineering, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$7,000 for Depart-
ment of Electric-
al Engineering.

For maintenance of the Department of Electrical Engineering, including equipment for its shops and laboratories, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$7,000 for Depart-
ment of Mechan-
ical Engineering.

For maintenance of the Department of Mechanical Engineering, including machinery, equipment for shops, and so forth, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$1,000 for Library,
etc.

For maintenance of library and reading room, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

\$250 for Binding.

For binding back volumes and current volumes of valuable periodicals, and rebinding standard works, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is dis-
approved.

For maintenance of the Department of Physics and purchase of additional apparatus for physical research, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is dis-
approved.

For maintenance of the Department of Civil Engineering and equipment of the hydraulic laboratory, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is dis-
approved.

For maintenance of the Department of Chemistry, including the Chemical Museum, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For maintenance of the Department of Psychology, including psychological laboratory, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is disapproved.

For maintenance of the biological and botanical laboratories, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is disapproved.

That the said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 13th, 1899.—This bill is approved except as to the following items:

The item which provides for repairs and maintenance of buildings and maintenance and improvement of steam plant the sum of \$2,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

The item for maintaining campus walks and roads the sum of \$1,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

The item for maintenance of the Department of Physics and purchase of additional apparatus for physical research the sum of \$1,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

The item for maintenance of the Department of Civil Engineering and Equipment of the hydraulic laboratory the sum of \$2,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

The item for maintenance of the Department of Chemistry, including the chemical museum, the sum of \$2,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

The item for maintenance of the Department of Psychology, including psychological laboratory, the sum of \$1,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

And the item for maintenance of the biological and botanical laboratories the sum of \$1,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is disapproved.

These items are disapproved, not because they are not needed by the college, but because the financial condition of the State and the estimated revenues for the coming two years will not justify me in approving them.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 320.

AN ACT

To provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and for the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Appropriations
for the two years
commencing June
1, 1899.

Also for bills un-
paid May 31, 1899.

For salaries of
State officers,
clerks, and inci-
dental expenses.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, to be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 2. For the payment of the salaries of the several State officers, the clerks and employes in the several departments of the State government, and for the incidental expenses of the said departments, the sum of one million eighty-seven thousand and three dollars and twenty-six cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer in the amounts as follows, and in the manner prescribed by law.

Executive Department.

Governor.

For the payment of the salary of the Governor, two years, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Lieutenant Gov-
ernor.

For the payment of the salary of the Lieutenant Governor, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of sixteen thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent ex-
penses.

For the payment of contingent expenses, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For clerk hire
and contingent
expenses, Lieu-
tenant Governor.

For the payment of clerk hire and contingent expenses Lieutenant Governor, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deficiency in con-
tingent expenses.

For the payment of the deficiency in the item of contingent expenses in the act approved July thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, the sum of five hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-six cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Department.

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Secretary.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of forty-two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of the salary of the typewriter, two years, the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Typewriter.

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Night watchman.

For the payment of contingent expenses, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of indexing Pamphlet Laws, the sum of one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Indexing Pamphlet Laws.

For the payment of postage and other expenses incident to the distribution of advance copies of the laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine to the prothonotaries of the several counties, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Distribution of laws to the prothonotaries.

For the payment of clerical assistance and other expenses, including postage and express charges, incurred under the provisions of the ballot law of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Expenses under ballot law.

For the payment of expenses incurred in enforcing the provisions of the laws requiring foreign corporations and certain other corporations to file statements and returns in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Enforcing laws relating to foreign corporations.

For the payment of classifying, arranging and tabulating old papers belonging to the files of the State Department, which were stored in the loft of the building formerly occupied by the Executive Departments, and for storing the same in proper shelves, and providing such shelves as are necessary, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Classifying and arranging old papers belonging to the files.

For making a general index of the corporation dockets and preparing a register of all corporations whose organization is of record therein, from one thousand seven hundred and thirty-three to the present time,

Indexing corporation dockets and preparing register of corporations.

in alphabetical order, setting forth the name of the company, with reference to the volume and page of foreign corporations having authorized agents in this Commonwealth, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerical assistance for purpose of enforcing laws against delinquent corporations.

For the payment of temporary clerical assistance for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of the laws against delinquent corporations, two years, the sum of five thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, services as such shall be required for the said time.

For compiling and indexing fish and game laws.

For the payment of the expenses incurred in compiling, preparing for publication and indexing fifteen thousand copies of the amended fish and game laws of this Commonwealth, as directed in the joint resolution of the General Assembly, the sum of three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Auditor General's Department.

Auditor General.

For the payment of the salary of the Auditor General, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Auditor General.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Auditor General, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk to Board of Public Accounts.

For the payment of the salary of a clerk to the Board of Public Accounts, two years, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of forty-nine thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Execution of corporation tax laws.

For the payment of the execution of corporation tax laws, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Expenses of examining accounts of city or county officers or individuals.

For the payment of necessary expenses of person or persons appointed in pursuance of law to examine the accounts of city or county officers or individuals, required by law to make report to the Auditor General of moneys due for fees of tax received for the use of the Commonwealth, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of contingent expenses, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographers, typewriters and clerical assistance.

For the payment of stenographers and typewriters and temporary clerical assistance, and for such compilations as may be necessary for the use of the Department, two years, the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That services as such shall be required for said time.

Extra clerical services to audit licenses, etc.

For the payment of extra clerical services to audit licenses, the direct inheritance tax, and appropriation

accounts, made necessary by the recent revenue and other legislation, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That such services shall be required during that time.

For the payment of the execution of the laws relating to the collection of mercantile licenses, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mercantile licenses.

For the purchase of patent indices, registries, law books, and other publications necessary for the proper conduct of the work of collecting taxes from corporations, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For indices, registries, etc., for collecting taxes from corporations.

For the payment of the necessary labor in completing, assorting and classifying and filing away the papers and documents in the document-room of the Auditor General's Department, in the basement of the Executive Building, and providing pigeon holes and cases for the same, and for the folding and addressing the blanks of the several corporations doing business in this Commonwealth, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Completing the assorting of papers and documents, etc.

For the payment of expert accountants (per section two), act July fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (pamphlet laws page two hundred and ninety-one), two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Expert accountants.

Treasury Department.

For the payment of the salary of the State Treasurer, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Treasurer.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of the stenographer and typewriter, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, Services as such shall be required for the said time.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of temporary clerical assistance in the opening of a new set of corporation ledgers; the balancing and the transferring of accounts, and the making of new indices for the same, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Temporary clerical assistance.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

Attorney General's Department.

For the payment of the salary of the Attorney General, two years, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Attorney General.

Deputy Attorney General.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Attorney General, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of seven thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Collection of delinquent claims.

For the payment of the necessary costs and expenses incurred in the prosecution and collection of delinquent claims against corporations, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Additional law clerk.

For the payment of the salary of an additional law clerk (should such office be created), the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as should be necessary.

Department of Internal Affairs.

Secretary of Internal Affairs.

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Secretary.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of sixty-three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Chief of Bureau of Mines.

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Mines, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Assistant Chief.

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Mines, two years, the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger, Bureau of Mines.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger in the Bureau of Mines, two years, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of contingent expenses, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Traveling and other incidental expenses of Bureau of Industrial Statistics in collection of statistics, etc.

For the payment of traveling and other incidental expenses for the collection of statistics by the Bureau of Industrial Statistics of the Department of Internal Affairs, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of fourteen thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, said amount to cover the contingent fund provided by the act of Assembly of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in addition thereto the expenses of the collectors of statistics

appointed under the act of Assembly approved April fourth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws page 26), and shall also cover such extra services as may be required in compiling data for the annual report.

For the payment of services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics, and for the compilation of the same, as required by the act of Assembly approved May ninth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon specifically itemized vouchers properly certified to by the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Services and expenses in collecting and compiling statistics.

For the payment of the services and expenses to be incurred in the examination and repairs of the boundary-line monuments between the State of Pennsylvania and adjoining States, as required by the second section of the act of Assembly approved the fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon specifically itemized vouchers properly certified to by the Secretary of Internal Affairs: Provided, That five thousand dollars of the sum herein appropriated shall not become available for the purpose indicated unless the State of Maryland shall make an appropriation of a similar amount for the examination, repair and resetting of the boundary-line monuments along the Mason and Dixon line, and the establishment of said line when found necessary.

Boundary line monuments.

For the payment of services and the necessary expenses incurred by the Bureau of Railways of the Department of Internal Affairs in the investigation of complaints made against corporations, under section eleven, article seventeen, of the Constitution, and the fourth and fifth sections of the act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers certified to by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and approved by him.

Services and expenses of Bureau of Railways in investigation of complaints against corporations.

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter, two years, the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and typewriter.

Contingent expenses, Bureau of Mines.

For the payment of contingent expenses of the Bu-

reau of Mines of the Department of Internal Affairs, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the two years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Banking Department.

Commissioner of Banking.

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Banking, two years, the sum of twelve thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Commissioner.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Commissioner of Banking, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salaries and expenses of examiners.

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the examiners, two years, the sum of seventy-three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Department of Public Instruction.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire, two years, the sum of seventeen thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Normal School examiners.

For the payment of the expenses of the State normal school examiners, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of the salary of a stenographer and typewriter, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Adjutant General's Department.

Adjutant General.

For the payment of the salary of the Adjutant General, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk hire.

For the payment of clerk hire in the Adjutant General's office and employes at the State Arsenal, two

years, the sum of twenty-four thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, including the shipping of arms, and so forth, two years, the sum of seven thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses, etc.

State Library.

For the payment of the salary of the State Librarian, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Librarian.

For the payment of the salary of the First Assistant State Librarian, two years, the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

First assistant.

For the payment of the salary of the Second Assistant State Librarian, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Second assistant.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger.

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Night watchman.

For the payment of freight, expressage, postage, cleaning room, and miscellaneous expenses, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Freight, postage, etc.

For the purchase of law books and exchanges, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Law books and exchanges.

For the payment of the annual subscription to at least one leading newspaper in each county of the Commonwealth, for permanent preservation, two years, the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Subscription to newspapers.

For the purchase of such of the English Parliamentary papers as may be deemed advisable by the Librarian and the trustees of the State Library, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

English Parliamentary papers.

For the purchase of miscellaneous books, two years, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Miscellaneous books.

For the payment of the services of a stenographer and typewriter, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of the salary of the cataloguer in the State Library for the completion of the law cata-

Cataloguer.

logue, to be published during the present year, and for the continuation of the regular cataloguing work of the Library, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That the said cataloguer shall not receive more than one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month for the time actually employed.

Card catalogue system, indexing, etc.

For the payment of expenses incident to the preparation of a catalogue of the Library on the card catalogue system, said catalogue to be completed, if possible, during the months of June, July, August and September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and for such indexing work as may be needful, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Reporter.

State Reporter.

For the payment of the salary of the State Reporter, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Assistant.

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant State Reporter, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stationery, clerk hire, etc.

For the payment of stationery, clerk hire and assistance, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Public Grounds and Buildings.

Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings.

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Bookkeeper.

For the payment of the salary of the bookkeeper, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mechanic.

For the payment of the salary of the mechanic, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Night watchman.

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Gardener.

For the payment of the salary of the gardener, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Assistant gardener.

For the payment of the salary of the assistant gardener, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Sergeant of police.

For the payment of the salary of the sergeant of police, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Policemen.

For the payment of the salaries of five policemen (each nine hundred dollars per annum), two years, the

sum of nine thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the salary of two elevator men (each nine hundred dollars per annum), two years, the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Elevator men.

For the payment of the salary of the carpenter and cabinet maker, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Carpenter, etc.

For the payment of the expenses in keeping the public buildings and grounds in order, and repairing and improving the same, two years, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Grounds and buildings.

For the payment of the general contingent fund, as provided for in section sixteen of the act of Assembly approved March twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

General contingent fund.

For the payment of premiums on insurance upon the public buildings and the contents thereof, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Insurance.

For the payment to the city of Harrisburg for supplying the public buildings and grounds with water for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Water.

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, two years, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Secretary of the Board.

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman in the building now occupied by the Departments of Agriculture, Insurance, Factory Inspector, Banking, Adjutant General, and Soldiers' Orphans' School Commission, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Night watchman, various departments.

For the payment of Anthony Frenie and Josiah Higgins, janitors of the toilet and bath rooms of the Capitol and Executive Buildings, for two years, the sum of three dollars each per diem, for time actually employed.

This item disapproved.

For the payment of electric light, power and steam heat for the public buildings and grounds for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, such amount as may be found due on the contract made for furnishing said electric light, power and steam heat, upon an account rendered and settled by the Auditor General, in the usual manner; and also such amount for gas as may be found

Electric light, power and steam heat.

Gas.

Awarding of contracts, payment of moneys, etc.

Quarterly statement to be filed with the Auditor General.

This item disapproved.

This item disapproved.

due the gas company when supplied on the contract with the company, and upon a regular account being rendered to the Auditor General and settled in the usual manner in accordance with existing laws. The contracts to be awarded and all moneys to be expended under the direction of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, and all work to be under the supervision of the Superintendent of the same, who shall certify to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings that the contracts have been carried out in a satisfactory manner before warrants shall be drawn. The said Superintendent shall file quarterly with the Auditor General, within ten days after the close of each quarter for settlement, properly, specifically itemized vouchers for all sums expended by him under this paragraph.

For the payment of rent of rooms in the building at the corner of Second and Locust streets, Harrisburg, now occupied by the Department of Public Instruction, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of rent of rooms in Harrisburg National Bank building, now occupied by the Forestry Commissioner and the Economic Zoologist, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of one thousand and eighty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

For the payment of the salaries of the three commissioners, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salary of clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Board of Pardons.

Members of the Board.

For the payment of the salaries of the members of the board, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Recorder.

For the payment of the salary of the recorder of the board, two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk, two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger, two years, the sum of eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Tipstaff.

For the payment of the salary of the tipstaff, two

years, the sum of eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Department of Agriculture.

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of seven thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Secretary of Department.

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Secretary.

For the payment of the salary of the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Economic Zoologist.

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Commissioner of Forestry.

For the payment of the salary of the Dairy and Food Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Dairy and Food Commissioner.

For the payment of the salary of the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

State Veterinarian.

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Chief clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Dairy and Food Commissioner, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk to Dairy and Food Commissioner.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Commissioner of Forestry, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk to Commissioner of Forestry.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Economic Zoologist, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk to Economic Zoologist.

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of one thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Department of Agriculture, two years, the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger.

For the payment of the contingent fund and traveling expenses of the officers of the Department of Agriculture.

Contingent fund, etc.

Farmers' local
institutes.

culture, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the expenses of farmers' local institutes, two years, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Special examina-
tion of timber,
etc.

For the payment of special examination into the character and condition of lands already purchased by the State, and for special examination into diseases destroying our growing timber, and for other necessary expenses connected with the work of the forestry division, two years, the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Expenses of
Dairy and Food
Commissioner.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Dairy and Food Commissioner, two years, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved and certified to by the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture.

How Payable.

Department of Public Printing and Binding.

Superintendent
Public Printing
and Binding.

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent ex-
penses.

For the payment of the contingent expenses, two years, the sum of seven hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Office rent.

For the payment of the rent of office, two years, the sum of two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk and Look-
keeper.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk and bookkeeper, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Board of Revenue Commissioners.

Board of Revenue
Commissioners.

For the payment of the salaries of the three members of the board, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the clerk, two years, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Factory Inspector and Deputies.

Factory Inspec-
tor.

For the payment of the salary of the Factory Inspector, two years, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy Factory
Inspectors.

For the payment of the salaries of twenty Deputy Factory Inspectors, two years, the sum of forty-eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk, two years, the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Chief Clerk.

For the payment of the stenographer and assistant clerk, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stenographer and assistant clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the messenger and clerk, two years, the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Messenger and clerk.

For the payment of the contingent expenses of the Factory Inspector, two years, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the Deputy Factory Inspectors, two years, the sum of sixteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Traveling expenses of deputies.

Harbor Officers, Philadelphia.

For the payment of the salary of the Harbor Master, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Harbor Master.

For the payment of the salaries of the deputies, messenger, engineer and fireman of the steam launch, two years, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputies, messenger, etc.

For the payment of the rent and care of the office, stationery, telephone services, and the official expenses of the Harbor Master, two years, the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Rent, stationery, etc.

For the payment of repairs, coal, oil, and equipment of the steam launch, two years, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Repairs, coal, oil, etc.

For the payment of the salary of the Port Warden, two years, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Port warden.

For the payment of the salary of the Quarantine Physician, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Quarantine physician.

For the payment of the salary of the Health Officer, two years, the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Health Officer.

For the payment of the salary of a clerk to the Health Officer, two years, the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerk to Health officer.

For the payment of the salaries of the two Deputy Quarantine Physicians, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deputy quarantine physicians.

For the payment of the rent of an office for the State Quarantine Board, care of the office, stationery, clerk

Rent, etc., for State Quarantine Board.

hire, telephone service, and official expenses of the Board, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Rent, etc.,
Health Officer.

For the payment of the rent and care of the office of the Health Officer, telephone service and stationery, two years, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Maintenance,
State Quarantine
Inspection Sta-
tion.

For the payment of the maintenance of the State Quarantine Inspection Station, including rent of buildings and grounds and quarantine boat, erection of necessary buildings as authorized by law, wages of employes, telephone service, heat and light, two years, the sum of forty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Medical Council.

Salary of Secre-
tary and Treas-
urer.

For the payment of the salary of the secretary and treasurer of the Medical Council of Pennsylvania, two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item is ap-
proved for \$1,000.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Medical Council, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Dental Council.

This item disap-
proved.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Dental Council, two years, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

College and University Council.

Traveling ex-
penses.

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the members of the College and University Council, two years, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Judiciary Department.

Judiciary.

Section 3. For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts, the salaries and mileage of the president and other law judges of the several courts of common pleas in the Commonwealth, and the judges of the separate orphans' courts, and for the compensation of common pleas judges holding courts in other districts, and for the payment of the salaries and mileage of associate judges, the sum of one million three hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine; and payments to be made quarterly on August thirty-first, November thirtieth, February twenty-eighth, and May thirty-first

Payable quar-
terly.

of each year; but when, by reason of death or resignation, salary for a fraction of a quarter is due to any judge, it shall be computed according to the ratio it bears to the whole quarter, so as not, however, to increase or diminish the salary he is entitled to receive under the several acts of Assembly fixing the compensation of judges: Provided, That at the beginning of any term the interval from the first Monday of January to the first day of March shall be reckoned as two-thirds of a quarter, and at the close of a term the interval from the first day of December to the first Monday of January shall be reckoned as one-third of a quarter.

Payment in case of death, etc.

Proviso.

Supreme Court Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the Supreme Court judges, two years, the sum of one hundred and thirteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Supreme Court Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the seven clerks, two years, the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerks.

For the payment of the salary of a clerk in the offices of the prothonotaries of the Supreme Court for the eastern and western districts, respectively, two years, the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Clerks in office of prothonotaries.

For the payment of the cleaning of and contingent expenses of the Supreme Court room at Harrisburg, the sum of four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Cleaning and contingent expenses.

Superior Court Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Superior Court, two years, the sum of one hundred and five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Superior Court Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the crier and necessary tipstaves of said Superior Court, two years, the sum of ten thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Crier and tipstaves.

For the purchase of books, stationery, supplies, and other necessary expenses of said Superior Court, two years, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the judges of the said Superior Court.

Books, stationery, etc.

How payable.

Common Pleas Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the twelve common pleas judges in the county of Philadelphia, two

Common pleas judges in Philadelphia county.

years, the sum of one hundred and sixty-eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Allegheny county.

For the payment of the salaries of the nine common pleas judges in the county of Allegheny, two years, the sum of one hundred and eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Dauphin county.

For the payment of the salaries of the two common pleas judges in the county of Dauphin, two years, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

District judges.

For the payment of the salaries, at the rate of four thousand dollars each, per annum, of the other sixty-eight common pleas judges (as now provided by law), in the other districts of the State, two years, the sum of five hundred and forty-four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Orphans' Court Judges.

Orphans' court judges in Philadelphia county.

For the payment of the salaries of the four orphans' court judges in the county of Philadelphia, two years, the sum of fifty-six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Allegheny county.

For the payment of the salaries of the two orphans' court judges in the county of Allegheny, two years, the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Luzerne county.

For the payment of the salary of one orphans' court judge in the county of Luzerne, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Berks county.

For the payment of the salary of one orphans' court judge in the county of Berks, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

In Schuylkill county.

For the payment of the salary of one orphans' court judge in the county of Schuylkill, two years, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Associate Judges.

Associate Judges.

For the payment of the salaries of the associate judges, the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mileage and Extra Services.

Mileage of common pleas and associate judges, and for holding court in other districts.

For the payment of the mileage of common pleas and associate judges, and the compensation of common pleas judges holding courts in other districts, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Legislative Department.

Section 4. For the payment of the expenses of the Legislature for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of five hundred and sixty thousand seven hundred and fifty-four dollars and ninety cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That the salary, stationery, postage and mileage of the members of the Legislature shall be paid by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, respectively.

Senate.

For the payment of the salaries, mileage, stationery and postage of fifty Senators, the salaries and mileage of the officers and employes, the salary of the chaplain, the postage for the Lieutenant Governor, and the postage on the Legislative Record, the sum of one hundred and forty-five thousand five hundred and fifty-nine dollars and seventy cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in detail as follows, all warrants subject to deductions for advances made by the State Treasurer:

For the payment of the salaries of fifty Senators, and extra compensation allowed by law to the President pro tem. of the Senate, the sum of seventy-five thousand one hundred and eight dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the mileage of fifty Senators, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars and twenty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the stationery allowed by law to fifty Senators, fifty dollars each, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to fifty Senators, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the postage for the chief clerk and assistants allowed by law, the sum of one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the postage for the Lieutenant Governor, the sum of one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the postage on the Legislative Record, the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate (except librarian and watchman), the sum of thirty-four thousand three hundred and twenty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Legislature.

Senate.

Salaries of Senators, etc.

Mileage.

Stationery.

Postage.

Postage for Chief Clerk.

Postage for Lieutenant Governor.

Postage on Legislative Record.

This item approved for \$31,324

Mileage.

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate, the sum of one thousand four hundred and fifty-three dollars and ninety cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salary of Chaplain.

For the payment of the salary of the chaplain, the sum of three hundred and twenty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salaries of the returning officers.

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of seven hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mileage of returning officers.

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of five hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salary of watchman.

For the payment of the salary of the watchman, at three dollars per day, for the time actually employed as provided by law, the sum of two thousand one hundred and eighty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

This item approved for the \$600, and disapproved as to the \$3 per diem.

For the services of a calendar and property clerk in Senate, the sum of six hundred dollars for the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and three dollars per diem during the recess ending December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred.

Librarian.

For the payment of the salary of the Librarian of the Senate for the two years ending the first Tuesday of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, as provided by law, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable quarterly, as provided by an act of Assembly, entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts relating to the State Treasurer and to the commissioners of the sinking fund," approved the ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Chief Clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Senate for the year ending the first Tuesday of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, as provided by law, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable quarterly, as provided in the case of the Librarian of the Senate.

Stenographer and typewriter.

For the payment of the stenographer and typewriter for the President pro tempore of the Senate, for the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

T. L. Eyre, sergeant-at-arms, 1897.

For the payment of T. L. Eyre, sergeant-at-arms of the Senate session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, the sum of five thousand dollars, in full for bill of eight thousand seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents. The same to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General, upon the

presentation of specifically itemized vouchers duly verified and attested to under oath.

To E. W. Smiley, chief clerk of the Senate, for the payment of salaries of five pages of the Senate, appointed in pursuance of resolution of the Senate (page four hundred and fifty-six Senate Journal, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven), the sum of seventeen hundred and fifty dollars.

Salaries of pages.
This item disapproved.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Appropriation Committee of the Senate, and for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of eight hundred dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee.

Appropriation Committee.

How payable.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Judiciary General Committee of the Senate, and for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of eight hundred dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the said committee.

Judiciary Committee.

House of Representatives.

For the payment of the salaries, mileage, stationery and postage of the members of the House of Representatives, the salaries and mileage of the officers and employes, the salary of the chaplain, and the postage on the Legislative Record, the sum of four hundred and fifteen thousand one hundred and ninety-five dollars and twenty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in detail as follows, all warrants subject to deductions for advances made by the State Treasurer:

House of Representatives.

For the payment of the salaries of two hundred and four members of the House, and extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House, the sum of three hundred and six thousand one hundred and eight dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salaries of members.

For the payment of the mileage of two hundred and four members of the House, the sum of thirteen thousand three hundred and seventy-seven dollars and sixty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mileage.

For the payment of stationery allowed by law to two hundred and four members of the House, fifty dollars each, the sum of ten thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Stationery.

For the payment of the postage allowed by law to two hundred and four members of the House, one hundred dollars each, the sum of twenty thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Postage.

For the payment of the salary, mileage, stationery and postage of Harry Manning, member from Cumberland county, deceased, the sum of one thousand six hundred and fifty-six dollars, or so much thereof as

Salary, etc.
Harry Manning.
deceased.

may be necessary, to be paid to his legal representatives.

Postage for Chief Clerk.

For the payment of the postage for the chief clerk and assistants, allowed by law, the sum of one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the payment of the postage on the Legislative Record, the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salaries, etc.

This item approved for \$40,654.

For the payment of the salaries of officers and employes of the House (except resident clerk and watchman), the sum of forty-two thousand five hundred and twenty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mileage of officers and employes.

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House, the sum of one thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Chaplain

For the payment of the salary of the chaplain, the sum of three hundred and twenty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Salaries of returning officers.

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the House at the beginning of the session one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of one thousand and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mileage of returning officers.

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the House at the beginning of the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of six hundred twenty-seven dollars and sixty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Watchman.

For the payment of the salary of the watchman, at three dollars per day for the time actually employed, the sum of two thousand one hundred and eighty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Committee of Judiciary General, expenses of, etc.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Committee of Judiciary General of the House of Representatives, and for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of eight hundred dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee.

Ways and Means Committee, expenses of, etc.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, and for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of eight hundred dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee.

Salary of Resident Clerk.

For the payment of the salary of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending the first Tuesday of January, one thousand nine hundred, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and for the year ending the first Tuesday of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, as

provided by law, payable quarterly as provided by an act of Assembly, entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts relating to the State Treasurer and to the commissioners of the sinking fund," approved the ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending the first Tuesday of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, as provided by law, payable quarterly, as in the case of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives.

Chief Clerk.

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee.

Committee on Appropriations, expenses of, etc.

For the payment of stenographic services, serving subpoenas, and other necessary expenses of the committee of the House, appointed under resolutions of February twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and March sixth of the same year, to investigate the charges of bribery, private solicitation, threats and intimidation, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General, upon specifically itemized vouchers approved by the several members of the said committee; for the payment of the janitor of the elevator from March ninth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, until April twentieth of the same year, the sum of two hundred and fifty-eight dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for the payment of the necessary expenses of the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives, and for clerical assistance, et cetera, the sum of six hundred dollars, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee.

Stenographic services, etc., committee of House to investigate charges of bribery, etc.

Janitor of elevator.

Committee on Rules.

Section 5. For the payment of the publication of the Legislative Record, the sum of three dollars and forty-four cents per page, in accordance with the contract relating thereto; and for the payment, at the same rate per page, of two hundred copies over and above the regular edition, delivered to the State Librarian as provided for by an act of Assembly approved June twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five; for printing the wrappers for the Legislative Record, the sum of one dollar and seventy-four cents per set; for making an index for the Legislative Record, the sum of three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That the number of

Publication of Legislative Record.

This item disapproved as to the payment for the 200 copies.

Wrappers.

Index.

the copies of the indices furnished by the contractor shall be equal to the number of copies of the Record printed by him.

Incidental ex-
penses of two
Houses of Legis-
lature.

Section 6. For the payment of the incidental expenses of the two Houses of the Legislature for the year commencing December first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, such sums as may be necessary, to be expended by the chief clerks of the two Houses, who shall render to the Auditor General accounts therefor from time to time with proper specifically itemized vouchers, to be settled in the same manner as other accounts, but neither chief clerk shall have in his hands at any time more than two thousand dollars for which accounts have not been rendered and settled; and the whole amount expended by each chief clerk shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand two hundred dollars for the chief clerk of the Senate, and the sum of eleven thousand dollars for the chief clerk of the House of Representatives, out of which sums shall be paid for such necessary extra labor in the Senate and House of Representatives during the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as shall be certified to by the presiding officers and chief clerks thereof.

Total amount
each clerk can
expend.

Extra labor.

Expenditures in
office of Resident
Clerk.

And in office of
Senate Librarian.

For the year 1900.

Distribution of
bound copies of
Legislative Rec-
ord.

Mailing back
numbers of Rec-
ord.

Distribution of
documents.

Expenses in of-
fices of chief
clerks during re-
cess.

How payable.

Section 7. For the payment of postage, labor, express charges, and other expenses in the office of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives during the recess, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and for the payment of like services and expenses in the office of the Librarian of the Senate, the sum of one thousand seven hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and like sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for each of the said officers for the year one thousand nine hundred, to be audited and settled by the Auditor General and State Treasurer in the usual manner. And the resident clerk shall receive from the Public Printer the bound copies of the Legislative Record and forward them to the members of the House; he shall also receive from the contractor for publishing the Legislative Record the back numbers due the members of the House after adjournment, and fold and mail them to the address of the persons to whom they have been mailed by the members during the session; he shall also receive after the adjournment from the Public Printer any documents and other printed matter authorized by law to be printed, and have the same promptly forwarded by the contractor; and for the payment of the necessary expenses in the offices of the chief clerk of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House of Representatives during the recess of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of eight hundred dollars each, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be settled by the Auditor General in

the usual manner, and like sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the year one thousand nine hundred.

For the payment of the chief clerk of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices for the journals of each House, the sum of two hundred dollars each.

Indices for Senate and House Journals.

Section 8. For the support of the public schools of this Commonwealth for the two years commencing on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of eleven million dollars, to be paid on warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction in favor of the several school districts of the Commonwealth: Provided, That the city of Philadelphia shall be entitled to a proper portion of this appropriation, and out of the amount received by the city of Philadelphia there shall be paid the sum of three thousand dollars to the Teachers' institute of said city; the sum of three thousand dollars to the Philadelphia School of Design for Women for their corporate purposes, and the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Teachers' Annuity and Aid Association of said city: Provided further, That warrants for the above, and all other unpaid appropriations for common school purposes, shall be issued in amounts designated by the State Treasurer, and whenever he shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction, in writing, that there are sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay the same.

Public schools.

This item approved for \$5,000,000, annually, for two years.

Portion to city of Philadelphia.

Teachers' institute.

School of Design.

Teachers' Annuity and Aid Association.

Warrants.

Section 9. For the payment of the salaries of the county superintendents of the public schools, for two years, the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Superintendent of Public Instruction; and for the education of teachers in the Normal schools, the sum of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars, annually, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be applied under the same conditions and under the same restrictions as are set forth in section three of the general appropriation act, approved March twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three: Provided, That each student in a Normal school drawing an allowance from the State, must receive instruction in the science and art of teaching in a special class devoted to that object, for the whole time such allowance is drawn. All of which sums herein appropriated shall be paid on the warrant of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

County superintendents.

This item approved for \$205,000.

Education of teachers in Normal Schools.

This item approved for \$130,000 for the first of the two years.

Proviso.

How payable.

Section 10. The State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay out of any moneys in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, on accounts to be audited by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer in the usual manner, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred

Contracts for stationery, public printing, etc.

Supplies, etc.

Printing and distribution of laws, etc.

Wood and coal delivered on contracts.

Interest on funded debt.

Fiscal agent.

Salaries of inspectors of coal mines.

Traveling expenses, etc.

and ninety-nine, such sums as may be required by contracts made in pursuance of law for the payment of stationery, printing paper, and material required for the public printing, for supplies and heat or fuel furnished to the two houses of the Legislature and the several departments of the government, and for the printing, binding and distribution of the laws, journals and department reports, and for the miscellaneous printing, folding, stitching and binding, and for repairs to and furnishing of the chambers and committee rooms of the two houses of the Legislature and the several departments of the government, which shall be done only on the written orders of the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings; and that the watchman of each house, now authorized by law, be required to keep an account, and make report in writing to the chief clerk of each house, of the number of tons of coal and the number of cords of wood delivered on said contracts: Provided, That expenditures allowed under this section shall not be so construed as to authorize the Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to complete the present capitol building.

Section 11. For the payment of the interest on the funded debt of the Commonwealth which falls due on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred, the sum of two hundred and sixty-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-one dollars and fifty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and for the payment of like interest, due on the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred, and the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred and one, the sum of two hundred and sixty-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-one dollars and fifty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and for the compensation of the fiscal agent, the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia, the sum of three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary each year.

Section 12. For the payment of the salaries of the inspectors of coal mines, as provided by law, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of one hundred and eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and for the payment of the actual traveling expenses of the inspectors, and for their office rent, and for stationery, postage, telegrams, express charges, instruments, and other actual and necessary expenses, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and for the payment of the compensation and expenses attending the exami-

nation of candidates for inspectors of coal mines, mine foreman and mine boss, as provided for by acts of Assembly relating thereto, approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, such sums as may be necessary therefor, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of fourteen thousand dollars: Provided, however, That no indebtedness shall be incurred until authority for the same shall have been granted by the Bureau of Mines of the Department of Internal Affairs, and no payments for expenses incurred shall be made under this appropriation until proper specifically itemized vouchers, verified under oath, are made and transmitted to the Chief of said Bureau, and by him examined, approved and certified to the Auditor General.

Examination of candidates.

Proviso.

How payable.

Section 13. For the payment of official fees, witness fees, serving processes, and for such other costs as the Commonwealth may be liable to pay in cases in which the Commonwealth is or may be a party to, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of the proper vouchers approved by the Attorney General.

Official fees, witness fees, etc.

Section 14. For the several fire companies of the city of Harrisburg, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two thousand two hundred dollars, to be distributed in equal amounts to and among said companies.

Harrisburg fire companies.

Section 15. For the payment of postage, express charges, and other incidental expenses of the Board of Pardons, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and for the payment of postage, express charges, and other incidental expenses in the offices of the State Treasurer, Auditor General, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, the sum of three thousand dollars each, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and for the Lieutenant Governor, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, in addition to the amount fixed by an act of Assembly approved June twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; also four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the Executive Department for the said two fiscal years; and for the payment of the traveling and other expenses attending the open-

Incidental expenses of Board of Pardons.

Incidental expenses of other Departments.

Lieutenant Governor.

Executive Department.

Counting vote for
State Treasurer.

ing and counting of the vote for State Treasurer in the year one thousand nine hundred, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General.

Mercantile appraisers.

Section 16. For the payment of the mileage of the appraisers of mercantile and other license taxes of the several counties and cities of this Commonwealth, and for the payment of the costs for which the Commonwealth may be liable in suits against delinquent dealers, under the act of March thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, such sums as shall be found due therefor upon accounts filed in the Auditor General's office and settled according to law.

Advertisements of accounting officers.

Section 17. For the payment of such advertisements as are required by law to be published by the accounting officers in the newspapers, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, so much as may be necessary to pay the same on settlement of the accounts in the Auditor General's office, not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars for the two fiscal years.

Military State agent at Washington.

Section 18. For the payment of the Commissions of such military State agents at Washington as have been or may be employed by the accounting officers, under the acts of Assembly of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, to collect the claims due the Commonwealth from the government of the United States, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, so much as may be necessary, not exceeding ten per centum on the amount collected through such agent or agents and paid into the State Treasury.

For prosecution of delinquent corporations.

Section 19. For the payment of the services of persons employed by the accounting officers or Board of Public Accounts to discover and prosecute delinquent corporations that have evaded or are evading taxation on bonus or other taxes due the State, so much of the several amounts collected and paid into the State Treasury from such delinquent corporations as may be necessary, not to exceed ten per centum thereof: Provided, That no part of the principal or interest due from a delinquent corporation shall be applied to this purpose in any case where there is by law a penalty collected from such delinquent corporation, but in such case it must be paid out of the penalty: Provided also, That no payment shall be made except upon full proof of service rendered: And provided further, That nothing whatever shall be paid for any services rendered in relation to the collection of any claims from any corporation, unless it has escaped taxation and

Percentage.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

the efforts of the accounting officers for a period of three years.

Section 20. For the payment of military claims, in pursuance of the act of General Assembly approved the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and the several supplements thereto, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Military claims.

Section 21. For the payment of the expenses of the delegates appointed by the Governor to attend the Farmers' National Congress, held at Saint Paul, Minnesota, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and at Fort Worth, Texas, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty-two cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, duly verified under oath, by each of the several delegates, the same to be approved by the Auditor General and State Treasurer.

Delegates to Farmers' National Congress, 1897 and 1898.

This item disapproved.

Section 22. The State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay out of any moneys in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, on accounts to be audited and adjusted by the Auditor General and State Treasurer, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the sum they may find to be legally due to Messrs. Rankin and Kellogg, architects of the city of Philadelphia, for money expended, and services rendered by them to the trustees of the asylum for the chronic insane, in fitting up the laundry, kitchen, refrigerators, dining-room and chapel, including plumbing and finishing floors of said asylum.

Messrs. Rankin & Kellogg, architects, for services.

This item disapproved.

Section 23. For the payment to Mary Weyand, of Somerset county, the sum of eighty-nine dollars and thirteen cents, the same being the amount paid by John Weyand, now deceased, the husband of the said Mary Weyand, for purchase money and fees for the tract of land in Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, which amount was improvidently paid by said John Weyand, the title of said tract of land having been previously granted to other parties; said amount to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in due form, upon a certificate from the Secretary of Internal Affairs that the warrant and patent granted in said case have been surrendered to the State. And for the payment to the estate of A. C. Patterson, the sum of three hundred dollars, the same being the amount paid by A. C. Patterson, now deceased, for an island in the Ohio river, in Allegheny county, which amount was improvidently paid by the

Payments to Mary Weyand and to A. C. Patterson.

These items disapproved.

said A. C. Patterson, the title to the said island having been previously granted to other parties; said amount to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in due form, upon a certificate from the Secretary of Internal Affairs that the warrant and patent granted in said case have been surrendered to the State.

Theodore C. Erb,
for personal prop-
erty.

This item disap-
proved.

Section 24. The sum of two thousand two hundred and ninety-three dollars and ninety cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to Theodore C. Erb, mechanic of the Capitol building, to reimburse him for personal property, owned and used by him in the service of the State of Pennsylvania, which was destroyed by the burning of the Capitol building, February second, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in accordance with sworn statement furnished, and which shall be filed with the Auditor General when settlement of said account is made.

Stenographic ser-
vices under con-
current resolu-
tion of February
9, 1897.

This item disap-
proved.

Section 25. For the payment of the bills incurred and the necessary expenses thereunder of concurrent resolution, approved February ninth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, for stenographic services and typewriting, the sum of four hundred and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General to William K. Miller, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, duly verified and attested to under oath.

Stenographic
work, etc., to the
estate of Edgar L.
King, deceased,
and others.

This item disap-
proved.

Section 26. To the estate of Edgar L. King, deceased, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, in full for bill of thirty-three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-five cents, for services during the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, including stenographic, typewriter, copying work, and other services and expenses incurred in pursuance of concurrent resolutions, approved February ninth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, February sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, March seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and April thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, four hundred and fifty dollars of which shall be paid to Miss Gertrude M. Butler, his assistant, one hundred and fifty dollars to William F. Reber, his assistant, and the remainder to Mrs. Edgar L. King, widow of Edgar L. King, deceased, payable upon proper warrants of the Auditor General.

Chickamauga-
Chattanooga Bat-
tlefield Commis-
sion.

Section 27. For the payment of expenses incurred and to be incurred by the executive committee of the Chickamauga-Chattanooga Battlefield Commission, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General, upon properly certified vouchers approved by the chairman of said commission.

M. Raw-
sergeant-
is.

Section 28. For the payment of E. C. M. Rawlings,

sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of ten hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy cents, as follows:

For expenses incident to the service of writ for the special election held in Cumberland county to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry Manning, fifty-four dollars and twenty cents.

Special election, Cumberland county.

To serving subpoenas, payment of witness fees, mileage of sergeant-at-arms and assistant sergeant-at-arms in serving subpoenas, car fare, telegrams, incidentals, et cetera, in the investigation of the bribery charges, nine hundred and seventy-four dollars and fifty cents.

Investigation of bribery charges.

Said appropriations to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers properly approved, and accompanied by affidavits for the same.

How payable.

Section 29. For the payment of the amount due the estate of George F. Murray, for work in and about the Capitol building in one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid upon satisfactory proof to the Auditor General and State Treasurer that the work was duly ordered by competent authority and was properly done by said Murray.

George F. Murray for work.

This item disapproved.

Section 30. For the payment of Samuel B. Cochrane, sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars and seventy-five cents for the service of writ, mileage, et cetera, on the sheriff of Lebanon county; for the service of notices, and mileage in serving the same, on James P. Kelly and others at Scranton, and for incidental expenses, the same to be paid by warrant of the Auditor General, upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers properly approved, and accompanied by proper affidavits.

Samuel B. Cochrane, sergeant-at-arms, for serving writs, etc.

Section 31. For the payment of the expenses authorized to be incurred by the Joint Legislative Committee appointed to arrange for the dedication of the Hartmanft memorial statue, the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; same to be paid upon warrant of the Auditor General, upon presentation of duly itemized vouchers showing the nature of the expenditures to be within the provisions of the concurrent resolutions heretofore passed by the Joint Assembly, and approved by the Governor, authorizing said expenditure by the said committee: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall become available if any of the appropriation made for this purpose, under section thirty-five of the general appropriation act of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, shall be drawn from the Treasury.

Expenses of dedication of Hartmanft memorial statue.

Proviso.

Expenses of dedication of equestrian statue of Major General John F. Reynolds.

Section 32. For the payment of expenses to be incurred in the dedication of the equestrian statue erected to the memory of Major General John F. Reynolds, on the battlefield of Gettysburg, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General, to the President of the Gettysburg Battlefield Monument Commission, upon properly certified vouchers approved by the President of said Commission.

Expenses of Committee on legal standing of Pennsylvania State College.

Section 33. For the payment of expenses of the committee appointed by resolution of the Senate to examine into the legal standing of the Pennsylvania State College and its relation to the Commonwealth, the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the chairman of said committee.

Portrait of Ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings.

For painting the portrait of ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings, to be painted under the authority of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and to be placed in the Executive Department, the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

May 13th, 1899.—This bill is approved except as to the following items:

Public Grounds and Buildings.

The item in section two which provides as follows:

“For the payment of Anthony Frenie and Josiah Higgins, janitors of the toilet and bath rooms of the Capitol and Executive buildings, for two years, the sum of three dollars each per diem, for time actually employed.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that these men are already borne on the rolls as employes and paid by the departments to which they belong, and there is no necessity for this appropriation.

Also the item which provides as follows:

“For the payment of rent of rooms in the building at the corner of Second and Locust streets, Harrisburg, now occupied by the Department of Public Instruction, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that I am assured by the Auditor General that quarters can be arranged in the new Capitol building for the Department of Public Instruction, and that this amount can thus be saved to the State.

Also the item which provides as follows:

“For the payment of rent of rooms in Harrisburg National Bank Building, now occupied by the Forestry Commissioner and the Economic Zoologist, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of one thousand and eighty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that I am assured by the Auditor General that quarters can be arranged for these two departments in the new Capitol building and that this amount can thus be saved to the State.

Medical Council.

Also the item which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Medical Council of Pennsylvania, two years, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.”

This item is approved for the sum of \$1,000, and disapproved for the sum of \$1,000. This is an increase in the appropriation for the expenses of the Medical Council not authorized by the act of Assembly creating this Council, and in my judgment is not justified by the expense incurred.

Dental Council.

Also the item which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Dental Council, two years, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that the act approved July 9, 1897, creating the Dental Council, makes provision that the expenses of that Council shall be paid out of the fees provided by said act, and there is no justification for taking this money out of the State Treasury.

Senate.

The item in section four which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate (except Librarian and watchman), the sum of thirty-four thousand three hundred and twenty-four dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.”

This item is approved for the sum of \$31,324, and disapproved for the sum of \$3,000, for the reason that in this item is embodied compensation for an engineer and fireman, which officers are not required during the period of adjournment, inasmuch as heat is supplied from outside the building and the services of an en-

gineer and fireman are dispensed with. The sum of \$3,000 is the amount ascertained by the State Treasurer which would be received by them under this appropriation.

Also the item which provides as follows:

"For the payment of the services of a calendar and property clerk in Senate, the sum of six hundred dollars for the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and three dollars per diem during the recess ending December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred."

That portion of this item which appropriates \$600 for the session of 1899 is approved, and that portion of the item which appropriates \$3.00 per day during the recess ending December 31, 1900, is disapproved. There is no necessity for this office and no duties for the officer to perform, and in my judgment no justification for the approval of this portion of the item.

Also the item which provides as follows:

"To E. W. Smiley, chief clerk of the Senate, for the payment of salaries of five pages of the Senate, appointed in pursuance of resolution of the Senate (page four hundred and fifty-six Senate Journal, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven), the sum of seventeen hundred and fifty dollars."

This item is disapproved for the reason that it is in payment of expenses incurred during the Legislature of 1897, and which if justified should have been provided for by that Legislature. The whole question of extra employes was fully considered by the Legislature of 1897 and my predecessor in office, and I do not feel justified in opening it anew at this time.

House of Representatives.

The item in section four which provides as follows:

"For the payment of the salaries of officers and employes of the House (except resident clerk and watchman), the sum of forty-two thousand five hundred and twenty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary."

This item is approved for the sum of \$40,654, and disapproved for the sum of \$1,866, for the reason that the compensation for a fireman in the House amounting to \$1,866 is included in this item. The hall of the House of Representatives and all the committee rooms connected therewith are now heated by steam, conducted in pipes from other buildings, and the services of a fireman is no longer needed. I, therefore, withhold my approval of this portion of this item, which is the amount of his salary as calculated by the State Treasurer.

The item in section five which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the publication of the Legislative Record, the sum of three dollars and forty-four cents per page, in accordance with the contract relating thereto, and for the payment, at the same rate per page, of two hundred copies over and above the regular edition, delivered to the State Librarian as provided for by an act of Assembly approved June twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.”

That portion of this item which reads as follows: “And for the payment at the same rate per page, two hundred copies over and above the regular edition, delivered to the State Librarian as provided for by act of Assembly approved June 24, 1895,” is disapproved for the reason that the cost of the publication of the Legislative Record is by page and not by copy. The appropriation of \$3.44 per page should be full compensation for the publication of the Record, and there is no necessity, or excuse, for any extra payment whatever.

The item in section eight which provides as follows:

“For the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth for the two years commencing on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of eleven million dollars, to be paid on warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction in favor of the several school districts of the Commonwealth.”

This item makes an appropriation of \$5,500,000 annually for the support of the public schools of the Commonwealth. The Constitution of 1874 provides that not less than \$1,000,000 annually shall be appropriated for the support of the public schools of the State. The minimum amount fixed by the new Constitution was the maximum of legislative generosity from 1874 down to and including 1887; in other words, the Legislature, for a period of thirteen years after the adoption of the new Constitution, appropriated to the common schools the sum of \$1,000,000 annually. Prior to 1874 the annual appropriation to the common schools was very much less than the minimum amount fixed in the Constitution. In the early days of our system of popular education the common schools were supported almost entirely by local taxation. It was the thought of the early advocates of the public school system that the schools should be supported by the districts in which they were located, and that the people would have greater interest in them if taxed for that purpose. As the great business and material interests of the State developed it was deemed advantageous to the school system to make more liberal appropriations out of the State revenues.

In 1887 an agitation was started that resulted in increasing the annual appropriation to \$1,500,000, and for the two years following the public schools of the State received that amount each year. In 1889 the Legislature increased the appropriation to \$2,000,000 annually, and this was the amount of aid extended by the State to the public schools for the two years following that session. Being so successful in having the appropriations for this purpose increased, the friends of our common schools continued the agitation during the session of 1891, with the result of increasing the annual amount set apart for school purposes to the princely sum of \$5,000,000. This is a larger amount than is appropriated by any other state in our great country for the support of common schools, and it was very generally supposed that no further attempt to increase it would be made. In 1893, however, a bill was introduced into the Legislature which authorized and required directors to furnish free text-books to the pupils in our common schools. At that time a very large number of the districts throughout the State did not provide free text-books for the pupils. The introduction of free text-books necessarily involved the expenditure of large sums of money, and the friends of this measure succeeded in securing an additional \$500,000 for this purpose. Following these precedents each succeeding Legislature has appropriated \$5,500,000 annually for the support of the common schools.

It must not be forgotten in this connection that the appropriation of \$5,500,000 does not include the appropriations made for the maintenance and support of our orphan schools, normal schools, the expenses incident to the support of the Department of Public Instruction, the payment of the salaries of county superintendents, and the appropriations made from time to time to other worthy educational institutions. Adding the appropriations made for the purposes last enumerated to the annual appropriation for the support of the common schools, we find that more than six million dollars are paid out of the State Treasury each year in support of the cause of education. When we take into consideration the fact that the net revenues of the State amount to little more than \$11,000,000 each year, it will be readily seen how generous the State has been in dealing with the school question.

These large and magnificent appropriations to the common schools have gone on from year to year until our Treasury is left in a condition of financial embarrassment and we are now confronted with the practical question whether or not we can continue to make these appropriations without seriously affecting the credit of the Commonwealth. I am proud of our common school system, and in hearty sympathy with every movement that has for its purpose the betterment of

our schools. If a large deficit did not already exist in our Treasury on account of these appropriations, and if the anticipated revenues of the State would justify their continuance, I should most cheerfully give my approval to this section of the General Appropriation Bill. I cordially commend the intelligent purpose and patriotic devotion of our citizens to the common schools of the State, but every honest man must concede that it is impossible for the State to give away more money than it receives, no matter how worthy the purpose for which the money is expended. It is absolutely necessary to reduce the appropriations made by the Legislature, and it has seemed to me that, since free text-books have already been provided and paid for out of the general appropriations made since 1893, the annual appropriations could be reduced \$500,000 a year without doing any injustice to the schools.

In my Inaugural address I called the attention of the Legislature to the financial condition of the Commonwealth, and stated that there was an actual deficit of between three and four million dollars on account of unpaid appropriations, and suggested that the Legislature should either cut down the appropriations or increase the revenues. I urged this both privately and publicly upon different occasions, but the Legislature has adjourned without providing any additional revenue, except possibly an increase estimated at \$200,000 per annum after the first year under the new mercantile tax law. The appropriations made will amount to as much as, if not more than, the estimated revenues of the next two years. On the first of June—but a few weeks hence—the whole appropriation of \$5,500,000 for the year ending at that time will be due, no part of which has yet been paid. At that time there will not be a million dollars in the Treasury to meet this obligation. In view of this financial condition it seems to me unwise to accumulate one appropriation upon another when there are no funds with which to pay them. I have carefully examined the General Appropriation Bill, as well as other appropriation bills, and have in every instance withheld my approval from items where I felt justified in so doing. In this way I have reduced the appropriations made by the Legislature and withheld my approval of bills amounting in round numbers to \$500,000. It is my earnest desire to pay the obligations of the State which have been heretofore made, and which it is honorably bound to pay, to relieve the present embarrassment of the Treasury, and preserve the credit of the State. No fair minded and impartial citizen will justify me in approving appropriation bills in excess of the unpaid appropriations made by prior Legislatures and the estimated revenues of the State for the two fiscal years next following. During the four years for which the people have honored me with the

Executive Office I hope, by economy and care, even in the absence of additional revenue, to see these unpaid appropriations liquidated and the State placed upon a sound financial basis. A State, like an individual, cannot continue to pay out year by year more money than it receives and remain in a solvent condition. My purpose is to pay all appropriations made by the present Legislature which receive Executive approval and liquidate at least one and a half million dollars of the obligations remaining from former Legislatures during the next two years. In order to do this I am compelled to reduce the appropriation to the common schools \$500,000 a year, amounting to one million dollars in two years, which, added to the \$500,000 obtained by reducing other appropriations of the Legislature of 1899, will enable the Auditor General and State Treasurer to reduce what would be called the floating debt \$1,500,000 during the next two years. In my judgment the State should pay its pre-existing debts, incurred under the sanction and authority of law, before it assumes new burdens which it is impossible to pay.

The authority of the Governor to disapprove part of an item is doubted, but several of my predecessors in office have established precedents by withholding their approval from part of an item and approving other parts of the same item. Following these precedents, and believing that the authority which confers the right to approve the whole of an item necessarily includes the power to approve part of the same item, I, therefore, approve of so much of this item which appropriates \$5,000,000 annually, making \$10,000,000 for the two years beginning June 1st, 1899, and withhold my approval from \$500,000 annually, making \$1,000,000 for the two school years beginning the first day of June, 1899.

The item in section nine which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the salaries of the county superintendents of the public schools, for two years, the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on warrant of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.”

This item is approved for the sum of \$205,000 and disapproved for the sum of \$25,000. This item in the appropriation bill of 1897 was \$198,000, but it was increased to the sum of \$230,000 in order to meet the requirements of the bill passed by the Legislature of 1899 prohibiting the school directors from fixing the salaries of county superintendents at a less sum than \$1,500. That bill has not received Executive approval and the necessity for this increase no longer exists. The school directors in several of the counties have under their authority increased the salaries of county superintendents, which will require some few thousand

dollars more than the amount appropriated in 1897, but I am satisfied that the sum of \$205,000 will be sufficient to meet these payments and, therefore, withhold my approval from the sum of \$25,000 in this item.

Also the item which provides as follows:

“For the education of teachers in the Normal Schools the sum of \$130,000 annually, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be applied under the same conditions and under the same restrictions as are set forth in section 3 of the general appropriation act, approved March twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, provided that each student in a normal school, drawing an allowance from the State, must receive instruction in the science and art of teaching in a special class devoted to that object, for the whole time such allowance is drawn, all of which sums herein appropriated shall be paid upon the warrant of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.”

This item is approved in so far as it provides for the payment of \$130,000 for the first of the two years, and it is disapproved for the second school year beginning June first, 1900. This will give ample notice to all who are affected thereby. This course is made necessary by the condition of the Treasury and the estimated revenues of the State for the next two years.

The item in section twenty-one which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the expenses of the delegates appointed by the Governor to attend the Farmers’ National Congress, held at Saint Paul, Minnesota, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and at Fort Worth, Texas, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty-two cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, duly verified under oath by each of the several delegates, the same to be approved by the Auditor General and State Treasurer.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that the delegates who attended the Farmers’ National Congress, held at St. Paul, Minnesota, in the year 1897, and at Fort Worth, Texas, in the year 1898, were distinctly given to understand at the time of their appointments that they would serve, if they accepted the appointment, without compensation and without expense to the State. There is no authority in law to justify the State in paying these expenses, and while it has been customary to approve these items, I feel that the condition of the Treasury and the lack of revenue for the next two years will not justify the expenditure of the

money provided in this appropriation, and I, therefore, withhold my approval of this item.

The item in section twenty-two which provides as follows:

“The State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay out of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on accounts to be audited and adjusted by the Auditor General and State Treasurer, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the sum they may find to be legally due to Messrs. Rankin & Kellogg, architects of the city of Philadelphia, for money expended and services rendered by them to the trustees of the asylum for the chronic insane, in fitting up the laundry, kitchen, refrigerators, dining-room and chapel, including plumbing and finishing floors of said asylum.”

This item is disapproved because the claims growing out of the construction to this institution were adjusted some years ago, and this claim was either not presented at the time or, if presented, was disallowed by the accounting officers of the State. The services were rendered some six years ago and I do not feel justified in concurring in this appropriation. I, therefore, withhold my approval.

The item in section twenty-three, which provides as follows:

“For the payment to Mary Weyand, of Somerset county, the sum of eighty-nine dollars and thirteen cents, the same being the amount paid by John Weyand, now deceased, the husband of the said Mary Weyand, for purchase money and fees for the tract of land in Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, which amount was improvidently paid by said John Weyand, the title of said tract of land having been previously granted to other parties; said amount to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in due form, upon a certificate from the Secretary of Internal Affairs that the warrant and patent granted in said case have been surrendered to the State. And for the payment to the estate of A. C. Patterson, the sum of three hundred dollars, the same being the amount paid by A. C. Patterson, now deceased, for an island in the Ohio River, in Allegheny county, which amount was improvidently paid by the said A. C. Patterson, the title to the said island having been previously granted to other parties; said amount to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in due form, upon a certificate from the Secretary of Internal Affairs that the warrant and patent granted in said case have been surrendered to the State.”

These items are disapproved for the reason that Article III, Section 15, of the Constitution of the State, provides that "The General Appropriation Bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt and for public schools; all other appropriations shall be made in separate bills, each embracing but one subject," and the appropriations contained in this item are not for any ordinary expense of any department of the State Government and are not properly included in the General Appropriation Bill, and for the further reason that, if approved, such action would establish a precedent for many other similar claims, which might be presented by people who attempt to obtain title by location of land which they believe to be unpatented. The State officers cannot guarantee title to persons who claim land to be unpatented, and I very much fear that this would open the door to many similar claims.

The item in section twenty-four which provides as follows:

"The sum of two thousand two hundred and ninety-three dollars and ninety cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to Theodore C. Erb, mechanic of the Capitol building, to reimburse him for personal property, owned and used by him in the service of the State of Pennsylvania, which was destroyed by the burning of the Capitol building, February second, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in accordance with sworn statement furnished, and which shall be filed with the Auditor General when settlement of said account is made."

This item is disapproved because it is not such ordinary expense of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth as is contemplated in Article III, section 15, of the Constitution, and it is, therefore, not properly incorporated in the General Appropriation Bill.

The item in section twenty-five which provides as follows:

"For the payment of the bills incurred and the necessary expenses thereunder of concurrent resolution, approved February ninth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, for stenographic services and typewriting, the sum of four hundred and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General to William K. Miller, upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers, duly verified and attested under oath."

This item is disapproved for the reason that it is to pay for stenographic work and typewriting authorized by the Legislature of 1897, and should have been provid-

ed for by that Legislature, and was, as I am informed, partially paid. In my judgment the unpaid accounts of the Legislature of 1897 should not be satisfied by appropriations made at this time. This belongs to that class of claims about which much agitation has been made, and I do not feel disposed to reopen the subject.

The item in section twenty-six which provides as follows:

“To the estate of Edgar L. King, deceased, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars in full for bill of thirty-three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-five cents, for services during the session of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, including stenographic, typewriter, copying work, and other services and expenses incurred in pursuance of concurrent resolutions, approved February ninth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, February sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, March seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and April thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, four hundred and fifty dollars of which shall be paid to Miss Gertrude M. Butler, his assistant, and one hundred and fifty dollars to William F. Reber, his assistant, and the remainder to Mrs. Edgar L. King, widow of Edgar L. King, deceased, payable upon proper warrants of the Auditor General.”

This item is disapproved for the same reasons as set forth in the disapproval of item in section twenty-five of this bill.

The item in section twenty-nine which provides as follows:

“For the payment of the amount due the estate of George F. Murray, for work in and about the Capitol building in one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid upon satisfactory proof to the Auditor General and State Treasurer that the work was duly ordered by competent authority and was properly done by said Murray.”

This item is disapproved for the reason that the claim of George F. Murray was considered, and he has already been allowed the amount to which, in the judgment of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, he was entitled. This Board was better capable of judging the value of his services, and the compensation he should receive for his work, than the Legislature of 1899 and the Governor. An attempt to correct any mistakes which may have been made by the Board would, in my judgment, be unwarranted, and for this reason I withhold my approval of this item.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 321.

AN ACT

Making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, for the purpose of maintenance of the general hospital and maternity departments, and the further sum of thirty-five thousand dollars for repairs to hospital buildings, for the two fiscal years aforesaid.

This item approved for \$70,000.

This item approved for \$20,000.

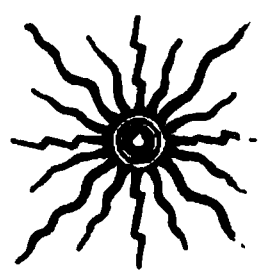
Said appropriation to be paid in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved March fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

How payable.

May 13th, 1899.—This bill makes an appropriation of \$85,000 for maintenance in the first item, and \$35,000 for repairs to hospital buildings in the second item.

I approve of the sum of \$70,000 of the first item, and disapprove of the sum of \$15,000. Of the second item, providing for repairs to the hospital buildings, I approve of the sum of \$20,000, and disapprove of the sum of \$15,000. These reductions are in accordance with the agreement filed by the authorities of said institution in the office of the State Treasurer, which agreement also authorizes the State Treasurer to withhold the further sum of \$5,000, appropriated for maintenance, under certain conditions therein stipulated.

WILLIAM A. STONE.



CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

PASSED AT THE SESSION OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT
HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE.

No. 1.

In the Senate, January 12, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur),
That the Joint Inaugural Committee, appointed in
pursuance of the joint resolution of January 2, 1899,
to arrange for the inauguration of Colonel William A.
Stone as Governor of the Commonwealth on January
17, 1899, be and is hereby authorized to expend, not
exceeding seven thousand (\$7,000.00) dollars in the
making and carrying out of said arrangements; and in
order to meet such expenses as may require immediate
payment, the Auditor General is hereby authorized to
draw his warrant or warrants upon the State Treas-
urer, to be paid by him out of any funds not otherwise
appropriated, in favor of the Chairman of said Com-
mittee for such sum as in the opinion of the Governor,
Auditor General and State Treasurer may be neces-
sary to meet said expenses, requiring immediate pay-
ment, the sum so drawn by the said Chairman to be
deducted from the amount named in the special appro-
priation bill hereafter to be introduced, when the total
expenditure contracted for by said Committee within
the limit of this resolution shall have been ascertained;
and the said Chairman is hereby required to file with
the Auditor General vouchers and proofs satisfactory
to the Auditor General and State Treasurer, showing
the exact manner in which the sums drawn by him
have been disbursed.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in January 12,
1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Approved—The 16th day of January, A. D. 1899.

DANIEL H. HASTINGS.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

No. 2.

In the House of Representatives,
January 24, 1899.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Resident Clerk be instructed to have printed for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives, one hundred and fifty additional copies of bills reported, and one hundred and fifty additional copies of the calendar.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

• In the Senate, January 24, 1899.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.

Approved—The 26th day of January, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 3.

In the House of Representatives,
January 24, 1899.

Whereas, Miss Helen Gould, of the State of New York, has by reason of the personal attention she has given to the sick and wounded soldiers of the State of Pennsylvania in the late war with Spain, and the magnificent contributions she has made from her wealth to their comfort and succor, earned the highest admiration of the people of the State of Pennsylvania, and added another illustrious star to the galaxy of American womanhood;

Therefore be it Resolved by the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur). That Miss Helen Gould is deserving of the thanks and unstinted gratitude of the people of Pennsylvania, who so freely gave their sons that Spanish despotism might cease in the Western Hemisphere, and

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of this House is, and he is hereby authorized to present to the said Miss Helen Gould a copy of the foregoing resolutions, suitably prepared.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

In the Senate, January 24, 1899.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.

Approved—The 26th day of January, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 4.

In the Senate, January 25, 1899.

Whereas, The Governor of Pennsylvania at the request of the Secretary of War, and upon his promise of repayment, incurred an indebtedness of \$713,419.61, for money borrowed to pay off the militia for services rendered the United States during the emergency in 1863, which the State paid on the 8th of September, 1864, and the Senators and Representatives of the State in Congress were instructed by a Joint Resolution of the Legislature on February 3, 1865 (Laws of 1865, p. 861), to urge upon Congress an appropriation to repay; and

Whereas, Congress by act of April 12, 1866 (14 Stats. at Large, p. 32), made an appropriation of \$800,000 to repay the indebtedness incurred, under which the State was repaid in June, 1866, the sum of \$667,074.35, with the understanding, as shown by the warrant issued, that the amount paid was to be treated as an advance to the State and that the matter was to be subject to a further settlement, which the Department has declined to make without further legislation by Congress;

Now therefore be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senators and Representatives of the State in Congress be requested to urge the passage of Senate bill No. 1225, now pending in the House, which has passed the Senate in the 55th Congress, providing for repayment of balance due the State on account of the indebtedness incurred.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in January 27, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Approved—The 27th day of January, 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

No. 5.

In the Senate, January 19, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That there be printed for the use of the members of the joint convention for the election of a United States Senator, two thousand blank forms for pairing for the Senate and four thousand like forms for the House of Representatives.

**E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.**

**In the House of Representatives,
January 21, 1899.**

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

**JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.**

Approved—The 27th day of January, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 6.

In the Senate, January 19, 1899.

Whereas, The commercial prosperity of the State of Pennsylvania is largely dependent upon such conditions in the Delaware river as will permit deep-draft ocean commerce to reach the Port of Philadelphia; and

Whereas, The present inadequate channel depth in the Delaware river operates to the commercial disadvantage of the only seaport of the State, and will so continue as long as a less depth than 30 feet exists in the channel of the Delaware river;

Therefore, Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania urge upon Congress the necessity for such legislation in the pending River and Harbor Bill as will provide for the commencement of work upon a 30-foot channel between Philadelphia and the sea.

Resolved, That copies of this preamble and resolution be transmitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate of the United States.

**E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.**

In the House of Representatives,
January 21, 1899.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Approved—The 27th day of January, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 7.

In the Senate, January 19, 1899.

Whereas, The postoffice department has decided that the Legislative Record must be mailed as third class mail matter, and has so instructed the postmaster at Harrisburg, and

Whereas, It will now be necessary that the Record be stamped when presented at the postoffice;

Therefore, be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage stamps, so that the Legislative Record may be mailed according to the requirements of the postoffice department, and that the Appropriation Committee be directed to provide for the cost of same in the general appropriation bill.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk, Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in January 20, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

Approved—The 1st day of February, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 8.

In the Senate, February 10, 1899.

Whereas, An equestrian statue to commemorate the distinguished services of Brevet Major General John Frederick Hartranft has been erected on the Capitol grounds at Harrisburg and is to be unveiled on the

twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and

Whereas, The Commission which under the act of 1895 was authorized to erect said monument has tendered an invitation to the President of the United States and his Cabinet, and to the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army and other national officers, to be present on the occasion of the unveiling, which invitation has been accepted; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania also extend an invitation to William McKinley, President of the United States, and his Cabinet, and to the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army, and other national officers to be present at the unveiling of said statue, and to be the guests of the Commonwealth during their stay at the State Capitol.

Resolved, That the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to transmit this invitation to the President of the United States and his Cabinet, and to the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army and other national officers, and that the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and a committee consisting of three members of the Senate and five members of the House of Representatives, be appointed to make suitable arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the distinguished guests, and that said committee be also authorized and empowered to act with the Hartranft Monument Commission in making all necessary arrangements for the ceremonies incident to the unveiling of said monument.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in February 16, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 16th day of February, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 9.

In the Senate, February 24, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Superintendent of Public Printing be directed to have printed ten thousand copies of "Bulletin Number Forty:" "Questions and Answers Relating to Ag-

ricultural and Horticultural Subjects;" one thousand copies for the use of the Department of Agriculture, three thousand copies for the use of the Senate, and six thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives: Provided, That the total cost of the same shall not exceed five hundred dollars.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in February 24, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 27th day of February, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 10.

In the Senate, March 1, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That 500 extra copies of Senate bill No. 110 be printed for the use of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in March 2d, A. D. 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 3d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 11.

In the House of Representatives,
March 7, 1899.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Chief Clerk be and he is hereby directed to have ten thousand copies of the Legislative Directory printed for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 8th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 12.

In the House of Representatives,
March 8, 1899.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the memorial services of the late Hon. Harry Manning, of Cumberland county; Hon. George Hopwood, of Fayette county; Hon. Seth Orme, of Schuylkill county; Hon. James G. Sloan, of Washington county; Hon. A. J. Lawrence, of Beaver county, and the Hon. James W. Carson, of Franklin county, be published in one volume bound in cloth, and three thousand copies thereof be printed for the use of the members of the House.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 10th day of March, 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 13.

In the Senate, March 8, 1899.

Whereas, The State of Pennsylvania has had in the service of the United States the Tenth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, which regiment consists entirely of citizens of this State, and

Whereas, The Tenth regiment has seen active service in the Philippine Islands since the summer of 1898, and has rendered gallant and efficient service in the battles against the Spaniards before Manila, and in the recent actions against the insurgents, and

Whereas, Colonel A. L. Hawkins, the brave commander of this regiment, has rendered distinguished

service in the line of his duty, having received the especial commendation of the General commanding in the battle of Malate, on the night of July 31st, 1898, and

Whereas, A petition has been forwarded to be presented to the President of the United States, a copy of which is hereto attached, signed by all the field and staff and line officers, requesting the promotion of Colonel A. L. Hawkins to be a Brigadier General of Volunteers, in recognition of his distinguished service, and

Whereas, The Tenth Pennsylvania infantry is the only regiment of the infantry arm of the service representing Pennsylvania and the East in the Philippine Islands; therefore,

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Legislature of Pennsylvania recommends to His Excellency William McKinley, President of the United States, that the request of the officers of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, now in service in the Philippine Islands, be granted, and that Colonel A. L. Hawkins, the commanding officer of this regiment, in recognition of his gallant and brave service during the past year, be promoted to be a full Brigadier General of Volunteers.

Resolved, That a certified copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions, and the petition of the officers of the Tenth regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers be forwarded to His Excellency the President of the United States.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in March 9th, A. D. 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 10th day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 14.

In the House of Representatives,
March 16, 1899.

Whereas, Monday, May 1st, 1899, is the first anniversary of the great naval victory of the American squadron, commanded by Admiral George Dewey, in which the Spanish fleet was sunk in Manila Harbor, and

Whereas, The achievement of Admiral Dewey and his brave followers on that occasion was one of the greatest achievements in naval warfare the world has ever known, and

Whereas, Some of the municipalities and many organizations, including the Grand Army of the Republic, the Union Veteran Legion, and volunteer organizations of the Spanish-American war, and various civic organizations throughout the State have taken steps toward the proper observance of said day, and

Whereas, It is proper that the great State of Pennsylvania should in a fitting manner commemorate the Battle of Manila on the first anniversary of that glorious day by showing the appreciation of her people for the hero of that engagement and his brave men; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (if the Senate concur), That the Honorable William A. Stone, Governor of this Commonwealth, be and is hereby authorized and requested to name Monday, May 1st, 1899, as "Dewey Day," and designate the same as a legal holiday.

JERE B. REX,

Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

E. W. SMILEY,

Chief Clerk, Senate.

Approved—The 21st day of March, A. D. 1899.

If I had any right to presume that the passage of this resolution would be regarded as a precedent for designating as legal holidays the anniversaries of important military and naval battles, I should not hesitate to interpose my objection.

I do not think it wise to increase the number of our legal holidays, and while I honor Admiral Dewey for his great victory in Manila Harbor, yet I question whether the setting apart of the anniversary of that battle as a legal holiday is the proper way to show it.

But as this resolution makes only May 1st, 1899, a legal holiday, and does not apply to any subsequent anniversaries, and as it passed both branches of the Legislature with seeming unanimity, I have reluctantly given it my approval.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 15.

In the Senate, March 21, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur). That House bill No. 4, entitled "An act extending to

cities of the second class the provisions of the act of May twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-two, which authorizes cities of the first class to appropriate annually the sum not exceeding five hundred dollars for the support and maintenance of each company of the National Guard," be recalled from the Governor for purpose of amendment.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in March 21, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 22d day of March, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 16.

In the House of Representatives,
March 27, 1899.

Whereas, Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett, of the Tenth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, was Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth under the administration of Hon. Daniel H. Hastings until the spring of 1898, and

Whereas, Since that time Colonel Barnett has been absent with his command at Manila, where he has rendered gallant service in the war with the Spaniards and the insurgents; therefore,

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That as a slight recognition of his devotion to the State and Nation, the desk and chair used by him while Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, be presented to him, and that the board of commissioners be authorized to forward the same to such place as he may direct.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk, House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in March 28, 1899.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 3d day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 17.

In the House of Representatives,
April 3, 1899.

Whereas, It is evident, judging by the tone of the public press, as well as by the resolutions of the State Legislatures and the resolutions passed year after year by the National House of Representatives, that a majority of the American people desire a change in the Constitution, whereby they may elect the President, Vice President and United States Senators by direct popular votes; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a committee of five, two from the Senate and three from the House, be appointed to confer with the Legislatures of other States of the Union, with the view of bringing about the submission of an amendment to secure the desired result; this committee to report to the Legislature in 1901, not to incur expenses to exceed \$500, for the two years.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

The amount authorized to be expended is written in figures instead of letters. The amount is five hundred dollars, and I approve the resolution with this understanding.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 18.

In the House of Representatives,
April 3, 1899.

Whereas, There is in none of the public buildings at Harrisburg, Pa., a reception-room with toilet and lavatory for the accommodation of lady visitors; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Capitol Commissioners be and are hereby instructed to construct and furnish in the new Capitol building a proper

reception-room, with toilet and lavatory for the exclusive use of lady visitors.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 19.

In the House of Representatives,
April 3, 1899.

Whereas, An equestrian statue, to commemorate the distinguished services of General Grant during the Civil War, has been erected in Fairmount Park, city of Philadelphia, and it is to be unveiled on April 27th, 1899, and

Whereas, The occasion will not only be one of very great local interest, but State and National as well, and

Whereas, The President of the United States and his Cabinet, and other men of national prominence, will take part and be present on the occasion of the unveiling of said monument; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That there be a committee appointed, consisting of thirteen members, five on the part of the Senate and eight on the part of the House, to represent these honorable bodies at the unveiling of said statue, to act in conjunction with those having the same in charge at Philadelphia; said committee to serve without expense to the Commonwealth.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 6th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA,

No. 20.

In the House of Representatives,
April 10, 1899.

Preamble No. 1. Whereas, The United States Cruiser Raleigh is now returning to the United States, after having shared gloriously in Admiral Dewey's victory at Manila, on May 1st, 1898, and is the first vessel of Admiral Dewey's fleet to return, and

Whereas, The people of Pennsylvania are anxious to show their appreciation of the valiant services rendered the country by the Cruiser Raleigh and her gallant crew, by honoring them on their return, and

Whereas, Efforts are now being made to secure the presence of the said Cruiser Raleigh at Philadelphia on April 27th, 1899, to participate in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue to General Grant, in Fairmount Park, on April 27th; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That we, the members of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania do most earnestly request the Honorable Secretary of the Navy to issue to the Commander of the Cruiser Raleigh the necessary orders to gratify that expressed desire; and be it further

Resolved, That the Representatives of Pennsylvania in Congress be also requested to use their best efforts to secure from the Honorable Secretary of the Navy the issuance of such orders.

Resolved, That the Clerk of the House be and is hereby directed to forward a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to the Secretary of the Navy and the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The foregoing resolution concurred in.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 13th day of April, 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 21.

In the Senate, April 11, 1899.

Whereas, The unveiling of the equestrian statue of Brevet Major General John Frederic Hartranft is to take place on the Capitol grounds at Harrisburg on the twelfth day of May next, and a committee having

been appointed under concurrent resolution of the Legislature to act with the Hartranft Monument Commission in the ceremonies incident to the unveiling of said monument, and as a reception committee to the President, his Cabinet and other National officers who may be present on the occasion, and

Whereas, General Hartranft was the organizer of the present system of National Guard in this Commonwealth and for years commanded the said organization, bringing it to a high state of efficiency; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That it is the sense of the Legislature that there should be a portion of the National Guard present at Harrisburg on the occasion of the unveiling of said monument, and that the Committee, appointed as aforesaid, be instructed to confer with the appropriation committee, the Hartranft Monument Commission, the Governor and the Adjutant General, as to the necessary expense of the presence of at least a provisional brigade of the National Guard, and that the expense thereof, together with the necessary expenses of entertaining the President, his Cabinet and other National officers while the guests of the State, as well as all other expenses which may be incurred incident to the unveiling, not to exceed in the aggregate \$3,500, be provided for in the general appropriation act.

Resolved, That each of the regimental organizations of the troops which composed General Hartranft's command during the War of the Rebellion be allowed the free use of the rooms of the Senate, House and Committees for the purpose of holding their reunion.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 11, 1899.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk and acting Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 22.

In the Senate, April 11, 1899.

Whereas, The State of Pennsylvania in the war with Spain has been represented in the Philippine Islands

by the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, where it has rendered heroic, gallant and patriotic services to the National Government and reflected great credit upon the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That the President pro tem. of the Senate appoint five Senators, and the Speaker of the House eight members of the House of Representatives, who, together with the Governor, his Cabinet and the Military Staff, shall constitute a committee, whose duty it shall be to receive and appropriately welcome the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry upon its return to the Commonwealth, and that the President of the United States, his Cabinet, and the Major General commanding the United States Army and his staff, be invited to participate in said reception.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Legislature of Pennsylvania are due, and are hereby generously extended, to the officers and men of the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry for their heroic services both in the war against Spain and in the suppression of the Rebellion in the Philippine Islands, and that sympathy is hereby extended to the friends of those who have fallen in battle or died of disease as soldiers of the said organization.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and these resolutions be transmitted to the Commandant of the said Regiment, with the request that the same be communicated to the officers and men of the Regiment.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 11, 1899.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk and acting Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 13th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

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No. 23.

In the House of Representatives,
April 14, 1899.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House bill No. 273, file folio 1015, entitled "An act for the regulating and maintaining of fences in the township of Hamilton, in McKean county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 15th day of April, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 24.

In the House of Representatives,
April 14, 1899.

Whereas, By reason of actual and proposed changes at this session of the Legislature, in the Fish and Game Laws of this Commonwealth, great confusion exists in the minds of the people as to the proper season and method for taking fish and game; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be and is hereby directed, after the close of the present session of the Legislature, to prepare and have published in pamphlet form fifteen thousand (15,000) copies of the Game and Fish Laws of this Commonwealth, together with the Warden and Forestry Laws; four thousand (4,000) for the use of the Senate, eight thousand (8,000) for the use of the House of Representatives, one thousand (1,000) for the use of the State Fishery Commissioners, one thousand (1,000) for the use of the Board of Game Commissioners, five hundred (500) for the use of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and five hundred (500) for the use of the Executive Department.

A. D. FETTEROLF,
Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 25.

In the Senate, March 30, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur). That the Governor be and is hereby authorized to appoint thirty persons, one-third of whom may be

women, as commissioners to the Paris Exposition, commencing A. D. 1900, which commissioners shall serve without any compensation from the Commonwealth, either for services or expenses.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 12, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 26.

In the Senate, April 19, 1899.

Whereas, The importation of prison-manufactured goods in Pennsylvania works great hardships by creating an unjust and harmful competition between prison-made goods and free labor, and

Whereas, There will be presented to the next National Congress a bill to protect free labor and the industries in which it is employed from the injurious effect of convict competition, by confining the sale of goods, wares and merchandise manufactured by convict labor to the state or territory in which they are produced; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That we, the members of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do most earnestly request our representatives-elect to that Congress to use their best efforts to secure the passage of said bill.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to our Senators and Representatives in Congress after the assembling of the same.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 19, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 27.

In the Senate, April 20, 1899.

Whereas, It is recognized that the subject of better roads is of great importance to the State of Pennsylvania, and conflicting methods have been presented to the several preceding Legislatures without accomplishing satisfactory results; therefore,

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a Commission be appointed to consist of seven (7) members, three (3) to be appointed by the Governor, one by the executive officers of the Farmers' Alliance of Pennsylvania, one by the Secretary of Agriculture of Pennsylvania, one by the executive officers of the Pennsylvania Division of the League of American Wheelmen; said Commission to secure data upon which other states are working, and especially so as to the requirements of every district of Pennsylvania, to report to the next biennial session of the Legislature with a bill framed in accordance with their investigations to be considered by said Legislature, without expense to the State.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 20, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 28.

In the Senate, April 20, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have the copy for the Journals of the two houses for this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Superintendent of Public Printing within thirty days after the close of the session, and the Superintendent of Public Printing is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

and the House of Representatives within ninety days after the receipt of the copy therefor.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 20, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

No. 29.

In the Senate, April 19, 1899.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur).
That the desk and chair used by the President pro tem. of the Senate and the Speaker of the House be presented to them at the close of the present session.

E. W. SMILEY,
Chief Clerk of the Senate.

The foregoing resolution concurred in April 20, 1899.

JERE B. REX,
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Approved—The 4th day of May, A. D. 1899.

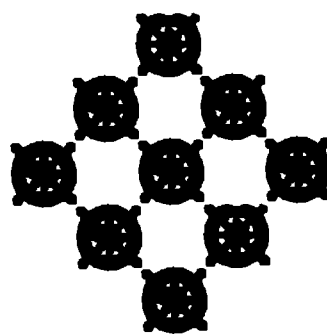
WILLIAM A. STONE.

CERTIFICATE.

**Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth,
Harrisburg, May 19, 1899.**

I certify that, in obedience to the directions of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I have collated with, and corrected by the original rolls on file in this office, the proof sheets of the printed copies of this edition of the Laws and Resolutions of the General Assembly, passed during the session ending the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

**W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.**



A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

In the Name and by the Authority of the
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

A PROCLAMATION.

I, William A. Stone, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, have caused this proclamation to issue, and in compliance with the provisions of article four, section fifteen, of the Constitution thereof, do hereby give notice, that I have filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, with my objections thereto, the following bills passed by both Houses of the General Assembly, viz:

House bill No. 15, entitled "An act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles, jars, vessels or other packages, in the sale and delivery of milk and cream and their products."

House bill No. 35, entitled "An act to amend the act, entitled 'An act to limit the duration of the lien of the debts of decedents other than those of record,' approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, extending the duration of the lien of the debts of a decedent upon real estate to five years."

House bill No. 86, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of savings banks and institutions without capital stock, established for the encouragement of saving money,' approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, authorizing and regulating branch offices of such banks and institutions."

House bill No. 166, entitled "An act granting a pension to Evan James."

Whereas, Evan James, a private of company I, commanded

by Captain F. S. Boas, in the Twelfth regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia, commanded by Colonel W. B. Thomas, called out by the proclamation of the Governor (Andrew G. Curtin), dated tenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, while with his company and regiment on the railroad train from Greencastle to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in consequence of a collision of cars, his right foot was badly injured, right ankle broken, two ribs on left side broken, and serious bodily injuries sustained. He also suffers from rheumatism, resulting from said injuries, crippling him for life, and rendering him unfit for manual labor."

Senate bill No. 43, entitled "An act to enlarge the competency of the wife to testify against her husband."

House bill No. 20, entitled "An act to authorize the election of borough supervisor, for the purpose of keeping open and repairing said streets and crossings in all boroughs of this Commonwealth."

House bill No. 79, entitled "An act to provide that the treasurers of the several counties, or city coextensive with a county, of the Commonwealth shall transmit annually to the State Treasurer the one-fourth part only, or such portion only as the Commonwealth is or may be legally entitled to retain, of the tax collected on property subject to taxation for State purposes."

Senate bill No. 202, entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled 'An act to amend an act, entitled 'An act prescribing the mode of fixing the salaries of county superintendents of common schools,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, amending first section thereof by fixing minimum salaries to be paid said superintendents,' increasing the minimum salaries to be paid said superintendents."

House bill No. 134, entitled "An act making an appropriation to William District, a cook in company C, Fourteenth regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, on account of injuries received while on duty at Camp Hastings, in April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight."

Senate bill No. 300, entitled "An act to provide compensation to Daniel B. Hughes, a member of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, for loss of work, medical attendance and nursing, during the time of his disability, produced by a cold in the head, which he contracted in the service at Latimer, Pennsylvania, in September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven."

House bill No. 300, entitled "An act granting a pension to Emma C. Shadel, the widow of Sergeant Elmer E. Shadel, and authorizing the State Treasurer to place her name on the list of pensioners, and pay said pension to her quarterly."

House bill No. 301, entitled "An act entitled 'An act granting a pension to Mary E. Givens, widow of W. H. Givens.'"

House bill No. 698, entitled "An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Association."

House bill No. 753, entitled "An act making an appropriation to the Master Builders' Mechanical Trade School of the City of Philadelphia."

House bill No. 142, entitled "An act to amend the first and second sections of an act, entitled 'An act providing for the regulation of the manufacture and sale of distilled and fermented vinegars, pre-

scribing their standard, to prevent the adulteration of the same, providing for the enforcement thereof, and punishment for the violation of the same,' approved the eighteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, so as to provide that vinegar made wholly from grapes, apples or other fruits, shall not be required to contain an acidity of four per centum, or one and one-half per centum of solids."

House bill No. 777, entitled "An act making an appropriation to William F. Powell, Second Lieutenant of company I, Ninth regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, on account of accident and disability contracted at Hazleton, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, in the riots of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven."

House bill No. 783, entitled "An act making an appropriation to Charles N. Robinson, a seaman in division A, First naval battalion, Naval Force of the State of Pennsylvania, on account of injuries received while on duty on United States ship San Francisco, in August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three."

Senate bill No. 128, entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled 'An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund collateral inheritance tax heretofore paid or that may hereafter be paid in error,' passed the twelfth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, providing that the limitation of time within which such applications may be made shall not apply to certain cases."

Senate bill No. 32, entitled "A further supplement to the act, entitled 'An act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards,' approved May fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, providing for the electing and commissioning of separate justices of the peace in and for each of the wards into which boroughs, located within the limits of counties containing not less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, may be divided."

House bill No. 585, entitled "An act relating to and fixing the compensation and fees of the treasurer of Northampton county, and repealing section forty-one of the act of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, so far as it relates to said county of Northampton."

House bill No. 109, entitled "An act to amend the first section of an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the licensing of buildings and other places in which theatrical, operatic or circus performances are held, and menageries or museums are exhibited, and fixing the price to be paid for said licenses,' approved the twenty-fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, exempting buildings used for such purposes in boroughs and townships having a population of less than one thousand five hundred people."

Senate bill No. 41, entitled "An act repealing the act 'providing for the collection of the amounts due the Commonwealth for the purchase money, interest and fees due on unpatented lands,' approved May twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven."

Senate bill No. 107, entitled "An act providing for the transfer of judgments and mortgages by the holders thereof, at maturity, upon the request of the debtor."

House bill No. 168, entitled "An act to recognize the service of Col-

onal William Bender Wilson to the Commonwealth during the Civil War."

Senate bill No. 20, entitled "An act to make county, city, school, borough, road, poor and township taxes a lien on real estate, and to give such lien or liens priority for the period of two years from the time such taxes are levied, in the order named, over any tax, lien, recognizance, mortgage, judgment, obligation or responsibility, except the interests of the widow and heirs charged on real estate under proceedings in the orphans' courts, but no longer, unless the same be entered of record in the prothonotary's office, of the proper county in which such real estate is situate in appropriate tax lien docket or dockets, in alphabetical order, against the several persons, firms or corporations against whom the same may be levied or assessed, and making such entry notice to all persons, and providing that such liens shall not be hereafter entered upon the general judgment index; providing the manner of continuing and enforcing such liens, and designating the fees of the prothonotary in connection therewith; providing when such liens shall be discharged by a judicial sale of the real estate so encumbered, and imposing duties upon sheriffs, tax collectors, county commissioners, county, city, school, borough, road, poor, and township officials and other persons, in the collection of said taxes."

Senate bill No. 1, entitled "An act to make active or visiting committees of societies incorporated for the purpose of visiting and instructing prisoners, official visitors of penal and reformatory institutions."

Senate bill No. 306, entitled "An act to provide for the entering of liens for the better securing the pay of mechanics, laborers, and material men, for work and labor done and for material furnished about the erection of any new buildings, and for the repairs and alterations of those already built and to be built."

Senate bill No. 46, entitled "An act to amend the sixth section of an act, entitled 'An act for the greater certainty of title and more secure enjoyments of real estate,' approved twenty-second April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, wherein it relates to implied and resulting trusts in favor of married women."

Senate bill No. 56, entitled "An act empowering cities to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve public streets and alleys, or parts thereof, without petition of property owners, providing for the collection of the costs, damages and expenses thereof, and the appointment of viewers thereon, and the proceedings of said viewers and their compensation."

Senate bill No. 181, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An act to authorize incorporated companies to invest and reinvest surplus funds in mortgages, stocks and other securities, and fixing the time for holding elections for directors,' approved March thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight."

House bill No. 468, entitled "An act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the Sixth Judicial district."

House bill No. 389, entitled "An act to amend the eighteenth paragraph of section second of an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hun-

dred and seventy-four, so as to authorize the formation of corporations for any lawful purpose not otherwise specifically provided for by act of Assembly.”

(Seal.) Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State at the city of Harrisburg, this eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and twenty-third.

WILLIAM A. STONE.

By the Governor:

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth this 18th day of May, A. D. 1899.

LEWIS E. BEITLER,
Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS

ENROLLED IN THE OFFICE

OF THE

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH

Under the Provision of Section 45 of the Act of April 29, 1874,

BETWEEN JUNE 1, 1897, and JUNE 1, 1899,

WITH AN INDEX THERETO.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS.

Created and organized under Act of April 29, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the several Supplements thereto, enrolled in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Published in pursuance of the provisions of the forty-fifth section of the aforesaid act of April 29, 1874.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Charles Horn Silk Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. June 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing silk goods and fabrics of all kinds and sale thereof.	Titusville, Crawford co.
Phillips Tin Plate Company, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$30,000. June 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron, steel and other metals and articles of commerce from wood and metal or both.	Philadelphia.
The Conrad and Jones Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. June 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting any horticultural or agricultural business, as well as the business of raising and growing of trees, plants, seeds and grains.	West Grove, Chester co.
Franklin Illuminating Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas for light only to the public in the city of Franklin, in the county of Venango.	Franklin.
The Commercial Electric Light and Power Company of Shenandoah, Schuylkill county, Pa. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 4, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light and power by electricity to the public in the borough of Shenandoah, county of Schuylkill and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for such purpose to have and exercise all the rights and privileges conferred by the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Shenandoah, Schuylkill county.
Art Square Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. June 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of weaving art squares, rugs, carpets and textile goods of a like nature.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Connellsville White Sand Company. June 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the mining and quarrying of stone, the manufacture of sand and the sale of said material.	Connellsville, Fayette co.
The Vulcan Coal Company. Capital stock, \$120,000. June 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, leasing and acquiring coal lands and privileges, operating, controlling and managing properties for the mining of coal in the State of Pennsylvania and other states; buying, selling, shipping and dealing in coal and coal privileges, leases and lands and shipping coal and purchasing, leasing, renting and acquiring in the State of Pennsylvania and other states land and property necessary or convenient for docks and other facilities in mining and shipping coal and doing the business of the company.	Treveskyn.
India Refining Company. Capital stock, \$500,000. June 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling the products of cocoanuts and other tropical fruits.	Philadelphia.
The Standard Connellsville Coke Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. June 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal and manufacturing coke and for the sale of said coal and coke.	Pittsburgh.
The Champion Wall Plaster Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. June 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of wall plaster, cement and plaster supplies.	Allegheny City.
William Clark Ferry Company. Capital stock, \$240. June 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing, maintaining and operating a ferry and the approaches thereto, across the Monongahela river from a point on the west side of said river at White Mills, Washington county, Pennsylvania, to a point on the east side of said river, at lands of Fahnestock, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania; the nearest incorporated ferry or bridge over said stream is more than two miles distant.	Fahnestock.

clation. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 10, 1897.	lishing a list of commercial ratings and whatever appertains thereto.	Millvale.
The Revenue Building and Loan Association of Millvale Borough. Capital stock, \$500,000. June 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof, and of safely investing the same.	
The World Dyeing and Finishing Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. June 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, dyeing, bleaching, printing and finishing woven and knitted fabrics and yarns of all kinds and descriptions.	Philadelphia.
National Building, Loan and Provident Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The Watontown Electric Light Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. June 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Watontown, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Watontown.
The Metal Black Varnish Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing varnishes, lackuers, dyes, paints and lubricating compounds.	Philadelphia.
The James N. Duffy Leather Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. June 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of tanning and manufacturing all kinds of leather and the manufacture of all other product of hides.	Eldred.
The Scranton Lace Curtain Company. Capital stock, \$160,000. June 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lace curtains and other textile fabrics.	Scranton.
Wrightsville Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. June 16, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the borough of Wrightsville and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Scranton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Star Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. June 17, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
The Cambria Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. June 17, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Johnstown.
Coraopolis Savings and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Coraopolis.
East Side Electric Light Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of generating, transmitting, distributing, and using electric light, heat, or power or any of them, by electricity, in the township of Ross-traver township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships, associations and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Belle Vernon.
Wilkes-Barre Theatre Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. June 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an opera house, in the city of Wilkes-Barre.	Wilkes-Barre.
The Willow Grove Water Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. June 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying the township of Abington, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, with water.	Philadelphia.
Williamson Brothers Company. Capital stock, \$160,000. June 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and building all kinds of engines, machinery and boilers.	Philadelphia.
The Pennsylvania Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of light, heat and power or any of them to the public by means of electricity, in the county of Allegheny.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$125,000. June 21, 1897.	bread, crackers, cakes, biscuits, pies and all other articles of food made from wheat, rye or other kinds of flour and of selling its own product.	Manufacturing.
Fayette R. Plumb, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$350,000. June 21, 1897.	The purpose for which said corporation is formed is the manufacture of edge tools, hammers and sledges, railroad, miners' and blacksmiths' tools and other articles of like character.	Philadelphia.
Wes Susquehanna Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
East Street Premium Building and Loan Association of Allegheny City, Pa. Capital stock, \$300,000. June 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Allegheny City.
The South Pittsburgh Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. June 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting and carrying on a general printing and publishing business and printing and publishing a newspaper.	Pittsburgh.
The Axtell-Rush Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Pittsburgh.
The American Axe and Tool Company. Capital stock, \$2,000,000. June 23, 1897.	The corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Robert Reinhold Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
Pennsylvania Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacturing and brewing of malt liquors.	Pittsburgh.
Citizens' Building and Loan Association of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Pittsburgh Sand Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying, excavating, dredging, producing and preparing for market and selling sand, gravel, cobblestones, lime, limestone and other mineral substances, and for this purpose to have, possess and operate all the necessary tools, steamboats, dredgeboats and appliances necessary for the transaction of such business.	Pittsburgh.
Ripka Mills Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. June 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cotton and other fabrics and merchandise.	Philadelphia.
The Rural Electric Light Company of Wilkinsburg. Capital stock, \$10,000. June 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any or all of them, to the public by means of electricity in the borough of Wilkinsburg, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Wilkinsburg.
Pittsburgh Glass Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting the manufacture and sale of glass, glassware and of any other article of commerce composed in whole or in part of glass.	Pittsburgh.
Braddock Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Braddock.
The Oak Hill Coal Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. June 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and preparing coal for market.	Scranton.
The Lancaster Fender Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. June 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of car fenders or any other article of commerce made out of iron, steel, wood, metal or other material, with the right to hold such patent rights as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the said business, and to issue license or licenses thereunder and receive pay therefor and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said corporation and subject and submit to the same.	Lancaster.

Company of McAdoo. Capital stock, \$15,000. July 1, 1897.	and power, or any of them, by means of electricity to the public in the borough of McAdoo, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Petersburg.
The Juniata and Shavers Creek Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. July 1, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and operating a telephone line from Petersburg to McAlevy's Fort, in the county of Huntingdon, and to construct branch lines to Huntingdon and Greenwood Furnace, in Huntingdon county, and to Tyrone, in Blair county, State of Pennsylvania, and to form connections with other telephone companies.	Philadelphia.
Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company of the City of Philadelphia, Pa. Capital stock, \$5,000. July 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in all kinds of chairs and furniture, reed and rattan goods, rugs, carpets, mattings and mats at wholesale and all materials used in the manufacture of the same or any of them.	Pittsburgh.
McKees Rocks Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$500. July 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over the Ohio river from a point at or near the foot of Wilkins street, city and county of Allegheny, to a point on the south side of the Ohio river at or near what is known as McKees Rocks, also in the county of Allegheny, the location of said bridge being three thousand or more feet from any other incorporated bridge over said stream.	Philadelphia.
The St. Charles Building and Loan Association No. 2. July 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Pittsburgh.
Forest Hill Coal Mining Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and selling coal, and of manufacturing and selling coke.	College Hill.
Champion Saw and Gas Engine Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Philadelphia.
Electric Building Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Home Building and Loan Association of Columbia. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Columbia.
Golbroc Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Pittsburgh.
Lamkin Saddle Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of bicycle saddles and all parts, appliances and appurtenances belonging to or used in connection with bicycles.	Philadelphia.
The Belmont Iron Works. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron and articles of commerce from iron.	Philadelphia.
Susquehanna Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling charcoal, acetates, wood-spirits and other chemical products extracted from wood.	Susquehanna Depot.
Ridley Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. July 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing gas and supplying the same to the public in the boroughs of Ridley Park, Prospect Park, Norwood, Glenolden and Sharon Hill, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, all of said territory being contiguous and adjacent.	Philadelphia.
Ellwood City Land Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. July 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Ellwood City.
The Arlington Sanitarium Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of specific remedies for the treatment and cure of chronic alcoholism, excessive or habitual use of cocaine, chloral, morphine and all narcotics, nervous diseases and all diseases in general, as well the manufacture and sale of specific remedies for the treatment and cure of all diseases in general.	Hazleton.

<div>Capital stock, \$10,000. July 8, 1897.</div> <div>The Plymouth Mountain Coal Com- pany. Capital stock, \$60,000. July 9, 1897.</div> <div>The J. H. Seward Co. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 9, 1897.</div> <div>The Glenolden Real Estate and Im- provement Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. July 9, 1897.</div> <div>The Reed-Morrill Electric Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 9, 1897.</div> <div>The Mt. Hope Coal Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. July 9, 1897.</div> <div>The Lackawanna and Wayne Boule- vard and Bicycle Path Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 12, 1897.</div> <div>The Hastings Building and Loan As- sociation. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 12, 1897.</div> <div>Iron City Cement Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 12, 1897.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing and selling coal.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in fruit or any other kind or kinds of goods, wares or merchandise at wholesale.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate, for maintaining or erecting walls or banks for the pro-tection of low-lying lands.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling electric batteries and all kinds of electric and other ap-paratus and machinery.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling anthracite coal.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of building and main-taining an artificial road or turnpike of stone, gravel and earth from the borough of Dunmore, in the county of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, to Hawley, in the county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, and from a point on the line thereof, on the top of the Moosic mountains, to a point at or near the farm of Peter C. Bearr, in the township of Jefferson, in Lacka-wanna county, Pennsylvania, a distance of forty-two miles, all of said road being located in the counties of Lackawanna and Wayne.</div> <div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</div> <div>The said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cement, limestone and manufacturing and selling all products of rock or clay.</div>	<div>Kingston.</div> <div>Pittsburgh.</div> <div>Glenolden.</div> <div>Philadelphia.</div> <div>Bethlehem.</div> <div>Scranton.</div> <div>Pittsburgh.</div> <div>Allegheny City.</div>
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LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Keystone Crusher and Roller Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. July 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of patents granted by the authority of the United States, and of rights and licenses under said patents and for the manufacture and sale of patented articles.	Pittsburgh.
Pennsylvania Automatic Refrigerator Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. July 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of creating, holding, purchasing and selling of patent rights for inventions, with the right to issue license for the same and to receive pay therefor.	Pittsburgh.
Newton Machine Tool Works, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$225,000. July 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing tools and machinery from iron, steel and other materials.	Philadelphia.
The Allegheny Galvanizing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. July 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of iron or steel, or both, of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both, including the pickling and galvanizing of iron or steel.	Allegheny City.
The J. E. Hess Baking Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling bread, cakes, pies and similar articles of food of every description.	Scranton.
Edgewood Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. July 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage, for the health, comfort and convenience of inhabitants and sanitary improvement in the township of Leet, county of Allegheny and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for this purpose to enter upon and occupy any public highway with the consent of the local authorities.	Sewickley.
The Dushore Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$1,000.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling butter and cheese.	Dushore.

Capital stock, \$50,000. July 19, 1897.	selling of the chemical products of wood.	
The Norristown Manufacturing Com- pany. Capital stock, \$5,000. July 19, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling all articles of wood or metal or any combination of the same which are or may be used in the building or construction of houses or other buildings.	Philadelphia.
Wakefield Hosiery Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of all kinds of hosiery and knit goods and the weaving of cloth and other fabrics from wool, cotton, silk or other ma- terials.	Philadelphia.
Pembroke Land Company. Capital stock, \$600,000. July 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate, for maintaining or erecting walls or banks for the pro- tection of low-lying lands.	Philadelphia.
James Corr Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of lime, cement, stone, coal and builders' supplies.	Philadelphia.
The Jeanesville Iron Works Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. July 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, particularly the manufacturing mining machinery, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty- eighth section of the corporation act of 1874 and supplements.	Jeanesville.
Goodyear Rubber Hose and Packing Company. Capital stock, \$500. July 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling rubber goods of every description and character.	Philadelphia.
The I. Ritter & Sons' Ferry Co. Capital stock, \$1,000. July 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of maintaining and operating a ferry and approaches thereto across the Susque- hanna river from a point on the western side of said river, opposite the owners' home, Liverpool, Perry county, Pennsylv- ania, to a point on the eastern side of said river at the Liver- pool station, on the Northern Central Railway, in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, the western approach to said ferry being over two hundred feet from any other incorporated ferry or bridge, and the eastern approach being the same as the Inch ferry.	Liverpool.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
<p>Utilis Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 28, 1897.</p> <p>Citizens' Gas and Oil Company. Capital stock, \$4,100. July 29, 1897.</p> <p>Jarecki Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 29, 1897.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale of sanitary napkins, to be known by the name of "Utilis" toilet and bath articles.</p> <p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of boring, drilling, mining and operating for petroleum oil and gas and disposing of the same, the buying, selling, leasing, holding and disposing of such real and personal estate as may be necessary and convenient in the conducting of the business of such corporation.</p> <p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of selling malleable and cast iron gas, steam brass and iron valves and cocks, gas, steam and hot water radiators, pipe threading tools, oil, artesian and natural gas well supplies, and for the manufacture and sale of all articles of metal and the manufacture and sale of machinery of all kinds, and for that purpose is to hold such patents as may be necessary having and possessing the powers in the thirty-ninth section of the 1874, and the various supplements</p>	<p>Philadelphia.</p> <p>Emporium.</p> <p>Erie.</p>
<p>The Isabella Furnace Company, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$1,250,000. August 2, 1897.</p> <p>Bald Eagle Water Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 2, 1897.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal, wood or both.</p> <p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of storage, transportation and supply of water to the public in the borough of Tyrone and the territory immediately contiguous thereto for manufacturing, domestic and other purposes, from the Bald Eagle creek and its several tributaries and from any other available source.</p>	<p>Allegheny City.</p> <p>Tyrone.</p>
<p>Hullfax Water Company Capital stock \$30,000 August 3 1897</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the borough of Hullfax and to such persons, partnerships and bodies politic as shall be entitled thereto in accordance with the provisions of the act in that behalf made.</p>	<p>Scranton</p>

phone Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 4, 1897.	taining and operating a telegraph and telephone line in Chester and Montgomery counties, which line will extend from West Chester to Phoenixville, to Mt. Clare, to Rodgers' Ford, to Pottstown, to Spring City, to Phoenixville and returning to West Chester.	North Charleroi.
The North Charleroi Ferry Company. Capital stock, \$500. August 5, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a ferry and approaches thereto over the Monongahela river from a point at or near Seventh street, in North Charleroi, in the county of Washington, to a point on the opposite side of said river, in the county of Westmoreland, the location of said ferry being more than three thousand feet from any other incorporated bridge or ferry over said stream.	North Charleroi.
Eclipse Cement and Blacking Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. August 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cement, blacking and chemical specialties.	Philadelphia.
The Keystone Endeavorer Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Pittsburgh.
The Telephone Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transacting of a printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
Westney Hat Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. August 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling hats and caps.	Reading.
Valley Limestone Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. August 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying or digging limestone and fire-clay.	New Castle.
Paul Wuesthoff Co. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
White Deer Creek Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the storage, transmission, transportation and supply of water for commercial, manufacturing and other purposes in Kelly township, Union county.	Sunbury.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Raub Coal Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. August 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling coal.	Luzerne.
Pittsburgh Physicians' Supply Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 12, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing surgical instruments and appliances and medicinal, chemical and pharmaceutical preparations for scientific medicinal and domestic uses, and to transact all business necessarily incident thereto.	Pittsburgh.
Dagus Clay Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. August 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling brick, tile, terra-cotta sewer pipe and other clay products.	Daguscahonda.
Beaver River Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public, or the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, within the following described district, viz: In Beaver county, Pennsylvania, within the following boundaries: Beginning at a point on the Ohio river, on the boundary line between Brighton and Borough townships, thence following the southern and easterly line of Brighton township to Chippewa township line; thence following the easterly line of Chippewa township to Wallace Run, the southerly line of Big Beaver township; thence along said run and line to the Beaver river and across said river to the westerly line of North Sewickley township and along said line to Pulaski township and along the westerly and southerly line of Pulaski township to New Sewickley township line; thence along the westerly and southwesterly line of New Sewickley township to the Ohio river, on the line between New Sewickley and Economy townships; thence across the Ohio river and along the northerly and western boundary line of Moon township to a point on the Ohio river opposite to the point of beginning, and thence across said river to the place of beginning.	New Brighton.

Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 16, 1897.	to the public or the storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes in the district composed of the county of Luzerne.	
Pennsylvania Automatic Signal and Alarm Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 16, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph or telephones for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarm or messenger business or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any general purpose automatically or otherwise in the county of Allegheny.	Pittsburgh.
United Brush Supply Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 16, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of the manufacture and sale of brushes, brooms, wood, willow and fibre ware, brush and broom makers' machinery, materials and supplies.	Philadelphia.
Smedley Construction Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. August 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cement and asphalt pavements and floors and concrete construction and the building of Telford and macadam roadways, water supply and drainage systems and landscape engineering.	Philadelphia.
Gas Company of Montgomery County. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas for light only to the public in the county of Montgomery, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same, excepting out of said territory, however, the borough of Conshohocken and the township of Lower Merion and also the borough of Pottstown.	Norristown.
The Riceville Building and Loan Association No. 6 of Pittsburgh. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. August 19, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Pittsburgh.
The Second Coaldale Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. August 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Coaldale.
The Glenfield Water Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. August 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public in the borough of Glenfield, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.	Glenfield.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Union Metal Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel and of other metals and of articles of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it.	Philadelphia.
The Lancaster Water Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. August 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public at the village of Laurelton, in the township of Hartley, in the county of Union, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Hartley (Laurelton P. O.).
The Bellwood Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. August 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting a general foundry and machine business at Bellwood, Blair county, Pennsylvania.	Bellwood.
Pennsylvania Central Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Wilkes-Barre.
Provident Building and Loan Association of Harrisburg. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. August 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Harrisburg.
The Scranton Paint Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. August 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining paint ores and other minerals, manufacturing the same into the various products thereof and transporting the same to market in crude or manufactured form.	Scranton.
The McKeesport Gas Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light to the public at the city of McKeesport, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.

and Power Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. August 24, 1897.	supplying light by means of electricity in the borough of Tunkhannock, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing in or adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Shamokin.
Anthracite Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. August 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage in the borough of Shamokin and Coal township.	
The Tamaqua Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$14,000. August 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate.	Tamaqua.
Lawndale Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Philadelphia.
The Bellefield Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. August 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an hotel in the city of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania.	Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh Pure Beer Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 31, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Pittsburgh.
Bucher Acetylene Light Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 31, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling carbide and acetylene gas generators, burners, gas engines, heating and cooking devices, table and bicycle lamps.	Alexandria.
State Capital Savings and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 1, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Harrisburg.
The New Method Steam Laundry Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in the steam laundry business.	Philadelphia.
Triumph Embroidery Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 2, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of textile and embroidered goods.	Columbia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Hurxthaline Coal Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling coal and such other minerals as may be incidentally developed, and their products, with the right to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of real estate by vote of its directors without consent of its stockholders.	Philadelphia.
Fort Pitt Cream and Produce Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling ice cream, cheese, butter and other dairy products.	Allegheny City.
Lycoming Real Estate Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Hughesville.
Champion Silk Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. September 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling silk yarns, threads and fabrics made therefrom, including the dyeing and cleansing of same.	Pottstown.
The Gardner's Creek Coal Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market, shipping and selling anthracite coal.	Wilkes-Barre.
Pennsylvania Monument Association. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase or quarrying of stone of all kinds and dressing, cutting, preparing, selling and shipping the same, either in crude or manufactured form, with power to contract for and construct and erect monuments, tombstones and other articles and things made of stone.	Philadelphia.
Renovo Fire Brick and Clay Works. Capital stock, \$100,000. September 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining fire-clay and manufacturing the same into into products and selling said clay and products.	Renovo.
Monessen Water Company. Capital stock, \$500. September 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Romatzen, county of Westmoreland, and to such persons, partnerships and associations as may desire to purchase and obtain water from the same.	Monessen.

Capital stock, \$1,000. September 9, 1897.	printing and publishing business.	
People's Building and Loan Association, of Pinegrove. Capital stock, \$400,000. September 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Pinegrove.
Home Builders' Investment Association, of Scranton. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof, for the purchase of real estate, improving or removing incumbrances on real estate for the benefit of its members.	Scranton.
Thurston & Wiener Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing men's, women's and children's shoes.	Carlisle.
Ridgway Excelsior Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling excelsior and other wood products.	Ridgway.
Hellos Dry Color and Chemical Works. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing copperas, ochres, paints, colors and chemicals.	Allentown.
The Montgomery Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the borough of Montgomery, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Montgomery.
New Kensington Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. September 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge over the Allegheny river and the approaches thereto, from a point at or near the westerly end of North street, in the borough of New Kensington, county of Westmoreland, and State of Pennsylvania, to a point at or near Boquet Station, on the West Penn Railroad, on the opposite side of said river, in East Deer township, Allegheny county and State aforesaid, said location being about five miles from any other bridge and about fifty feet from a ferry over said stream heretofore incorporated under the laws of said Commonwealth.	Pittsburgh.
The Easton Co-Operative Savings and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Easton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Sellersville Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Sellersville.
The Arnot Water Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Bloss, county of Tioga, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Arnot.
The Guarantee Paving Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 16, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and laying cement, concrete and asphalt pavements for roadways, sidewalks, floors and driveways, and all kinds of cement work and concreting.	1017 Betz Building, Philadelphia.
George P. Steel Co. Capital stock, \$20,000. September 17, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel and of other metals and of articles of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
The Auburn Water Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the inhabitants of the borough of Auburn and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Auburn.
Alaska Metal Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. September 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Beaver Falls.
The Hygienic Fleeced Underwear Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hygienic underwear and other textile fabrics.	Philadelphia.

Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 20, 1897.	sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate as well as improving the same.	
Columbia Fire Cracker Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of fire-crackers.	Pittsburgh
The East Deer Township Water Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of East Deer, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Tarentum.
Brockwayville Glass Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glass, glass bottles and other articles of blown glassware.	Brockwayville.
The West Conshohocken Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of West Conshohocken, in the county of Montgomery, State aforesaid; that is, to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto that may desire the same.	West Conshohocken.
Cottler Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$15,000. September 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the manufacture and production of silverware, plateware, jewelry, works of ornament and art and pictures, and the buying and selling of such articles.	Philadelphia.
Penn Germania Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions or by payments of same in advance of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The Standard Steel Company of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel as provided in seventeenth clause of section two of the act of twenty-ninth of April, 1874, above-mentioned, and the supplements thereto.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Riverside Coal Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. September 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of mining and selling bituminous coal.	Riverville.
Collinsburg Ferry Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a ferry and approaches thereto over the Youghogheny river from a point at or near Collinsburg, Ros-traver township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, to a point on the opposite side of said river, in South Huntingdon township, county and State aforesaid.	West Newton.
The Bangor Co-Operative Savings and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Bangor.
Monarch Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Middletown.
Liberty Market Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. September 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a market house.	Pittsburgh.
Clark Brake Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. September 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Hygiene Milk Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. September 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and preparing for market butter, cheese, ice cream and all other articles and commodities which may be made from dairy products.	Wilkes-Barre.
Lackawanna Valley Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$250,000. October 1, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public or the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes in the district composed of the counties of Lackawanna and Susquehanna.	Scranton.

Company.
Capital stock, \$550,000.
October 4, 1897.

Disbrow Cure Company.
Capital stock, \$2,000.
October 4, 1897.

The South Fork Electric Light, Heat and Power Company.
Capital stock, \$15,000.
October 4, 1897.

Uniontown Brewing Company.
Capital stock, \$100,000.
October 4, 1897.

Lumberville Granite Company.
Capital stock, \$250,000.
October 4, 1897.

New York Dental Parlors.
Capital stock, \$5,000.
October 6, 1897.

The Crescent Brewing Company.
Capital stock, \$40,000.
October 8, 1897.

Harry Davis Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
October 8, 1897.

City and State Publishing Company.
Capital stock, \$25,000.
October 8, 1897.

East Stroudsburg Glass Company.
Capital stock, \$40,000.
October 11, 1897.

printing and publishing business.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of creating, purchasing, holding and selling of patent rights for inventions and designs, with the right to issue license for the same and receive payment therefor.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public at the borough of South Fork, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in the business of quarrying, mining, manufacturing and selling all kinds of granite and other stone for building and all other purposes.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of doing all dental work of whatever kind, including the making of plates, tooth crowns and bridges and dental supplies.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and brewing of malt liquors.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting an opera house.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of publishing a newspaper to be called "City and State," and doing printing in connection therewith, and conducting a general printing and publishing business.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glass and the sale thereof.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Standard Saving and Loan Association of Steelton. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. October 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Steelton.
Yoder-McKee Co. Capital stock, \$30,000. October 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing candies and the buying, selling, trading and dealing in candies, fruits, nuts and grocers' specialties at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
The Mansfield Electric Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat or power, or any of them, by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Mansfield, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Mansfield.
Consolidated Real Estate Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. October 14, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Philadelphia.
Wallenpaupack Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Hawley, Wayne county, Pa., and to such persons, partnerships or corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Hawley.
The De Kosenko Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. October 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing gas, electric and combination lighting fixtures and other articles manufactured from the various metals; the marketing of the same and of all materials, tools, patterns, designs and appliances used in such manufacturing, and the buying and selling of similar articles manufactured by others.	Philadelphia.
A. T. Stewart Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. October 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing agricultural and farming implements and all kinds of articles and machinery made out of wood, iron, steel and other metals or a combination thereof, and selling the same.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$5,000. October 19, 1897.	and selling disn-washing machines, hotel specialties, machinery for the manufacture of textile fabrics and yarns and of other articles of commerce made from wood or metal or both.	Camp Hill.
The Camp Hill Spring Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 19, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the borough of Camp Hill, in East Pennsborough township, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships, corporations and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Camp Hill.
The Press Company. Capital stock, \$600,000. October 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of printing, including the printing and publishing of a newspaper in the city of Philadelphia, known as "The Press," together with the Almanac issued in connection therewith.	Philadelphia.
Columbia Ice Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. October 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of ice.	Columbia.
The Loder Brewing Company of Columbia, Pa. Capital stock, \$150,000. October 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of beer, porter and all other malt liquors.	Columbia.
Pittsburgh Motor Vehicle Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. October 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Speers Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Speers, county of Washington and State of Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships, associations and corporations therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Speers.
Greensburg Press Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Greensburg.
O. K. Slate Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and manufacturing roofing slate and slate commodities of every name and nature and vending the same.	Bangor.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Allen Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in Allen township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships, associations and corporations therein or adjacent thereto who may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.
Confluence, Uraina and Addison Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, leasing and operating telephone lines in the county of Somerset, Pennsylvania, for the use of individuals, firms and corporations in the transaction of general business in the transmitting of vocal sounds over and through wires by electricity, with the right to make connections with other lines for like purposes.	Confluence.
Monongahela Valley Water Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 25, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public or the supply, storage and transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes within the district bounded on the north by the creek; on the east by the creek; on the south by the creek; on the west by the creek; Jefferson and Mifflin.	McKeesport.
The Putnam Machine Tool Company, of Portland, Pa. Capital stock, \$50,000. October 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Portland.
The Narberth Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. October 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants and sanitary improvement of Lower Merion township, in this Commonwealth, and for this purpose to enter upon and occupy any public highway, with the consent of local authorities.	Narberth.

brewing of malt liquors.	Norristown.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing oil cloth of all kinds, including linoleum and any product made from composition of linseed oil, rubber, mineral paints, cork and similar substances.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate.	Wilkinsburg.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to persons, corporations and associations residing and being in the borough of Brockwayville and in Snyder township adjacent thereto, in Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.	Brockwayville.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling matches.	Philadelphia.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction of dams and the driving and floating of saw-logs, lumber and timber on and over Haslett run, a stream not exceeding thirty miles in length from its source, said stream being a tributary of the Susquehanna river in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania.	Curwensville.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling oils, chemicals, chemical compounds, gums, resins and all articles of similar character.	Philadelphia.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of lumber and the erection of buildings.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Scranton.

Capital stock, \$600,000.
October 27, 1897.

The Keystone Oil Cloth Company.
Capital stock, \$35,000.
October 28, 1897.

Hampton Place Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
October 28, 1897.

The Brockway Crystal Water Company.
Capital stock, \$8,000.
October 28, 1897.

Pennsylvania Match Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
October 28, 1897.

Shelley Steel Tube Company.
Capital stock, \$10,000.
October 28, 1897.

Haslett Run Improvement Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
October 29, 1897.

The Union Chemical Company.
Capital stock, \$10,000.
November 1, 1897.

Nay Aug Lumber Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
November 1, 1897.

Traders' Real Estate Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
November 1, 1897.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
First National Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. November 1, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Allegheny City.
Neshannock Sheet and Tin Plate Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	New Castle.
The Metal Storage Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. November 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the storage of metals, iron and all other kinds of merchandise.	Pittsburgh.
Forest Telephone and Telegraph Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. November 3, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating lines of telephone and telegraph in the counties of Forest, Venango, Warren, McKean and Elk and connecting with other lines; the general route of the said lines are from Marienville to Tionesta, Hickory, Kelleetville, Nebraska, Clarington, Cooksburg, Byrontown, in Forest county; Marionville, Forest county, to Oil City and Franklin, in Venango county; Marionville, Forest county, to Clarion, in Clarion county; Marionville, Forest county, to Kane and Bradford, McKean county; the places or points to be connected are Marionville, Tionesta, Hickory, Warren, Oil City, Franklin, Clarion, Brookville and intermediate and adjacent points.	Marionville.
D. O. Cunningham Glass Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. November 4, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of window glass, glass bottles, glass fruit jars, glassware and all other articles of commerce made of glass.	Pittsburgh.
Fayetteville Water Company. Capital stock, \$4,500. November 4, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of to furnish water to the public of Fayetteville, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Fayetteville.
The Lovedale Mining Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. November 8, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling bituminous coal.	Elizabeth.

tion of Mahanoy City. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 8, 1897.	by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	
Parkinson Land Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. November 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, holding, improving, leasing, mortgaging and selling real estate.	Pittsburgh.
The Dingley Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. November 9, 1897.	The purpose for which said corporation is formed is the manufacture of textile goods.	Philadelphia.
P. L. Kimberly Co. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel, or both, or of any other metal, or articles of commerce from metal, wood or both.	Sharon.
Signal Oil Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing valve and signal oils and particularly the oil known as Perfection Valve Oils and Signal Oils, selling its own manufactured products, purchasing the materials used in said manufacture, purchasing and owning the real estate and buildings necessary in said manufacture and doing all things necessary to carry on said manufacture and to maket the products.	Franklin.
Galena Oil Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lubricating oils and particularly the oil known as Galena Oil, selling its own manufactured products, purchasing the materials used in said manufacture, purchasing and owning the real estate and buildings necessary in said manufacture and doing all things necessary to carry on said manufacture and to market the products.	Franklin.
The S. Florey Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Bangor.
The Keystone Gold Mining Company, of DuBois, Pa. Capital stock, \$60,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of prospecting for, mining, preparing for market gold and silver and such other ores and minerals as may be incidentally developed.	DuBois.
Ricketts Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of articles of commerce from wood and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it.	Ricketts.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Babcock Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 11, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of lumber or of any other article of commerce from wood or from metal or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Alpha Paint and Mineral Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. November 12, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and manufacturing clays, minerals, paints, dry colors, chemicals, gums, solvents, fillers, varnishes, oils, machinery and mechanical appliances.	Philadelphia.
Bellwood Coal Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. November 12, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and shipping bituminous coal.	Bellwood.
The New Kensington German Plate Glass Company. Capital stock, \$125,000. November 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glass, such as plate glass, and polishing, beveling and silvering of plate glass.	New Kensington.
Fayette City Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,200. November 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Fayette City, county of Fayette, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Belle Vernon.
International Engraving Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing engravings, cuprotypes, illustrations, line work, cuts, intaglio and process plates.	Philadelphia.
Lawrence Land Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 17, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate.	New Castle.
W. W. Lawrence & Co. Capital stock, \$200,000. November 17, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of white lead, oxidised lead and other products of pig lead; linseed oil, paints, colors, varnishes, putters' supplies and material pertaining thereto.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$99,000. November 18, 1897.	of iron and steel and of other metals and of articles of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and its supplements.	
Barckhoff Church Organ Company. Capital stock, \$1,200. November 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and building of pipe organs and all kinds of musical instruments.	Latrobe.
Reading Car Wheel Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Reading.
Safety Conduit Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 18, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling loricated, electrical and loricated sanitary articles of commerce, manufactured from iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Keystone Umbrella Rod Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. November 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Philadelphia.
Ford China Company. Capital stock, \$150,000. November 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and sale of china, semi-porcelain, porcelain, white granite, C. C. rock and yellow ware and all other articles manufactured from clay.	Ford City.
Phillp Anns Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting bridges, warehouses and other buildings and structures out of iron, steel, wood, stone or other material and building work of all kinds.	Philadelphia.
Cascade Boulevard Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a boulevard in Mill Creek township, in the county of Erie, Pennsylvania.	Erie.
The Daniel O'Connell Building Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Comley Copper and Steel Welding Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling copper welded to iron or steel under letters patent No. 593,534, granted by the Commissioner of Patents of the United States of America.	Pittsburgh.
Westmoor Land Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate.	Pittsburgh.
National Tin Plate Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Monessen.
Lehigh Portland Cement Company. Capital stock, \$250,000. November 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of quarrying cement stone and the manufacture of cements of all kinds thereof and therefrom.	Ormrod.
New Kensington Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 26, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in the business of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors and selling the same.	New Kensington.
Shenango Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public within the borough of Mahoningtown, in the county of Lawrence and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.
Chambersburg Engineering Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. November 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal, wood or both, and the buying and selling of such articles.	Chambersburg.

Capital stock, \$30,000.
November 29, 1897.

The Young Men's Building and Loan Association.
Capital stock, \$200,000.
November 29, 1897.

Philadelphia Straw Board Company.
Capital stock, \$100,000.
November 30, 1897.

Seward-Connolly Company.
Capital stock, \$25,000.
November 30, 1897.

Cachasco Manufacturing Company.
Capital stock, \$2,500.
November 30, 1897.

The Alton Coal Company.
Capital stock, \$5,000.
December 2, 1897.

Potter County Water Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
December 3, 1897.

Old Meadow Rolling Mill Company.
Capital stock, \$125,000.
December 6, 1897.

Gambrinis Brewing Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
December 6, 1897.

for petroleum and natural gas, buying, selling, producing, storing, transporting and shipping the same, with the right of purchasing, leasing and otherwise acquiring, developing, holding, sub-leasing and selling oil and gas lands and other real estate and property which may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of its organization and business, with the right of constructing, using and operating such tanks, pipe lines and other structures as may be necessary for the storage and transportation of oil and gas produced by said company.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying and selling, at wholesale, all kinds of boards and papers and all kinds of merchandise and supplies used in connection with the manufacture and consumption of boards and papers.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in produce and fruits at wholesale.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling sanitary wipers, paper stock and other material connected therewith.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and marketing coal.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Austin, Potter county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the galvanizing of iron or steel or any other metal.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and brewing of malt liquors.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Blossburg Electric Light and Power Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat or power, or any of them by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Blossburg, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Blossburg.
Jacob Foust Co. Capital stock, \$1,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
William E. Dean Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the grading, curbing, paving or macadamizing, constructing and maintenance of any species of streets, road or highway, and the furnishing of the materials and labor therefor, or the construction and maintenance of any species of road other than railroad, and of bridges in connection therewith and general construction work.	Stroudsburg.
The Schuylkill Valley Steel Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Birdsboro.
Montgomery Electric Light and Power Company. Capital stock, \$7,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing or producing, distributing and supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Montgomery, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Montgomery.
The Susquehanna Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 6, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the borough of Camp Hill, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships, corporations and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Harrisburg.

Capital stock, \$10,000. December 6, 1897.	heat and power by means of electricity to the public within the borough of Montoursville, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Shippensburg.
The Shippensburg Canning Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 7, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of canning, preserving and preparing for use and sale all kinds of fruit, vegetables, meats and food products.	Shippensburg.
The United Security Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. December 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Valley Electric Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. December 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	New Brighton.
The Robbstown Water Company of West Newton. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 9, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public in the borough of West Newton, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships, corporations and associations residing and being within and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	West Newton.
The Otter Creek Coal Mining Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. December 10, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying, excavating, boring for and otherwise producing coal, iron ore, limestone, fire clay and other mineral substances incidentally developed; the manufacture of all said products or minerals or substances found in and upon any lands acquired by the company; the transportation of the same to market and the sale thereof in crude or manufactured form, and to such an extent as may be from time to time necessary or convenient for said purposes of acquiring, holding and disposing of real estate by sale, lease or otherwise and of every and all the rights, powers, privileges and immunities of the act of April 29, 1874, providing for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, and the supplements thereto, upon corporations of the class mentioned in the eighteenth clause of the second section of said act.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Lackawanna Mountain Ice Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. December 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing ice, cutting and storing and supplying the same to the public.	Goulsboro.
New Kensington Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 13, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lumber and buildings supplies, doing mill work, making all articles manufactured from wood and selling and disposing of the same.	Pittsburgh.
International Mining and Trading Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. December 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and otherwise acquiring, dealing, working, leasing and selling mining or other lands, mineral rights, claims, lodes, ores or other property, with the right to take lands, waters or rivulets necessary or incident to the treatment of its ores, and the general business of mining; the exploring for mining and otherwise procuring, preparing, minerals and operate placer mines and lodes of gold or silver bearing ores and also to own, sell, lease or release real estate, dwellings and other buildings, mining rights or claims and necessary machinery or processes for the proper prosecution of the business of the company as provided by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relative to corporations for mechanical mining and quarrying purposes approved July 18, 1863, and the several supplements thereto.	Philadelphia.
Standard Electric Light, Heat and Power Company of Avoca, Pa. Capital stock, \$40,000. December 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of maintaining and operating works for the supply and distribution of electricity for lighting, heating and power in the borough of Avoca and adjacent territory to the public and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Avoca.

Capital stock, \$1,000. December 15, 1897.	maintaining a line or lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal and otherwise and for general business and for police, fire alarms or messenger business or for the transmission of any business in which electrical or other wires may be applied to any useful purpose, and its business shall be conducted wholly within the county of Allegheny.	Allegheny City.
Hahnemannian Monthly. Capital stock, \$1,500. December 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of printing, publishing, selling and circulating a journal or paper devoted to medical science and the dissemination of medical news, discovery and investigation.	Philadelphia.
Tiona Refining Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. December 15, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing illuminating and lubricating oils, and all the products of petroleum and packages for holding the same.	Philadelphia.
P. H. Fairlamb Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. December 16, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in coal, wood, building materials, builders' supplies and merchandise at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
The Walther-Robertson Drug Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. December 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
Dr. I. Willits Medicine Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale of Willits' Neuralgia Cure, Willits' Vitatizer and other medicines.	Bloomsburg.
Henry A. Smith & Son Co. Capital stock, \$75,000. December 20, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of doing a wholesale coal, grain and general contracting business therein.	Philadelphia.
The Highland Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. December 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge over the Allegheny river and the approaches thereto from a point at or near the foot of the extension of Centre avenue, in the borough of Aspinwall, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania, to a point in the city of Pittsburgh, on the opposite side of said river, near the Brilliant Pumping Station, said location being about two hundred feet from a ferry and about one mile from a bridge over said stream.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Tilleite Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. December 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of paints, varnishes, oils, enamel paints, Japans and other painting materials and supplies and sale of such articles to manufacturers by it, and the buying and selling at wholesale of similar articles manufactured by others.	Philadelphia.
The American Preserve Company. Capital stock, \$125,000. December 21, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of refining syrups, manufacturing preserves, jellies, fruit butters, mince meat, condiments and all articles of commerce connected therewith or relating thereto.	Philadelphia.
The Pennsylvania Electric Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. December 22, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling all kinds of electrical and electro mechanical appliances, and buying, selling and licensing patent rights in connection therewith.	Marletta.
The Griswold Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. December 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of stoves, stove furniture, hollow ware, castings of iron, aluminum and other metals and any article of metal, wood and other substances, separately or in combination.	Erie.
Pennsylvania Stone Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. December 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of quarrying stone and crushing and grinding the same, and mining sand, loam and clay.	New Castle.
The J. A. Sprowles Co. Capital stock, \$20,000. December 23, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hosiery and knit goods.	Philadelphia.
Asbeston Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. December 24, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing asbestos, coal tar, ammonia, resin, mineral paint, oils, products composed of part or all of these, asphalt, and the application thereof, building papers, hardware paper, straw boards, roofing materials and construction timber.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$600,000. December 27, 1897.	and sale of snuff, tobacco and all the products of tobacco, and for the manufacture of bottles, cans and boxes used in said business.	Pittsburgh.
Dunn Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 27, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the buying and selling of such articles.	Pittsburgh.
Holland Laundry. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of scouring, renovating, renewing, cleansing, bleaching, starching and smoothing wearing apparel, family linen and textile fabrics by the use of machines and mechanical appliances and instruments and the application of skilled and manual labor, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
Penn Petrolatum Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. December 28, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of petrolatum and other products from petroleum and other oils.	Coraopolis.
Charlerol Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing malt liquors.	Charlerol.
The Glasgow Woolen Mills Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. December 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing or making men's clothing and wearing apparel.	Pittsburgh.
The Philadelphia Medical Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. December 29, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of publishing a medical journal and of conducting or transacting a medical printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh Woven Wire Fence Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. December 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of woven wire fence and of iron and steel fence in general.	Pittsburgh.
American Creolol Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of making, compounding and selling creolol and other medical remedies, supplies and disinfectants.	Latrobe.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Marysville Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 30, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, distributing and supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Marysville, and to persons, partnerships and corporations desiring the same residing therein and adjacent thereto.	Marysville.
The Stark Brick Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. December 31, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of brick and other articles from clay and shale, and the sale thereof and of the by-products thereof.	Tunkhannock.
Standard Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. December 31, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, brewing and selling malt liquors, ale, beer and porter.	New Castle.
Brown Knitting Company of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 3, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hosiery and knit goods.	Philadelphia.
The Kennedy Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 3, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of all kinds of yarn and fabrics, materials and articles made therefrom and of all chemicals used in the bleaching, dyeing, finishing or manufacture thereof.	Philadelphia.
Vanport Brick Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 3, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling fire brick, decorative bricks and all forms of bricks from clay to be used for any purpose, and for purchasing, leasing or holding, upon royalty or rental, clay lands from time to time, when and as the same shall become necessary or convenient in the transaction of the business of the said company.	Pittsburgh.
American Mirror Works. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of bending, grinding, beveling, silvering and decorating glass, of manufacturing mirrors and frames of all kinds and of selling the products so manufactured.	Butler.

THE D. D. CLOTH COMPANY. Hummelstown, Pa. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 4, 1898.	boots, shoes and all kinds of footwear.	Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh Merchants' Fruit Exchange. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying and selling, at wholesale, foreign and domestic fruits, produce, vegetables and provisions.	Pittsburgh.
Bradley Fertilizer Company, of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing fertilizers, chemicals and kindred products.	Philadelphia.
The Equitable Trust Company of Pittsburgh. Capital stock, \$300,000. January 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on the business of the insurance of owners of real estate and mortgages and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Pittsburgh.
The Green Ridge Coal Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. January 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal, preparing same for market and selling the same.	Scranton.
Pittsburgh Pure Food Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying and selling, at wholesale, all kinds of canned fruits, canned vegetables, oils, extracts, spices, baking powder, catsup, preserves, pickles, condiments and such other goods as the company will from time to time add to their business in the line of food products.	Pittsburgh.
Charmwood Hosiery Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. January 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hosiery.	Philadelphia.
Monongahela Window Glass Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of glass.	Monongahela City.
New Bethlehem Cigar Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling all kinds of cigars and other products of tobacco and transacting all business incidental thereto.	New Bethlehem.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Duquesne Borough Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for light to the public at the borough of Duquesne, in the county of Allegheny, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
The Christy Park Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 10, 1898.	Is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and for light to the public at the borough of Christy county of Allegheny, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
The Versailles Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for light to the public at the borough of Versailles, in the county of Allegheny, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
The Boston Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for light to the public at the township of Boston, county of Allegheny, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Sidwell Pedal Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel or of any article of commerce from wood, metal or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Collins Pneumatic Hub and Wheel Works. Capital stock, \$200,000. January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of wheels for bicycles and all other vehicles, both in wood and metal, rubber tires, drop forgings, electrical appliances, machinery and sundries adapted to all vehicles.	Bayre.
The Steel Heddle Manufacturing Company. Capital stock \$20,000 January 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and vending steel heddles and all forms of machinery and appliances for weaving and all kinds of weavers' supplies.	Philadelphia.

<p>heat and power, by means of electricity, to the public within the district lying east and west of the Monongahela river, between the junction of the Redstone creek with the Monongahela river and Balrd Station, on the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, said district being bounded on the north by the Monongahela River, Union township, in Washington county, and Forward and Elizabeth townships, in Allegheny county; on the east by the Youghiogheny river; on the south by the Redstone creek and Franklin township and Redstone township, in Fayette county; on the west by East Bethlehem, West Pike Run and Somerset township, in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships, corporations and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</p>	<p>Pittsburgh.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.</p>	<p>Pittsburgh.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing electric lamps and electric machinery, apparatus and appliances.</p>	<p>Allegheny City.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.</p>	<p>Pittsburgh.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate and the holding and leasing real estate in the county of Bucks and State of Pennsylvania.</p>	<p>Mechanicsville.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate and the holding and leasing real estate in the county of Bucks and State of Pennsylvania.</p>	<p>Pittston.</p>
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate and the holding and leasing real estate in the county of Bucks and State of Pennsylvania.</p>	<p>Pittston.</p>

<p>Capital stock, \$1,000. January 11, 1898.</p>	<p>Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company. Capital stock, \$500,000. January 12, 1898.</p>
<p>Capital stock, \$1,000. January 12, 1898.</p>	<p>Aurora Arc Lamp Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 12, 1898.</p>
<p>Capital stock, \$1,000. January 13, 1898.</p>	<p>The Pittsburgh Writing Machine Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 13, 1898.</p>
<p>Capital stock, \$2,500. January 14, 1898.</p>	<p>The Mechanicsville Cemetery Land Association. Capital stock, \$2,500. January 14, 1898.</p>
<p>Capital stock, \$10,000. January 14, 1898.</p>	<p>Pittston and Bear Creek Turnpike Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 14, 1898.</p>

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Quaker City Baking Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling bread, cakes, crackers, biscuits, pies and similar articles of food of every description and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
Frankford Steel and Forging Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing steel and iron forgings, castings and machinery.	Philadelphia.
Relief Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Washington.
The Parkside Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Jersey Shore Electric Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, by means of electricity, to the public in the county, Pennsylvania, and corporations residing outside the same.	Jersey Shore.
H. Smeal Cigar Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of cigars.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$100,000. January 14, 1898.	selling all kinds of car wheels for locomotive, railway, street and other purposes from iron or steel or other material, including the manufacture of articles from wood, steel, iron or both or all other materials for the above purpose, or the manufacture of articles from iron or steel or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both.	Pittsburgh.
Columbus Building and Loan Association No. 3, of Pittsburgh. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the payment of dues, from which loans may be made to its members to aid them in their business, to enable them to procure and pay for lands for themselves and such other purposes as are by law allowed to building and loan associations.	Pittsburgh.
The Hill Ice Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of ice by artificial means and the sale thereof to the public.	Allegheny City.
Straight Creek Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing wood alcohol, acetate of lime and charcoal, the disposing of the same and any product of the same.	Philadelphia.
The Homestead Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 17, 1898.	That the said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for lighting only to the public in that portion of the county of Allegheny known as the borough of Homestead, and to such persons, firms, corporations and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Homestead.
Mahoning Ore and Steel Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel and of other metals and of articles of commerce from metal or wood or both, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
Liberty Land Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. January 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate, for maintaining or erecting walls or banks for the protection of low-lying lands.	Pittsburgh.
Monongahela Boulevard Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. January 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a boulevard.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Rayburn Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public and to persons, partnerships and associations residing in the township of Rayburn, county of Armstrong and State of Pennsylvania.	Kittanning.
West Newton Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,200. January 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of West Newton, county of Westmoreland, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships, associations and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	West Newton.
The Self-Locking Suspender Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. January 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling suspenders, buckles and men's furnishing goods.	Williamsport.
The Philadelphia Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying heat, light and power, or any of them, by means of electricity, steam or other products generated by their plant to the public in Philadelphia, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
The Wilhelm Bicycle Works. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of bicycles and parts thereof or of any other article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Hamburg.
Our Building Association, of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The South Dakota Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Philadelphia.

<div>Capital stock, \$30,000. January 21, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both.</div>	<div>Pittsburgh.</div>
<div>J. & J. B. Millholland Co. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 24, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and treating castings of the Atlas Steel Converting Company's ferro-carbon metal and also of doing a general foundry and machinery business.</div>	<div>Philadelphia.</div>
<div>The Gas Company of Norristown. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 24, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of gas for heating and power purposes only, to the public in the borough of Norristown, in the county of Montgomery, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations resident therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</div>	<div>Norristown.</div>
<div>National Plate Glass Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 24, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing plate and window glass.</div>	<div>Avonmore.</div>
<div>The Lancaster Shoe Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 26, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling men's, women's and children's shoes.</div>	<div>Lancaster.</div>
<div>The James Y. Borden Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 26, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing articles of merchandise made from human hair in the form of wigs, bangs, switches, side waves, curls and other hair structures, especially those covered and embraced in certain letters patent issued to James Y. Borden and heretofore manufactured and sold as "The James Y. Borden Patented Human Hair Structures."</div>	<div>Philadelphia.</div>
<div>Lenox Manufacturing Company of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$35,000. January 26, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing sewing machine attachments and other machine devices and articles of iron, steel, brass and other metals commonly known as light hardware tools and appliances.</div>	<div>Allentown.</div>
<div>The Lackawanna Real Estate Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. January 27, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate.</div>	<div>Scranton.</div>

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Philadelphia Securities Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. January 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the insurance of the owners of real estate, mortgages and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances, with the right to exercise all the powers conferred upon corporations organized for that purpose by the Corporation Act of 1874, the supplement of 8th May, 1889, and all other supplements.	Philadelphia.
Hayville Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,500. January 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply, storage and water power for commercial and in the borough of Osborne and in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Osborne.
Dollar Savings Association of Lawrence County. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	New Castle.
American Soap Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of soap and kindred articles.	Philadelphia.
Victoria Plush Mill. Capital stock, \$75,000. January 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing pile fabrics and kindred products.	Swarthmore.

Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. February 1, 1898.	taining, operating and leasing lines of telegraph and telephone for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal or otherwise, for general business, for police, fire alarm or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose within the counties of Franklin and Fulton, with the right to make connections for the purpose aforesaid, with other similar lines throughout said State, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
The Chestnut Hill Electric Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or either of them, by means of electricity, to the public in the city of Philadelphia, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Woodson's Steel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Woodson's Land Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate, and for maintaining or erecting walls or banks for the protection of low-lying lands.	Pittsburgh.
Whitney Water Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply, storage and transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes in the township of Unity, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Whitney.
Tioga Foundry Company of the City of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$25,000. February 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing of articles of commerce from iron or steel or other metal, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the	Philadelphia.
New York Disbrow Cure Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. February 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the creating, purchasing, holding and selling of patent rights for inventions and designs, and the purchasing of copyrights for books, publications and registered trade marks, with the right to issue license for the same and receive pay therefor.	New Castle.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Lake Superior Coal Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, producing, selling and transporting coal and its products.	Carnegie.
New Gas Light Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for light only to the public in the Twenty-first ward in the city of Philadelphia, and for that purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, powers, privileges, immunities conferred by the act, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto.	Philadelphia.
The Perkase Knitting Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the knitting and manufacturing of clothing and underclothing.	Perkase.
Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse and Transfer Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of building and maintaining and carrying on of a storage warehouse.	Pittsburgh.
Monongahela Filtration Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of filters and other appliances and devices for the purification of liquids, fluids and gases.	Pittsburgh.
The J. G. Curtis Leather Co. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of leather and the products of leather.	Ludlow.
The Lawrence Cement Company of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the quarrying and mining of cement-rock and manufacture of cement.	Siegfried.
The Fulton Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$5,000. February 10, 1898.	of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Improved Street Sweeper Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	
Devon and Cobbs Creek Sanitary Drainage Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage for the health, comfort and convenience of inhabitants and sanitary improvements in cities, boroughs and townships of the counties of Montgomery, Delaware and Chester, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.	Ardmore.
Salisbury Pharmacy. Capital stock, \$6,000. February 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of to manufacture medical preparations, specific remedies, essences and extracts.	Corry.
Chester County Telegraph and Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. February 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and operating lines of telegraph and telephone in the counties of Chester, Montgomery, Berks, Lancaster and Delaware, in the State of Pennsylvania, but in no other states.	West Chester.
Monroe Laundry Company. Capital stock, \$6,600. February 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of cleansing, bleaching, starching and smoothing textile fabrics by the use of machines and mechanical instruments and the application of skilled manual labor.	East Stroudsburg.
The West Penn Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. February 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, purchasing, leasing and operating lines of telephone and telegraph and exchanges in and through the county of Washington, Pennsylvania, for the transmission of messages, and for the transaction of any business in which the transmission of electricity over or through wires, or cables, may be applied to any useful purpose, with the right to make connections for the purpose of its business with other similar lines in the several counties in the State of Pennsylvania and other states.	Washington.
The Commonwealth Publishing Company, of Harrisburg. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Harrisburg.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Eureka Railroad Torpedo Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. February 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling railway danger signals.	Braddock.
The Northampton Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. February 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of brewing, manufacturing and selling lager beer, ale, porter and other malt liquors.	Northampton.
Pennsylvania and Alaska Gold Mining Company. Capital stock, \$3,200. February 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of prospecting for, mining, preparing for market gold and silver and such other ores and minerals as may be incidentally developed.	Harrisburg.
The Reynoldsville Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, leasing, selling, donating and improving real estate.	Reynoldsville.
The Kemble & Mills Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$250,000. February 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
Bowman Foreman Company. Capital stock, \$150,000. February 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of lumber of all kinds.	Williamsport.
The Continental Title and Trust Company. Capital stock, \$500,000. February 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the insurance of owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances and the carrying on of all business and the exercise of all the powers and privileges conferred upon and vested in such corporations by the said act of Assembly approved April 28, 1874, and the several supplements thereto, including the act of May 11, 1888.	Philadelphia.

town. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 21, 1898.	supply of gas for light only to the public in the borough of Pottstown, which is in the county of Montgomery, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein as may desire the same.	
Meyersdale Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Meyersdale, in the county of Somerset, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Meyersdale.
Metropolitan Glass Company. Capital stock, \$7,000. February 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling glass, glassware, earthenware and articles of like material and the lettering and decorating of the same.	Pittsburgh.
Home Telephone Company of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a telegraph and telephone line or system in the county of Allegheny.	Pittsburgh.
Leighton Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. February 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Leighton.
Nazareth Portland Cement Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. February 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining cement rock, manufacturing cement and selling the same.	Nazareth.
Bundy's Water Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the borough of Linesville and the inhabitants of the borough of Linesville and the township of Pine, in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, compact and contiguous territory.	Linesville.
The Pittsburgh Fuel Gas Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. February 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas for fuel purposes to the public at the city of Pittsburgh and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.
Boiling Springs Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. February 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing men's, women's and children's shoes.	Boiling Springs.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Xzema Kure Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 24, 1898.	The purpose for which the said corporation is formed is the manufacture and sale of a certain article called "Xzema Kure" and such other medical preparations and remedies as may hereafter be added to the line.	Connellsville.
The Brown Medicine Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. February 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling medicines.	Erie.
The Pascoe Apartment House Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishment and maintenance of hotel and apartment houses and the conduct of the hotel business.	Philadelphia.
American Telephone Directory Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. February 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose the creating, purchasing, holding and selling of patent rights for inventions and designs, and the purchasing of copyrights for books, publications and registered trade marks, with the right to issue license for the same and receive pay therefor.	Reading.
The Philadelphia Incinerating Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of collecting and destroying or utilizing garbage, dead animals, contents of cess-pools and waste of all kinds and the disposition and sale of the product or products of such destruction or utilization.	Philadelphia.
The Nescopeck Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Nescopeck, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnership or partnerships, corporation or corporations therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and the purchasing and furnishing of electrical current and supplies.	Nescopeck.
Custer City Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing wood alcohol, acetate of lime and charcoal from wood by process of distillation and marketing the same.	Custer City.

Capital stock, \$25,000. March 1, 1898.	brick and other articles of clay.	
Capital stock, \$25,000. The Van Tine & Lipphart Co. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and production of works of ornament and art and the buying and selling of such articles.	Pittsburgh.
Kopp & Ahlers Lumber Co. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lumber, doing mill work, making all articles manufactured from wood and selling and disposing of the same.	Allegheny City.
Liberty Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of drugs and chemicals and the sale of the same.	Philadelphia.
Harvey's Lake Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the township of Lake, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Wilkes-Barre.
Hiram W. French Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hair felt and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-ninth section of the Corporation Act of Assembly approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and the several supplements thereto.	Pittsburgh.
Harrison Bros. & Co., Incorporated. Capital stock, \$2,500,000. March 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing white lead, paints, oils, varnishes, acids, chemicals and kindred articles and products.	Philadelphia.
Wm. F. Remppis Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both; also, manufacture and production of works of ornament and art and the buying and selling of said articles.	Reading.
Federal Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Quaker City Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of trading in lumber, including the buying and selling of the same on commission; said trading in lumber and said buying and selling to be at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
Rush Tire Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling rubber goods of all kinds and descriptions.	Williamsport.
Hempfield Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity in the borough of Jeannette, Pennsylvania, as to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Jeannette.
Boulevard Land Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, improving and dealing in real estate.	Pittsburgh.
The Teacher Publishing Company, of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of publishing, in the interests of public education, a journal called "The Teacher."	Philadelphia.
George C. Towle Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of electrical machinery, electrical specialties and machinery and tools.	Lancaster.
The Allegheny County Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of chemical products.	Pittsburgh.
The Chester Valley Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the borough of Downingtown and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Downingtown.

Capital stock, \$1,000. March 9, 1898.	Muncy.
Saxony Knitting Mills. Capital stock, \$40,000. March 10, 1898.	Philadelphia.
Moosic Brick Company. Capital stock, \$21,000. March 10, 1898.	Moosic.
McBride Roofing and Coal Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 10, 1898.	Philadelphia.
The Beaver Signal Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 11, 1898.	Beaver.
The Imperial Stain, Paint and Filler Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 11, 1898.	Scranton.
Hays Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 14, 1898.	Erie.
Howe Addressing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 14, 1898.	Philadelphia.
to the public for domestic, manufacturing and fire purposes at the borough of Muncy and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture of knitted fabrics.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling the different varieties of brick, terra cotta, lumber and sewer pipe.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of roofing or other commercial products from coal and other minerals, the mining, purchasing and selling of coal and other minerals in crude or manufactured form, the erection, improvement and purchase of such buildings, dwellings, storage yards, machinery, appliances and tools as may be necessary or convenient for the conduct and management of its business.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing stains and fillers.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling iron and brass fittings, oil, gas, water, steam heating and plumbers' supplies and for the manufacture and sale of articles of metal and the manufacture and sale of machinery of all kinds, and for that purpose is to hold such patents as may be necessary for carrying on its business, having and possessing the powers and privileges expressly given in the thirtieth section of the Corporation Act of April 29, 1874, and the various supplements thereto.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Juniata Telephone and Telegraph Company. Capital stock, \$2,400. March 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing a telephone and telegraph line in Snyder and Juniata counties, with connections in Perry and Mifflin counties.	Mifflintown.
Cheltenham Building Association No. 2. Capital stock, \$500,000. March 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Ogontz.
Arlington Building Association. Capital stock, \$500,000. March 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Jenkintown.
The Jersey Shore Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying milk and cream and manufacturing butter, cheese and other dairy products from the same; and further purposes, to have, possess and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges of the aforesaid act of Assembly and its supplements.	Jersey Shore.
Thomas Coal Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal.	Philadelphia.
Citizens' Deposit and Trust Company. Capital stock, \$125,000. March 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on the business of the insurance of owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and encumbrances.	Sharpsburg.
Eastern Electrical Construction Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and construction of electrical plants, supplies and appliances for the generation and transmission of electricity for any purpose to which it may be usefully applied.	Philadelphia.
Lawrence Limestone Company. Capital stock, \$1,200. March 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying or digging limestone, coal and fire clay.	New Castle.

Capital stock, \$3,000. March 18, 1898.	carrying on the business of making and laying artificial granite pavement.	McKeesport.
The American Development and Improvement Association. Capital stock, \$3,000. March 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	
The Halifax Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, taking, improving and holding real estate, the erection of buildings thereon for manufacturing or other purposes or otherwise improving the same, and the selling, leasing or disposing of the same, either improved or unimproved, upon such terms and conditions as may be determined upon by said company.	Halifax.
People's Building and Loan Association, of Scranton. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. March 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Scranton.
The Hults Toilet Paper Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of toilet paper.	Philadelphia.
Dusquesne Galvanizing Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal, wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Carbondale Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. March 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying heat and power to the public in the city of Carbondale, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same; the heat and power to be supplied by means of steam.	Carbondale.
East End Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing wrapping machines and other specialties of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Emporium Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$4,750. March 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing butter, ice cream, cheese and all goods or commodities manufactured from cream or milk, and the transacting of all business connected with a creamery.	Emporium.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Portland Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$400,000. March 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of lumber, lath, shingles and other products of wood.	Portland Mills.
Central Land Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate.	Johnsonburg.
The Marysville Hosiery Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. March 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling to such persons, partnerships and associations as may desire the same, cotton and woolen hosiery of all kinds and descriptions.	Marysville.
American Caramel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. March 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and sale of confectionery.	Philadelphia.
The People's Milk Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale of milk, butter and other dairy products.	Scranton.
The Lancaster Sheet Metal Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of tin and sheet metal work and the conducting of a business that will include roofing, plumbing, steam and gas fittings, hot-air and hot-water heating.	Lancaster.
Standard Heating and Radiator Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Walters Stove Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing articles of commerce from iron and steel, or both, or any other metal or clay or wood.	Sharpsburg.

Capital stock, \$20,000. March 29, 1898.	doors, sashes, blinds, shutters, window and door frames and other articles of commerce from wood.	
Tuscarora Telegraph and Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. March 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph or telephone for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose, throughout the counties of Juniata and Perry, with branches into Franklin and Huntingdon counties.	Mifflintown.
The Broad Mountain Water Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Mahanoy City and to persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Mahanoy City.
Industrial Savings and Loan Association, of Newcastle, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	New Castle.
German Building Association No. 9. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Scranton.
The Capital City Building and Savings Association. Capital stock, \$500,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Harrisburg.
Valley Iron Works. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling machinery or any article of commerce made from iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or from metal or wood or both.	Williamsport.
Perry Coal and Coke Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the mining and transportation of coal and the manufacture of coke.	Perryopolis.
The Scranton Cold Storage and Warehouse Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on a general storage and warehouse business.	Scranton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Artesian Ice Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. April 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing ice.	Bristol.
York Auxillary Fire Alarm Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. April 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, leasing, maintaining and operating, within the county of York, Pennsylvania, for private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal or otherwise, lines of telegraph for police, fire alarm or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose.	Easton.
Pent Bros. & Coleman Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cigars, tobacco and smokers' supplies.	Philadelphia.
Millville Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public in the borough of Millville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Millville.
The Patton Wooden Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. April 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling of spokes, handles and all wood products.	Patton.
Mt. Holly Brick and Clay Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. April 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and refining clays and to manufacture bricks, tile and all other products for which clay can be used.	Harrisburg.
The Conemaugh Coal and Coke Company. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. April 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal, manufacturing the same into coke or other products, and the sale and transportation thereof in crude or manufactured form, and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights and privileges conferred by the thirty-ninth section of the act known as the Corporation Act of 1874.	Wilkes-Barre.

Capital stock, \$25,000. April 6, 1898.	sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling or improving the same.	ROUSVILLE.
The Independent Telephone Company of Lancaster County, Pa. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, maintaining and operating a telephone plant in the counties of Lancaster, Berks and Lebanon, Pennsylvania.	Littitz.
The Intelligencer Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a general printing and publishing business, including the publishing of a daily and weekly newspaper.	Doylestown.
The Ann Oil Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of drilling, operating and producing petroleum and natural gas, and for that purpose to buy and sell such lands, leaseholds, wells, machinery and property as may be necessary therefor, and with all rights and privileges incident thereto.	Pittsburgh.
George deB. Keim Saddlery Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. April 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in horse blankets, carriage robes, harness, saddlery and carriage hardware and goods, wares and merchandise of similar character and pertaining to such business at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
Scranton Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over the Susquehanna river, from a point at or near the village of Mehoopany, Mehoopany county of Wyoming, Pennsylvania, to a place of said river, in same county, at or near the Lehigh Valley Railroad station, the location of said bridge being over three thousand feet from any other incorporated bridge or ferry over said stream.	Scranton.
F. H. Hewett & Son Deslccating and Fertilizer Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of fertilizers and chemicals and the sale of hides, skins, tallow and grease prepared from the product of animal or vegetable matter.	Scranton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Standard Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the erection, construction, purchasing, leasing, maintaining and operating telephone lines and exchanges in and through the counties of Bucks, Chester, Montgomery, Delaware, Northampton and Lehigh and the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, and for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal or otherwise, and for police, fire alarms or messenger business, and for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its several supplements.	Newtown.
Rouzer ville Water Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. April 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public in the village of Rouzer ville, Franklin county, Pennsylvania.	Rouzer ville.
The Featherweight Skirt Supporter Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling the Featherweight Skirt Supporter, and other articles formed in whole or in part of iron and steel, and to do all such other things as may be necessary and incident, properly to carry on said business, under the powers granted by said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Pittsburgh.
Commonwealth Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of brewing, manufacturing and selling malt liquors and beverages and malt extracts.	Philadelphia.
The People's Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, of Gettysburg, Pa. Capital stock, \$2,000. April 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by electricity to the public at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Gettysburg.
Hampton Land Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, improving, leasing and selling real estate.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$1,000. April 18, 1898.	heat to the public within the city of York.
Robinson Machine Co. Capital stock, \$40,000. April 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale of engines, castings and general machine shop work, particularly that class of machinery used in mines, glass-house and mills.
The Seltz Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$175,000. April 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing malt liquors.
The Cabinet Building and Loan Association, of Allegheny, Pa. April 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.
Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarms or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose.
The Hilldale Mining Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. April 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling bituminous coal.
Dunbar Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of the products and by-products of coal tar and other carbonaceous materials.
Loux Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing butter and other dairy products and selling and disposing of the same.
The Pennsylvania General Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the establishment and maintenance of hotels.
The Hercules Specialty Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. April 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.
	Monongahela.
	Easton.
	Allegheny City.
	Pittsburgh.
	Pittsburgh.
	Philadelphia.
	Allentown.
	Wyncote.
	Sharon.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.-
Consumers' Ice and Cold Storage Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying ice to the public and maintaining cold storage.	Erie.
Homestead Valve Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing valves of brass or iron, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Homestead.
Daellenbach Gas Engine Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. April 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture, sale and repair of gas and gasoline engines and other machinery and commodities of iron, steel and other materials.	Ellwood City.
Allentown Copperas Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. April 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing copperas, acids and other chemicals.	Allentown.
Washburn, Williams & Co. Capital stock, \$42,000. April 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of lumber.	Scranton.
Scranton Ice Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. April 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of ice to the public.	Scranton.
East Conshohocken Quarry Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of quarrying stone and manufacturing, sawing, dressing, preparing and erecting stone and all products made therefrom.	Philadelphia.
Edenburg Brick Company. Capital stock, \$7,000. April 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling bricks, tiles and other products of clay.	Pittsburgh.

Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. April 28, 1898.	selling shoes of its own manufacture.	
Barnesboro Electric Light Company, of Barnesboro, Cambria county, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying electric light to the citizens of Barnesboro, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Barnsboro.
The Grays' Ferry Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The South Philadelphia Business Men's Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The Swissvale Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage for the health, comfort and convenience of inhabitants and sanitary improvements in the township of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and vicinity.	Swissvale.
Pittsburgh Folding Table Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Allegheny City.
William J. Mullins Co. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing pickles, sauer kraut, ketchup, preserves, vinegar and condiments.	Pittsburgh.
Cambria Shovel and Forging Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of shovels, tools and any other article or articles of commerce from steel or any other metal or metals or wood or both, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and its supplements.	Johnstown.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Miller Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Franklin.
Blairsville Elgin Butter Company. Capital stock, \$4,500. May 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing butter, cheese and all other products of milk.	Blairsville.
The Inland Engraving and Electro-typing Concern. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 4, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of engravings and electrotypes.	Scranton.
The Clinton County Fire Brick Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling fire brick and other articles of commerce manufactured from clay.	Mill Hall.
Taylor Worsted Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. May 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of cloths.	Lackawanna.
The Monument Mining Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. May 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and selling fire clay and coal.	Mill Hall.
Washington County Gas Company. Capital stock, \$500. May 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas to the public for light only in the county of Washington, and such persons, firms, partnerships and corporations adjacent thereto as may desire the same, excepting from this application the borough of Washington.	Washington.
Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Washington, Inc. Capital stock, \$200,000. May 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the insurance of owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective title, liens and incumbrances.	Washington.

Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 9, 1898.	taining telephone lines, and leasing and putting telephones in private houses, manufactories and business places and charging rates of toll for the use thereof in the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Huntingdon, Lycoming and Montour in the State of Pennsylvania, to connect all the principal towns and villages in the said counties by such system of telephone lines.	Pittsburgh.
E. H. Wean Lumber Co. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lumber and building supplies, doing mill work, making all articles manufactured from wood and selling and disposing of the same.	Pittsburgh.
Lawrence County Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 9, 1898.	Said corporation was formed for the purpose of manufacturing lumber and building supplies, doing mill work, making all articles manufactured from wood and selling and disposing of the same.	Pittsburgh.
The Bellevue Building and Loan Association No. 2, of Philadelphia. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Standard Leather Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. May 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of leather.	Cheswick.
Manor Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the township of Manor, in the county of Armstrong and State of Pennsylvania, to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Kittanning.
The Isherwood Advertising Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling advertising novelties.	Pittsburgh.
Dauphin Bridge and Construction Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting bridges, warehouses and other buildings and structures out of iron, steel, wood, stone or other materials and all kinds of structures of iron work and building work of all kinds and the making, designing and dealing in the several parts of all kinds of bridges, buildings and other structures and generally for the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Hensel Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$2,400. May 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing anti-puncture shields for bicycles, sulkies and other wheel carriages, whips, dress-stays and other articles of commerce from hardened and specially tanned hides and leather and to hold and enjoy such patents for inventions as may be necessary for carrying on its business, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-ninth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplements.	Pittsburgh.
Hummelstown Hosiery Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hosiery.	Hummelstown.
Royal Laundry Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the laundry business by means of machinery operated by skilled workmen.	Allegheny City.
The Conneautville Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$4,500. May 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, in the county of Crawford, telephone and telegraph lines, plants and connections, with and for such individuals and corporations as may see fit to contract with it, with the right to make connections with other and similar lines for the said purpose of carrying on telegraph and telephone lines, exchanges and business.	Conneautville.
United Storage Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of maintaining and operating a storage warehouse for the storage of merchandise and personal property of all kinds.	Allegheny City.
Ephrata Electric Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. May 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of furnishing light, heat and power by means of electricity for the borough of Ephrata and vicinity.	Ephrata.
The Tumacora Fertilizer Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing fertilizers and ingredients.	Port Royal.

Capital stock, \$10,500. May 19, 1898.	selling specialties.	
The Camp Glass Company. Capital stock, \$27,000. May 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale of window glass and other articles of glass and dealing in such articles at wholesale.	Smethport.
Penn Electric Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. May 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and more particularly of electrical and other supplies of brass, iron, wood and other material and selling and disposing of the same, and for that purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and supplements thereto.	Wilkinsburg.
Judge Brothers Carpet Co. Capital stock, \$135,000. May 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of carpets.	Philadelphia.
Montour and Columbia Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose.	Danville.
Cambridge Natural Mineral Water Company. Capital stock, \$500. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of carbonated and mineral waters.	Cambridge Springs.
Standard Dental Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling artificial teeth and dental supplies.	Philadelphia.
The Matamoras Water Company. Capital stock, \$7,000. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public in the village of Matamoras, in the township of Westfall, county of Pike and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Matamoras.
The Lowell Limestone Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of mining and quarrying limestone and selling the same	Mahoningtown.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Bissell Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing chemicals and chemical products.	Versailles.
The Easton Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing, maintaining, purchasing, leasing and operating telephone and telegraph lines and exchanges in and through the counties of Northampton and Lehigh, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal and otherwise, in the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose, with the right to make connections for the purpose aforesaid with other similar lines of telegraph and telephone in other counties of said State, as well as in other states, and for that purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights and privileges in such case made and provided by acts of Assembly.	Easton.
The Schenley Hotel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an hotel in the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.	Pittsburgh.
Thompson's Run Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a bridge over Thompson's Run, a stream within this State.	Pittsburgh.
Connellsville News Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of conducting and transacting a printing and publishing business.	Connellsville.
Lehigh Coal and Land Company. Capital stock, \$120,000. May 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market, shipping and selling anthracite coal.	Hazleton.
The Harry E. Fox Co. Capital stock, \$4,000. May 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and dealing in groceries, confections, bread, cakes, pastry and canned fruits and vegetables at wholesale.	Lock Haven.

<div>Dairy Supply Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 27, 1898.</div>	<div>sale of creamery and dairy products and supplies and devices necessary and useful in the erection and use of creamery and dairy apparatus.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>The Independence Square Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 27, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Mount Wolf Dynamite Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. May 31, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing dynamite and other high explosives.</div>	Mount Wolf.
<div>The Keystone Construction Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 31, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing and selling asphalt products, laying pavements and generally to make and execute contracts in the performance of which it shall be necessary to use asphalt or any of its products and to do a general construction and contract business.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Myra Mills Knitting Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. May 31, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of knit goods, hosiery and underwear.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Hyndman & Moore Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 2, 1898.</div>	<div>The purpose for which said corporation is formed is the manufacture of textile goods.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Elmwood Hall. Capital stock, \$55,000. June 2, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of maintaining an hotel and sanitarium at Elmhurst, Pennsylvania.</div>	Elmhurst.
<div>Selker Cigar Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. June 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling cigars and other products of tobacco.</div>	Clarion.
<div>The Liquefied Acteylene Supply Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of acetylene and the machinery, apparatus and appliances required for its liquefaction, instalation and use.</div>	Lebanon.
<div>The Conestoga Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. June 6, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</div>	Lancaster.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Cambridge Springs Water Company. Capital stock, \$700. June 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Cambridge Springs, in the county of Crawford, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Cambridge Springs.
The Galilee Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$3,650. June 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying butter to the public.	Galilee.
Fiber Specialty Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of vulcanite fiber, paper and vegetable parchment, and the manufacture of trunks, cases and other ware from the same.	Kennett Square.
Hannum Pinking Machine Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. June 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling pinking machines, plaiting machines and other small tools and machines of like character.	Philadelphia.
Novelty Glass Works. Capital stock, \$30,000. June 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of glassware of all descriptions and the sale thereof.	Washington.
Newville Knitting Company. Capital stock, \$80,000. June 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of textile fabrics.	Newville.
Union Burner Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. June 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Fort Pitt Bronze Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Allegheny City.
The Dutton Company of Dutton, Pa. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of dairy products.	Dutton.

Capital stock, \$15,000.
June 15, 1898.

The Gillbee Manufacturing Company.
Capital stock, \$50,000.
June 15, 1898.

Venango Security Building and Loan Association.
Capital stock, \$1,000,000.
June 16, 1898.

The Catasaqua Iron Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
June 16, 1898.

The Lackawanna Silk Company.
Capital stock, \$20,000.
June 17, 1898.

The Kennedy Fence Company.
Capital stock, \$5,000.
June 17, 1898.

The People's Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, of Nanticoke.
Capital stock, \$75,000.
June 20, 1898.

Hatholder and Novelty Company, of Philadelphia.
Capital stock, \$10,000.
June 20, 1898.

North Springfield Water Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
June 20, 1898.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of card boards, photographic mounts and card-board specialties.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and buying and selling silk goods.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public of the borough of Nanticoke and its vicinity. In Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and causing to be manufactured novelties and specialties and selling the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Springfield, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.

Philadelphia.

Oil City.

Catasaqua.

Scranton.

Pittsburgh.

Nanticoke.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Upper Dublin Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Upper Dublin, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
People's Water Company of Abington Township. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Abington, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Dewey Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Upper Merion, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Consumers' Water Company of Plymouth Township. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Plymouth, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Citizens' Water Company of Whitmarsh Township. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Whitmarsh, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.
Moreland Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Moreland, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	to the public in the township of Schuylkill, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.
The Franklin Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacturing of asbestos, stove mats, waste and other asbestos specialties and novelties and all other articles which may be made of asbestos, or of which asbestos may form a part, and the transaction of such business as the ownership of such property, real and personal, as may be necessary or incident thereto.
Southern Tunnel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a tunnel or underground passageway from a point on the northerly side of Coal Hill, in the city of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, through and under Coal Hill aforesaid to a point on the southerly side of said Coal Hill, for the purposes authorized by statute in such case made and provided, with the necessary approaches, all to be within said city.
The Bartels Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. June 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, brewing and selling malt liquors.
Monessen Foundry and Machine Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.
Provident Mining Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. June 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal and manufacturing coke, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirtyninth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the supplements thereto.
The Phoenix Foundry Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. June 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing goods and wares of all descriptions made of brass, bronze and other materials and selling such goods and wares, including all work of ornamentation and decoration in brass, bronze and other metals.
Jeannette Glass Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. June 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glass, glassware and any article composed of glass, combined with other material and marketing the same.

Franklin.

Pittsburgh.

Edwardsville.

Monessen.

Lawrence.

Pittsburgh.

Jeannette.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Hummelstown Shoe Company, of Hummelstown, Pa. Capital stock, \$15,000. June 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing boots, shoes and all kinds of footwear.	Hummelstown.
Friction Draft Gear Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. June 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Mill Hall Water Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing in or adjacent to the village of Salona, in the boroughs of Mill Hall and Flemington and all adjacent and intermediate territory and points between Flat Rock, in the township of Lamar, Clinton county, Pennsylvania, and the limits of the city of Yorkhaven, Pennsylvania.	Mill Hall.
The Index Company, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$50,000. June 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of tallow, greases, fertilizers, glues and articles and products made of or compounded from the bodies, skins and other parts of animals, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-ninth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the supplements thereto.	Philadelphia.
The Reynoldsville Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. June 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing butter and cheese and conducting the general business of a creamery and the marketing the products thereof.	Reynoldsville.
The Beacon Light Company, of Darby. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 30, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the borough of Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Darby.

Park. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 30, 1898.	heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the borough of Ridley Park, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Glenolden.
The Beacon Light Company, of Glenolden. Capital stock, \$1,000. June 30, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the borough of Glenolden, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	
Hercules Metal and Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. July 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or combination of metals, or articles of commerce from metal, wood or both.	East Pittsburgh.
Unipan Development Company. Capital stock, \$90,000. July 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of creating, purchasing, holding and selling patent rights for inventions and designs, with the right to issue license for the same and receive pay therefor.	Philadelphia.
American Cotton Picker Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. July 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Charleroi Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. July 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lumber and building supplies, doing mill work, making all articles manufactured from wood and selling and disposing of the same.	Pittsburgh.
The Glenside Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. July 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for domestic and other uses to the public at the villages of Glenside, Edge Hill and Weldon, in the county of Montgomery, in the State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and association residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Glenside.
Savings Fund Loan Association, of Pittsburgh. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same, and in general for conducting the business of a building and loan association.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Royal Oak Coal Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. July 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing, shipping and selling coal.	Shamokin.
Petersburg Horse Shoe and Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing horse shoes, general foundry work and sundry manufacturing.	Petersburg.
The Sheridan Iron Works Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-eighth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the supplements thereto.	Sheridan.
The Mahanoy Ferry Company. Capital stock, \$400. July 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a public ferry over the Susquehanna river from the east end of the public road crossing the winding bridge over the Pennsylvania canal, in Union township, Snyder county, to a point on the opposite side of the river, on the property now or late of Benjamin Rendental, in Jackson township, Northumberland county.	Herndon.
The Milford Gas Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of acetylene gas or other gas for light, heat or power to the public of the borough of Milford, in the county of Pike and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Milford.
The Zellenople Saving and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$300,000. July 13, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Zellenople.

Capital stock, \$5,000. July 14, 1898.	to the public in the township of South Buffalo, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, excluding therefrom the territory embraced by Freeport borough.
Back Pressure Reducer and Smoke Destroyer Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.
The Fairmount Avenue Building Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. July 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.
The Day-Star Electrotpe Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing electrotpe plates, cuts and other appliances and apparatus for printing.
The News Publishing Company, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of publishing a daily and weekly newspaper; also, the publication of general news and printing.
The Devine Wheel Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling bicycles and vehicles of all kinds.
The Kenwood Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. July 18, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.
Philadelphia Loan and Realty Corporation. Capital stock, \$500,000, each series. July 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Llewellyn Park Land Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. July 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Wilkes-Barre.
Cummings Lake Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the storage and transportation of water and the furnishing of the same in the district composing the Wyoming Valley, in the county of Luzerne.	Wilkes-Barre.
Washington County Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. July 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating telephone lines for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarm and messenger business, in the counties of Washington, Greene and Allegheny, in this State.	Washington.
Liberty Express Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. July 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of transporting passengers and merchandise of all kinds.	Pittsburgh.
The Woodside Coal Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and quarrying coal and preparing and shipping the same to market.	Scranton.
Sallade Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. July 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling laundry, a detergent composition possessing bleaching, antiseptic disinfectant and germicide properties.	Pottsville.
New York Match Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling matches and match machinery and material entering into their composition.	York.
The Columbia Wall Paper Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and sale of wall paper.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$100,000. July 28, 1898.	ing and maintaining a bridge over the Allegheny river and the approaches thereto, at and from a point on the west bank of said river, at or near the foot of Ferry street, in the towns of Crelighton or Hites, in the township of East Deer, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, to a point on the opposite side of the river in borough of Arnold, Westmoreland county, State of Pennsylvania, two hundred and eighty feet south from a street running from Valley Camp Station to the said river. The location of said bridge being about one hundred feet from any other incorporated bridge or ferry over said river.	Pen Argyl.
Aetna Slate Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. July 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and manufacturing slate.	
Hough & Keenan Storage and Transfer Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. July 28, 1898.	The purpose for which said corporation is formed is to carry on a general warehousing business; to receive for safe keeping or storage, goods, wares, merchandise and property of all kinds; to take charge of and perform the duty of paying freights, charges, duties on, bonding, receiving, landing, hauling and transferring all such goods, wares and merchandise; to insure or cause to be insured the owner or owners thereof against all loss by fire or water, whether in transit or in storage; to advance money upon any property in its custody or upon bills of lading, receipts or certificates representing goods in storage elsewhere or in transit; to issue receipts or certificates for goods, wares or merchandise or property to the owner or owners thereof when such goods, wares, merchandise or merchandise or property on the premises or under the control of said corporation at the time of issuing such receipt or certificate; to hold and improve such real estate as may be necessary in order to conveniently and properly conduct the business of such corporation and such real estate as may be conveyed to said corporation as security for or in satisfaction of a debt or debts due to it; and to do such other acts or things as are necessary or incident to the successful prosecution of its business, as well the acts enumerated as those incidental to the successful prosecution of said business, to be done and performed consistently, and the rights, privileges and franchises enjoyed to be limited by the provisions and limitations in the laws of this Commonwealth set forth.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Mehoopany Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. July 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting a bridge (toll) over and across the Susquehanna river at the village of Mehoopany, in the county of Wyoming, Pennsylvania; it is within one-half mile of a ferry and eight miles to the Tunk-hannock bridge.	Mehoopany.
The Suburban Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
The Milmont Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and the holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Philadelphia.
Imperial Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$1,500. August 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemical preparations of all kinds, including boiler compounds.	Philadelphia.
Indian Creek Tie and Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction of dams and the driving and floating of logs, timber and lumber on Indian creek, in the counties of Westmoreland and Fayette, a stream not exceeding thirty-five miles in length, with the right to purchase dams and erect new dams on said stream and clear out, straighten, deepen, crib and widen the same.	New Haven.
American Magnesia Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. August 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lime, magnesia and other chemicals; also, products of which the foregoing form a component part.	Plymouth Meeting.
Berlin Electric Light Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. August 8, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Berlin, in the county of Somerset and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Berlin.

Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. August 9, 1898.		eral saw-planing mill business, manufacture and sale of timber and the manufactured products thereof, and to contract for the building and erection of buildings and articles of commerce of wood, iron, stone and other materials.	Philadelphia.
The Improvement Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. August 10, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Susquehanna Water Company. Capital stock, \$500. August 11, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for domestic and other purposes to the citizens of Susquehanna township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania.	Hastings.
Alblon Building Association. Capital stock, \$25,000. August 11, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing real estate, improved or unimproved, improving the same and of holding and leasing and selling the same in such parts and parcels and on such terms as may be determined by the association.	Alblon.
The Charles Helser Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. August 12, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of shoes.	Hanover.
Pocono Summit Ice Company. Capital stock, \$24,000. August 12, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying the public with ice, and the holding of the land necessary therefor.	Kingston.
The Parsons Silk Throwing Company. Capital stock, \$21,000. August 12, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing silk thread from raw silk.	Plains.
Reese-Hammond Fire Brick Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 12, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the mining of clay and the manufacture of the same in brick, tile and other shapes incident to the brick business and the sale of the same.	Bolivar.
Fidelity Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 15, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate.	Philadelphia.
National Coal Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. August 15, 1898.		Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal and manufacturing coke and other products of coal therefrom and transporting the said coal and coke and other products of coal to market and selling the same.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Homestead Extension Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding and enjoying real estate in fee simple, or upon lease or ground rent, and to improve, lease or mortgage the same; to sell the same in such parts or parcels and upon such terms as it may determine and to convey the same to the purchaser in fee simple or any less estate, and to mortgage, sell, convey and extinguish any ground rent reserved out of any real estate so sold.	Pittsburgh.
The Perry Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$13,000. August 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of providing light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public within the county of Perry.	Newport.
The Palmer Land Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. August 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing real estate and improving, holding and leasing and selling real estate.	Lehigh Gap.
The Standard Electric Company, of Parsons, Pa. Capital stock, \$40,000. August 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light by means of electricity in the borough of Parsons, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Parsons.
Keystone Electric Construction Company, Tunkhannock, Pa. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing electric light, heat and power plants.	Tunkhannock.
Big Spring Creamery and Produce Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and marketing butter and cheese and other products out of milk and cream.	Bellefonte.
Crown Wall Plaster Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. August 17, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of plaster, cement, mortar and lime.	Brad dock.

Lansdowne Electric Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. August 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying heat and power, or any of them, by means of electricity, to the public at the borough of Lansdowne, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Dunmore.
The Dunmore Electric Light Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. August 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of furnishing and supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Dunmore, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania, and to such other persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Dunmore.
Warren Mica Lubricant Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing of lubricating oils and greases and the products of petroleum.	Warren.
J. W. Moore Wagon Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling wagons and other vehicles from wood, iron or steel or any other metals.	Pittsburgh.
Campbell & Slocum Glass Co. Capital stock, \$20,000. August 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing art glass and window glass and of buying, selling, trading or dealing in art glass, window glass and paints at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
Prismatic Electric Sign Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. August 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Williamsport.
The International Transportation Agents' Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. August 26, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of editing and publishing magazines and other associations and individuals interested as agents or otherwise in passenger and freight traffic upon railway and steamship lines and securing advertisements therefor and generally for the purpose of doing, printing and publishing in all its branches, either directly or by contracts therefor, with others.	Philadelphia.
Monessen Steel Company. Capital stock, \$500. August 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Monessen.
Mullins Pickle Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. August 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying and selling pickles, preserves and condiments, vinegar and sauer kraut.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Fort Pitt Supply Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. August 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of plumbers' supplies from iron or steel, or other metals, or from metal or wood, or both, and the same thereof.	Pittsburgh.
The Burley Heater Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. September 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of the "Burley heater" boiler and any other article of commerce from metal.	Tyrone.
The Huntingdon County Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. September 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing, purchasing, leasing, maintaining and operating telephone lines and exchanges in and through the counties of Huntingdon, Bedford, Blair, Centre, Fulton, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry and Franklin counties, with the right to make connections for the purpose of making telephonic communications with other similar lines in other counties in the State.	Saltillo.
Griswold Wire Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Braddock.
The Anchor Nail and Tack Works. Capital stock, \$45,000. September 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the manufacture of iron and steel, or of any other article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Ivill Coal Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. September 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing for market and selling coal.	Pittsburgh.
Hughesville Electric Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. September 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity in the borough of Hughesville, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.	Hughesville.
The Southern Pennsylvania Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 9, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, maintaining and operating telephone and telegraph lines in the counties of Cumberland, Dauphin and Adams, Pennsylvania.	Carlisle.

Capital stock, \$12,000. September 12, 1898.	the public in the village of Hazelhurst, in the township of Hamlin, county of McKean, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing in or adjacent to said village of Hazelhurst as may desire the same.	
Mattern, Linderman & Findley Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$20,000. September 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and the buying and selling of such articles.	Pittsburgh.
The Brilliant Oil Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of producing, refining, buying, selling, trading and dealing in crude and refined petroleum at wholesale.	Allegheny City.
Munyon's Food Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of specially prepared foods of all kinds, both solid and liquid, for the public in general, invalids and infants, including among other things malted food and malted milk.	Philadelphia.
Economy Building and Loan Association of Scranton, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. September 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Scranton.
The Rapid Over-Seaming Machine Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. September 16, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing sewing machines and machinery.	Philadelphia.
Jonathan Graham & Son Co. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in groceries at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh Sheet Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of iron, steel or other metal or articles of commerce from the same.	Pittsburgh.
Mason & Snowden Lumber Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. September 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of lumber.	Scranton.
Lake View Milling Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. September 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling all kinds of flour, feed, grain and other cereal products.	Chambersburg.

CHAPTER IV.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Globe Hardware Company. Capital stock, \$8,000. September 22, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing hot-air furnaces, feed-steamers, house-furnishing goods from wood, tin, copper, iron, steel or metal, all or either, and buying and selling such articles.	Montrose.
Wyoming Engineering Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. September 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of steam eliminators and other articles of commerce from iron or steel or other metal or wood or both.	Pittston.
The Easton Power Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. September 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity in the city of Easton, Northampton county, Pennsylvania, to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Easton.
The West Penn Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$300,000. September 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same, and for the transaction of such business as building and loan associations have authority to transact under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.	Allegheny City.
The Pittsburgh Brewers' Supply Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. September 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in brewers' supplies, or in any other kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
Sterlingworth Railway Supply Company. Capital stock, \$150,000. September 29, 1898.	The said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture, purchase, sale, use, operation and leasing for use and operation of appliances, apparatus, devices, instruments, machines, machinery and other articles and supplies for railways and other corporations, associations, firms and persons; the purchase and sale of inventions and letters patent for inventions and of interests therein, and the acquiring and granting of franchises and rights to manufacture, vend and use the same.	Easton.

<div>THE SUSQUEHANNA FURNITURE COMPANY. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>selling all kinds of furniture.</div>	
<div>Laceyville Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting a toll bridge across the Susquehanna river at Laceyville, Wyoming county, Pennsylvania, from the foot of Church street, in said village of Laceyville, to the foot of Bridge street, on the opposite side of said river; that there is no bridge or ferry crossing said river within three thousand feet of the proposed place of erecting said toll bridge.</div>	Laceyville.
<div>United States Biscuit Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing cakes and crackers.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Pack & Sons Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$35,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of beds and bedding.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Erie County Electric Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of producing electricity for light, heat and power purposes, and supplying the same to the public in the county of Erie, Pa., and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein as may desire the same.</div>	Erie.
<div>Cumberland Valley Telephone and Telegraph Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, maintaining and operating telephone and telegraph lines in the counties of Franklin and Cumberland.</div>	Chambersburg.
<div>Duquesne Garden Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an opera house and other place of public amusement in the city of Pittsburgh.</div>	Pittsburgh.
<div>Sperry Candy Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of confectionery.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>The Stockdale Ferry Company. Capital stock, \$500. October 3, 1898.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a ferry and approaches thereto, over the Monongahela river, from a point near the southwest line of the borough of Stockdale, Washington county, Pennsylvania, to a point in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, opposite or nearly opposite thereto; the distance of proposed ferry to any other incorporated bridge or ferry is more than three thousand feet.</div>	Stockdale.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Novelty Art Square and Carpet Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of carpets and textile goods.	Philadelphia.
The People's Glass Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. October 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glassware, decorating and ornamenting, purchasing and selling the same.	Mt. Jewett.
The Morris Arc Lamp Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. October 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing of arc lamps and electrical appliances pertaining thereto.	Chester.
McMaster, Elbridge and Mangle Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. October 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and the sale of window shading, curtain poles, rollers and fixtures and all other goods, wares and merchandise pertaining to the upholstering trade and house decorations, and also bicycles and bicycle supplies.	Philadelphia.
The Swatara Water Company. Capital stock, \$500. October 11, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the townships of Swatara and Lower Swatara, in the county of Dauphin, State of Pennsylvania; that is, to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Millersburg.
Alloy Smelting Company. Capital stock, \$16,000. October 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of smelting or reducing from their ores the rarer metals and chemicals useful in the arts and manufactures.	Pittsburgh.
The Independent Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. October 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and selling of malt and the manufacturing, brewing and selling of malt and fermented liquors in wood and glass.	Philadelphia.
The Bauschard Company. Capital stock, \$125,000. October 19, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of dressed and undressed lumber, doors, sash, blinds, interior and exterior furnishings and articles of commerce from metal or wood, or both, for use in and about the erection and construction of buildings.	Erie.

Manufacturers' Paraffine Company. Capital stock, \$42,500. October 20, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the manufacture and sale of paraffine wax, lubricating oils and other products from petroleum, as well as the product from other oils.	Chester.
The East End Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. October 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of a system of sewers, conduits and underdrains in the borough of Sunbury, Pennsylvania, and the supplying of sewerage to such persons, partnerships and associations residing in said town or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Sunbury.
The Wyoming Valley Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$500,000. October 21, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying heat, light and power by means of electricity to the public at the city of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne county, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Wilkes-Barre.
Darby-Lansdowne Electric Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by means of electricity to the public at the borough of Darby, which is in the county of Delaware, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Darby.
Clifton-Lansdowne Electric Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Clifton Heights, which is in the county of Delaware, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Clifton Heights.
Yeadon-Lansdowne Electric Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. October 24, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by means of electricity, to the public in the borough of Yeadon, which is in the county of Delaware, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Yeadon.
The Galetton Stave and Heading Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. October 25, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing staves, heading and other articles of wood for commerce.	Galetton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Columbia Heat and Power Company of Shenandoah, Pa. Capital stock, \$5,000. October 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying steam heat and power to the residences and business places of Shenandoah, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, and vicinity.	Shenandoah.
Common Sense Fire Extinguisher Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. October 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling apparatus and devices for the extinguishment of fires and of fire-proofing materials.	Allegheny City.
Erie Safety Window Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. October 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and vending window-jams, frames, sash-stops and fixtures made of metal and wood or either.	Erie.
The American Brewing Company, of Bennett, Pa. Capital stock, \$20,000. October 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing of malt liquors.	Millvale borough.
The Freeman Pant and Overall Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. October 31, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling overalls, pants, underwear and clothing of all kinds and descriptions.	Scranton.
York Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for under-surface and sewage drainage for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants and sanitary improvement in the city of York and vicinity.	York.
West Penn Steel Sheet Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 2, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing sheet steel, or sheet iron, or tin plate, or terne plate.	Leechburg.

Imperial Ice Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. November 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of applying refrigeration for general cold storage purposes.	Philadelphia.
Standard Graphite Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. November 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing commercial graphite and mineral paint and all other articles of commerce that can be made wholly or in part from graphite.	Philadelphia.
The Loyola Building and Loan Association of Philadelphia, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 7, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Columbia Real Estate Exchange. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale and leasing of real estate.	Columbia.
Pittsburgh Melting Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing tallow, oleomargarine oil and stearine.	Allegheny City.
American Coal Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal and manufacturing coke, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirtieth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the supplements thereto.	Ridgway.
Oldach Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and binding books.	Philadelphia.
Tuscarora Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over the Susquehanna river from a point at or near the village of Skinner's Eddy, in the county of Wyoming, to a point on the opposite side of the said river, in the same county, the location of said bridge being more than three thousand feet from any other incorporated bridge or ferry over said stream.	Skinner's Eddy.
South Florida Apiary Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 10, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of breeding bees, producing, buying and selling aparian products and supplies.	Titusville.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
<p>The Connellsville, Klondike, Normalville and Ohio Pyle Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 10, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, leasing, maintaining and operating, within the counties of Fayette and Somerset, and wholly within the State of Pennsylvania, telegraph and telephone lines for the private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business, and for police, fire alarm or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied for any useful purpose with the right to make connections for the purpose aforesaid with other similar lines throughout the State, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.</p>	Connellsville.
<p>Saylorsburg Lake Ice Company. Capital stock, \$18,000. November 11, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of cutting and harvesting ice, supplying the public with the same and holding land necessary for that purpose.</p>	Saylorsburg.
<p>Wilson-Childs Wagon Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 14, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing wagons, carts and wheelwright work.</p>	Philadelphia.
<p>Cambria Steel Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. November 14, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal.</p>	Philadelphia.
<p>The Peerless Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. November 14, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing toilet paper, paper specialties and fixtures and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges appurtenant thereto.</p>	Philadelphia.
<p>Lovell Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. November 14, 1898.</p>	<p>The said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling clothes wringers, rubber rolls and other articles of rubber, articles of iron or steel or any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.</p>	Erie.

<p>doors, sash, blinds, window and door frames and other articles of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and selling the same.</p> <p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture, bottling and sale of carbonated and natural mineral waters.</p>	Milton.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of glass, tile and other articles made from glass.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of flavoring extracts, essence, perfumes, soaps, toilet waters and toilet specialties.</p>	Tunkhannock.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of cigars, cigarettes, smoking tobacco and for the sale of said articles.</p>	Allegheny.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	Conshohocken.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in petroleum and all oil products at wholesale.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in anthracite coal at wholesale.</p>	Scranton.
<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Tuckahoe Lithia Water Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. November 15, 1898.</p>	
<p>The Opalite Tile Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. November 17, 1898.</p>	
<p>Carey Bros. Extract Co. Capital stock, \$5,000. November 18, 1898.</p>	
<p>Mesta Machine Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 21, 1898.</p>	
<p>W. W. Stewart Co. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 21, 1898.</p>	
<p>Citizens Saving Fund and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 21, 1898.</p>	
<p>Denlinger Bros. Oil Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 25, 1898.</p>	
<p>The Wyoming Coal Sales Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. November 25, 1898.</p>	
<p>The Columbus Building and Loan Association No. 2, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. November 25, 1898.</p>	

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

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CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
John Wood Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or of any article of commerce manufactured from metal, alloys and compositions of metals or wood, or any of them, and the galvanizing of metals, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of Assembly and the supplements thereto.	Conshohocken.
Penn Window Glass Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing window glass and other glass products.	Spring City.
American Specialty Enamelling Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing enamel glaze and of making, stamping and enameling articles of household utensils of sheet steel or iron, and galvanizing, retinned and Japanned ware and selling and dealing in the same and supplying said enamel and glaze to articles for other persons.	Johnstown.
The Joel Bally Davis Co. Capital stock, \$5,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing at wholesale in dry goods and notions.	Philadelphia.
The Springdale Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Springdale, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and association residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.
The Harmar Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. November 28, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the township of Harmer, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.

turing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. November 30, 1898.	lumber and articles therefrom.
The Pittsburgh Steam Jacket Lubricating Company. Capital stock, \$2,500. December 1, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, of glass or all, and the creating, purchasing, holding and selling of patent rights for inventions and designs necessary for the conduct of said business.
A. L. Butz Cork Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. December 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of cork wood and all articles manufactured therefrom
Mahoning Land Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. December 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.
Coudersport Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$35,000. December 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling baskets, veneers and other articles of wood and part wood.
Kensington Knitting Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. December 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of all kinds of hoslery and knit goods and the weaving of cloth and other fabrics from wool, cotton, silk and other materials.
Delaware County Electric Light and Power Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 5, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the city of Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.
The Clark Tunnel Coal Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. December 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, preparing, shipping and selling anthracite coal.
The Homestead Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, leasing and operating lines of telephone for private use of individuals, firms, corporations and associations within the State of Pennsylvania, in the county of Allegheny.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Keystone Dry Color Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 6, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and sale of dry colors, paints and pigments.	Philadelphia.
The Covington Apartment Hotel Company. Capital stock, \$45,000. December 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an apartment house or family hotel in the city of Philadelphia.	Philadelphia.
Keystone Cold Storage Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. December 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of a general storage warehouse business.	Reading.
The Pennsylvania Telegraph and Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. December 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of constructing, maintaining and operating telegraph and telephone lines in all of the counties of the State of Pennsylvania and in all of the states of the United States of America.	Beaver Falls.
The Anthracite Beer Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. December 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of brewing lager, ales, and porters and supplying the same to the public in general.	Kingston.
Mount Pleasant Coal Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 12, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and preparing coal for market and selling the same.	Scranton.
Shamokin Silk Throwing Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. December 14, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the throwing and spinning of silk and other yarns and the manufacturing of silk and other textile fabrics.	Shamokin.
Pittsburgh Confection Association. Capital stock, \$2,500. December 15, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing candy, sweetmeats and other confectionery and selling the goods so manufactured at wholesale, and for the further purpose of buying and selling at wholesale candy, sweetmeats and other confectionery, confectionery supplies, tobacco, nuts, foreign and domestic fruits.	Pittsburgh.

<p>Capital stock, \$1,000,000. December 15, 1898.</p>	<p>ture, preparation and sale of fuel from culm and other substances, and of screens, conveyor-chains and other devices necessary or useful for such purpose, and of generally doing the things authorized by section two, clause eighteen of the second class of the act of the twenty-ninth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, Pamphlet Laws 73, and the several supplements and amendments thereto.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>The Casino Ten Cent Building and Loan Association, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. December 16, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Ambler Asbestos Air-Cell Covering Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. December 19, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of materials and appliances composed of asbestos or other non-heat conducting substances and combinations of asbestos and other non-heat conducting substances, for heat-saving, heat-excluding and for fire-proofing purposes.</p>	Ambler.
<p>Hygienic Specialty Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 19, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of food products and utensils for cooking and compounding food products.</p>	Philadelphia.
<p>Cable Coin Case Company. Capital stock, \$500. December 19, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>Lewis Run Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. December 22, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling charcoal, acetate, wood spirits and other products from wood.</p>	Bradford.
<p>Robisonia Water Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 22, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the town of Robisonia, in the township of Heidelberg, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</p>	Robisonia.
<p>The Altoona Tribune Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. December 22, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.</p>	Altoona.
<p>The American Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. December 23, 1898.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.</p>	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Chartiers Iron and Steel Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. December 23, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron and steel.	Carnegie.
Pittsburgh Supply Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. December 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds o' goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
Equitable Meter Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. December 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, repairing and dealing in meters, regulators, valves, fittings, tools and machinery.	Pittsburgh.
The Richart and Sanderson Oil Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. December 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing lubricating, burning and other oils and other substances from mineral oils or kindred materials and for selling the same, together with appliances for or connected with the use of the same at wholesale.	Scranton.
Cascade Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. December 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, erecting and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over Big Cascade creek, in Millcreek township, in the county of Erie, Pennsylvania, from a point in lots 27 and 28, in the third section of the town of Erie, Pennsylvania, and south of Big Cascade creek to a point in said lot Nos. 27 and 28 north of said Big Cascade creek, a distance of about five hundred and twenty (520) feet, being over three thousand (3,000) feet from any other incorporated bridge over said stream.	Erie.
The Bridgeport Tube Works. Capital stock, \$10,000. December 29, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel tubing and other articles of merchandise made from iron and steel, and the sale of the same.	Bridgeport.
Durland-Thompson Shoe Co. Capital stock, \$250,000. December 30, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying and selling boots and shoes at wholesale.	Honesdale.

<div>Quaker City Water Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. December 30, 1888.</div>	<div>the city of Philadelphia and to such persons, partnerships, and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</div>	DuBois.
<div>The Gray Printing Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on a printing and publishing business.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>The Paxson & Comfort Co. Capital stock, \$250,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing coffins, caskets and other undertakers' supplies of all kinds, and buying, selling, trading and dealing in all kinds of wares and merchandise at wholesale connected with and incidental to the business of undertakers' supplies.</div>	Pittsburgh.
<div>Beaver Stone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and quarrying stone and selling the same, and using the same in the erection of buildings, piers and walls and all other structures in which stone is used in construction and the carrying on of a general construction business.</div>	Luzerne.
<div>Blue Ridge Packing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing cider and vinegar and packing, canning and preparing fruits and vegetables for domestic use and the selling of the same.</div>	Bath.
<div>The Bath Industrial Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of shirts and textile fabrics.</div>	Galeton.
<div>The Galeton Water Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Galeton, in the county of Potter, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</div>	Philadelphia.
<div>Henry Sheip Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$250,000. January 3, 1899.</div>	<div>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of lumber, boxes, cabinet work and wood-work generally.</div>	

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Carbondale Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing, purchasing, leasing, maintaining and operating lines of telephone and exchange in and through the county of Lackawanna, in the State of Pennsylvania, with the right to make connections for the purpose of telephonic communication with other similar lines in other counties of said State, as well as in other states, as well for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, and for police, fire alarm or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose, including the furnishing of all supplies, appliances and machinery necessary to the conduct and maintenance and operation of such business.	Carbondale.
The People's Coal Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the opening and operating of coal mines, mining and preparing for market and selling and shipping anthracite coal and of leasing, purchasing and holding lands for that purpose.	Scranton.
Derry Water Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in Derry township, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania.	Derry Church.
The Crescentville Land Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. January 5, 1899.	The said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying and selling land and dealing in real estate of all kinds.	Philadelphia.
The Potter Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$13,000. January 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of transacting a printing and publishing business.	Coudersport.
Hazelhurst Window Glass Company. Capital stock, \$65,000. January 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling window glass.	Bradford.

Capital stock, \$50,000. January 6, 1899.	nitro-glycerine, powder, dynamite, gun-cotton, gelatine, sporting ordinances, torpedoes composed in whole or in part of some one or more of explosives above mentioned, and other articles pertaining to the manufacture of high explosives.	Sewickley township.
Westmoreland Brewing Company. Capital stock, \$45,000. January 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing of malt liquors, and the sale of such liquors so manufactured by it.	
The Lustrao Transparent Enamel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 9, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing paints, varnishes, enamels, lustres and polishes.	Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh Horse Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. January 9, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Star Building and Loan Association, of Sayre. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 9, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Sayre.
Standard Automatic Gas Engine Company. Capital stock, \$24,000. January 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of gas engines and other machinery, tools, oil well and electric supplies and other appliances and all business incident thereto.	Oil City.
Horton Run Coal and Coke Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. January 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal, manufacturing coke, transporting and selling the same, in crude or manufactured form, with power in the board of directors of said company to purchase, sell or release all real estate necessary in the conduct of the business without the agreement and consent of the majority in value of the stock.	Indiana.
United Brewing Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and brewing of malt liquars.	Pittsburgh.
The Shaw Mining Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. January 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining gold, silver and other minerals and preparing the same for market.	Hazleton.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Gill & Co., Incorporated. Capital stock, \$125,000. January 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing glass, glassware, cutting and decorating the same.	Philadelphia.
The Orchard Place Company, of New Castle, Pa. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of which is the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of Assembly and supplements.	New Castle.
The Eastern Water Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes and in the city and county of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania.	Philadelphia.
West End Sewer Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of sewers, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface, under-surface and sewage drainage for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants and sanitary improvement in the city of York, York county, Pennsylvania.	York.
Eastern Flour and Merchandise Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
The Seymour Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. January 16, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light, heat and power, by means of electricity, to the public in the borough of Winton, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania, and to such other persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Winton.
The Jessup Sewage Drainage Company. Capital stock, \$9,000. January 16, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining sewers, culverts, conduits and pipes, with all necessary inlets and appliances for surface and under-surface and sewage drainage in the borough of Winton, county of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania.	Winton.

Capital stock, \$30,000. January 16, 1899.	of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Standard Computing Scale Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. January 18, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of scales from metal or wood, or both, under clause or subdivision XVII (17) of corporations of the second class, provided for in the said act and its supplements.	Pittsburgh.
North Versailles Electric Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 18, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying, by means of electricity, light, heat and power, or any of them, to the public in the township of North Versailles, in the county of Allegheny, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Turtle Creek.
The Consumers' Beer Company of Scranton, Pa. Capital stock, \$200,000. January 18, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling brewed and malt liquors, and for transacting such other business as may be incident thereto or necessary for the proper exercise of the corporate rights and franchises of the company.	Scranton.
Datlmer Bros. Co. Capital stock, \$6,000. January 18, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
The Eastmere Water Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the village of East End, in the township of Swatara, Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Harrisburg.
The American Quarry and Construction Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of quarrying and crushing stone or other minerals, buying and selling the same and their products, constructing roads, ways, sewers and stone works generally and for this purpose to hold, by purchase or lease, real estate, stone and mineral lands and mining and mineral rights.	Philadelphia.
L. R. Downing Co. Capital stock, \$12,500. January 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in milk and cream, butter, eggs, poultry and other farm products at wholesale.	Philadelphia.
The Fraser & Babst Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. January 20, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing medical, chemical and pharmaceutical preparations and surgical instruments and appliances for scientific, medical and domestic uses, and to transact all business necessarily incidental thereto.	Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Great Eastern Oil and Gas Company, of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$3,500. January 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the mining and boring for petroleum and natural gas, buying, selling, producing, storing, transporting and shipping the same, with the right of purchasing, leasing and otherwise acquiring, developing, holding, sub-leasing and selling oil and gas lands and other real estate and property which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of its organization and business.	Towanda.
Connellsville Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of soap and compounds to be used with soap.	Connellsville.
Bucks County Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. January 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling butter and other dairy products.	Philadelphia.
Anthracite Separator Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. January 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of machinery and tools used in and around mining operations.	Hazleton.
The Glen Water Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. January 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Glen Campbell, in the county of Indiana and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, corporations and partnerships residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Glen Campbell.
The Northampton National Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. January 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	South Bethlehem.
Manhattan Check Register Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling check registers.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$6,200. January 25, 1899.	Selling butter, ice cream and other dairy products, and for the further purpose of buying and selling ceam and milk at whole-sale.	Allegheny City.
The Ball Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 25, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling varnish, varnish-remover, driers, paints and kindred articles composed of oil and other materials.	
Wrightsville Electric Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 25, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, by means of electricity, to the public in the borough of Wrightsville and in the township of Hellam, York county, Pennnsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Wrightsville.
The Dunn Station Oil and Gas Com- pany. Capital stock, \$1,200. January 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining for and pro- ducing petroleum oil and natural gas and selling and disposing of the same.	Pittsburgh.
Heinemann Chemical Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. January 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing acetate of lime, wood alcohol and charcoal and other products from wood.	Newerf, McKean co.
The Canton Pottery Company. Capital stock, \$250,000. January 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying, excavating, boring for and otherwise producing coal, iron ore, limestone, fire clay and other minerals and substances; the manufacture of commercial products from all of said products, and of all substances or minerals found in and upon any lands acquired by the company, the transportation thereof to market and the sale thereof in crude or manufactured form, and to such an extent as may be from time to time necessary or convenient for said purposes, of acquiring, holding and disposing of real estate by sale, lease or otherwise and of constructing and dis- posing of dwellings and all kinds of buildings, erection of buildings, erecting machinery and appliances, and of acquir- ing, possessing and enjoying all the rights, powers, privileges and immunities conferred by the act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereof, upon corporations of the class mentioned in the eighteenth clause of the second section of the said act.	Pittsburgh.
Shamokin Coal Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, manufac- turing, preparing for market and selling coal.	Sunbury.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
The Pennsylvania Reduction Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on a manufacturing business, including the manufacture of lubricants, fertilizers, chemicals and other articles from vegetables and animal matter and waste refuse of municipalities.	Scranton.
Monarch Glass and Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. January 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of glass, glassware and glass-workers' machinery.	Pittsburgh.
The Kelly Automatic Car Coupler Company, of Harrisburg. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and marketing the Kelly Automatic Car Coupler.	Harrisburg.
Coraopolis and Sewickley Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. January 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over the Ohio river, from a point at or near the foot of Chestnut street, in the borough of Sewickley, in the county of Allegheny, to a point on the opposite side of said river, at or near the public highway in the township of Moon, in the county of Allegheny, leading from Coraopolis to Shousetown, the location of said bridge being more than three thousand feet from any other incorporated bridge over said river.	Pittsburgh.
The American Pipe Covering Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. January 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of pipe covering, granite fibre, asbestos fibre and the products thereof.	Pittsburgh.
The Northern Cambria Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. January 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting and maintaining telephone lines and putting telephones in private houses, manufactories and business places, and charging rates of toll for the use thereof, in the counties of Cambria, Clearfield, Indiana, Blair, Somerset and Westmoreland, in the State of Pennsylvania, to connect all the principal towns and villages in said counties by such system of telephone lines.	Spangler.

chemicals, drugs, paints and varnish.	
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, and of any other metal and of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both, and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it.	Philadelphia.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of producing, dealing in, transporting, storing and supplying natural gas.	Tioga.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining coal and preparing the same for market and for buying and selling, shipping and transporting the same, and for the transaction of such business as may be necessarily appurtenant thereto or connected therewith.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of publishing books, maps, charts and periodicals and of printing and of book binding.	Harrisburg.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the carrying on of the business of manufacturing clothing.	Pittsburgh.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of articles of commerce from wood or metal or both.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and shipping coal.	Morgan P. O.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacturing and selling of glass and articles of commerce made from glass.	Pittsburgh.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of cigars.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$60,000.
January 31, 1899.

Richard Heckscher & Sons Co.
Capital stock, \$600,000.
January 31, 1899.

The Tioga Heating and Illuminating Company.
Capital stock, \$5,000.
January 31, 1899.

Scranton Coal Company.
Capital stock, \$200,000.
February 1, 1899.

R. L. Myers & Co.
Capital stock, \$50,000.
February 2, 1899.

Imperial Garment Company.
Capital stock, \$10,000.
February 3, 1899.

Dobson Signal Lamp and Lantern Company.
Capital stock, \$1,500.
February 6, 1899.

Millers' Run Mining Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
February 8, 1899.

Brownsville Glass Company.
Capital stock, \$30,000.
February 9, 1899.

Theobald & Oppenheimer Co.
Capital stock, \$500,000.
February 9, 1899.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Engineering and Mechanics' Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 9, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
Honesdale Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$51,000. February 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying and selling boots and shoes at wholesale.	Honesdale.
Wissahickon Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the construction and maintenance of a bridge over the Schuylkill river, in the State of Pennsylvania, between the counties of Montgomery and Philadelphia, above the bridge known as the City Avenue bridge, about three thousand feet northwest of said bridge, on the Montgomery county side of the said river and about twenty-nine hundred feet northwest of said bridge on the Philadelphia side of said river.	Philadelphia.
The Foote & Fuller Co. Capital stock, \$20,000. February 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Scranton.
Union Alliance Building and Loan Association, State of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. February 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	New Brighton.
The Arvonla Land and Investment Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. February 14, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying and selling real estate in the State of Pennsylvania and improving the same; buying, selling, holding, leasing and improving real estate.	Swarthmore.

supplying gas for light only to the public in the district composed of the townships of Darby, Upper Darby, Ridley, Springfield, Upper Providence and Nether Providence, and the boroughs of Media, Eddystone, Ridley Park, Colwyn, Sharon Hill, Clifton Heights, Lansdowne and Yeadon and such other boroughs as may be in existence within the territorial limits of the several townships above named, all of which townships and boroughs are in the county of Delaware and State of Pennsylvania, and comprising together a compact and contiguous district, which can be conveniently supplied with gas from one central plant, said company to have the right and power to supply gas as aforesaid to the public and to such persons, partnerships, corporations and associations residing in said district as may desire the same.	
Capital stock, \$1,000. February 14, 1899.	
<div>The Maxim Company. Capital stock, \$500. February 14, 1899.</div>	Pleasant Mount.
<div>Clover Leaf Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 14, 1899.</div>	Carbondale.
<div>New Castle Shovel Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 14, 1899.</div>	New Castle.
<div>The Carbondale Machine Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. February 15, 1899.</div>	Carbondale.
<div>The Freedley Meadow Land Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 15, 1899.</div>	Norristown.
<div>The American Pharmacal Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 15, 1899.</div>	Lancaster.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Athens and Sayre Gas Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. February 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas for light only to the public in the contiguous and adjoining boroughs of Athens and Sayre. In the county of Bradford and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Athens.
Joseph Reid Gas Engine Co. Capital stock, \$100,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling gas engines, motor vehicles, oil well and electrical supplies and machinery and appliances and all business incident thereto.	Oil City.
Palmer Water Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public and water power for manufacturing purposes in the township of Lower Towamensing, in the county of Carbon and State of Pennsylvania.	Palmerton.
Keystone Paper Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling strawboards, newsboards, wrapping, roofing, building and asbestos papers.	Philadelphia.
Windber Electric Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by electricity to the public and to such persons, partnerships and corporations and municipal corporations as may desire the same.	Paint township, Somerset county.
Beaver Land Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Tyrone.
Crescent Building and Loan Association of the Seventh Ward of Allegheny City. Capital stock, \$250,000. February 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Allegheny City.

Capital stock, \$75,000. February 27, 1899.	facturing and selling stone.	
The Lindsey Water Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. February 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public in the borough of Clayville, county of Jefferson, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing in or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Claysville.
The Shenandoah Powder Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. February 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling powder, dynamite and other high explosives, and manufacturing kegs, cartridges and like appliances necessary for the preparation and use of such explosives.	Shenandoah.
The People's Light Company of Pitts- ton, Luzerne county, Pa. Capital stock, \$150,000. February 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and supply of gas for light only to the public in the city of Pitts- ton, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations resid- ing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittston.
The Admiral Dewey Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. February 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
Consolidated Water Supply Company. Capital stock, \$400,000. February 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public or the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes in the district composed of the counties of Lackawanna and Sus- quehanna.	Scranton.
The Clarion County Milling Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. March 1, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of flour and feed.	Edenburg (Knox P. O.).
The Commercial Publishing and Di- rectory Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 1, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of a general printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
The Empire Glass Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 1, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and decorating any article of commerce made of glass or of metal, or made of glass and metal combined.	Ellwood City.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Fern Rock Woolen Mills. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 2, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling woolen and cotton goods.	Philadelphia.
Smith Table Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing tables and furniture and the manufacture of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Warren.
Equitable Land and Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Pittsburgh.
The Union Surety and Guaranty Company. Capital stock, \$250,000. March 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of insuring the owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances.	Philadelphia.
The City Saving Fund and Trust Company, of Lancaster, Pa. Capital stock, \$150,000. March 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the insurance of owners of real estate, mortgagees and others interested in real estate, from loss by reason of defective titles, liens and incumbrances and to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred upon such corporations by the said act of Assembly and the various supplements thereto.	Lancaster.
Lake Erie Asphalt Block Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. March 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing asphalt block and tile and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirteenth section of the aforesaid Corporation Act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto.	Pittsburgh.
Duquesne Coal and Coke Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. March 7, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, digging and selling coal, the transportation thereof to market and the manufacture of coke and its by-products therefrom and the transportation to market and the sale thereof.	Pittsburgh.

SAID CORPORATION IS FORMED FOR THE PURPOSE OF PURCHASING OR SELLING, VESSELS OR BOATS AND THE CARRYING OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY THEREON.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying ice to the public and the establishment of a system of refrigeration by which the public may obtain materials for refrigerating purposes through pipes or conduits from central stations.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public of the township of Baldwin, county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Pittsburgh.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of quarrying and manufacturing stone and selling the same.	Scranton.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling coke and mining coal for use in such manufacturing business.	Uniontown.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, improving and selling real estate, with the right to transact such business incidental thereto as may be necessary or advisable for the carrying out of the purposes of the corporation.	Wilkes-Barre.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture and sale, at wholesale, of articles of commerce from iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or clay or wood.	Pittsburgh.
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-eighth (38) section of the Corporation Act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto.	Pittsburgh.
Payntelle Ice Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. March 7, 1899.	
Baldwin Water Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. March 9, 1899.	
The Pennsylvania Quarry Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. March 9, 1899.	
Continental Coke Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 10, 1899.	
Midvale Land and Fruit Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. March 10, 1899.	
Pennsylvania Pump and Supply Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 10, 1899.	
Best Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 13, 1899.	

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Charleroi Brick Works. Capital stock, \$30,000. March 14, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing brick of all kinds and tiles and terra cotta and any other article of commerce that may be made or manufactured from clay, sand, earth, or any composition, and the sale of the same, and to purchase, contract for, use and employ and work all such materials, machinery, appliances and property, real and personal, as may be necessary to carry on the said business.	North Charleroi.
The Standard Laundry Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 14, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of cleansing, bleaching, starching and smoothing textile fabrics by the use of machines and mechanical instruments and the application of skilled manual operation.	Philadelphia.
Lackawanna Valley Electric Light and Power Supply Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. March 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public at the city of Carbondale, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Carbondale.
Lansdale Land Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing and selling real estate or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Lansdale.
The Adams County Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$500,000. March 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Gettysburg.
The Pittsburgh Mining Machine Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 16, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both, and of buying, selling, leasing and selling machinery and electrical machinery for mining and other work.	Pittsburgh.

supplying gas for light only to the public in the city of Easton and borough of West Easton, in the county of Northampton, and to such persons, partnerships, associations and corporations residing therein or in territory adjacent thereto as may desire to have the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of extracts from wood and bark for tanning and dyeing purposes, and the manufacture of leather and leather fabrics and to hold such patents as may be necessary to carry on its business.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of and mining sandstone, clay and fire clay "fire-sand," fire-brick and other products therefrom and shipping and marketing the same, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by said act of Assembly and its supplements.

The corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and vending malt and brewed liquors, such as ale, beer, porter and stout and transacting all such business as may be necessary therefor and incident thereto in any part of the United States or its territories.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose (a) of manufacturing all kinds of chemicals, (b) of selling the products so manufactured by it, and (c) of utilizing and selling the by-products resulting from such manufacture.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing carbons for electric light and other purposes and other articles necessary to the production and commercial use of electricity.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron or steel, or both, of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from wood or metal, or both, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-eighth section of the Corporation Act of April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of cleansing, bleaching, starching, dyeing and smoothing textile fabrics by the use of machinery and mechanical appliances and the application of skilled manual operation.

Capital stock, \$100,000.
March 16, 1899.

The Oak Extract Company.
Capital stock, \$150,000.
March 17, 1899.

The James D. Peck Fire-Sand Co.
Capital stock, \$25,000.
March 20, 1899.

The Erie Brewing Company.
Capital stock, \$1,500,000.
March 20, 1899.

General Chemical Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
March 21, 1899.

The Faraday Carbon Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
March 21, 1899.

Pennsylvania Bath Tub Company.
Capital stock, \$120,000.
March 22, 1899.

Pittsburgh Laundry Company.
Capital stock, \$1,000.
March 22, 1899.

Newport.

West Whiteland.

Erie.

Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh.

Ellwood City.

Pittsburgh.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Anchor Brass and Bronze Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 22, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of brass and bronze castings, works of ornament and art and other articles of commerce from metal or wood, or both, under sub-division seventeen of corporations of the second class of the Corporation Act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and its supplements.	Pittsburgh.
The Linesville Telegraph and Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. March 23, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining telegraph and telephone lines and system of same in Crawford county, Pennsylvania.	Linesville.
The Pittston Cut Glass Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of glass and glassware.	West Pittston.
Murray Lumber Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of a general planing mill business, manufacturing lumber, buying and selling the same and manufacturing articles therefrom.	Phillipsburg.
Hayes Bros. Co. Capital stock, \$30,000. March 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Philadelphia.
The Bucks County Water and Power Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. March 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply, storage and transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes at Solebury township, in the county of Bucks, of the State of Pennsylvania.	Solebury.
The Pruzer-Painter Stove and Heater Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. March 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron or steel, or both, or any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both.	Reading.
Consolidated Electric and Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. March 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in machinery and appliances for the generation, transmission and utilization of electricity.	Pittsburgh.

Capital stock, \$2,000. March 27, 1899.	selling medicines, remedies, compounds and preparations for scientific, medicinal and domestic uses.	
Perryville Avenue Building and Loan Association of Allegheny City, Pa. Capital stock, \$500,000. March 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Allegheny City.
The American District Telephone Company of Pennsylvania. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 27, 1898.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarm or messenger business, and for the transaction in connection therewith of a general messenger and delivery business.	Pittsburgh.
Beaver Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. March 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Beaver.
The Selinsgrove Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. March 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by electricity, to the public in the borough of Selinsgrove, Snyder county, Pennsylvania, where it is located, and to such persons, partnerships and corporation residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Selinsgrove.
American Coke Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. March 29, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of fuel by subjecting coal to heat, as provided in the thirty-ninth section of the general Corporation Act of 1874.	Pittsburgh.
Larzelere Machine Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. March 29, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Williamsport.
The West Newton Supply Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. March 30, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling and trading in goods, wares and merchandise of various kinds and qualities at wholesale.	West Newton.
Jas. H. Baker Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$100,000. April 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Tarentum.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Western Pennsylvania Brick Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. April 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale for terms of years of brick manufacturing plants and all property appurtenant thereto and necessary for their operation and the holding, leasing and selling the same.	Pittsburgh.
The People's Heating Company. Capital stock, \$3,000. April 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying and furnishing heat by means of steam or hot water to the public in the borough of Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland county, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Mt. Pleasant.
Inter-State Oil Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 4, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of producing petroleum oil and gas.	Bradford.
The Raeder Blank-Book Lithographic and Printing Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. April 4, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Wilkes-Barre.
Southdown Knitting Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing underwear and knit goods.	Allentown.
The Provident Water Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 4, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public in the borough of Rochester, county of Beaver, and to persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Rochester.
Dusquesne Brewing Company of Pittsburgh. Capital stock, \$2,500. April 4, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and brewing of malt liquors.	Pittsburgh.
Allentown Iron Works. Capital stock, \$20,000. April 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron and steel and selling the same.	Allentown.

New York Shipbuilding Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. April 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the building of ships, vessels and boats and carriage of persons and property thereon.	Wilmington, Del.
The Swarthmore Building Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. April 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the contributions of the members thereof, of leasing the same to them from time to time and of exercising the powers and functions of a building and loan association under the laws of said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.	Swarthmore.
The Crescent Beach Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water for the public at the village of Shannopin, in the township of Hope- well, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Ethel Landing.
The Canton Illuminating Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. April 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by electricity to the public in the borough of Canton, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Canton.
James B. Sipe & Co. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 6, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in paint oils, paints, driers and other articles composed in whole or in part of oil, lead and other kindred substances.	Allegheny City.
Ketterer Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 7, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling wagons, carriages and other vehicles and wagon and carriage makers' supplies.	York.
The Houser Springless Lock Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 7, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of locks and keys and lock fittings.	Bellefonte.
Anthracite Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. April 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, maintaining and operating telephone and telegraph lines in the county of Schuylkill, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.	Pottsville.
Equitable Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. April 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, maintaining and operating telephone and telegraph lines in the county of Schuylkill, in the State of Pennsylvania.	Shenandoah.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Smith's Patent Wagon Brake Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of articles of commerce from metal or wood and from both metal and wood, known as wagon brakes, and the buying and selling of such articles.	Bangor.
Consolidated Ice Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying ice to the public.	Pittsburgh.
Ben Avon Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing and maintaining a bridge and approaches thereto over and across Spruce run, from a point on the Brighton road near Park street, to Dickson avenue, at a point near the Brighton road, all in the borough of Ben Avon, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, the location of said bridge being more than three thousand feet from any other incorporated bridge over said stream.	Pittsburgh.
The Bath Water and Power Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the public and for the purposes of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, in the borough of Bath, in the county of Northampton, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Bath.
Union Terminal Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of either in package, bulk or cars, between establishments and railroads on either side of the Allegheny river, by means of boats and Allegheny rivers, such purpose to construct and operate said such purpose to construct and operate said make such connections with manufacturing establishments and railroads or such other connections as may be necessary for same.	Pittsburgh.
The Galloway Brush Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of manufacturing brushes of every kind and description.	Philadelphia.

Tloga Paper Box Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing paper boxes.	Philadelphia.
American Farmers' Investment Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 12, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding and selling real estate and of maintaining and erecting walls or banks for the protection of low-lying lands.	Philadelphia.
The Delmar Oil and Gas Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of leasing and maintaining, with the right to dig, mine, bore for, gather and sell oil, gasses or other minerals for the private use of individuals, firms or corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business anywhere within the limits of this Commonwealth.	Stony Fork.
Oakwood Park Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Meadville.
Hanover Building and Loan Association No. 8. Capital stock, \$300,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contribution of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Hanover.
Bakerstown Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$4,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing butter, cheese and other dairy products.	Bakerstown.
Bethlehem Steel Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Philadelphia.
National School Slate Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind of slates, or goods, wares and merchandise manufactured from slates at wholesale.	Bethlehem.
The Chester News Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. April 17, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.	Chester.
Keystone Drop Forge Works. Capital stock, \$50,000. April 18, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, and of any other metal and of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, and the sale of such articles so manufactured by it.	Philadelphia.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
People's Light and Power Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the city of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, and adjacent territory, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Wilkes-Barre.
Domestic Water Heater Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of water heating appliances and machinery and the component parts thereof from metals or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The South Bethlehem Electric Light Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 20, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of generating, manufacturing electric light, heat and power in and to the borough of South Bethlehem, in the county of Northampton and State aforesaid, and vicinity and to persons and corporations therein.	South Bethlehem.
Shamokin Peerless Bakery. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 21, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of to manufacture and sell all kinds of crackers, biscuits, bread and other food products, confectionery and flour.	Shamokin.
The Park State Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. April 24, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining, quarrying and manufacturing and selling roofing slate, school slate, slate mill stock, slate blackboards and all other slate products.	Wind Gap.
The Protected Railroad Bond Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. April 25, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and dealing in electrical and mechanical apparatus, materials and supplies.	Philadelphia.
Youghiogheny Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. April 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying light, heat and power, or any of them, by means of electricity to the public in the borough of Connellsville and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.	Connellsville.

West Side Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. April 26, 1899.	Said corporations is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying electric light, heat and power, by means of electricity to the city of Scranton, to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto, not extending beyond the limits of the county of Lackawanna as may desire the same.	Scranton.
Duncan-Spangler Coal Co. Capital stock, \$100,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of mining and marketing bituminous coal.	Philadelphia.
Union Steel Casting Company. Capital stock, \$70,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or article of commerce from metal, wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
The Scranton Corundum and Emery Wheel Company. Capital stock, \$30,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing corundum and emery wheels, and other articles used for abrasive purposes, from corundum, emery and other gritty substances, separately or in combination, and all such appliances, implements and machinery as may be useful in the manufacture and use of said products.	Scranton.
Pittsburgh Steel Foundry. Capital stock, \$250,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Lincoln Foundry Co., Incorporated. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from wood or metal or both.	Pittsburgh.
William Krause & Sons Co. Capital stock, \$600,000. April 27, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, selling and dealing in cements and building materials and the quarrying, milling, grinding, selling and dealing in mineral substances and the construction of cement pavements, etc.	Philadelphia.
Monessen Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. April 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Monessen.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Tide Water Steel Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. April 28, 1899.	The purpose for which said corporation is formed is the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from wood or metal, or both, and said corporation shall have the right to purchase, lease, hold, mortgage and sell real estate and mineral rights, to prove and open mines, to mine and prepare for market or for its own use and consumption, coal, iron ore and other minerals, and to erect and construct furnaces, forges, mills, foundries, manufacturing and such other improvements and erections as it may deem necessary, and to manufacture iron and steel, or any other metal or either thereof, in all shapes and forms, and either of these metals exclusively, or in combination with other metals, or with wood, and to transport all of said articles, or any of them, to market and to dispose of the same and to all other acts and things as a successful and convenient prosecution of said business may require, and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights and powers corporations of its class and character by the 1874, and its supplements.	Philadelphia.
Reynoldsville Real Estate Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. April 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, holding, improving, leasing and selling real estate.	Reynoldsville.
York Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. April 28, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and improving the same.	York.

<p>pany.</p> <p>Capital stock, \$1,000. April 28, 1899.</p>	<p>and power by means of electricity to the public within the district lying east and west of Monongahela and Youghlogheny rivers, in the county of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, between a point on the said Monongahela river where the boundary line of the city of Pittsburgh intersects said river, to a point where the boundary line of the county of Westmoreland intersects said river, and from the mouth of the Youghlogheny river to a point where the boundary line of said county of Westmoreland intersects the said Youghlogheny river and more particularly bounded and described as follows: On the east by the townships of Rostraver, Sewickley, North Huntingdon, Penn, Franklin and Burrell, in the county of Westmoreland; on the north by the Allegheny river; on the west by the city of Pittsburgh and the townships of Snowden and Baldwin, in Allegheny county, and on the south by townships of Union and Carroll, in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</p>	
<p>Commercial Sash and Door Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 2, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of purchasing, selling and dealing in sash, doors, window frames and general building supplies at wholesale.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>The California Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 2, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supplying water to the boroughs of California, Coal Centre, Elco, Roscoe, Stockdale and Allenport and the townships of East Pike Run and Allen, and to such persons, partnerships and associations residing in or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.</p>	California.
<p>Pittsburgh Brake Shoe Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 2, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing of iron or steel, or both, or any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.</p>	Pittsburgh.
<p>American Specialty Stamping Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. May 2, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture, finishing, enameling, Japanning, glazing, tinning and sale of tools, machinery, cooking utensils and other articles of merchandise or commerce out of iron, steel, brass, copper, aluminum or other metal or composition or wood.</p>	Johnstown.
<p>Allegheny Valley Improvement Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 2, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, and for holding, leasing and selling real estate and improving the same.</p>	Tarentum.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Keeler-Kirkpatrick Manufacturing Co. Capital stock, \$30,000. May 3, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture, printing, binding, publication and sale of books, pamphlets, magazines and periodicals, and the transaction of a general printing and publishing business in accordance with Clause XII of section two of the act of April 29, 1874.	Philadelphia.
The Lackawanna Home Supply Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 4, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing, buying, selling at wholesale, baking powder, extracts, spices and other articles of kindred nature for home, table and culinary use, together with appliances for and connected with the use of the same.	Scranton.
The Atlas-Portland Cement Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing Portland and other cements, as also such products as may be manufactured therefrom, either alone or in combination with other materials and any by-product that may result in the process of manufacture.	Northampton.
The Mount Vernon Land Company, of Scranton, Pa. Capital stock, \$8,000. May 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate and for holding, leasing and selling real estate.	Scranton.
H. K. Porter Co. Capital stock, \$8,000. May 5, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Pittsburgh.
Eureka Leather Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 8, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing leather and selling the same.	Philadelphia.
The McHatton Smelting Company. Capital stock, \$9,500. May 8, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of engaging in the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, including the business of mining and casting metal alloys and dealing in and selling the same.	Philadelphia.

Capital stock, \$500,000. May 8, 1899.	coal and fire clay and of selling articles of commerce manufactured from clay and the transaction of such other business incident thereto as may be necessary to carry out the business and purposes of the corporation.	Shenandoah.
The People's Artificial Ice Company of Shenandoah, Pa. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 9, 1899.	That said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing ice by artificial process.	
Sterling Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, or any article or product in the manufacture or composition of which they, or either of them are a factor.	Pittsburgh.
The Spring Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. May 9, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of erecting, constructing, maintaining, purchasing, leasing and operating telephone and telegraph lines and exchanges in and through the counties of Union, Snyder, Mifflin and Juniata, in the State of Pennsylvania for the private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal or otherwise, for general business, and for police, fire alarm or messenger business or for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose, with the right to make connections for the purposes aforesaid with similar lines throughout the said State.	Beaver Springs.
Tuna Glass Company. Capital stock, \$40,000. May 10, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of window glass, plate glass and other articles of glassware and the sale and purchase of such articles at wholesale.	Bradford.
Keller Tool Company. Capital stock, \$15,000. May 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling pneumatic tools and special tools and all other machines and tools from metal or wood, or both, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the said act of 29th April, A. D. 1874, and the supplements thereto.	Philadelphia.
Granville Summit Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$6,000. May 11, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling butter, cheese and other dairy products.	Windfall borough.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Kinzer & Jones Manufacturing Co., re-charter. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 11, 1899.	That the charter of said corporation was granted under the provisions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth adopted December 16, 1873, and the Corporation Act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, and said charter was, by the articles of association aforesaid, limited in its duration to the term of ten years, which term has now expired.	Pittsburgh.
The Brownsville Road Ten Cent Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.	Pittsburgh.
The Mattawanna Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing creamery butter and butter-milk.	Mattawanna.
Brown-Hutchinson Co. Capital stock, \$3,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading and dealing in goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
The Illuminating Glass Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling articles of glass and glassware generally.	Pittsburgh.
The Byers-Allen Lumber Co. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of lumber of all kinds.	Ligonier.
Pioneer Suspender Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 15, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of yarn, tape, braid, webbing, garters, suspenders and all kinds of woven and knit goods from vegetable, animal and mineral substances, or any combination or admixtures thereof and the sale of the same.	Philadelphia.

<p>The Clear Springs Water Company. Capital stock, \$200,000. May 15, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of water to the public, or the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power, for commercial and manufacturing purposes in the district composed of the counties of Lehigh and Northampton.</p>	<p>Whitehall.</p>
<p>The Isaac Sharp Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 16, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contribution of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	<p>Philadelphia.</p>
<p>Pittsburgh Honduras Company. Capital stock, \$400,000. May 16, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind or kinds of goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.</p>	<p>Pittsburgh.</p>
<p>Ambler Building and Loan Association, re-charter. Capital stock, \$500,000. May 19, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	<p>Ambler.</p>
<p>The New York and Pennsylvania Paving Brick Company. Capital stock, \$150,000. May 17, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling, paving, front and common building brick and the products of clay.</p>	<p>Wilkes-Barre.</p>
<p>DuBois Hardware Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 17, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in any kind of goods, wares and merchandise by wholesale.</p>	<p>DuBois.</p>
<p>The Scranton Bolt and Nut Company. Capital stock, \$150,000. May 17, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal.</p>	<p>Scranton.</p>
<p>The Locust Mountain Saving and Loan Association of Ashland, Pa., re-charter. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 17, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof and of safely investing the same.</p>	<p>Ashland.</p>
<p>The North American Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 18, 1899.</p>	<p>Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.</p>	<p>Philadelphia.</p>

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Flood Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 19, 1897.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing clothing.	Meadville.
Penn Graphite Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing graphite, articles of commerce, cleaning and refining graphite, plumbago and black lead, cleaning iron ore, ochre and other mineral paint material and selling the whole product mined and taken from lands of the company held in fee or under lease or otherwise.	Allentown.
The American Telephone Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a line or lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms and corporations, municipal and otherwise, and for general business and for police, fire alarm or messenger business, or for the transaction of any business in which electrical or other wires may be applied to business to be carried on within the Beaver, Lawrence, Butler, Armstrong Washington, and only within the State.	Allegheny City.
Athens Furniture Company. Capital stock, \$60,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and sale of furniture or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.	Athens.
Becker, Smith & Page, Incorporated. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacture of wall paper and of materials used in its production.	Philadelphia.
Friedberger Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing braids, laces and trimmings.	Philadelphia.
Kulp Lumber Co. Capital stock, \$60,000. May 19, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and dealing in lumber and timber, and for these purposes to have and be deemed the power and privilege is expressed and given in this charter, within the limits of the Corporation Act of 1844.	Shamokin.

Capital stock, \$150,000. May 22, 1899.	Riddlesburg.
Economic Electric Company. Capital stock, \$75,000. May 22, 1899.	Wilkes-Barre.
Tucker Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 24, 1899.	York.
Quaker Milling Company. Capital stock, \$25,000. May 24, 1899.	New Brighton.
The Pottsville Publishing Company. Capital stock, \$12,000. May 24, 1899.	Pottsville.
The Priceburg Water Company. Capital stock, \$1,000. May 25, 1899.	Priceburg.
Pennsylvania Rubber Company. Capital stock, \$100,000. May 25, 1899.	Erie.
Tylersdale Land Company. Capital stock, \$800. May 25, 1899.	Washington.
The Scranton Glass Manufacturing Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 25, 1899.	Scranton.

Said corporation is formed for the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both, and for that purpose to have and possess the powers and privileges expressed and given in the thirty-elghth section of the Corporation Act of 1874 and the supplements thereto.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the supply of light, heat and power by means of electricity to the public in the city of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne county, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein or adjacent thereto as may desire the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal or of any article of commerce from metal or wood or both.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of carrying on a manufacturing business to wit: the manufacture of flour, feed, etc.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the transaction of a printing and publishing business.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of supply water to the public in the village of Priceburg, in the borough of Dickson, county of Lackawanna, and to such individuals, firms, co-partnerships and corporations therein as may desire the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of mechanical rubber goods, tires, wares, specialties and novelties and any other article of commerce made of rubber either alone or in combination with wood, metal or other material.

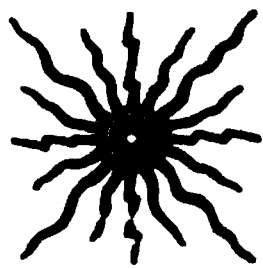
Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding and leasing the same.

Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling of glass of all kinds, and to have the right to acquire, hold, use and dispose of such inventions and processes as may be useful in the manufacture of glass of any kind.

LIST OF CHARTERS OF CORPORATIONS—Continued.

Style and Title of Corporation.	Purpose.	Location.
Reineke-Wilson Co. Capital stock, \$200,000. May 25, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of buying, selling, trading or dealing in goods, wares and merchandise at wholesale.	Pittsburgh.
State Central Building and Loan Association. Capital stock, \$1,000,000. May 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of accumulating a fund by the periodical contributions of the members thereof, and of safely investing the same.	Philadelphia.
The Easton Fuel Gas Company. Capital stock, \$10,000. May 26, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying gas for fuel and heating to the public in the city of Easton and borough of West Easton, in the township of Palmer and township of Forks, in the county of Northampton and State of Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships, associations or corporations residing therein or in territory adjacent thereto as may desire to have the same.	Easton.
Merworth Metallic Gasket Company. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 29, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing metallic gaskets and other specialties used in the steam, hydraulic and pneumatic arts.	Bethlehem.
The Elders Ridge Creamery Company. Capital stock, \$3,300. May 29, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling butter, cheese and other dairy products.	Elders Ridge.
The John Mawson Hair Cloth Co. Capital stock, \$5,000. May 29, 1899.	Said corporation is formed for the purpose of the manufacture of hair cloth, linen, cotton, silk and other similar materials and goods made out of the same, both finished and unfinished, for use in the manufacture of clothing, upholstery, household goods and other articles; and also the sale of all goods thus manufactured.	Philadelphia.

selling and market all kinds of lime, mortar, plaster, cement and similar products, and of mining, quarrying and transporting limestone, sand and other materials to be used in the manufacture of said products, with power in its corporate name to take, hold and convey such real and personal estate and to construct, have and dispose of such dwellings and other buildings as may be necessary for the purpose of its organization and the conduct of its business, and with further power in the board of directors to lease or sell any and all of such real estate; and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the aforesaid act of Assembly and its supplements.	
Philadelphia Cold Air Supply Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 29, 1899.	Philadelphia.
Scalp Level Water Company. Capital stock, \$2,000. May 29, 1899.	Scalp Level.
Monongahela and Ohio River Transportation Company. Capital stock, \$50,000. May 31, 1899.	Pittsburgh.
Sonman Shaft Coal Company. Capital stock, \$20,000. May 29, 1899.	Harrisburg.
Consumers' Brewing Company, of Erie. Capital stock, \$150,000. May 29, 1899.	Erie.
Pottstown Bridge Company. Capital stock, \$300,000. May 31, 1899.	Philadelphia.



CERTIFICATE.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, *June 1, 1899.*

do hereby certify that the foregoing, as contained on the last one hundred and thirty-seven pages, is a full, true, and correct list of all charters of corporations created and organized under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, A. D. 1874, and the several supplements thereto, enrolled in this office between the 1st of June, A. D. 1897, and the 1st day of June A. D. 1899.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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"An act repealing an act, entitled 'An act authorizing the ascertainment of the damages to property taken, injured or destroyed in opening, widening, straightening or extending of streets in alleys in cases where municipalities heretofore entered upon private property, or filed bonds under laws subsequently decided to be unconstitutional or which are invalid, and providing for the ascertainment, levy and collection of benefits therefor, and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed,' approved June seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven,"	162

- Acts of Assembly repealed—Armstrong County. "An act to repeal an act approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled 'An act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties, approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, to the counties of Westmoreland and Armstrong,' and an act approved the twentieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled 'A supplement to the act to extend the provisions of an act for the protection of sheep in certain counties to the counties of Armstrong and Westmoreland, approved the third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven,' in so far as the same relates to Armstrong county," 251-252
- Athens, Bradford County. "An act to repeal the act of the twenty-sixth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled 'An act to extend the borough of Athens, in the county of Bradford,' so far as the same applies to the island opposite the said borough, in the Susquehanna river," .. 55
- Bedford County." "An act to repeal an act, entitled 'An act in relation to huckstering in the counties of Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Fulton and York,' so far as the same applies to the county of Bedford," 252
- Bedford County. "An act to repeal an act, entitled 'An act to extend the provisions of the act of April eleventh, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, relative to the fees of the county treasurers of Luzerne and Clearfield counties to the county of Bedford,' approved the eighteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight," 246
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- Bucks County. "An act, entitled an act to repeal an act approved the ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, entitled 'An act to extend the provisions of the act, entitled 'An act relative to the collection of school tax in the township of Solebury, Bucks county,' approved the twelfth

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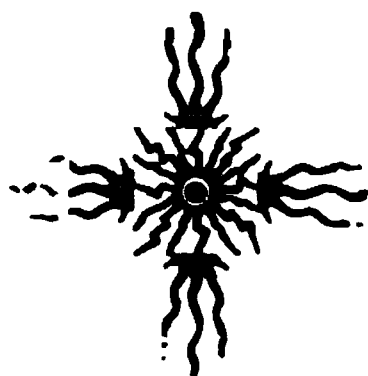
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